

## The Estacada Progress

Issued Each Thursday

ESTACADA OREGON

### RESUME OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenings Presented in a Brief and Comprehensive Manner for Busy Readers—National, Political, Historical and Commercial.

Miss Wamamaker is to marry the son of a French count.

More than 5,000 people left Portland to attend the Seattle fair on Portland day.

Don Jaimie, son of Don Carlos, the pretender, has been barred from France.

American bankers will demand a share in the Chinese loan of over \$27,000,000.

Indicted sugar trust officials have been given more time to prepare their defense.

An Ohio man has been arrested for embezzling \$13,500 given to him by a woman to invest.

Another aeronaut has appeared with a machine in which he says he will cross the English channel.

A clerk of the Adams Express company at Chicago has confessed to stealing \$10,000 which disappeared a week ago.

Victoria, B. C., officers are investigating the many marriages of white girls to Chinese. A number of them have been found held as slaves.

Prince Ito says Japan will help China to become a modern nation.

Mexico is preparing for an outbreak that is expected in the south.

More earthquakes have occurred in Greece and the people are panic stricken.

Despite the assertion of officials, the streetcar strike at Pittsburgh, is far from settled.

Professor Matteucci, director of the observatory on Mount Vesuvius, died while at his work.

An Italian laborer on a railroad in Colorado became enraged and fatally shot three of his countrymen.

James J. Hill says if the people would pay less attention to the new tariff the country would be better off.

Count Boni says he is to marry Marjorie Gould, daughter of George Gould and niece of the count's former wife.

British Columbian officials are charged with discriminating against American halibut fishermen and favoring the Japanese.

The government is to issue bonds for the entire cost of the Panama canal.

A slight earthquake was felt at Sanat Barbara, Cal., but no damage done.

An American is sure he recognized Leon Ling, murderer of Elsie Sigel, in London.

A strike may be declared by all employees of the American Smelting & Refining company.

Mrs. Eddy, founder and leader of the Christian Science denomination, has just passed her 88th birthday.

All miners in England may go on a strike in support of the Scotch miners who are fighting a reduction in wages.

Eight anarchists arrested at Stockholm on the charge of having conspired to assassinate the czar of Russia, have been exiled.

The Japanese government has not yet decided whether or not Ambassador Takahira will be continued as ambassador to the United States.

The Union Pacific railroad has claimed a 200 foot strip of land through the town of Brighton, Col., which is now covered with store buildings.

A son has been born to the Princess de Sagan.

The Shah of Persia has fled to Russia for protection.

Over 14,000 coal miners are on strike at Pittsburgh, Kan.

Hanover, Germany, police have started a war on long hantips.

Anarchy rules in Morocco and Spain will send 8,000 more troops in an effort to restore peace.

The Interstate Commerce commission has ruled that express rates in the West are exorbitant and has ordered sweeping reductions.

Unless rains come soon farmers of the New England states will face disaster. There has not been enough water for the crops and they are said to be burning up.

Immense quantities of asphaltum have been found on the Shoshone Indian reservation in Colorado and a stampede to stake out claims and secure land is taking place.

A California couple was married in an automobile in an effort to find some novel way.

The English house of lords does not favor the conscription plan of increasing the army.

Nationalists are in full control of Tehran and have summoned the Persian parliament.

Following Roosevelt's policy, Taft has withdrawn a number of water sites on public domain in the West.

In the hearing for the release of Thaw from the insane asylum on the ground that he is now sane, Mrs. Thaw testified that he threatened to kill her and fears his deadly enmity.

Secretary Ballinger denies that he has quarreled with Secretary Wilson and says their relations are the best.

The commanders of Adana are to be court martialed for alleged complicity in the Armenian massacres of last April.

Heat in the East is again claiming children as its victims.

## KEPT BLOODY OATH.

More Bandit, Jikiri, Had Sworn to Kill 100 Men.

Manila, July 19.—When Jikiri, the Moro bandit chief who was killed with all his followers in a desperate battle with troops and constabulary near Patina, on Jolo island, July 5, began his career as an outlaw, he swore he would kill 100 men before he died.

The record of the murders he committed is not complete, but it is stated in a dispatch received today from Zamboanga that the bandit probably made good his oath, as the partial record at hand shows he took the lives of nearly a hundred persons.

From the latest reports of the fight, all but one of the several women in the cave where the outlaws made their last stand were wives of Jikiri.

But one of the women escaped. She was the wife of one of the Jikiri followers and accepted the safe conduct offered by the Americans before the assault on the cave began.

Lieutenant Joseph A. Baer, of the Sixth cavalry, is agreed by all who saw the fight to have been the hero of the battle. He was armed with a Winchester pumpgun with which he did great execution.

His timely rescue of Lieutenant Arthur H. Wilson, who was struggling with Jikiri and already desperately wounded, when Baer shot and killed the bandit, and his certain aim, which brought down three other outlaws, are the talk of army circles.

Baer killed four of the eight bandits slain.

## TAX ALL INCOMES IS PLAN.

National Manufacturers Association Issues Statement.

New York, July 20.—The board of directors of the National Association of Manufacturers today issued the following statement addressed "To the Congress of the United States:

"The National Association of Manufacturers indorses any reasonable measure to secure by tax the requisite money which, together with the tariff duties, shall be sufficient to support this government.

"We deplore the effort of demagogues to segregate American citizens and make government supporters of one class and charity recipients of another, well knowing the character of our best-grade workmen, we understand that they do not relish attempts to make of them recipients of any other man's contributions.

"We therefore recommend if necessary for income purposes, the enactment of measures providing a just and equitable tax upon all citizens. As an illustration, we suggest one-eighth of 1 per cent on all incomes; this would require 75 cents from the man who receives \$600 a year and \$1,250 from the man who receives \$1,000,000 a year.

## TURKISH POLICE CENSURED.

Report of Court Martial on Adana Massacres Made Public.

Constantinople, July 20.—The report of the court martial on the Adana massacres, made public today, is a strong denunciation of the incapacity and apathy of the police and other local authorities. It says:

"Fifteen persons already have been hanged; 800 deserve death; 15,000 deserve hard labor for life; 80,000 deserve minor sentences.

"If it is decided to proceed with the punishment, we will cordon the town and deal expeditiously with the matter."

In view, however, of the general reconciliation between the opposing elements, the report recommends that general amnesty be made the occasion of a national fête.

Don Carlos is Dead.

Rome, July 20.—Don Carlos, of Bourbon, pretender to the Spanish throne, died today at Varese, in Lombardy.

Don Carlos, Duke of Madrid, who claimed under the special law of succession established by Philip V to be the legitimate king of Spain, under the title of Charles VII, was born at Laybach, Austria, March 30, 1848.

His father, Don Juan, was the brother of Don Carlos, Charles VI, known as the Count de Montemolin, in support of whom he claims the Carlist rights of 1848, 1855 and 1860 were organized.

## Soldier Gets Revenge.

St. Petersburg, July 20.—The system of flogging, which is still used as a means of punishment in the so-called disciplinary battalions of the Russian army, led to a tragedy today at Miedvied, Novgorod province. A soldier was condemned to 15 lashes for stealing.

He wrenched himself free and, drawing a concealed knife, leaped upon the supervising officer, Captain Kavalerosky, and stabbed him to death.

He then slashed two soldiers, and next buried the knife in his own breast before he could be stopped.

## Strange Sea Beast Seen.

San Francisco, July 20.—Captain Ross, of the Standard Oil steamer Dakotah, which arrived here yesterday from Manila, entered in his log, in latitude 45:30 north, longitude 15:2 west, the steamer's meeting with a strange denizen of the deep, which the log describes as 40 feet long and 10 feet wide, with a cavernous mouth, and eyes as big as a locomotive's headlight. At a distance it was thought to be a whale.

## Naval Pageant Success.

London, July 20.—London's naval pageant, in which 150 warships are taking part, was favored today by glorious weather, and is pronounced an enormous success. It has been asserted that the reason such a large fleet never before was gathered in the Thames was the fear of the possibility of its being bottled in by an enemy.

## Grave Pleasing to China.

Peking, July 20.—Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, whose selection as minister to China by President Taft was announced recently, is persona grata to the Chinese government. The grand council has authorized the foreign board to inform the United States government that China will gladly receive Mr. Crane.

## NEWS ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST FROM THE STATE OF OREGON

### NORMAL FURNITURE SOLD.

State Building at Weston Dismantled to Pay Claims.

Weston.—The dormitory furniture of the Weston normal, including furniture of several rented cottages used by students who could not be accommodated at the dormitories, is being shipped to Walla Walla, where nearly all of it was purchased by one firm of dealers. The shipments will aggregate two carloads or more, and include a number of pianos.

The chemical and physics apparatus was also sold, and only the desks are left in the main building. With this exception the state's large school plant at Weston, valued at \$75,000 or more, has been practically gutted and the windows of the deserted buildings stand stonily upon a disheartened populace.

Last fall the Weston normal had an enrollment of 240 in the normal department and of over 100 in the training school. At the January session the legislature abandoned it in the middle of the school year, without a dollar to carry out the contracts with the teachers. Over 60 per cent of the teachers' salaries were then paid by local subscription and the senior class was graduated.

The state board controlling all three of the Oregon normals has since found it necessary to dispose of as much of the furniture and equipment as possible in order to meet certain claims for fuel and supplies which the legislature also left unpaid.

### Deschutes Land Ready to Open.

Salem.—After a session lasting the greater part of two days, the desert land board has granted the Deschutes Irrigation & Power company authority to open up for settlement about 2,500 acres of irrigated lands in Eastern Oregon. Roscoe Howard, of the Deschutes corporation, talked to the board for two days, and finally convinced them the land was ready for the settler, though the board had before decided to hold up the tracts until a personal inspection could be made by the members of the desert land board in order to determine if the land was properly irrigated under the terms of the agreement with the irrigation company.

### School Heads to Meet June 28.

Salem.—The annual convention of county school superintendents has been called by J. H. Ackerman, superintendent of public instruction, to meet in his office Monday, June 28. Among the topics to be considered are school supervision, how it may be made more effective; school libraries, how to use them; annual institutes, most important subject to emphasize for all institutes this year; school sanitation, what has been done, what should be done; school board convention, value of, how to conduct.

### Teachers' Pay Increased.

Salem.—The annual report of Miss Emma C. Warren, superintendent of Clatsop county, has been received by J. H. Ackerman, superintendent of public instruction. The report shows a marked increase in the salaries of all teachers as follows: Average monthly salary of men teachers, 1908, \$69; 1909, \$80.60. Average monthly salary of teachers in one-room buildings, 1908, \$51; 1909, \$66.98. Average salary of principals, 1908, \$85; 1909, \$91.25. Average salary of assistant teachers, 1908, \$56.66; 1909, \$66.66.

### Railroad Man in Southern Oregon.

Medford.—John F. Stevens, formerly chief engineer of the Panama canal, visited this city last week under the assumed name of Sampson. In company with Dr. J. P. Reddy, vice president of the Pacific & Eastern railroad, and J. G. Rogers, a former railroad contractor, Stevens was taken over the line of the Pacific & Eastern and then through the Cascade country to Crater lake and through Central Oregon up to Deschutes to Bend.

### Delegates to Irrigation Congress.

Salem.—J. N. Teal, president of the state conservative commission, has appointed five delegates to the National Irrigation congress. They are Frank J. Miller, of Albany; Principal J. R. Wilson, of Portland academy; land; Professor F. G. Young, University of Oregon, Eugene; State Senator J. N. Hart, of Baker City, and J. C. Stevens, of the United States geological survey, Portland.

### Brick Plant Machinery Arrives.

Rainier.—The task of unloading the machinery for the big brick plant of the Rainier Face Brick & Cement company has begun and the work of getting out the clay for the manufacture of white pressed brick will begin at once. The company will employ 25 men at first, but will steadily increase the force as the large plant is put into operation, until ultimately a force of 150 men will be employed.

### Clatskanie Sawmill Burns.

Clatskanie.—The Kratz & Anderson shingle mill at Hazel Grove, one and a half miles from here, was burned to the ground while the manager and crew were attending the Clatskanie celebration. A spark from the sawdust pile, which was supposed to be safely out, is thought to have caused the damage. The mill was constructed only last winter and gave employment to a crew of ten men.

### Lumber Company Complains.

Salem.—The Bridal Veil Lumber company has complained to the state railroad commission that the rates on lumber on the Mount Hood railroad are too high. The Bridal Veil Lumber company also claims that the Oregon Lumber company is owned by the railroad and that this company gets a much lower rate than other shippers.

### Ditch Supplying Water.

Grants Pass.—The irrigation ditch on the north side of the river has been completed as far west as the city limits, and the big pumps are sending daily thousands of gallons of water through the ditch to the farmers and berry raisers east of the city and up the valley.

### DATES FOR OXFORD TESTS.

Applicants for Examination Must Be Present October 19 and 20.

University of Oregon, Eugene.—The next qualifying examination for Rhodes scholarships for Oregon will be held Tuesday and Wednesday, October 19 and 20, 1909. The place for holding the examinations has not yet been definitely determined, but heretofore they have been held at the University of Oregon. The university will have several candidates for the examinations and it is probable there will be a number from other parts of the state. Owing to the fact that no other means are provided for meeting the expenses of the examination a fee of \$5 will be charged each applicant.

The rules governing the examinations provide that all applicants must have reached, before going into residence at Oxford, at least the end of their sophomore or second year work at some recognized degree granting university or college. The scholarships are of the value of 300 pounds a year, and are tenable for three years. Each candidate must be unmarried, must be a citizen of the United States, must be not less than 19 or more than 25 years of age on October 1 of the year for which he is elected. One student only will be chosen from this state.

Oregon now has two students at Oxford, Edward J. Winans, from Willamette university, and Wistar W. Johnson, from the University of Oregon. Johnson is taking mining engineering and Winand a literary course.

### Valle Raisa Seed Alfalfa.

Valle.—Owing to the backwardness of the spring, the alfalfa crop will be comparatively light this year in Malheur county. However, the seed crop bids fair to be exceedingly good. This is a new feature that has been introduced into farming within the last two years, and one that is gaining ground every year. Heretofore the alfalfa hay crop has been the major crop in this part of Oregon, but it has been found that the soil is better adapted to the raising of the seed, and that it is more profitable to cut only one early crop and then allow the alfalfa to seed.

### Apple Exhibit Causes Trouble.

Hood River.—The Hood River County court held a stormy session as the result of an announcement that the apple display at the Seattle fair was not being cared for according to contract. A prominent citizen of Hood River who has just returned stated that the apples were a seedy bunch; that rotten apples were allowed to remain in the boxes, and that the exhibit was not dusted. The "straw that broke the camel's back" was the announcement that a lot of Willamette valley apples were bunched in with the Hood River stock.

### Auto Line Albany to Cascadia.

Lebanon.—An auto stage line has been organized between Albany and Cascadia. This well known summer resort has become quite popular within the last few years, and this year notes many improvements for the accommodation of the increasing crowds of pleasure seekers. The auto spends about one hour and a half in Lebanon each day. It is thought this convenient method of transportation will draw many people to the fishing and hunting grounds of Cascadia.

### Delegates to Irrigation Congress.

Salem.—C. N. McArthur, speaker of the last house, appointed five delegates to the National Irrigation congress, which is to be held at Spokane, August 9 to 14. The members of the house committee on irrigation at the last session received the appointment. They are W. H. Brooke, of Harney and Malheur; John P. Rusk, of Willamette; Henry M. McKinney, of Baker county, and J. C. Bryant, of Multnomah county.

### PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Bluestem nominal; club, \$1.17; valley, \$1.17.

Corn—Whole, \$37 per ton; cracked, \$38.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$40@42 per ton.

Hay—Timothy, Willamette valley, \$20@22 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$21@23; mixed, \$16@20; alfalfa, \$14.

Grain Bags—5¢ each.

Fruits—Strawberries, \$2.50 per crate; cherries, 60¢ per pound; gooseberries, 40¢; apricots, \$1.40@1.50 per box; currants, 8¢ per pound; logberries, \$1.25 per crate; raspberries, \$1.25@1.40; black caps, \$2; blackberries, \$2.

Potatoes—\$1@1.75 per hundred; new, 2½¢ per pound.

Vegetables—Beans, 6¢; lettuce, head, 25¢ per dozen; onions, 12½¢@15¢; parsley, 35¢; peas, 50¢ per pound; radishes, 15¢ per dozen; spinach, 5¢ per pound.

Butter—City creamery, extras, 28¢; fancy outside creamery, 26½¢@27½¢; store, 18¢. Butter fat prices average 1½¢ per pound under regular butter prices.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, candled, 28¢ per dozen.

Poultry—Hens, 14¢@15¢; springs, 19¢; roosters, 80¢; ducks, young, 12¢@13¢; geese, young, 9¢@10¢; turkeys, 18¢; squabs, \$2@2.25 per dozen.

Pork—Fancy, 17½¢@18¢ per pound.

Veal—Extras, 9½¢@10¢; ordinary, 70¢; heavy, 7¢.

Hope—1909 contracts, 16¢ per pound; 1908 crop, 11¢@12¢; 1907 crop, 7¢; 1906 crop, 4¢.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, 16¢@23¢ per pound; 23¢@25¢; mohair, choice, 24¢@25¢.

Cattle—Top steers, \$4.50; fair to good, \$4@4.25; common, \$3.75@4; cows, top, \$3.50; fair to good, \$3@3.25; common to medium, \$2.50@2.75; calves, top, \$5@5.50; heavy, \$3.50@4; bulls and stags, \$2.75@3.25; common, \$2@2.50.

Hogs—Best, \$8.25@8.50; fair to good, \$7.75@8; stockers, \$6@6.50; China fats, \$6.75@7.

Sheep—Top wethers, \$4; fair to good, \$3.50@3.75; ewes, ½¢ less on all grades; yearlings, best, \$4; fair to good, \$3.50@3.75; spring lambs, \$5@5.25.

## HOT CONTEST ASSURED.

Senate and House Will Each Hold Out for Lumber Rate.

Washington, July 16.—The make-up of the committee on conference that is now handling the tariff bill, endeavoring to compromise the differences between the house and senate bills, is not such as to inspire confidence in the hearts of those senators and representatives who favor the senate duty on rough lumber, \$1.50 per 1,000 feet. It may be that that rate will be retained, but there is only one Republican on the conference committee who directly states in the lumber schedule, and that man is handicapped because he is a big lumberman.

Of the senate conferees, not one has any direct interest in the tariff on lumber. Aldrich, Rhode Island; Burrows, Michigan; Penrose, Pennsylvania; Hale, Maine, and Cullom, Illinois, represent states that care far more about cheap lumber than they do about high protection for the American lumberman. A few years ago Burrows might have been somewhat concerned, but now his interest is secondary. On the house side, Payne, New York; Dalzell, Pennsylvania; McCall, Massachusetts; Boutell, Illinois; Calderhead, Kansas, and Fordney, Michigan, are the conferees, and Fordney is the only enthusiastic advocate of a high tariff on lumber, for he owns famous quantities of timber land and operates a number of lumber mills.

It will be the contention of the house members that the duty on rough lumber must be reduced \$1, the rate fixed by the house in the Payne bill. They will insist that the house will not stand for \$1.50, and will point to the fact that the house rejected a free lumber amendment.

## COREA ACCEPTS CHANGE.

Transfer of Courts to Japan Quietly Received.

Seoul, July 16.—The news of the new agreement between Japan and Korea arranging for the transfer of Korean judicial authority to Japan, is being quietly accepted here, now that its terms are fully understood.

It was feared that some disturbance might follow the public misapprehension that the disbanding of the court guards was included in the abolition of the Korean war office. Now that it is known generally that the guards are to be discharged, but merely are to be placed under the command of the emperor's aide-de-camp, the cause for uneasiness has been removed.

It is believed that the convention between the two countries relative to the transfer was signed July 12. The provisions of the document, besides the changes mentioned, look to the control of Korean prisons by the Japanese.

## EARTHQUAKE IN GREECE.

Province of Elis Suffers Loss of Score of Lives and 100 Injured.

Athens, Greece, July 16.—An earthquake has occurred in the province of Elis, the capital of which is Pyrgos. Several villages were destroyed and many people perished. The loss is heavy.

London, July 16.—A dispatch to a London news bureau from Athens says that a violent earthquake has occurred in Southern Greece, resulting in considerable loss of life and damage to property.

Twenty persons are reported dead and 100 injured at one village, and three other villages suffered heavily. The dispatch adds that, when the details are learned, it is likely that the casualties will be greatly increased.

## Building Falls; 7 Dead.

Philadelphia, July 16.—Seven men were killed, one fatally injured and 24 seriously hurt today when a building at the northwest corner of Eleventh and Market streets collapsed. One man is also missing.

The building, a five story brick structure in the heart of the business section was being remodeled, and it is supposed the removal of one of the girders caused the entire structure to weaken and crash to the earth.

## Lost Ship to Be Sought.

Victoria, B. C., July 16.—It is semi-officially announced that H. M. S. Albatross will be dispatched shortly to cruise the South Pacific and search the islands for traces of possible survivors or new lands.

The fate of the Greenock ship Australian, just reported as missing at Lloyd's and hopelessly overdue at Sydney from Mazatlan, whence she sailed last November. Lang & Fulton, owners, have petitioned the admiralty that search be made of the many islands and atolls along her route.

## Convention Rates Open.

Chicago, July 16.—Reduced passenger fares to Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha and St. Joseph will be available this summer from all states west of the Missouri river, as a result of a decision just announced by a number of leading Western railroads, which, competitive conditions will make applicable to all roads. It has been decided to open to the general public rates of a fare and a half for the round trip from points west of the river which were granted on account of the many conventions.

## Cossacks Desert Shah.

Teheran, July 16.—The Royalist forces apparently have had enough of fighting and are prepared to admit the supremacy of the Nationalists. The secretary of the Russian legation here submitted proposals for the surrender of the Cossacks. He asked that the Nationalists cease attacking the Cossacks, that the Cossacks be allowed to continue service under the future Persian government and that their safety be guaranteed, which was agreed to.

## Prefer American Labor.

Butte, Mont., July 16.—E. P. Mathewson, superintendent of the Washoe smelter, has announced that the policy of the company hereafter will be to employ American labor before alien labor. Mr. Mathewson also stated that the company store system has been abandoned in Anaconda.

## GREGIAN QUAKE COST 300 SOULS

Property Damage Great. Though Estimate Cannot Yet Be Made.

Earthquake Seems of Volcanic Nature and Upheavals Are Reported Near the Little Village of Pohni—Water in Many Springs Turns Hot—Streams Discolored.

London, July 17.—Special dispatches received here from Athens say that 300 persons were killed or injured by the earthquake that occurred yesterday in the province of Elis, in Southern Greece. The damage to property also was very great. Hot water is flowing today from many of the springs in the stricken district, while the water in the rivers and brooks has turned a reddish color.

The earthquake demolished 400 houses in the village of Havari, in Elis province. Thirty persons lost their lives at that point and a number were injured. Neighboring villages suffered greatly. All the houses of Amalasia were rendered uninhabitable. The shocks were felt at Patras, Pyrgos, Malamas and Tripoli, but outside of Havari only a few deaths or injured have been reported. A volcanic upheaval is said to have occurred at the village of Pohni.

## WARSHIPS ON THAMES.

British Admiralty Attempts to Allay Fears of People.

London, July 17.—One hundred and forty-eight British warships dropped anchor in the Thames tonight, the array extending from the estuary at the south end of the river to Westminster bridge, in the heart of London. The object of this extended and superb display of Britain's fighting power is an anti-panic show. Uneasiness prevails in every quarter of Britain. Anxiety in higher circles as to the condition of the country's defenses has caused apprehension and pessimism throughout the body politic.

Lord Roberts says the army is a tragic joke. Admiral Beresford says the navy is not what it has been considered. And Germany is accused of having aggressive designs against the peace and liberty of the British. The result of all this ferment is that the country is in danger of "going off its head." The mighty armada on the Thames is the admiralty's heroic sedative.