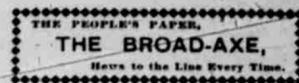




BROAD-AXE



VOL. 3.

EUGENE, LANE COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1896.

NO. 10.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. E. D. MCKINNEY
Physician and Surgeon
Will give special attention to all chronic diseases and more especially to the Populist friends.
Office over City drugstore.

W. KUYKENDALL, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Special attention to surgery and surgical diseases of women.
Office in Christian block.

BILYEU & YOUNG
Attorneys-at-Law
Office over First National Bank
Eugene, Oregon.

E. R. SKIPWORTH
Attorney-at-Law
Will do a general law practice in all the courts of the state.
Eugene, Oregon.

KINSEY & MARLEY
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Commercial and probate business a specialty.
Office in Christian block.

H. D. NORTON
LAWYER
Rooms 1 and 2 over First National Bank

J. F. AMIS
Attorney at Law...Notary
Office in Mechanics building, up stairs.
Eugene, Oregon.

MONEY TO LOAN!
ON IMPROVED FARMS
FOR A TERM OF YEARS
SHERWOOD BURR, Eugene, Or.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of a patent... Write JOHN W. DORRICH & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$100 prize offer.

SEE THE NEW STOCK.....
OF
**Chairs and Rugs
.....Undertakers and
Upholstery Goods....**
AT
DAY & HENDERSON'S
Your Attention is Called to Our Large and Complete Line
OF
READY MADE CLOTHING.
We are also prepared to take your measure for a Suit made to order. A perfect fit guaranteed. SEE OUR LARGE LINE OF SAMPLES.
HOWE & RICE - - - PROPRIETORS
Special Call for a Farmers' Meeting
There have been rumors recently set afloat that certain transactions have taken place, which very much affects the whole farming community of Lane county, and as a result a hasty investigation of the same was made by a Committee of One Hundred Farmers on last Saturday, and so starting was the effect of their work, that they deem it but proper that a public meeting of all the Farmers of Lane county should be called to assemble at W. SANDERS' Store in Eugene at the earliest possible date, to remove the fact, that he is selling his entire stock of Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Dry Goods cheaper than any merchant in Eugene, and the Farmers of Lane county should take advantage of the same while the opportunity is offered. 11 196.

THE COMMITTEE OF ONE HUNDRED
.....W. SANDERS.....
Three Doors North of Hoffman House, Willamette Street Eugene, Oregon

CHICAGO BAKERY

AND
RESTAURANT

Willamette St., bet. 7th and 8th, Eugene, Or.

All Kinds of Bread, Cakes, Pies, Etc., Always on Hand.

Meals from 15 to 25 cents. 8-cent lunch counter in connection. Orders receive prompt attention. The patronage of the public respectfully solicited.

W. O. ZEIGLER,
PROPRIETOR.

Willamette Market.

C. M. YOUNG, PROP.

A full supply of everything that is kept in a first class establishment kept here, as beef, mutton, pork and veal, which he will sell as low as can be afforded in the valley.

FARMERS AND STOCKMEN
Having fat Cattle, Hogs and Sheep for sale will do well by consulting us before selling. Shop on Willamette Street, Young's Stock, Eugene, Oregon. **W. O. ZEIGLER** Meats delivered to any part of the city free.

Loan and Savings Bank

EUGENE.

PAID UP CAPITAL, \$50,000.00

A General Banking Business Transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. Highest Cash Rates Paid for City and County Warrants.

Directors:
D. A. Paine, J. B. Harris, J. E. Davis, R. D. Paine, W. E. Brown, J. F. Robinson, F. W. Osburn.

RAP'S HOT-SHOT.

Prosperity won't return until it's voted back.

Business keeps right on improving—for the sheriffs and constables.

The silver man who votes either of the old party tickets is not a silver man.

How many more times are you going to vote the old ticket "just once more?" This country would be in better shape today had there not been a law passed in the last thirty years.

This is a rich man's government. The poor can pay the taxes, look as pleasant as they can, and be d—d!

Statistics show that the average daily product of each worker is worth \$1.1. But the workers don't get it.

Uncle Sam is a mighty sick man, and the present doctors it is plain to be seen, are in league with the undertaker.

Populists do not believe in "primary" money, or that one kind of money should be redeemed in any kind of money.

If you don't like this paper don't do a thing for it. If you like it, do something. Subscribe yourself, and urge others to do likewise. See?

Labor has 80 per cent of the votes and could elect men to office who would be servants of the people, instead of tools for the corporations.

The government must issue all the money. If corporations or individuals want to do a banking business let them do it on their own legitimate capital.

Don't forget that the best times this country ever saw was during a time when there was no gold or silver, but plenty of greenbacks in circulation.

Statistics prove that less than half the people own 95 per cent of the wealth of the country. It is high time that more than half the people got their eyes open.

We had a "divil of a fight" to free 4,000,000 black slaves. But it seems that not many are troubling themselves about the 4,000,000 tramps in this country today.

The biggest of all trusts is the money trust—and it is not only robbing the people but plundering Uncle Sam as well. Queer the fool people do not awaken.

"There's plenty of money in the country, if you have anything to sell"—unless there's an overproduction, and then nobody wants to buy. The farmer catches it, both going and coming.

The Republican party was the "addy" of the greenback. The greenback helped the nation through its crisis, and yet the Republican party is now the friend of gold, which skulked away and hid.

The soundest money this country can have is a paper money exclusively by the government, and "bottomed upon taxes"—a full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

We are a Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Jackson Democrat and an Abe Lincoln Republican, all in one. What the d—ce are you? A John Sherman Democrat, or a Grover Cleveland Republican—which?

It is safe to say that at least two-thirds of the people of this country believe in the free coinage of silver in the ratio of 16 to 1. But they will never secure free coinage of silver by voting the old party tickets.

The gold-bugs prate about gold being the money of the world, when it is not money of the world, but merely a commodity the world over—so is wheat and so are diamonds. There is no such thing as money of the world.

If we had the initiative and referendum lobbyists about our legislative halls would be known no more. All laws would be referred to the people, and legislators could not sell out their constituents.

Prosperity will not return until the people learn to vote right. Hence those who have seen the light ought to see the necessity of sowing the seed and spreading the light, to the end that others may see the light, too.

Both old parties have had their chance to do something for the people—but neither would renounce their allegiance to the trusts and corporations long enough to fulfill any of their pledges to the people.

If the rich man's money was "drafted" the same as a poor man's life there would be fewer wars and less talk of wars. The money sharks thrive and fatten on debts growing out of wars. In most cases it is a rich man's war but a poor man's fight.

Statistics go to show that each worker adds eleven dollars a day to the wealth of the country. And yet the workers get so little of that wealth! Isn't it about time the workers insisted upon having what they produced—and let the drones get to work or starve?

You will see 25 cent wheat in this country if you don't look out. Better "sow the seed and spread the light." Work for the papers that are fighting your battles—and quit supporting those papers which are in the employ of the gold bugs, and advocating a policy which, if successful, will be sure to run wheat down to 25 cents.

There is only one place for Tom Jefferson Democrats and Abe Lincoln Republicans, and that is in the Populist party. But they will never learn Populist party principles by reading old party papers. The Pope of every town in the land should send in \$10 and the names of one hundred "targets" and we will fill 'em full of hot shot once a week for three months.

Retire the greenbacks and bank notes, and gold and silver certificates, and let the government issue a paper

currency, "redeemable" only in taxes, and a full legal tender in the payment of all debts, public and private. Abolish the gold reserve and have no bonds nor bank notes forever! That would restore confidence and good times would come again.

The people do not want the greenbacks redeemed in any other kind of money. They prefer greenbacks to either gold or silver. No one but Shylock wants them redeemed, and he only for gambling purposes. And it is a pity that this government trims its financial policy to suit Shylock as against the interests of all the rest of the people.

The Populists will gladly welcome silver men to their ranks—but Populism is not for a day, and it means more than simply the free coinage of silver. The mere recognition of silver as one of the money metals does not settle the money question. Banks of issue must be suppressed, and the right to issue money restored to the government.

It is interesting to note that according to census reports, corporate investments per mile in railroads outside of New England are three times what they are in the New England states. It is not because the railroads cost less in New England, but because they were built before the corporations caught on the trick of watering their stock. That's the little joker in the woodpile.

Mr. Republican: You blame Democracy for the hard times we are having now—as if we didn't have hard times when the Republican party was in full swing. Grover has simply followed out the financial policy of Ben Harrison, Harrison, Reed, McKinley, John Sherman, and all the rest of your big leaders endorse Grover's financial policy. These are facts beyond dispute.

Suppose a man had a safe full of money—greenbacks, bank notes, silver and silver certificates, but only a little gold. And suppose a creditor should come in with a thousand dollar claim and request gold. Wouldn't the man be a chump to hustle around town and borrow the gold on, say, twenty years' time, at 4, or any other per cent of interest? Uncle Sam is doing this kind of business.

Those who are now in the gold bug crowd are the same fellows who during the war denounced the greenbacks as "Lincoln's rage," "flat trash," etc.—and yet these same "rags" saved the nation while cowardly gold and silver slunk away out of sight. And we never had more prosperous times in this country than when there was not a gold dollar nor a silver dollar in circulation. These are facts known to every middle-aged man in this country.

Old Shylock thinks by having bonds issued he is paying the way for a bank currency, and expects to use the bonds as a basis for his notes. That is, he expects to have the greenbacks retired, silver knocked in the head, and then he expects to deposit the bonds with Uncle Sam, draw interest on them, and also endorse his notes to all 90 per cent of the face value of the bonds, and these notes loan out to the people as money.

On every hand there are people who are pretty thoroughly disgusted with the old parties. They realize that something or the other is out of joint with the governmental machine. They have read in their old party papers that the Populists are crazy fools and anarchists—and they let it go at that. Now, we hold that every Populist ought to make these fellows to subscribe for this paper, and then they will find out what ails the old machine.

We are in favor of the free coinage of silver, as of gold, in the ratio of 16 to 1, so long as we have gold—but we hold that law makes money (not the material of which the money is composed) and the cheapest and most convenient material is the cheapest and best. That material is paper; the money being issued exclusively by the government, a full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private!

From time to time we run across people who say: "Oh, politics don't bother me. I don't trouble myself about them." It is too bad that this class of people are allowed to vote at all—for when they do vote it is a vote against some man who does think, and tries to vote for the benefit of all the people. This has been the trouble with this country—and the result is that those who produce the wealth of the country don't have it, while those who produce nothing are getting inordinately rich. The man who says he takes no interest in politics confesses himself an ass.

If, as some people argue, we must have gold (and silver) to use in settling balances with foreign countries, we can still ship them these metals. For convenience sake the government might run them into bars, stamping each with its weight and fineness—and the loss through abrasion and "coinage" would be far less than now. Foreigners do not take our gold or silver coin as money—but by weight, as they do our wheat, pork, or any other commodity.

England is on a gold basis. She is the creditor nation of the world. She holds from twenty to twenty-five billion dollars of foreign bonds, mortgages and the like. It is her interest to increase the value and power of her investments in every way possible. Hence it is that she wants this country on a gold basis. We have more Tories in this country today than in the days of Benedict Arnold—and she pays them for their dirty work, too. The gang divided up something like five hundred thousand dollars for knocking out silver in '73—and they haven't been forgotten since then, either.

—In Roumania women both study and practice medicine.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

Dr. Salmon, the oldest Freemason in the world, died in London. He was 108 years old.

The last clean-up of the Apollo mine at Unga, Alaska, was \$57,500, the product of a three months' run.

According to the monthly crop report just issued, the average condition of winter wheat is 82.9 in May, 1895.

Anti-missionary riots have broken out in Kiang Yui. The British mission was looted and burned. The missionary escaped.

The dockers' strike in Rotterdam has assumed an ugly aspect. The civic guard, police and marines have been called out to protect the workers.

William Deering, the reaper manufacturer, has made a donation to the Northwestern university amounting to \$215,000. The gift is in real estate and bonds.

Miss Marie Todd, aged 20, daughter of Dr. Lyman P. Todd, was killed in Lexington, Ky., by a trolley car while she was bicycling. She was a cousin of Robert Lincoln.

The president has approved the act making provisions for the deportation to Canada of the Cree Indians from Montana, and their delivery to the Canadian authorities.

The Abyssinians in Massowah have liberated the Italians who were made prisoners at Agama, and it is said that Kas Mangascia will liberate the remainder within a week.

Mathias Jensen, of Astoria, has invented a machine for the manufacture of gillnets which, he claims, will knit 500 fathoms of net in ten hours. He is expected to apply for a patent.

Jack B. Alexander, a great nephew of Jeff Davis, was shot and mortally wounded at his saloon in Paris, Ky., by John Steers, brakeman. He had refused to treat Steers for a drink.

Henry Cuyler Bunker, editor of Puck, died at his residence in Nutley, N. J., from tubercular consumption. Mrs. Bunker and three children were at his bedside when death came.

Carl Albrecht, the man who brutally murdered his wife upon the streets of Marshallfield, Or., February 18, has been sentenced by Judge Fullerton to be hanged June 26, 1896, at Empire City.

The Spanish caravels which came over during the world's fair have been given to the Field museum, in Chicago, and will hereafter float in the lagoon directly in front of the museum building.

A cave-in of the Standard mine at Burke, Idaho, instantly killed a miner named Schofield Axtel. The deceased was about 30, and single. He had been in the Coeur d'Alene several years.

The senate passed Mitchell's bill pensioning the veterans of Indian wars. This bill will pension all who served in the early Indian wars in Washington and Oregon, their widows and dependent survivors.

The supreme court at Pendleton has decided that women are not eligible as candidates for the office of county school superintendent. There are at present fifteen women candidates for this office in the state.

In Van Buren, Ark., Jailor Stamps was assaulted by two prisoners, who, after beating him senseless, took his keys and liberated five others. Stamps is probably fatally injured. The prisoners were not captured.

D. W. Watson, a wood-dealer, was instantly killed in Seattle in a runaway. In falling off his leg was caught and torn off. His body was dragged about 100 feet, his leg being left behind. He died instantly.

The increase in the price of bolts and nuts in the iron trade has past three weeks is the evidence of a reported gigantic pool of manufacturers in these goods, the organization of which is now in progress in Boston.

While the 9-year-old daughter of William Ashby, of Pine valley, was crossing Pioneer creek on a footbridge in company with another child, both were precipitated into the water and the Ashby child was drowned.

At Eau de Vie, Mo., while sitting up with her sick child near the open fireplace, Mrs. John Edwards' clothes caught fire, and the flames communicated to the cradle. The baby was cremated and the woman seriously burned.

A convention of the Western Federation of Miners met in Denver, Colorado, Idaho and Montana were largely represented, and delegates were present from most of the Western states and from British Columbia.

Over 600 union carpenters in Detroit, Mich., struck for eight hours a day at 25 cents per hour. The bosses are willing to make the minimum wage 20 cents per hour and promise to concede the eight-hour day on January 1 next.

Ex-Police Captain Edward B. Carpenter, of New York has been sentenced to three months in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$1,500. Carpenter pleaded guilty to having received bribes of \$1,000 from the Liquor Dealers' Association.

An effort was made to burn the large Bunker Hill concentrator at Wardner, Idaho. The concentrator was fired and a portion of the flame blown up at the same moment, extinguishing the lights

and stopping all the machinery. The fire was promptly extinguished by one of the mill hands. No arrests have been made.

Hank Bonkolkan, while fishing in the lake at West Lake Park, near Los Angeles, brought to the surface the body of a well-dressed young woman, about 20 years of age. The body had evidently been in the water only a short time. The identity of the girl is not yet discovered.

The strike of forty-four firemen of the Armour packing plant, in Kansas City, has assumed international proportions, and there is no telling where or how it will end. The strikers have already petitioned the national council of the Federation of Labor to declare an international boycott against the Armour products.

All roads in the Central Passenger Association will hereafter carry bicycles free.

Alfred C. Field, a negro, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Handolph, was hanged in Chicago.

The schooner Mary Ayer was sunk in collision with the steamer Okano, in Lake Michigan, off Gross Point, and five of her crew were drowned, two being saved.

An explosion at Bida, in the Nape country, west coast of Africa, on the Niger, has razed to the ground the palace of the Emir Meleki, and has killed 200 people.

The Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern railroad was sold at auction in Seattle and was purchased by Judge H. G. Struve, representing the bondholders' committee, for \$1,000,000.

Ties piled on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad at Waldo, a few miles south of Milwaukee, Wis., derailed a south-bound freight train. Three men were killed and two injured.

At the Eliot Square building in Buffalo, N. Y., Thomas Purdy and Val Jenko were working at the bottom of the elevator shaft when workingmen at the top dropped down an iron bolt, killing both.

In Queretaro, Mexico, a cave-in occurred at the opal mines and ten men were buried with earth and stones. Word was brought from the scene that four of the miners were killed and several others injured.

The Gaulois published in Paris, says that Senor Canovas del Castillo, the Spanish premier, is about to ask the intervention of the European powers with regard to the interference of the United States in Cuban affairs.

At the Electrical Exposition in progress in New York a message was flashed over the wires of the Western Union and Pacific Postal companies, covering a distance of 15,000 miles, and a reply received in four minutes.

The fruit-growers of Snake river are considering the formation of a union, so that fruit can be handled at smaller cost than previously. The plan is to have a Spokane commission house handle the fruit direct from the river.

Forty men were let out in the Gem mines, in Wallace, Idaho, and will not be re-employed until development work is finished. This is said by some to be significant on account of the recent explosion at the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mines.

Catherine A. Lacy, 32 years of age, of Phoenix, Ariz., was burned to death. She had risen at 4 o'clock, and in lighting a fire ignited the curtains. From this her clothing caught, and before help arrived she was fairly cooked, dying in a few minutes.

A dispatch from Vladivostok says: Quiet has been restored at Seoul, Corea, and the king will return to his palace from the Russian legation, where he has been since the disposition and massacre of the late ministry. The Russian marines are returning to their vessels.

The steamer Mexico just arrived in the Sound, brings the following Alaska news: The North American Commercial Company's schooner Seventy-Six, which left Kodiak December 11 last for Wood island, is lost with all hands. A heavy gale sprung up just after she left, and she has not been heard of since.

Trouble between the Indians on the Tongue river reservation, in Montana, and the white settlers in the neighborhood is probable, and troops have been asked for to avert a possible outbreak. This is the result of deprivations committed by the Indians on the cattle of the whites.

Nearly half the business portion of the suburban town of Blue Island, near Chicago, Ill., was destroyed by fire. Altogether twenty-six buildings were consumed, entailing a total loss of about \$150,000. A shifting wind was blowing almost a hurricane at the time of the fire, and it spread rapidly.

C. J. Curtis, editor of the Weekly Herald of Astoria, Or., and W. H. Weeks, candidate for recorder on the Populist ticket, engaged in a flitic encounter, in which Curtis came out second best. Weeks was the aggressor, and the provocation was an article in the Herald in which Weeks was the victim of an abusive attack.

Secretary of State Price has just received the diploma medal awarded the state of Washington at the world's fair for grains and grasses. The medal is a bronze piece, on the face of which is the figure of Columbus, inclosed in a handsome aluminum case. The diploma is awarded for the yield and general excellence of variety of grains and grasses exhibited.

At a meeting of the Columbia River Fishermen's Protective Union held in Astoria, it was decided unanimously to reject the proposition of the Scandinavian Packing Company to give 4 1/2 cents per pound for salmon. The sentiment of the meeting was strongly against any compromise, the men remaining just where they stood at the opening of the season, and were firm in their demands for 5 cents per pound.

DEATH IN ITS TRACK

Sixty Persons Killed in Sherman, Texas, by a Cyclone.

OVER A HUNDRED WERE INJURED

Most of Those Will Also Die—The Tornado Came Without Warning—Flooded Through the Town.

Sherman, Texas, May 18.—Just a few minutes before 5 o'clock this afternoon, a cyclone, not exceeding two blocks in width, but carrying widespread destruction and death in its wake, swept through the western half of the city, traveling almost directly north. The approach of the terrific whirlwind was announced by a deep rumbling noise, not unlike reverberating thunder. A fierce and driving rain accompanied it.

It is very conservative to estimate that the list of fatalities will reach 60, while the injured will reach 100. At least fifty houses are wrecked. Most of these were small cottages, except in Fairview and Washington streets, where the handsome residences of L. F. Ely, Captain J. G. Saller, Mrs. Pat Mattingly and James Fallas also succumbed. The loss will reach at least \$150,000, and but little if any of it was covered by cyclone insurance.

About the most graphic description given by any of the injured was that of W. S. Boswick, who said: "I was at John Irvine's house when I heard the noise of the approaching storm. Just as I looked out, I saw Captain Berge's house blown into the air, and then Mr. Saller's house. The air was filled with great trees and timbers and every conceivable article. It was a black, serpentine cloud, twisting, writhing in the center, but at the bottom it seemed to be moving steadily. Then came an awful crash, a sense of suffocation, and when it was over the house was gone and myself and family were scattered about the yard and under the debris."

(St. Louis, May 18.—A special to the Republic from Denton, Texas, says: Additional particulars of the cyclone have been received. After passing over Sherman, it went southeast. At Carpenter bluffs, seven miles east of here, the dwelling of John Devant was blown down and Devant and wife, his hired man, named Armour, and a little child received injuries from which they may die.

Howe, Texas, May 18.—Today's terrible cyclone struck this town, leaving death and ruin in its wake. The path of the cyclone at this point was a quarter of a mile wide. Ten farmhouses and as many barns were wrecked. Eight persons were killed outright and many injured. Bark was ripped from trees and much stock was killed.

Denton, Texas, May 18.—A cyclone struck the town of Gribble Springs, eighteen miles north of Denton, this afternoon. Several persons were killed and many wounded so badly they cannot live. The property loss is great.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.
Business Continues Dull and Featureless in All Parts of the Country.

New York, May 18.—Bradstreet's weekly review of trade says: General trade throughout the country remains quiet, wholesale merchants continue conservative and distribution of general merchandise is almost of a hand-to-mouth character. South and Southwest both remain dull and featureless and unchanged from last week. At larger Eastern centers travelers are preparing to start out, but unfavorable features in recent weeks with respect to cotton and woolen and steel and iron industries show no change. Collections in most directions continue satisfactory. Demand for iron and steel is disappointing and quotations for Bessemer pig have been shaded.

Exports of wheat, flour included as wheat, from both coasts of the United States, this week amount to 1,827,000 against 1,188,000 last week; 3,897,000 in the corresponding week one year ago, 2,470,000 two years ago, and as compared with 3,857,000 in the like week in 1893. The recent average weekly commercial debt rate is continued at a total of 263 business failures throughout the United States this week, against 265 last week, 210 in the week a year ago, 156 in the corresponding week of 1894 and as compared with 258 in the like week in May, 1893.

There are 34 business failures throughout Canada this week. Last week the total was 38.

Canadian Stock Shippers.
Toronto, May 18.—Cattle exporters here are making a vigorous fight against an attempt now being made to ship American cattle to European ports by way of Montreal. It is claimed this would seriously injure the Canadian export trade in France, where Canadian live cattle are now permitted to be landed. Some Canadian cattle have been shut out of England, and exporters have built up a large trade with France. This, they say, will be entirely ruined if American cattle are shipped with Canadian stock. The Cattle Feeders' Association met in secret today and decided to send a deputation to Ottawa to lay before the government an emphatic protest against the admission of American cattle into Canadian ports.

Congress of American Republicans.
London, May 18.—The Times Rio de Janeiro dispatch says the president's message on the opening of congress supports the idea of a congress of American republics.