

THE BRIDGE BUILDERS.

We build a bridge of trust From night to morn. A mystic arch of droams Till day is born.

We build a bridge of trust From friend to friend. From friend to friend. And often break the span We cannot mend.

We build a bridge of trust From shore to shore, And shadow figures steal across At peace forevermore, nee A. Munros in Detroit Free Press

THE USE OF COCAINE.

Horse Trainers and Jockeys Find It Use-ful as a Bracer For Their Naga. Within a recent period cocaine has some into use on the race track as a stimulant. Horses that are worn and exhausted, or are uncertain as to speed and endurance, are given 10 to 15 grains of cocaine by the needle under the skin at the time of starting, or a few moments

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before. The effects are very prominent, and a veritable muscular delirium follows, in which the horse displays unusual speed and often unexpectedly wins the race. This agitation continues, and the driver has difficulty in "slowing down" the horse after the race is over; not unfrequently the horse will go half way round again before he can be stopped. The ex hanstion which follows is not marked. except in the great thirst and loss of appetite. Sometimes diarrhea and trem-bling follow. But good grooms give unusual attention to rubbing and bathing the legs in hot water and stimulants. The general effect on the horse is de ion, from which he soon recovers, but it is found essential to give cocaine again to make sure of his speed. The action of cocaine grows more transient as the use increases, and when a long period of scoring follows before the race begins drivers give a second dose secret ly while in the saddle. Sometimes the horse becomes delirious and unmanage able and leaves the track in a wild frenzy, often killing the driver, or he and as a temporary stimulant for the His commanders have been given pow time. It is claimed that the finshing or to execute prisoners as they see fit eyes and trembling excitement of the horse are strong evidence of the use of cocaine. -- Cincinnati Enquirer.

Guiana's Vile Climate.

The climate of Guiana is not by any means agreeable. Georgetown is within six degrees of the equator, and the mercury generally lingers around 90 and 100 degrees. The land is also low and marshy in places, so that fevers are prevalent at all seasons of the year, and white man cannot live there unless he takes extreme precaution to observe certain essential rules. Negross, on the mtrary, can live anywhere and break the health rules laid down for the white settlers. Yellow fever is an annual plague in Georgetown, but the negro population gives little thought to it, and it is uncommon to hear of one of their cat, which is, as its name implies, a number taking it. The coolies, who

MAN WITHOUT MERCY. Brutal Gen. Weyler, Commander of the Spanish Army in Cuba. If current reports be true the most

eruel general that old Rome ever produced was a mild, beneficent sort of man compared to him who is terrorizing the Cubans. Weyler was sent to end the revolution, and he is wying to do it in a way which calls to mind the atrocities perpetrated on the people by Valmaseda during the ten years' war in that unfortunate island. On April



4, 1869, Valmaseda issued a proclamation in which the following lines or "Every man from the age of inrred: 15 upward found away from his habitation and who does not prove a justified motive therefor will be shot." Weyler's proclamation is as foul as was Valmaseda's, and if his outrageous policy is pushed very far there are those high in the councils of this nation who declare that the only end will be war be tween the United States and Spain 14 is next to impossible to believe that in this age of the world war should be so degraded as Weyler has degraded it drops dead on the track from cocaine, al- He notified all Cubans to join the Span though the cause is unknown to any but ish ranks. Ale has decreed death for the owner and driver. Some borses have Cubans sympathizing with the cause of been given as high as 20 grains at a freedom, and declared trial by courttime, but this is dangerous and only martial another name for deaths for given to wornout animals, who may by those who circulate news favorable to this means win a race. It appears that the revolution and for those who shall cocaine is only used in running races speak adversely of him or of his army or to execute prisopers as they see fit. He has ordered the country people to quit their homes and remove to places designated by him. Indeed, he has done unspeakable things in Cuba.

General Gomez, on the contrary, hastreated captured Spaniards with every enlency and has given many prisoners their freedom unconditionally. It is possible that Weyler's brutality will cause a peversal of this policy and that General Gomez will take to shooting Spanfard for Cuban, a reprisal justifi able under the circumstances, but to be deplored beyond expression.

THE MANX CAT.

It Is Rightly Termed the Oddest of the Whole Feline Order.

The oddest of all felines is the Manx

THE GIANTS OF OLD. PREVIOUS AGES SUPPLY US WITH

ENORMOUS FOSSIL BONES. Lizarda Three Times the Size of the Largest Elephant and a Turtle Whose Shell

Looked Like a Hut Marine Giants and the Remarkable Plated Lizard.

The belief in a race of giants was ence almost universal and held until recent years. Even today large skeletons when found are sometimes reported as being these of giant human beings. This was especially true of the period about the tenth and eleventh centuries, and in the latter a most-amazing discovery was reported, which threw the scien tine world of the time into great excite ment. It was said that the body of Pallas, the son of Evander, had been discovered beneath the tomb of the emperor Henry III. The bones were enormons, and it is nunecessary to state, mons, and it is unnecessary to state, proved to have belonged to a huge fossil elephant. As late as the fifteenth cen-tary a wark4 words was waged over a find of farge bines, one party claiming that they belonged to the giant Teuto-bochus. If 17557 a giant was discovered in Switzerland. The conneil of Lucerne requested a learned scientific man, Pro fessor Felix Plater of Basel, to report upon it, and he not only announced the bones as part of a human giant, but made a complete restoration, showing the man 20 feet high, which the proud

city adopted as an ancestor in the arms of the commonwealth. The design and some of the bones can still be seen in the college of Jesuits at Lucerne. Unfortunately for the theory and much to the discomfiture of the people who had raised to a high pinnacle this mighty ancestor, it was found to be the remains of an elephant.

Nearly all the masted n finds in this country were attributed to giants, but there is no evidence that a human giant ever existed over 8 feet in height, and it is extremely doubtful if this height was over attained

Giants other than human are very common in all branches of the animal king--giants in every sense when com pared to their pygmy representatives of todar. Some years ago some laborers in the Senalik hills of India were engaged upon a government work when they came upon the remains of a turtle that proved beyond question that these animals had their giants in the days of old. The shell which the men exposed might have been used as a shelter for several men, and at first, before its bony nature was observed, it was thought by the na tives to be a hut of some kind. Fortunately the bones were uninjured, and they were taken out and removed to the British museum, where a complete res

toration of the animal may be seen. The length of the turtle was 10 feet, its horizontal circomference 25 feet, and its girth 15 feet, but it was estimated by scientists that this was not an adult, and that when fully grown the huge creature would display a domelike back 8 or 9 feet high, giving a total length of 20 feet.

One of the common animals in equatorial South America and in Central America is the lizard, iguana, which at-tains a length of 4 or 5 feet and is considered a large lizard, but it was a pygmy when compared to an ancestor that once wandered over England and various portions of the world. A number of years ago some workingmen were exca-vating and blasting in a quarry near Maidstone, England, when some bones were uncovered that caused profound astonishment on the part of the finders. The skeleton was perfect, and as it was lifted out, bone by bone, their amaze-ment increased, and the news was spread

all over the country, attracting large numbers of people. Whe were placed in their pro When the bones

DR. SHRADY ON VENTILATION.

Venerable Theories on This Subject That Have Been Exploded. son has his field sport on the common with The effect of expreed air upon animal a tin can or the but of a log. From the

life is the subject of an interesting arti- sport of the goat in the spring to the varied cle in The Medical Record by Dr.

George F. Shrady, its editor. "We need not," says Dr. Shrady, "emphasize the evil effects of what is usually called bad ventilation. It is perhaps true that neuto diseases are not to instraced to

the same, but it may be safely stated that there is a distiget deterioration of vital forces in those who are constantly subjected to the impure atmosphere of badly ventilated rooms. The cause of the sickening sensation which comes over us upon entering an atmosphere contaminated with many breaths or of the gradual deterioration of the vital forces which follows continement in such an atmosphere is not known. For a number of years prior to 1888 the view links - Would you call Brotsson a fool? Fill kins Weil, hardly but I think he knows the least on the most subjects of any man of my acprevailed that the discomfort and danger to health and life in badly ventilated rooms were largely due to organic quaintane matters contained in the air expired, and that the increase in carbonic acid due to respiration has but little effect in producing the bad results. Recently, however, several experimenters have concluded that the organic matters in the exhaled breath are not harmful, at

least to animals." Referring to recent experiments on the subject, Dr. Skrady says: "The resalts justify the conclusion that the dis-comfort felt in crowded, ill ventilated rooms is not due to excessive carbonic acid or to bacteria or in most cases to dusts of any kind, but is in reality due to excessive temperature and nupleasant odors. Nothing in these experiments shows the cause of the un pleasant, musty odor of an unventilated room, and attention is called to the curious fact that cases of fainting in crowded rooms usually occur in women

and are connected, the authors think, with defective respiratory action due to tight lacing. Finally these investigations, the authors declare, go to prove that some of the theories upon which modern systems of ventilation are based

comfort and health in inhabited rooms thods of preventing or disposing of dust of various kinds, of aregulating life if deprived of health, for life becomes temperature and moisture and of carry . hurden. Hood's Sarsaparilla does far ing off poisonous gases derived from more than advertised. After taking one heating and lighting apparatus rather than of simply diluting the air to a cer - itself." MRS. J. E. SMITH, Belolt, Iowa tain standard of proportion of carbonie acid present.

Got Their Licenses, There is an ancient law in Rhode Island, which, however, is almost forgotten, requiring elergymen to take out a license before officiating at marriages. The other day Father O'Hare and Mr. Stewart, the Episcopal rector of Auourn, went to the town clerk for this license. At first the town clerk was much puzzled what to do, as he had no proper license blanks, but he finally got over the difficulty, and the clergymen 1765, notes that the old prone salutation

departed. After they had got on a street of any one who sneezed, which still precar they opened their licenses, and each 'vailed' in his own country, had been was berrified to find himself in the pos- abolished in England by the use of shuff sion of a full fledged second class. He was given to understand that to saliquor license, with power to run a lute a shuff taker in these circumstances liquot shop subject to all the privileges, was like complimenting him on the coland penalties of the law. A closer in- or of the hair of his wig. This color, by spection of the ligence, however, showed the way, he announces in mother place, that the words "second class liquor li-is usually brown, being closen as least cense," giving power to sell "mail, affected by the mud and dirt of the spirituous and intoxicating liquors" at streets. This regenuous explanation, like retail or wholesale, had had a line his statement that Pope was not buried drawn through them, and instead of in Westminster abbey because he was a the words "to sell mait, spirituous and Catholic, and that Queen Anny in St. intoxicating liquors" were interlined Paul's churchyard wears a hasp, seems the words "to perform matriages," and to anggest that some of his obliging in so forth.

Each clergyman made a wry face is centh century parlance, have treated M. be contemplated his battered license. Grosley to a "bite." But, in saying and each silently vowed to exhibit it that his chapter of clubs is disappoint But, in saying only in case of dire peril of a \$20 fine. ing, it must not be forgotten that he But both blessed the ingenuity of the visited one very remarkable specimen of official that could transform a document this all popular Georgian institutionwhich portends so much evil for the the society of "Robin Hoodians." race, according to their views, into an whose freethinking discussions Fielding instrument with power to give such pokes rather cumbrons fun in the Covent happiness. -- New York Tribune. Garden Journal -- Longman's Maga Garden Journal - Longman's Maga gine.

WHAT MAKES THE PLA FROM GOAT TO BOAT. Queer Causes Found by the Tunor This Even the festive goat in this vernal sea

In the Instrument Piano tuners are sometimes called

a stin can or the but of a log. From the sport of the goat in the spring to the varied of anusement and what a sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the goat of the interval is full stare of the spring to the varied sport of the goat in the spring prome by these sudden and protected to the goat of the interval is full stare of the spring to the varied base of the interval is full stare of the spring to the varied sport to the goat of the interval is full stare of the spring to the spring to

ed buzz and jingle are heard. "It is not in the plane," replies th tuner, and he touches the key again and again, at the same time glancing around the room. "There it is," he says at last, "pointing to the glass globe around the gas jet. "There is the Gloom Of itt health, despondency and despair, rattler," and the irritating noise is si Ot ill health, despondency and despair, gives way to the sumshine of hope, happiness and health, upon taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it gives remewed life and vitality to the blood, remewed life and vitality to the blood, that impart against the wall or the briesa brac which commonly lifters the top of the sensi-tion instrument, and the innocent plane. lenced when he removes the glass globe

gth, vigor to the whole this letter: Pins, buttons and other things foreign and energy to the whole body. Read to this letter: "Hood's Sar to the whole saparilla to the piano which find their way in wonderfully, the instrument set up complaints and harsh cries when certain keys are struck, and recently a plano tuner in Evanston, searching for the "rattle,"

found and restored to the young woman who used the instrument her upper set of false teeth, which had disappeared myst onsly the week before. Besides coms, buttons, pils and

toothpicks, the plano tuner's salvage to cludes harpins, pocketknives, paper cutters, manteure instruments, knitting needles, matches, jewdiry, nails, tacks, bits of glass, pieces of picture wire. buckles, collar buttons, sleeve buttons rings and even money which had been placed in the case for safe keeping and hen forgotten -- Chicago Chromele.

Where we cannot invent we may at cast improve. We may give somewhat movelty to that which was old, conmantion to that which was diffuse. erspective to that which was obscure oil currency to that which was ree a

BEWARE OF OISTMENTS FOR CA TARKH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY

As increasely well waitely desirely the sense y since i and completely desirely the whole speed when extering it through the question surflees such as it les should never the sevel accept a presentiplican from reputable thracketion, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good yo can possibly derive from them. But a surflee or the surflecture for the sevel accept a neutron surflecture by F J of braney & Co., It index to constants no mercuiry, and is taken in terms in setting directly spins, the black as minerate surflex will there you get the generating fail taken in the sure you get the generation. To taken there is if, and mode in force the first would be surflex out of models from the ball of megately, give the per battin Hait's family fulls are the test. Is the One True Baod Purifier All druggists \$L. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. M. Grosley, who visited London in

ous system. FITS, -All Sta stopped free by Dr. Kline's dreal Norve Restorer. No the after the first is's the Marrelots curse Treates and ELC railedthe free to Fit cames mead to Dr. Kline, ul arch Al. Fulladerphia, Pa.

Piao's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine used in my house - D. C. Albricht Mitthinning, Pa., Dec 11, 55.



A PLUS MUN WEIMI

Enriching the Blood.

Great Cures Effected by Paino's **Celery** Compound.

What Scientific Research Has Accomplished.

Proved by Success Where All Else Has Failed.

There is one true specific for discases arising from a debilitated nervous ava-tem, and that is the Paine's celery compound so generally prescribed by physi-cians. It is the most remarkable rem-edy that the scientific research of this

edy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Professor Edward E. Professor Edward E. Dr. of Dartmouth col-lege, first preserties what is now known the world over as Paine's celery com-pound, a positive care for dyspepsia, bilinon-new, hver complaint, neuralgia, theum a-tism, and kidney

troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed. Serers from neuralgia, neuralgie Sufferers from neuralgia, neuralgic headactors and theumatism should stop short their morphine, quinine and such pain-killing drugs. No cure can be hoped for from these temporizers. There is one way of getting rid forevar of the causes of all this suffering : that is by taking Faine's colory compound. In this great malern remedy the real means to health is attended to; sleep is made sound and refreshing, the appetite improver and the nerves stop complainimproves and the nerves stop complain-ing, because they get the nutriment that nature requires. This is the funda-mental, rational way that l'aine's celery compound takes to be able to cope successfully with diseases of the liver, kidneys and stomach, and to guarantee a complete return of sound sleep, good di-gestion and a quiet, well regulated nerv-

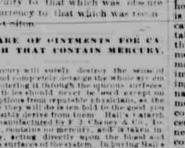
WHO CARRIES THE LARGEST ather supplies and Barnar toods? Way, dos

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Cor. Second and Mark Ma., Portland, Or. Dr. Bosanke Med. Co. Phila. I's.

Real Cocoa





bottle, it is sufficient to recom

Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills uss, bradache. Beeuts

London In 1765.

changed sickness to health, gloom to sun-

fored. I was deathly sick, had sick head-

aches every few days and those terrible tired, despondent feelings, with heart

troubles so that I could not go up and

No pen can describe what, I suf-

helped me

shine.

mpose about one-third the population, are more ansceptible to the poor climate than the negroes, but are much hardier than the whites. The coolies are a lighter and more slender race than the negroes, but they are industrious and moderately faithful workers, while the r negroes are lazy and indolent. The real hard and difficult work in the fields that requires muscle is performed by the negroes, but the steady, continuous, light work is allotted to the coolies. The two races are naturally hostile, more so than the Europeans and the na-tives.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

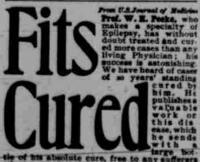
Lady Aberdeen is a constant attendant on the sessions of the parliament in Ottawa. She occupies a place beside the speaker in the house of commons. Dress-ed in purple velvet, she is a familiar figure there. But though greatly interested in the debates, as she must be, "her excellency," as she is styled, while intensely listening, is as unimpression-able and unencouraging a listener as can well be imagined. She sits without any change of countenance, no matter what the subject discussed or how fervid the oratory.

BETTER THAN REFINED GOLD

Is bodily comfort. This unspeakable boon i denied to many unfortunates for whose all ments Hosterter's stormach Bitters is a promp ly helpfal remedy. The dyspeptic, the rhen matic, the nerrous, persons troubled with bill conness or chills and fever, should lose no time in availing themselves of this comprehensive and genial medicine. It ""motes appetite and nightly simuler.

When one is the picture of despair, You're very apt to find That he has somehow got himself in a terrible frame of mind.

GENTS WANTED. Best cer rth; new discovery; everybody wants it. endschins, glass; takes place of mucilage home and office; sample 10c. Address terntate Mfg. Co., box 158. The Dalles, Or.



E FREEL F. D., 4 Colar St., 2

SURE CURE FOR PILES R. BO-SAN-KO'S PILE BEINEDY, may take

ative of the Isle of Man. One of Its peculiarities is that it has no tail. Then, It is much larger, stronger and fiercer than the domestic cat. It has a bigger head, its hair is coarser and thicker



THE MANX CAT.

and its hind legs, besides being larger, are formed almost like those of a hare. This cat, although making its home mong men, is still very shy, rejecting all friendly advances and being very apt to bite the hand that offers it i caress. It exists for the most part out of doors and is almost wholly self-supporting. It is a fine hunter, not only catching rats, but rabbits, haves and birds as well.

In regard to its being tailless, s writer states that the peculiarity, in all probability, originated in some disease of the caudal appendage, resulting from the dampness of the soil and the humidity of the climate. The effect of the disease was the rotting off of the tail and in time, it is supposed, it became hereditary.

As to the bind legs of the cat it is thought they became longer in obedience to the requirements of the cresture's life, its home originally being among the hills, to which it fled on the approach of danger. Its long hind legs

enable it to easily run up high hills while pursued by enemies.

> Chinese Quail in Maryland. Frank T. Redwood is interested in the increase of wild fowl in this country, and has an idea that Chinese quail may be successfully introduced. A friend brought him six of these birds a year ago. They were liberated in Talbot County, and flew off in the woods as naturally is though in China. But that was the last ever seen of them. They have disappeared entirely, so far as Mr. Redwood or his friends have been able to discover. Mr. Red-wood is still firm in his faith that this species of bird will flourish in America. and to this end has arranged to have twenty pair brought over from China and let loose in the woods of Maryland.

-Baltimore American.

irl is pretty when she is young,

they were found to be the skeleton of a gigantic lizard that when alive must have been three times as balky as the largest living elephant and stood upon its hind legs like a kangaroo, tearing down branches from the bighest trees. Such an animal was a slow mover and sluggish and must have fallen an easy prey to the human hunters, if they ex-

The marine giants were even more izarre and remarkable than the land forms. If we can imagine the little ign-

in diameter and the spines over two feet in length. From the fact that the hind limbs were the largest, it is evident that this strange creature could lift itself up and sit like a kangaroo, rest-ing upon its powerful tail, which, with woman, delighted with the new and ele-A giant from America had a skull

most over the eyes were two large horns, as a pinhead Then "and diamon a third placed over the nose. The great went down in the length of the skull was given by a huge as if announcing creat that was protected by a ridge of purest laster. The next day

"Do you know," said a prominent shipping man, who had been discussing the St. Paul disaster with a party of friends, "that it is a rule with the big transatlantic stcamship companies that the wife of the captain shall not travel

A SOCIETY ITEM. A Striking Object Lamon In the Ethics of

It was at the Emerald ball, and the young society reporter sharpened her wits and her pencils, that full and satis forms. If we can imagine the initio igc. with and her putchs, of each costume ana lengthened out to 30 feet, its back factory description of each costume spines changed to broad finlike objects, might be presented. Surrounding her we form some idea of the appearance of were those most desirons of seeing their one of the small dinosaurs, Stegosaurus uames and gowns in print, and in the ungulatus, one of the most unsanny and crowd stood a shopgirl, gowned in remarkable creatures ever found. It is flimsy pink cheesecloth of indescribable

called the plated lizard, and the same "When her turn came for the skeleton was found on the eastern flank". "When her turn came for the skeleton was found in the eastern flank it was with a hopeless eye that the re-of the Rocky Mountains. Some of the it was with a hopeless eye that the re-of the Rocky Mountains. Some of the it was with a hopeless eye that the re-of the Rocky Mountains. Some of the it was with a hopeless eye that the re-of the Rocky Mountains. Some of the it was with a hopeless eye that the re-of the Rocky Mountains. Some of the it was with a hopeless eye that the re-of the Rocky Mountains. Some of the it was with a hopeless eye that the re-of the Rocky Mountains. Some of the it was with a hopeless eye that the re-of the Rocky Mountains.

"And your name and gown?" "Miss Matilda Jenkins, attired in pink crepon and diamonds," was the

ormous spinez, must have been a gant name for cheeseoloth, but her pen-cil refused to add "and diamonds"

until her quick eyes had discovered on that measured eight feet in length. Al- the girl's collar , tiny rhinestone as big went down in the notebook as proudly as if announcing tiaras and stom

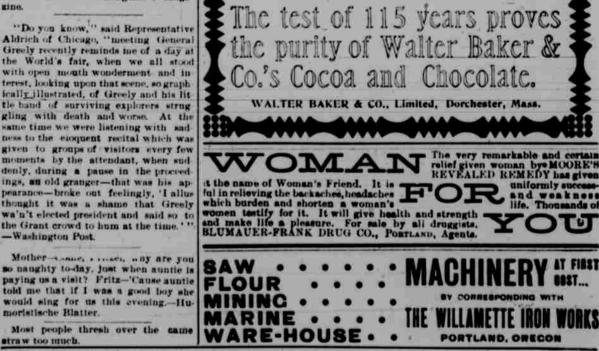
The next day all the girls behind a long plates. The mouth of the tricers-tops was protected by a horny beak. In life it must have presented a formid-able appearance, with a body clumsy and low like that of a hippopotamus, a long tail like an alligator's, its head calling to mind the rhinceros. This monster was 25 foot in length and must 'ave been one of the strangest animals of its time.—Philadelphia Press.

A very attractive ornamental art of recent introduction is, as stated, the pro-duction of an imitation beadwork on fabrics of varions kinds by means of what is known as glass powder, or

"Do you know," said Representative Aldrich of Chicago, "meeting General Greely recently reminds me of a day at World's fair, when we all stood with open mouth wonderment and interest, looking upon that scene, so graph-ically illustrated, of Greely and his litthe hand of surviving explorers strug gling with death and worse. At the same time we were listening with andness to the eloquent recital which was given to groups of visitors every few ments by the attendant, when suddenly, during a pause in the proceedings, an old granger-that was his ap-pearance-broke out feelingly, 'I allus might it was a shame that Greely wa'n't elected president and said so to the Grant crowd to hum at the time."" Washington Post.

moristische Blatter.

straw too much.





'Save My Child !" is the cry of many an 1 agonized mother little one writhes in croup or whooping cough. In such cases, Dr. Acker's English Remedy proves a blessing and a godsend. Mrs. M. A. Burke, of 309 E. 105th St., New York, writes: "Dr. Acker's English Remedy cured my baby of bronchitis, and also gave instant relief in a severe case of croup. I gratefully recommend it." Three sizes, 36c., 50c., 51. All Dragista.

