

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

Current Events of Interest Gathered From the World at Large.

General Resume of Important Events Presented in Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A tugboat at Vancouver, B. C., pulled her entire stern out while towing a big log raft.

An ensign was killed and several men wounded in a fight with hostile natives in the Philippines.

Nearly 1,000 clerks have struck in the general offices of the Illinois Central railroad at Memphis, Tennessee.

Germany is trying to prevent a war between Italy and Turkey, fearing other powers would be drawn into such a struggle.

A New Brunswick, N. J., undertaker who is running for the office of sheriff, used his automobile hearse to display election signs.

Four persons were killed in a Chicago tenement house fire. A woman weighing 354 pounds was carried from the fourth floor by firemen.

A woman committed to the Oregon insane asylum has been making her living as a shoemaker and passing herself for a man for 49 years.

A daughter of ex-Governor Richards, of Wyoming, with her husband, were found shot to death on their ranch near Redbank, Wyoming.

A Newport butler organized a "smart set" of 100 among the servants of wealthy society people and made himself "social dictator."

A Chicago couple have been "getting married" repeatedly, each time giving the minister a counterfeit \$20 bill and getting \$10 in good money in change.

Dissolution of the Steel trust presents a stupendous problem and has caused great stir in Wall street.

Canada has voted against the party which favored reciprocity by a large majority.

War is on between settlers and lumbermen over fine redwood forests near Ukiah, Cal.

"Progressive" Republicans deny that they are planning to nominate Hughes for president.

San Francisco wins its fight for a right of way to the ferry landing for a municipal street railway.

It is estimated the Alaska salmon pack will amount to 2,800,000 cases.

The "annexation speech" of Champ Clark in the last session of congress is blamed for the defeat of reciprocity by Canada.

The treasury department has ordered the prohibition of the importation of tea containing artificial coloring matter.

Fifty-six convicts in the Colorado penitentiary attended the matinee performance at a theater and enjoyed the play hugely.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Export basis: Bluestem, 84c; club, 80c; 81c; Red Russian, 80c; valley, 80c; 81c; 40-fold, 81c; 82c; 81c, 80c; 81c.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$24.50c/25 per ton; middlings, \$32; shorts, \$25.50c/26; rolled barley, \$33.50c/34.50.

Corn—Whole, \$33; cracked, \$34 per ton.

Barley—New feed, \$31c/32 per ton; brewing, \$37.

Oats—New white, \$28c/28.50 ton.

Hay—No. 1 Eastern Oregon timothy, \$15c/16; No. 1 valley, \$14; alfalfa, \$12; clover, \$8.50; grain hay, \$9c/11.

Poultry—Hens, 16c/16c; springs, 15c/15c; ducks, young, 15c/17c; geese, 11c; turkeys, 18c/19c.

Butter—Oregon creamery, solid pack, 31c; prints, extra.

Eggs—Fresh Oregon ranch, candled, 30c per dozen.

Pork—Fancy, 11c/11c per pound.

Veal—Fancy, 13c/13c per pound.

Fresh Fruits—Cantaloupes, 50c/50c; peaches, 50c/75c per box; watermelons, 75c/1.25 per hundred; plums, 50c/75c per crate; prunes, 14c/2c per pound; pears, 50c/1 per box; grapes, 50c/1 per box; apples, 11c/11c.

Vegetables—Artichokes, 75c per dozen; beans, 50c/10c; cabbages, \$1.50c/2 per hundred; corn, 25c/30c per dozen; cucumbers, \$1c/1.25 per sack; eggplant, 50c/50c per pound; garlic, 10c/12c per pound; lettuce, 40c/50c per dozen; hot-house lettuce \$1.25c/1.75 per box; peppers, 50c/50c per pound; radishes, 12c per dozen; sprouts, 8c per pound; tomatoes, 50c/75c per box; carrots, \$1.50 per sack; turnips, \$1; beets, \$1.75.

Potatoes—Oregon, 14c per pound; sweet potatoes, 24c per pound.

Onions—California, \$1.50 per hundred.

Hops—1911 crop, 32c/33c; olds, nominal.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, 9c/16c per pound, according to shrinkage; valley 15c/17c; mohair, choice 36c/37c.

Cattle—Choice steers, \$5.40c/5.50; good, \$5.00c/5.25; fair, \$4.75c/5.00; medium, \$4.50c/4.75; poor, \$3.75c/4.50; choice cows, \$4.50c/4.75; fair, \$4.00c/4.40; common, \$2.50c/3.50; Extra choice spayed heifers, \$4.75c/5.00; choice heifers, \$4.50c/4.75; choice bulls, \$3.00c/3.25; good, \$2.75c/3.00; common, \$2c/2.50; choice calves, 200 pounds and under, \$7.25c/7.50; good to choice, \$6.00c/6.50; common, \$4.00c/4.50; choice stags, \$4.50c/4.75; good, \$4.25c/4.50.

Hogs—Choice light hogs, \$7.75c/8.00; good, \$7.50c/7.75; fair, \$7.25c/7.50; common, \$7c/7.25.

Sheep—Choice yearling wethers, coarse wool, \$3.35c/3.65.

Choice yearling wethers, east of mountains, \$3.35c/3.65; choice wethers and three, \$3.00c/3.25; choice lambs, \$4.75c/5.00; choice yearlings, \$4.50c/4.75; good to choice lambs, \$4.25c/4.50; culls, \$2.50c/3.

SOCIETY LEADER, WHOSE EXPERIMENTAL FARM FOR SUFFRAGISTS IS FAILURE.



MRS. O. H. P. BELMONT.

REVOLUTION THREATENS SPAIN

General Strikes Called and Nation is Under Martial Law.

Madrid—Spain is face to face with a crisis equal to that following the riots in Barcelona in 1909. The agitation and the power of the agitators on the masses have increased in proportion to the rigor of the repressive measures undertaken by the government.

What, at its origin, was purely a labor movement, now has developed into a revolutionary conflict, a commune having actually been proclaimed at two towns near Valencia and the authorities driven out.

The affiliated trades unions have decided to call a general strike all over Spain, and the government has decided upon the drastic step of "suspending the constitutional guarantee" throughout the country. This virtually means martial law.

Meetings have been forbidden. The military authorities, it is said officially, will not assume control except in extreme cases.

At Bilbao troops fired on a crowd that was endeavoring to free prisoners, including strike leaders, who were being taken through the streets. Twenty-six persons were wounded.

The situation is grave. King Alfonso has signed a decree suspending the constitutional guarantee throughout Spain. This act, which had been under consideration for some days, was taken to give the government power to deal sharply and promptly with the revolutionary agitation now fermenting in many parts of Spain, especially in the cities and industrial districts, where republican and revolutionary plans are being furthered under cover of workmen's strikes.

The most serious situation is at Valencia, where a general strike was declared. The city was at once placed under martial law, and though there was more or less rioting throughout the day, the authorities had matters pretty well in hand until after dark, when the disturbers vented their fury in an attack on the factories in the adjacent township of Cullera.

The rioters murdered a judge and wounded other officials of the court which had been engaged in the trial of those arrested earlier in the day. The mob was finally dispersed by guards from the custom house.

Gila Monster Bites Man.

Los Angeles—Prompt treatment with a vacuum pump saved the life of Mathias E. Eigenherr, a miner from Arizona, who was bitten by a Gila monster while he was exhibiting the animal on the street here. He had the monster secured in a box. He met some friends and tried to open the box to show the creature, when it fastened its teeth in his arm. Eigenherr was rushed to the receiving hospital, where the surgeons succeeded in extracting the poison from the wounds. The monster was shot by a policeman.

Girls' Smokes Now Cost.

Los Angeles—Cigar makers and other tobacco factory workers, including girls, who have been accustomed to having all the "free smokes" they want, must pay hereafter for the "makins" and for all the cigars they use, according to a ruling of Claude L. Parker, collector of internal revenue.

"The government is deprived annually of vast amounts of revenue by this practice of tobacco factory employees taking cigars, cigarettes and tobacco from untaxed stocks," said the collector.

Aviator Falls to Death.

Dewitt, Ia.—John A. Rosenbaum, of Chicago, was killed here when his aeroplane fell from a height of 50 feet. He had been in the air only 20 minutes when he lost control of the machine. Rosenbaum was making a trial flight when he met death. Other aviators previously had failed to make successful flights in the same machine and Rosenbaum declared he would prove that the machine would fly. He had just started to descend.

Etna's Lava Bars People.

Catania, Italy—The eruption of Mount Etna again was renewed Wednesday. Shots from guns of people who have been shut off by the lava were heard, but the people could not be rescued.

DESTROYED FROM OUTSIDE.

Ruins of Battleship Maine Are Cleared of Slime.

Havana—The Maine was destroyed by an external explosion. There no longer remains any doubt as to the manner in which the United States battleship was sunk in this harbor on the night of February 15, 1898.

The cofferdam about the wreck has been pumped out and the mud cleared away to a greater extent than ever before. The clearing away of wreckage reveals the double bottom of the ship with part of the keel standing in a perpendicular position 23 feet higher than the natural position.

This perfectly confirms the report and testimony which Ensign Powellson gave before an investigating board after the disaster and which was based upon reports made to him by divers just after the explosion.

It is indicated by engineers here that such a tearing of the ship's bottom could not have been produced by an interior explosion. It is further said that no regulation military mine could have wrought such terrific havoc. It must have been a huge mine, as Captain Sigbee and others suggested at the time; perhaps a sugar mill boiler or large coal loaded with explosives.

500 SAILORS PERISH WHEN FRENCH WARSHIP BLOWS UP

Marseilles, France—Fire broke out in the ammunition hold of the French battleship *Liberte* and the vessel blew up and sank 19 minutes later. Nearly 500 of the crew are dead. The battleship was built about five years ago and was a sister ship of the *Verite*, which met with misfortune at the maneuvers a few days ago, going on the rocks and suffering considerable damage before being pulled off.

TAFT BUSY IN ST. LOUIS.

Urges Power of Impeachment Instead of Recall for Judges.

St. Louis—During a moderately busy day here Saturday, President Taft made six speeches, took a forty mile automobile ride, opened the local football season by tossing the pigskin onto the gridiron at St. Louis University, laid the cornerstone of a new Y. W. C. A. building, sat through nine innings of exciting baseball between the St. Louis and Philadelphia National League teams, visited the Masonic Club to be made a life member of that organization and, after addressing a throng in the Coliseum in the evening had nothing to do but travel all night in order to be in the insurgent state of Kansas on Sunday.

On the eve of entering this reputed hostile territory, President Taft brought forward the suggestion of a wider power of impeachment as a substitute for the more radical proposal of a judicial recall.

Four Firms Under Fire.

San Francisco—Four Pacific Coast business combinations are under investigation by the government as being in restraint of trade, and indictments against them are likely to be forthcoming within 10 days according to advices received here from Los Angeles.

A part of the government's evidence, it is reported, already has been presented to the Federal grand jury. It is understood that action also is contemplated in San Francisco, Portland, Tacoma and Seattle.

Cheese Poisons Child.

Portland—One wee slice of cheese nearly caused the death of Florence George, aged three, late Saturday night, and a like amount of the same food brought hours of agony to her four brothers, Theodore, seven; Roy, 10; William, 13; Adam, 16.

The physician was called at 11 o'clock and it was not until daylight that he considered the little one out of danger. The illness was due to limburger. It resulted in ptomaine poisoning.

15,000 Socialists Protest.

Paris—A mass meeting of Socialists and Laborites to protest against a war with Germany brought out 15,000 persons here.

FRENCHMEN DIE BRAVELY.

Men on Burning Battleship Fought Fire to the Last.

Toulon, France—More than 300 officers and men of the French battleship *Liberte* lost their lives when the ship was torn apart and totally destroyed in the harbor here by an explosion of her magazines.

The battleship *Republique* was badly damaged and the battleships *Democrat* and *Verte* suffered heavily from the masses of twisted iron and armor-plate hurled upon their decks.

This is the greatest disaster that has ever befallen the French navy, and in magnitude is almost without precedent in the annals of the world's fighting ships.

The explosion which wiped out one of France's most powerful battleships occurred at 5:30 o'clock in the morning. It was the result of an outbreak of fire. The flames spread rapidly in spite of all efforts to extinguish them, and reached the magazines before there was time to flood them. The magazines exploded with tremendous violence, sowing death and destruction in every direction. The naval authorities now estimate the killed at between 350 and 400. It will be necessary to go through the ship's muster rolls before a full list of the victims can be prepared.

Several men were taken alive from the torn and twisted mass of wreckage, and hope was strong that others might be reached.

The work of rescue began quickly. An ambulance station was installed in the arsenal and Admiral Marin-Darbel, Maritime Prefect, superintended the work of extricating those imprisoned under the shattered steel.

The first body recovered was that of an officer, which was hauled from under an awning with a boathook. Forty bodies have been taken out and 94 injured transferred to the hospital.

Electric shears to cut through the plates and powerful floating cranes to lift the masses of steel were used. Divers are at work exploring the interior of the hull. The *Liberte* now looks as if the bows had doubled over onto the stern. Men could be heard groaning and screaming for help, which often the rescuers were unable to give.

The lower deck was a heartrending sight. One man's foot was held under a mass of steel weighing tons. After three hours' vain effort to lift the mass a surgeon amputated the foot. Through a hole in the armor portions of bodies, contorted and piled together, could be perceived, all of them charred by the flames.

One of the survivors, a warrant officer who came out of the explosion with only a slight cut on the forehead, said:

"The fire broke out in the general store, among cans of oil, turpentine, paint and other inflammables. In spite of every effort flames spread just to the coal bunkers, and after that it was difficult to prevent them from gaining the powder magazine. It was about 5:30 o'clock and dawn was breaking, before the danger seemed to be realized. Assistance was then being sent us from the port and three other warships lying in the harbor.

Disaster Regarded as Evil Omen.

Paris—The minister of marine is preparing to render aid to the families of the victims of the *Liberte* explosion. Everywhere the explosion is regarded as an evil omen, coming on the heels of the peaceful settlement of the Moroccan difficulties with Germany.

According to Captain Jaures' report, there were 32 officers on the warship.

Seventy letters at once, at the same time writing his memoirs.

"Truly," continued the Captain, not heeding or hearing the other, "Truly a wonderful man was Calus Julius Caesar!"

Better be first, he said, in a little I'erian village.

Than be second in Rome; and I think

Who could both write and fight, and in both was equally skilful!"

Straightway answered and spake John Alden, the comely, the youthful: "Yes, he was equally skilled, as you say, with his pen and his weapons."

Somewhere have I read, but where I forget, he could dictate

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The Courtship of Miles Standish

With Illustrations by Howard Chandler Christy

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Love and Friendship

Nothing was heard in the room but the hurrying pen of the strippling. Or an occasional sigh from the laboring heart of the Captain. Reading the marvelous words and achievements of Julius Caesar. After a while he exclaimed, as he smote with his hand, palm downward, heavily on the page: "A wonderful man was this Caesar!"

Filled with the name and the fame of the Puritan maiden Priscilla: Every sentence began or closed with the name of Priscilla. Till the treacherous pen, to which he confided the secret, strove to betray it by stinging and shouting the name of Priscilla! Finally closing his book, with a bang of the ponderous cover, sudden and loud as the sound of a soldier grounding his musket, thus to the young man spake Miles Standish, the Captain of Plymouth:



"A Wonderful Man Was Calus Julius Caesar."

You are a writer, and I am a fighter. I have something important to tell you.

Who could both write and fight, and in both was equally skilful!"

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Such as you think best adapted to win the heart of a maiden."

When he had spoken, John Alden, the fair-haired, taciturn strippling, all aglaze at his words, surprised, embarrassed, bewildered,

Trying to mask his dismay by treating the subject with lightness, trying to smile, and yet feeling his heart stand still in his bosom, just as a time-piece stops in a house that is stricken by lightning,

Thus made answer and spake, or rather stammered than answered: "Such a message as that, I am sure I should mangle and mar it; If you would have it well done—I am only repeating your maxim—You must do it yourself, you must leave it to others!"

But with the air of a man whom nothing can turn from his purpose, gravely shaking his head, made answer the Captain of Plymouth: "Truly the maxim is good, and I do not mean to gainsay it; But we must use it discreetly, and not waste powder for nothing."

Now, as I said before, I was never a maker of phrases. I can march up to a fortress and summon the place to surrender, but march up to a woman with such a proposal, I dare not.

I'm not afraid of bullets, nor shot from the mouth of a cannon, but of a