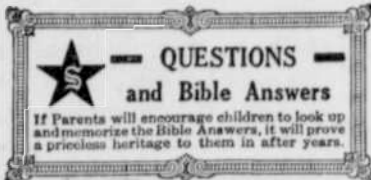


Eastern Clackamas News
 Entered at the postoffice in Estacada, Oregon, as second-class mail.
 Published every Thursday at Estacada, Oregon
 UPTON H. GIBBS
 Editor and Manager.
 SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 One year \$1.50
 Six months .75
 Thursday, FEBRUARY 22, 1923.

BIBLE QUESTIONS



QUESTIONS and Bible Answers
 If Parents will encourage children to look up and memorize the Bible Answers, it will prove a precious heritage to them in after years.
 About what we should think?—Phil. 4:5
 How can we be sure of success?—Phil. 4:13
 How can we know the truth?—Jn. 16:13

WASHINGTON AND LINCOLN

The contrast externally between Washington and Lincoln is marked and striking, as in appearance and manner they were very different. The former was cast in an aristocratic mold while the latter was rough hewn. The title of "General" seems appropriate to Washington, conjuring him up to the imagination in the stylish uniform of that rank, but Lincoln can never be pictured in any other dress than that of somber hued garments, not particularly well fitting. Courtliness we associate with Washington and homely courteousness with Lincoln.

But these differences were only superficial, for beneath the exteriors both men were very similar, both being patriots and statesmen of the highest order and both without fear and without reproach. Of recent years Lincoln has been accorded a place in the estimation of the people as high as that of Washington, and it is likely that some rank him before the latter. But this is merely individual judgment, posterity as a whole will not put one of them before the other, as it is impossible to determine which of the two was the greater. Nor is it necessary to judge between them, as the debt which the nation owes to each is immense. Both were men of the hour, and both were just the men for their particular hours. Washington was the man for the revolutionary as Lincoln was for the civil war period. We cannot think of any who could have excelled either in their respective positions. Comparisons which would exalt one above the other are entirely odious.

Last week the birthday of Lincoln was gratefully commemorated and this week Washington's. There is an appropriateness that both days should come in the same month and fall so near together. Washington and Lincoln, the two great twin stars in the national firmament, ranking together for all time, and if Washington is named first, it is solely because in order of time, he came first.

BURIED TREASURES

The discovery in Egypt of the buried treasures in the tomb of King Tutankhamen has aroused the greatest interest. Independent of their monetary value, which is estimated at several millions, their historical and archaeological worth is even greater. What light they throw on the civilization of the Orient before the days of Moses! The splendor of Egypt was most brilliant, for the treasures in the tomb indicate an era of immense wealth and power, of flourishing arts, commerce and manufactures. The late Professor Huxley once said, that the Orient was the graveyard of departed greatness, and this latest find in the sands of Africa confirms his statement.

The moralist will ask, "what was the reason for this total ex-

tinction." The answer is not far to seek, for what is known of the ancient history of Egypt, shows that it was due to moral decadence. The scriptures hint of the "diseases of the Egyptians" which were the wages of sin. Their civilization, outwardly prosperous and powerful, was rotten at the core, and so it fell. The same was true of Babylon, of Nineveh and Tyre. "Mene, Mene, Tekel, Upharsin." In each case they were weighed in the balances and found wanting, so the kingdom was taken away from them. To the thoughtful student of history the lesson is obvious, that "Doubtless there is a God that judgeth the earth."

But another important question arises, "What is the reason for all the elaborate funerary equipment?" The care for the body by embalming and its secure interment in a tomb of solid stone, is readily understood, but why so much paraphernalia, such as chariots, vases, robes, statuary etc. We are told it was owing to the primitive belief of the Egyptians that physical life was not entirely extinct at death but continued to exist within the sepulcher. Hence the departed would want to be surrounded with what he had been accustomed to during his previous life. This belief survived even when it was afterwards displaced by another, that the dead man went to live in the sky, where he became a star, or crossed the heavens daily with the sun-god, or lived with Osiris in the west.

But another reason is alleged, namely, that after a period of roaming, the soul would return to seek its former body with which it would be reunited. Hence the great care to preserve the body, otherwise the soul would never find rest. This is most interesting as indicating, though obscurely, the truth that the Christian religion emphatically teaches, namely, that the body is an essential part of man's nature, and that his ultimate perfect development includes his body as well as his mind and spirit. The article of the Christian faith which declares belief in the resurrection of the body testifies to this. It does not philosophize on this point but merely states the fact without explanation. How this is to be accomplished, and how the continuity of the raised body with the body which has been discarded and disintegrated, is maintained, it knows not. These are matters for devout speculation, but will never be solved for us until we stand complete in our resurrection bodies. Until then we walk by faith, "Believing where we cannot prove."

The NEWS acknowledges the receipt of a copy of OLD OREGON, a monthly magazine published by the Alumni Association of the University of Oregon. This number contains a review of the salaries paid the presidents, deans, professors and instructors of the state colleges throughout the United States. According to the figures Oregon pays less than the average salary in each class.

Now that the buried treasure of King "Tut" has been unearthed after being hidden securely for some five thousand years or more, that of the late Captain

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Kid may yet come to light. But the latter would seem to be a piker compared to the former.

SESSION AT SALEM RUNS OVER 40 DAYS

(Continued from first page)

pagate the unfit.

The senate by a vote of 24 to 5 passed Representative Hurd's bill authorizing an appropriation of \$250,000 for the financial relief of the city of Astoria.

Under the provisions of the bill bonds would be issued by the stricken city and these purchased by the state at par. The securities would draw 4 per cent interest and mature in 20 years. Although the city of Astoria would pay no interest during the first six years of the life of the bonds, this exaction by the state would be included in the deferred principal payments. All of the money to be derived from the sale of the bonds would be expended in rebuilding the streets, sewer system and water mains.

Representative Gordon's concurrent resolution authorizing a corporation to be formed to put on a world's fair at Portland in 1927 was adopted in both houses. The resolution would make the governor, the secretary of state and the state treasurer members of the corporation.

Changes in Bonus Approved.

A house joint resolution which would refer to the people the question of amending the constitution so the benefits of the bonus and loan act would be opened to Spanish-American war veterans and to Oregon soldiers who, anticipating the war, went into the army prior to those now benefited by the act, and also opening it to signal service women, who heretofore have been held to have been civilian employees, was adopted by the senate.

A bill introduced in the house by Representative Bailey to prevent aliens not eligible to citizenship in the United States from holding any interest in real property in Oregon passed the senate without a dissenting vote. The bill is said to be identical with the laws already in effect in Washington and California and will forbid Orientals from owning or leasing land in Oregon.

The sheriffs' compensation bill, sponsored by Senator Klepper, was killed in the senate. The bill would have provided compensation for sheriffs or deputy sheriffs injured in the performance of their duties or to their dependents in the event these officials were killed in the performance of their duties.

Paid Highway Board is Defeated.

The house of representatives for the second time this session has voted down a bill to provide a paid highway commissioner. It defeated a bill introduced by Representatives Hesse and Adams to appoint a highway commissioner to be paid \$10,000 per year.

The house also defeated a bill to re-

quire a fifty-fifty apportionment of costs of overhead or underground railroad crossings on state highways, between the railroad companies and the highway commission and county.

Mrs. Simmons' bill to require physical examination of persons, both men and women, seeking marriage licenses, passed the house.

The bill has been amended by tacking on the referendum clause to refer it to the people at the next general election. Also the provision preventing marriage of persons whose mentality is not over that of 12 years had been stricken from it.

Senate Passes W. C. T. U. Bill.

Representative Gordon's bill authorizing an appropriation of \$25,000, with which to assist in establishing a home for dependent children was approved by the senate. The home will be located in Benton county and will be conducted by the W. C. T. U.

The senate by a vote of 22 to 5 passed Senator Brown's bill preventing the use of milk in the manufacture of substitutes for butter and other dairy products. The measure was directed especially at oleomargarine, the manufacture and sale of which has increased rapidly in Oregon during the past few years.

Determined efforts were made to muster strength enough in the house to reconsider the vote by which Senator Eddy's bill to revise the high school courses of study was defeated. The bill passed the senate after a prolonged debate, was reported out of the house committee on education with a divided report, and after the minority report in favor of the bill had been substituted for the majority report against it, the bill was voted down by twenty-eight votes against twenty-six with six absent.

Legislative Brevities.

Representative Carkin on behalf of the house members presented to Speaker and Mrs. Kubli a beautiful engraved sterling silver service of five pieces.

With only 20 dissenting votes, the house passed house bill No. 313, increasing the state tax on gasoline from 2 to 3 cents a gallon.

The senate by a vote of 23 to 7 passed a bill introduced by the committee on military affairs authorizing an appropriation of \$15,000 annually for the maintenance of the battleship Oregon in the Portland harbor.

Under a bill passed in the senate incorporated towns and cities of the state are prohibited from issuing a license to aliens to conduct pool halls, dance halls, card rooms, soft drink establishments or engage in the pawn-brokers' business.

The senate adopted house concurrent resolution No. 5, which provides that a commission be named to confer with a like commission from the state of Washington to investigate into the feasibility of building an interstate bridge on the lower Columbia river.

See Mrs. J. E. Gates for piano instruction. Prices reasonable. I. O. O. F. building. 5-4tf

NOTICE OF FILING FINAL ACCOUNT.

No. 2837.
 In the matter of the estate of Christian Gantenbein, deceased.
 NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned as administrator of the estate of Christian Gantenbein, deceased, has filed his final account as such administrator in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Clackamas. That Monday, the 26th day of February, 1923, at the hour of

9:30 a. m. of said day and the Court room of said Court has been appointed as the time and place for the hearing of objections to said final account and settlement thereof.

J. GANTENBEIN.

Administrator of the estate of Christian Gantenbein.
 MCGUIRK & SCHNEIDER
 Attorneys for Administrator.
 Dated and first publication, January 25, 1923.
 Date of last publication, February 22, 1923.

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