

# The Estacada Progress

Issued Each Thursday

ESTACADA OREGON

## RESUME OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenings Presented in a Brief and Comprehensive Manner for Busy Readers—National, Political, Historical and Commercial.

A labor crisis is fast approaching in Sweden.

Great Britain has begun building an aerial navy.

A French aviator has reached a height of 800 feet in his aeroplane.

The whole Missouri Pacific system is to be merged into one company by Gould.

Chicago carmen threaten a general strike and police are drilling to be ready for trouble.

Two Italian children have been abducted in St. Louis and are held for a ransom of \$25,000.

The Wright brothers are busy making further changes and improvements in their aeroplane.

An official report on the Osaka, Japan, fire, says 11,368 buildings were destroyed, but that only one life was lost.

The governor of Guadalajara, Mexico, says there were 15 persons wounded in the recent rioting there and none killed.

A homing pigeon was turned loose at Las Vegas, N. M., and made its way to Chicago, a distance of 1,255 miles, in six days.

The Spanish revolt may spread to Madrid.

The czar is in France visiting with President Fallieres.

Count Zeppelin has made a flight of 220 miles in his airship.

Major Burnham has found evidence in Mexico of an extinct race.

Governor Shallenbeger and a party of 50 will tour the Pacific coast.

Chicago school authorities are to do away with high school societies.

A streetcar strike involving every line in the city threatens Chicago.

The Chinese vice consul in New York has been murdered by a crazy Chinaman.

A daring robber held up a Vancouver, B. C., bank in broad day, but secured only \$100.

Spokane police will overlook the anti-cigarette law during the National Irrigation congress.

The king and queen of Great Britain reviewed the great naval pageant, which was made up of a line of war ships seven miles long.

An explosion of gasoline at St. Paul caused the death of five persons and the injury of seven others. A four-story building was also destroyed.

Goldfield, Nev., mines with a capital of over \$19,000,000 have been consolidated.

The anti-Diaz riots in Mexico are said to have started by expelled students.

The French talk of other powers helping Spain in Morocco, where the situation is serious.

A Denver man has received a demand from blackmailers for \$10,000 with death as an alternative.

Chicago is experiencing the hottest weather of the year and there are dozens of deaths and prostrations.

A gang which has been systematically smuggling goods across the line has been broken up at Vancouver, B. C.

Wright's aeroplane has successfully passed another government test, making 42½ miles an hour with a passenger.

The Colombian congress wants to know why President Reyes left the country and then sent in his resignation.

Terror and tragedy are supreme in Spain. Burning buildings have turned night into day at Barcelona and it requires a constant vigilance by troops to prevent further trouble.

Northwestern senators fought to the last to secure a higher tariff on rate on lumber.

Another hot wave is spreading over the East, causing many deaths and prostrations.

The sugar trust may have to pay a fine of \$750,000 for absorbing a Pennsylvania refinery.

A California man has fasted 30 days and as he does not feel hungry will not eat until he does.

A Chicago man has figured out that the Windy City will have a population of 5,000,000 in 1940.

The Great Northern is planning several extensions in Pacific Coast states.

A moral crusade has started in Chicago and 20 developers have been indicted as a beginning.

Berliet, who successfully crossed the English channel, is willing to enter a race with the Wright brothers.

The Italian king has announced that he will send the princes of the royal blood to visit Italian colonies in North and South America.

A storm off the German coast has caused great damage to shipping.

The United States Steel corporation has increased the dividends on its common stock.

French Socialists have protested against the proposed visit of the czar to France.

Colonel Leopold Markbreit, ex-minister to Bolivia and mayor of Cincinnati, is dead.

A coal train on the Denver & Rio Grande ran away in Utah, but the crew escaped unhurt.

### MOTORMAN IS BLAMED.

Evidence Shows He Ran by Switch Near Coeur d'Alene.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 3.—In the collision of two passenger trains on the Coeur d'Alene & Spokane railway Saturday afternoon, two miles west of Coeur d'Alene, 12 persons were killed and 102 injured. About 60 of the latter sustained only slight injuries and are not in hospitals.

Motorman Campbell, of the wrecked train, who was reported among the dead last night, is alive today, but it is thought it is only a matter of a few hours until he dies. He was badly mangled in the vestibule of his car, and is barely breathing.

Campbell stated tonight that he understood his orders were to meet the other train at a siding five miles from where the collision occurred.

It is learned from an official who declines to be quoted that Motorman Campbell, of the westbound train, the extra which was wrecked, had orders from the dispatcher to pull out of Coeur d'Alene and to take a siding about three-quarters of a mile out, in order to allow the regular eastbound train to pass. He passed that siding, either forgetting his orders or imagining he could make the next siding, about another mile ahead. It was between the two sidings that the collision occurred.

### ACAPULCO IN RUINS.

Destitute Inhabitants of Mexican City Face Famine.

Mexico City, Aug. 3.—A dispatch from Acapulco today states that 73 distinct shocks of earthquake have been felt there since the first shake Friday. The city has been destroyed and the inhabitants face a famine. During one of the shocks a tidal wave engulfed the harbor and a number of lives were lost.

Chilpancingo also has been practically destroyed. What the earthquake of Friday failed to do was accomplished by the stronger one Saturday, which either leveled or rendered uninhabitable every building in the two places.

All the markets at Acapulco were destroyed in the shocks of Saturday and the country people are afraid to take in more produce to the town. People are camping in the public squares and have no food. The buildings standing are being leveled by dynamite, as they are little more than tottering walls.

During the heavy shock Saturday the water in the harbor receded 33 feet, and then rushed back, covering the docks and piers, causing considerable damage. The people are suffering from exposure. The tents in the public squares and streets do not keep off the heavy rains that fall at this season of the year.

Funds are being raised in Mexico City to relieve the distress of Guerrero. In Mexico City Saturday the shock was heavier than any other yet experienced. So far as known no lives were lost in the last tremor.

### REBELS DECLARE REPUBLIC.

Don Jaime de Bourbon to Lead Revolution in Spain.

London, Aug. 3.—Quickly following messages received here early today that Spanish troops had been repulsed in a collision with revolutionaries at Barcelona, came a report that the insurgents in that city had proclaimed a republic.

Color is lent to the report by other dispatches emanating from Cerbere on the Franco-Spanish frontier. These tell of a continuance of fighting between the troops and revolutionaries in Barcelona, showing the government has not gained control of the insurgents, as a censored dispatch stated.

Official of the Spanish government at Madrid and other points have contended for several days that the rioting was the work of anarchists and socialists. These claims are challenged by a message received yesterday from Barcelona by way of Cerbere stating:

"Nine thousand armed revolutionaries have formed a committee of public safety. A meeting of Carlist leaders has been held at Figueras, and the arrival is expected of the pretender, Don Jaime de Bourbon, in order to place himself at the head of the rebellion."

### Opium in Machinery.

Manila, Aug. 3.—The government is pressing the investigation of what appears to be an extensive opium smuggling plot which was brought to light by the discovery and seizure of 460 pounds of dried ounces of cocaine ingeniously concealed in a shipment of mining machinery brought from Hongkong. Louis Grant, an American business man of considerable prominence, has been arrested charged with being implicated in the smuggling plot, and it is believed that several others are being closely watched by the special agents.

### Cigarettes Under Ban.

Minneapolis, Aug. 3.—The cigarette is outlawed in Minnesota. The new state law prohibiting their sale went into effect Saturday, and it is now illegal to put them on the market. The cigarette market assumed a peculiar character in the closing hours. The price varied, and was as unsettled as the stock market after a flurry in Wall Street. In the evening there was a shortage in popular brands at some cigar stores, and sent up prices. Reports came from other sections of fresh supplies, which caused a rush there.

### Alaska Road Is Operating.

Cordova, Alaska, Aug. 3.—The first ticket was sold and the first regular passenger train made its run yesterday on the first all-American railroad in Alaska, the Copper River & Northwestern. The passenger fare charge is 15 cents a mile. Fifty-three miles of track have been completed and placed in operation. The tracks will reach Tikiel river in October. At present 4,000 men are at work on the construction of the road.

### Ship With 3,000 Overdue.

Durban, Natal, Aug. 3.—Some alarm has been created by the non-arrival here of the British steamer Waratah, from Sydney, for London. She left Port Natal July 26, and since then has not been seen by any vessel. A search has been instituted for her. The Waratah has 3,000 persons on board.

## NEWS ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST FROM THE STATE OF OREGON

### FRUITS MUST BE COOL.

California Growers Save Much Money by Proper Treatment.

Salem—That the California growers of small fruits have been saved \$1,000,000 a year for several years past by the adoption of up-to-date methods of pre-cooling fruit for shipment to Eastern markets is the statement of G. H. Powell, who, with Arnold V. Stuenkel, was the guest of the Salem Fruit union and board of trade. The men are special representatives of the United States Department of Agriculture and for several years past have been engaged in pre-cooling and shipping experiments, largely in California.

Mr. Powell states that in California 75 per cent of the growers are organized into associations. One hundred local associations, representing approximately 5,000 growers, are affiliated with a large central organization, known as the California Fruit Growers' association, which handles all the fruit of the members from the time it leaves the tree until it reaches the markets. Mr. Powell stated that the soil and climatic conditions of this section of Oregon produce a remarkably solid fruit that possesses great merit for long distance shipping. He explains that the difficulty in shipping arises from two causes; first, the improper handling and preparation for shipment including bruising and damaged fruit, and second, the slow cooling of fruit in transit. Fruit placed warm in the cars continues to ripen for several days, when it becomes chilled, but not until it has become ripened too much to stand transportation and handling. Pre-cooling of fruit chills it at once and keeps it in the same condition until unloaded, as when picked.

### Water for Oregon Land.

Walla Walla—Private enterprise will take up and develop the irrigation project on the John Day and Deschutes rivers, which the government several years ago abandoned, after having spent thousands of dollars and several years' time, according to a statement made by Dr. N. G. Bialock in connection with the filing of incorporation papers for the John Day Power company. The papers have been filed and state that the company is incorporated at \$500,000 to generate water and electric power and to supply water for irrigation and power purposes. The land covered lies almost wholly in Oregon and embraces parts of Umatilla, Morrow, Gilliam, Wasco and Sherman counties and part of Benton county, Wash.

### New Potato Pest Found.

Albany—A new kind of potato bug has appeared on some farms about seven miles north of Albany and has proven very destructive in the few patches it has attacked. John Morehead, a farmer living on R. F. D. route 2, from that city, brought some samples of the bug to Albany and is endeavoring to find out its name, but thus far no one has been found who has ever seen such an insect. The bug is black in color and has the appearance of an ant, but flies well. It attains a size of about half an inch in length and is very hardy and multiplies rapidly. It has been found on the blossoms on the potato vines and then attacks the plant, killing it quickly.

### Special Exhibitor for Hood River.

Hood River—Joseph A. Wilson has been appointed by the county court to proceed at once to Seattle to take charge of the Hood River county exhibit at the exposition. Complaints have been brought back to this city by nearly all who have visited the fair from here, that the Hood River county display was not what it should be. Mr. Wilson is an expert in all that pertains to the apple industry. The Commercial club ordered a large amount of literature for distribution at the fair.

### Irrigation Congress Delegates.

Oregon City The state committee has requested Judge Grant B. Dimick to appoint nine prominent men of Clackamas county to represent that county at the Seventeenth National Irrigation congress to be held at Spokane, Washington, August 9 to 14. Judge Dimick appointed the following to go from Clackamas county: Hon. E. C. Caldwell, Hon. Frank Jagger, Hon. C. D. Latourette, Mayor W. E. Carll and William Sheahan.

### Taft Will Stop at Salem.

Salem—In reply to a telegram from Governor Benson inviting him to stop at Salem on his Western trip, President Taft has replied, by his secretary, Frederick W. Carpenter, stating that if the trip West is made, careful consideration will be given to the invitation to stop at Salem.

### PORTLAND MARKET.

Wheat—New crop, bluestem, \$1.02; turkey red, \$1; forty-fold, \$1.02; 98c; Russian, 96c; valley, 97c; Hix, New York, 96c. Williamette valley, \$1.26; 15 per ton, \$15.50; Oregon, \$17.68; mixed, \$15.50; 16.50; alfalfa, \$13; clover, \$11@12. Grain bags—5½c each.

### New Railroad Proposed.

Albany—The Albany Commercial club, taking advantage of the railroad situation on the Deschutes, has written Julius Krutchnitt at Portland suggesting the immediate extension of the Corvallis & Eastern railroad from Detroit to Madras, as a means of solving the Deschutes railroad problem as well as to furnish immediate transportation facilities by easy grades to the large business interests in Eastern Oregon.

### Samuel Hill Gift to Quakers.

Newberg—Samuel Hill has made a liberal donation toward the fund for carrying on the work of the Friends' church in Oregon. Mr. Hill is promoting a model town on the banks of the Columbia in Klickitat county, to be known as Maryhill, and he invited the Friends to attend the opening of the town in August. Inducements to Pennsylvania Quakers have been made by Mr. Hill to locate in his new town.

### Lumber Company Complies.

Salem—The Bridal Veil Lumber company has complied to the state railroad commission that the rates on lumber on the Mount Hood railroad are too high. The Bridal Veil Lumber company also claims that the Oregon Lumber company is owned by the railroad and that this company gets a much lower rate than other shippers.

### Crops Fine at Wallawa.

Wallawa—W. E. Dearing was in from Powatka and reports good crops there, but not better than previous years, as the splendid late rains that fell on this portion of the valley missed them entirely. The peach crop will be light and the hay harvest will be much below the average.

### COW TALKS PRINTED.

State Dairy Association Issues Interesting Data on Industry.

Salem—The Oregon State Dairy association has put out its annual report, which gives many valuable hints to those engaged in the dairy industry. Copies may be secured free by addressing the secretary of the association, Salem.

The publication contains the report of the proceedings of the 1908 convention, in Salem, which had the largest attendance of any of these conventions.

The convention was held under the auspices of the Salem board of trade, and the address of welcome as given by August Huckenstein, president of the Salem Business Men's league, is published. The response was made by F. L. Kent, president of the dairy association. Both spoke highly of the progress made in Oregon for this branch of work, and Mr. Kent told of the great resources in Oregon for this branch of work, and Mr. Kent told of the progress made in Oregon for this branch of work, and Mr. Kent told of the great resources in Oregon for this branch of work.

Ed T. Judd, former president, then read a paper on "Food Problems in Oregon." Dr. E. N. Hutchinson, of the United States bureau of animal industry, gave a paper on "Tuberculosis" as a cattle disease, with some valuable hints as to the best way to fight it. J. W. Bailey, dairy and food commissioner, spoke on "Dairy Legislation." C. Frazer, of the Corvallis Creamery company, Crissey, retiring secretary of the dairy association, on "Dairying and Advertising." C. L. Mitchell, on "The Quality of Butter." Mrs. A. Youkum, on "Needed Improvement in Milk Production." Paul V. Maris, on "Cow Testing Associations."

### WOMEN BUY LAND.

Chicago Seamstresses Going to Raise Fruit in Idaho.

Chicago, July 30.—A group of Chicago seamstresses today deputed Miss Glenn Lynch to Wendell, Idaho, Monday to perform the final formalities in the purchase of a 160-acre fruit farm which they have bought with their pooled earnings. If all goes well they propose to leave their work here and go out to Wendell, where they will form a little fruit raising colony.

### SPAIN SUFFERS GREAT LOSS.

Madrid, July 30.—Official dispatches received here today admit that the battle between Moorish tribesmen and the Spanish forces outside of Melilla July 27 was a disastrous defeat. The Moors cut off communication with the Spanish outposts, and the main force of the Spaniards was driven back under the walls of the city, where fighting continued desperately in the city. Melilla is full of wounded.

### Warfare May Unsettled Cabinet.

Paris, July 30.—Private advice received here from Madrid says the feeling in Spain against the war on the Riff coast is strong and widespread, and it is doubtful whether Premier Maura will be able to weather the storm. The masses are described as being hostile to the war, the purpose of which they do not comprehend, and which they suspect of being an outgrowth of mining speculation. The position of General Marina, commander of the Spanish forces in Morocco, is described as being inherently weak.

### Millions for San Pedro.

Los Angeles, July 31.—Fortifications costing possibly \$5,000,000 will be located around San Pedro harbor if the government can secure the necessary sites for a satisfactory fort. This was brought out today at a meeting between Brigadier General Arthur Murray, chief of the Coast artillery, and representatives of the harbor commission. The question of buying the site was left with the local engineering office.

### Cuban Cabinet Resigns.

Havana, July 31.—The cabinet crisis, which for some time has been impending, reached a climax today, when all the ministers and the presidential secretary resigned. The action of the cabinet was taken after a conference with the avowed purpose of expressing loyalty to the president and relieving him of the embarrassment of making removals.

### Mexican Riots Kill Six.

Mexico City, July 28.—It is reported that six persons are dead and 35 wounded as a result of the riots in Guadalajara, capital of the state of Jalisco, and the second largest city in the Mexican republic. Samuel E. Magill, the American consul at Guadalajara, has presented formal claim for injuries sustained by American citizens.

### SPANISH REBELS SHOT.

Herded into Square, and Then Artillery Is Turned Loose.

Madrid, July 30.—It was officially announced tonight that the cavalry at Barcelona succeeded today in driving into St. Martin's Square, the principal bands of revolutionists against whom the artillery opened fire, causing great losses. The survivors surrendered.

The official statement further says that it now remains only to overcome small groups of revolutionists in the villages near Barcelona. Premier Maura announced tonight this favorable report from Barcelona:

"The arrival of reinforcements will enable us to quell the outbreaks." Thus, according to official advice, the insurrection has been checked, but at a heavy loss of life. After fighting desperately and successfully for a long time behind barricades, the principal mobs were gradually driven to St. Martin Square, where they found themselves entrapped. Heavy detachments of artillery and cavalry came up and surrounded them.

The artillery immediately opened fire, mowing down the revolutionists, who sought to escape, but were met at every point with shot and shell. Those of the insurgents who were not killed or seriously wounded threw down their arms and surrendered.

The insurrection continues in the neighboring villages, whither the troops are proceeding. The commanders of the soldiers are under orders to spare none who attempt to resist.

### MAZATAN Laid Waste While Recovering From Destructive Fire—Snips Sunk in Acapulco Harbor, Causing Great Loss of Life—Many Interior Towns Destroyed.

Mexico City, Mexico, July 31.—Hundreds of lives were lost, innumerable persons were injured and great property loss resulted from earthquakes which shook the entire Southern part of Mexico, extending from Oaxaca on the Southeast to Acapulco on the Pacific coast, which was partially devastated at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Eleven dead are reported in this city, and 52 bodies have been recovered at Chilpancingo.

Adding to the horror of the quake a tidal wave swept the city of Acapulco, carrying down the bamboo houses which line the shore, with hundreds of occupants, who were unable to escape. Most of these, it is said, were women and children.

Driven panic-stricken from their homes by the quake, it was some time before the inhabitants realized the predicament of the families in the poorer quarter. Fires which started gained a good headway, and these added to the death list.

The total number of dead in Acapulco is not known, it being difficult to get details from there tonight over Federal wires. About 100 miles inland from Acapulco the towns of Talpa, Puebla, Horles and Chilpancingo, the capital of the state of Guerrero, also suffered. A runner reached Chilpancingo with a report that the town of Mazatlan, a near seaport, which was only recently swept by fire, was again devastated. The people there had only commenced to rebuild, and the damage, therefore, was not as great as it otherwise would have been.

Reports have also been received from Reopan, Zapate, Providencia, Atoyac, Ayutla and Chilpa, and it is said several people were killed in each place, while there was also a great loss of property. Iguala, Teolapan, Cocula, Ocuilama, Amatepec, Saltepec and other towns north of the Balsas river suffered. Some of these reports have reached the city by native runners, or have been received from the territories by Federal wires.

The shock was felt as far as Oaxaca on the Southeast, and great rumblings are reported in the ground in many places, while the quake threw many bridges out of plumb on the Oueruava railroad. Many of the towns where damage is reported are practically isolated, having only runners as a means of communication with the outside world. Every effort is being made to get details of casualties, but it may be weeks until official reports are received by mail.

Acapulco is in the earthquake zone, and many tremors have been experienced there, but the present one, which was followed by a tidal wave, is said to be the most destructive in the history of the seaport.

In the tidal wave several craft in the harbor, it is said, were sunk, increasing the loss of life.

### Vast Area Feels Earthquake.

Mexico City, July 31.—Central Mexico, from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from Queraro to the north to Oaxaca on the south, an area of more than 1,000 square miles, was shaken yesterday by a series of the most severe earthquake shocks felt in that region for a quarter of a century. The lower part of Acapulco, the whole of Chilpancingo and probably the other towns were totally destroyed. Reports of the loss of life are scattering, but it is certain that hundreds must have perished in the coast cities and in the interior towns.

### New Grave for Z. M. Pike.

Denver, July 31.—The body of Zebulon Montgomery Pike, early explorer of the Rocky Mountain region and discoverer of the famous peak that bears his name, will be brought to Colorado for final burial, according to Curator Ferrill, of the State Historical society. Curator Ferrill has just received word from Sackett's Harbor, Mass., that the bodies of 256 soldiers are being disinterred at Madison Barracks cemetery. Among them is that of Lieutenant Pike. It is planned to bury Pike at the foot of Pike's Peak.

### Honey Off for Interior.

Seattle, July 31.—The steamer Ohio, from Alaska today, brought news that Francis J. Heney, the San Francisco prosecutor, who left Cordova on the Ohio, went ashore at Juneau and started overland via Skagway for White Horse, Yukon Territory, on the Yukon river. General J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff, U. S. A., also left the steamer at Juneau and started on a short trip to Interior Alaska. The steamer Cotuit City, which arrived from Alaska last night, brought \$240,000 in gold bullion.

### Millions for San Pedro.

Los Angeles, July 31.—Fortifications costing possibly \$5,000,000 will be located around San Pedro harbor if the government can secure the necessary sites for a satisfactory fort. This was brought out today at a meeting between Brigadier General Arthur Murray, chief of the Coast artillery, and representatives of the harbor commission. The question of buying the site was left with the local engineering office.

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