

The Estacada Progress

ESTACADA OREGON

RESUME OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenings Presented in a Brief and Comprehensive Manner for Busy Readers—National, Political, Historical and Commercial.

English suffragettes will appeal direct to the king.

Burglars opened a Los Angeles safe and secured \$3,700.

All railroads leading into the Mexican capital are tied up by floods.

A California boy carried up in the ropes of a balloon came down unharmed.

Storms in Colorado have done damage estimated at \$300,000 and railroad traffic is demoralized.

Jap leaders in the Hawaiian plantation trouble have been arrested for kidnaping strikebreakers.

A suit has been started in Oklahoma to settle claim to some town lots in which there are 1,400 defendants.

What is claimed to be the largest flag in the world was unfurled at Pittsburgh the Fourth. It is 180 feet long and 90 feet wide.

E. E. Calvin, vice president and general manager of the Southern Pacific, is critically ill in San Francisco and his recovery is doubtful.

Many infants are dying in Chicago as the result of the intense heat.

Artesian wells are being sunk in Cape Colony at the rate of 1,400 a year.

Seismologists have figured out that earthquakes travel at rates varying from 470 to 520 feet per second.

Grand Duke William, of Luxembourg, is seriously ill. His successor to the crown is his daughter, 15 years old.

A farmer and his entire family of wife, three daughters and a son drowned while fishing near their home at Wellington, Colo.

The American Geographical society has accepted Mrs. Collis P. Huntington's gift of a \$250,000 site for a new building at New York.

At the 50th annual commencement of the University of Wisconsin one of the class of 1859 was present and gave the class yell of that year.

The two battleships authorized by the last congress will carry heavier batteries than any other warships afloat or ordered by any nation.

The United States Steel corporation will endeavor to prevent its employees from using liquor, especially while on the property of the corporation.

It has been demonstrated that the blue rays from mercury vapor lamps kill bacteria and sterilize water in which the lamps are placed without appreciably increasing its temperature.

Many British officials fear an uprising in India.

Fire has destroyed the greater part of Cobalt, Ont. One man is dead.

A landslide at Newport, England, resulted in the death of 20 laborers.

King Alfonso, of Spain, has undergone a slight operation, which proved successful.

A thief in London grabbed a handbag containing \$500,000 in jewels and made his escape.

While the temperature in the East has greatly moderated, there is still much suffering.

Russian and Chinese officials have clashed because the latter insists on their treaty rights.

A prominent Australian merchant says his country would help the United States fight Japan.

The greatest American fleet ever assembled is to engage in maneuvers on the Atlantic coast.

The Western Union Telegraph company has been indicted at Cincinnati for helping a bucketshop to do business.

Germans are greatly enthused over the proposal of Count Zeppelin to attempt to reach the pole and will furnish all necessary money.

Count Zeppelin, the German aeronaut, will try to reach the pole by balloon.

The sugar trust and six of its officials have been indicted for violating the anti-trust law.

Cholera still prevails in St. Petersburg to an alarming extent, and many deaths have occurred.

A Chinaman found drowned near New York is believed to be Leon Ling, murderer of Elsie Sigel.

Under Taft's orders the White House is to be greatly enlarged.

A. M. Cox has been named chief of police and J. W. Morris city engineer of Portland by Mayor Simon.

The deficit at the end of the present fiscal year will reach \$90,000,000, but it had been expected to reach \$114,000,000.

German explorers have returned from a tour among the cannibals of Bismarck islands and report many strange sights.

The hot wave in the East has passed. Ex-President Elliot, of Harvard, has been made president emeritus and given \$500,000.

The government will start suit against the American Sugar Refining company under the anti-trust law.

It is reported that Leon Ling, the Chinese who murdered Elsie Sigel at New York, has been caught in Mexico.

A Los Angeles man has confessed to sending out false statements about mining property by which he secured thousands of dollars.

PHYSICIAN ISSUES EDICT.

Harriman Must Not Labor So Strainously as in Past.

Vienna, Austria, July 6.—Edward H. Harriman, the American railroad wizard, must not work again so hard or so continuously as he has done in the past. This is the edict of Dr. Adolf Struempell, the noted Vienna specialist, who has diagnosed Harriman's ailment as incipient paralysis. In obedience to this edict is Harriman's only safety.

For the present, declares Professor Struempell, Mr. Harriman must have complete quiet. To this end his meals are now being served in his room, and he only emerges therefrom once a day to take the mild exercise which has been prescribed as a part of his course of treatment.

The course of treatment through which Mr. Harriman is now being put is intended to cure his nervous trouble and get him into as good physical condition as possible, after which an entirely new course of treatment will be inaugurated in an effort to relieve the paralysis which is affecting his limbs. This cannot be cured, Mr. Harriman has been informed, but its acute symptoms can be relieved and its progress stayed.

Mrs. Harriman is remaining constantly by his side, and her ministrations form an important feature of the course of treatment being given him.

SUBSTITUTE FOR DIABOLO.

German Invents a New Game Much Less Dangerous to Play.

Paris, July 6.—A new game of the diabolo type is springing into favor here, and as the American patents have been taken out, "la funda" will no longer be seen before long in America. "La funda" is a new form of sling, as its name shows. A little bag on a wooden framework is fixed on a swivel into a sort of tennis racket without strings or top. The bottom of the bag is open, and two strong india rubber bands prevent the ball, a tennis ball, from falling through. The game is to sling the ball from one player to another or up into the air, to be caught by the same player again.

It needs a certain amount of skill and is certainly less dangerous and just as healthy as diabolo. The inventor is a young German named Seeger, who in a demonstration which he gave the other afternoon threw a tennis ball higher than the chimneys of a seven-story house and caught it again without apparent effort.

WIND LASHES SALT LAKE.

Two Pleasure Launches Imperiled, but Reach Shore Safely.

Salt Lake, July 6.—A wind storm swept over Great Salt Lake last evening, dashed the heavy water in huge broadsides against the Saltair pavilion and threatened the existence of two small pleasure boats cruising off shore. After a struggle with the wind and the waves in which the voyagers were drenched with salt water, the launches regained the pavilion.

In making a landing, one of the boats was dashed against the pier and badly damaged. No one, however, was injured. The gale, though of brief duration, was one of the most violent in the history of the lake. Rumors that one of the boats had gone down with 50 passengers reached here and there was great anxiety until the outcome was known.

Ship Fruit by Auto Now.

London, July 6.—An experiment which is being watched with much interest by the wholesale dealers in fruit and vegetables at Covent Garden and other markets in the metropolis is being made a connection with the conveying of fruit and vegetables from long distances by motor. Yesterday a motor van containing almost a record load of grapes and other fruit, cucumbers and vegetables, arrived at the market from Worthing, the journey being over 60 miles. No damage whatever was done to the contents of the packages, and the motor arrived fully an hour before the merchandise which had been dispatched by train.

Man Falls Into Asphalt.

Los Angeles, July 6.—Buried almost up to his nose in a barrel of liquid asphalt, Salvador Talamantes, a laborer, was found early this morning almost suffocated. It required four men to get him out. Talamantes fell into the barrel while crossing a railroad trestle. Trying to extricate himself he plunged both arms into the asphalt and sank deeper. He was found by Deputy Constable Miklaus-hutz, who wrenched his back trying to save the man. The Mexican was finally extricated.

Filipinos Go To Hawaii.

Manila, July 6.—A message from Cebu states that 250 islanders have left that port bound for Hawaii to work on the sugar plantations under contracts made with the agents of the Hawaiian Planters' association. Other parties are being recruited in various parts of the islands and will leave for Hawaii soon. The departure of these laborers has excited a great deal of unfriendly criticism here, as for years the labor supply in the Philippines has been unequal to the demand and this may cause a shortage.

Going to Rescue Cook.

New York, July 6.—Captain Samuel W. Bartlett, of Brigas, N. F., and Herbert L. Bridgman, of Brooklyn, N. Y., have purchased and are equipping a steamer for a voyage to Etah, North Greenland, Paery's base station, about July 15. The vessel will endeavor to bring Dr. Frederick A. Cook home and will also probably take north Mene, the young Eskimo, who with a number of his countrymen came to the United States 12 years ago.

Rhodesia to Be Bought?

Capetown, Cape Colony, July 6.—It is reported from Bulawayo, Rhodesia, that General Louis Botha, premier of the Transvaal, at the request of the South African national convention will offer the chartered South African company \$100,000,000 for the purchase of Rhodesia, by United South Africa.

NEWS ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST FROM THE STATE OF OREGON

DEMAND DOLLAR WHEAT.

Umatilla Growers Will Hold Grain for High Price.

Pendleton.—Deciding to build an electric line from Thorne hollow down across the valley, the Umatilla county and the Columbia river, and adopting a resolution to hold this year's wheat crop for at least one dollar per bushel, the County Farmers' union held one of its most enthusiastic meetings here last week.

There were a large number of grain growers present and all seemed to be of one mind on both propositions. The proposed road will have its Columbia river terminus either at Cold Springs or Umatilla, making the line from 20 to 40 miles in length and tapping the very best portion of the wheat belt.

A committee was appointed to investigate right of way and other matters and report at a meeting to be held in two weeks. At that time it is proposed to organize a company for the building of the road.

In connection with requiring the members of the organization to hold for one dollar, it was decided that arrangements be made for advancing money to those farmers who otherwise would be compelled to sell at whatever price they could get.

O. A. C. Building Army.

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis.—The contract for the big army was recently granted to Fred E. Erickson, of Salem. The work on the building will be commenced during the first of July and will be completed by November 1. The army is to be located at the rear of the present athletic field. It will be constructed at a cost of \$35,000. Captain McAlexander will have personal supervision of the work during the summer, as he is very largely responsible for the present plans. The bid given by Mr. Erickson amounted to several thousand dollars more than the price provided, so that a few changes were obliged to be made in the plans. These, however, will not greatly alter the beauty of the building.

School Heads to Meet June 28.

Salem.—The annual convention of county school superintendents has been called by J. H. Ackerman, superintendent of public instruction, to meet in his office Monday, June 28. Among the topics to be considered are school supervision, how it may be made more effective; school libraries, how to use them; annual institutes, most important subject to emphasize for all institutes this year; school sanitation, what has been done, what should be done; school board convention, value of, how to conduct.

Miller Oregon's Official.

Milton.—S. A. Miller, general manager of the Milton Nursery company, of this city, is home from a three weeks' trip through the East and South, where he attended the National Nurserymen's convention at Rochester, N. Y., and the general convention of the Seventh Day Adventists' church, at Washington, D. C. Mr. Miller was honored by the National convention of Rochester for Oregon of the American association of Nurserymen. Over 400 delegates were present.

Uniform Stock Contract.

Salem.—The railroad commission has taken under advisement the matter of a uniform stock contract. Every section and clause of a proposed contract was thrashed out thoroughly before the commission. Commissioner Jesse S. Jones, of the Washington state commission, was present, as also was Secretary O. C. Calderhead. Many railroad officials attended the hearing and every railroad in the state was represented by counsel.

Million for Long Tunnel.

Portland.—A contract has been let by the Harriman system in this city for the boring of a tunnel through the peninsula between the Willamette and Columbia rivers at a point just north of this city. The tunnel will be 5,425 feet long and will cost about \$1,000,000. The work must be completed within a year. It will eventually be utilized by the Portland-Puget sound traffic.

New Weather Observatories.

La Grande.—The government will soon establish weather observatories in all sections of the Blue mountains, according to advice received here. The department has written to the La Grande Commercial club for names of people who could act as observers on the mountains and at the head of mountain streams to take measurements of the rain and snow fall.

Lumber Company Complains.

Salem.—The Bridal Veil Lumber company has complained to the state railroad commission that the rates on lumber on the Mount Hood railroad are too high. The Bridal Veil Lumber company also claims that the Oregon Lumber company is owned by the railroad and that this company gets a much lower rate than other shippers.

Reclaiming Swamp Land.

Forest Grove.—Plans are on foot among the ranchers of this section to drain the tributary to Louisa lake and the region adjoining Dairy creek, which for several months each year is inundated. A ditch has been dug for a mile and a half as an outlet for the waters of the lake to the channel of Dairy creek.

Road Must Provide Shed.

Salem.—In the case of C. N. Jack vs. the Sheridan & Willamina Railroad company, the state railroad commission has made an order requiring the railway company, within 30 days, to erect and maintain a suitable shelter shed at Willamina. The complaint regarding freight rates is dismissed.

Albany School Contract Let.

Albany.—The contract for the building of the new Albany high school was let to Snook & Travers, of Salem. The contract price is \$44,700.

NEW LINE FOR PORTLAND.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul May Build Connecting Link.

Portland.—Entrance of another transcontinental railroad system—the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul—into Portland is regarded more than a certainty from the purchase by the Rockefeller interests of the Tacoma Eastern railroad. While the acquisition of this property by the Milwaukee road has not been announced officially, it is believed to be confirmed in the recent election of officers of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound railroads to the directorate and executive personnel of the Ladd & Tilton road. In the election referred to, H. R. Williams, president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound, was elected president of the Tacoma Eastern.

The present terminus of the Tacoma Eastern is Glenavon, which is about 60 miles northerly from Vancouver, Wash. By extending this line to Vancouver the Milwaukee people, by arranging for the operation of their trains over the Hill bridges across the Columbia and Willamette rivers, can secure an entrance to this city. It is apparent that the construction of an additional 60 miles of track will not prove an obstacle in the natural desire of the Rockefeller road to enter Portland. The length of the Tacoma Eastern is 92 miles and it extends into the Cowitz valley.

Oregon Cherries Go East.

Salem.—The Salem Fruit union during the present week will ship a carload of Royal Ann, Bing and Black Republican cherries to Chicago and possibly another car to Kansas City. The cherries will be refrigerated freight and are expected to reach Chicago in eight days. The fruit union, under the management of C. L. Dick, has found a ready foreign market for all the berries that could be obtained so far this season, and Mr. Dick predicts that the plan of shipping to the Eastern markets will double the profits of Willamette valley fruitmen.

Seek's to Recover Taxes.

Salem.—Suits has been started in the Circuit court for Marion county to enforce the collection of nearly \$30,000 corporation taxes from Wells Fargo & Co. and the Standard Oil company. A. M. Crawford, attorney general, filed the papers in the case. The tax is that imposed by an act of initiative which was tested by the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph company and now pending in the United States Supreme court. The amount is unpaid taxes of the corporations named for about three years back.

Boys Do Not Need License.

Salem.—County Clerk Allen has received a letter from State Game warden Stevenson, of Forest Grove, to the effect that all deputies had been notified not to require women and boys under 15 to take out fishing licenses. The warden says the law plainly intended to exempt the women and children, and he believes it no more than justice to the state and those directly concerned to abide by the evident intent of the law.

Richland's Strawberry Festival.

Richland.—The Eagle Valley Commercial club gave a strawberry festival in Bashow's hall here last week. Refreshments of strawberries, ice cream and cake were served. Prominent members donned white caps and aprons and acted as waiters. The proceeds will be used in advertising the valley and its resources.

Engineers at Grass Valley.

Moro.—The Harriman railway forces have opened headquarters in the French and Downing building for the first 40 miles of the road up the Deschutes river. Rooms and board for 12 men are engaged permanently for the office force.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Bluestem milling, \$1.30; club, \$1.18@1.20; valley, \$1.17. Corn—Whole, \$35 per ton; cracked, \$36. Oats—No. 1 white, \$41 per ton. Hay—Timothy Willamette valley, \$17@20 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$20 @23; mixed, \$16@20. Fruits—Apples, \$1@2.50 per box; strawberries, \$1.75@2 per crate; cherries, 2@10c per pound; apricots, \$1.25 @1.35 per box; currants, 7½c per pound; loganberries, \$1.25@1.75 per crate; raspberries, \$2@2.25 per crate. Potatoes—\$1@1.50 per hundred. Vegetables—Asparagus, 75c@90c per dozen; lettuce, heads, 25c per dozen; onions, 12½@15c dozen; parsley, 35c per dozen; peas, 3@4c per pound; radishes, 15c per dozen; rhubarb, 3@3½c per pound; spinach, 5c per pound. Butter—City creamery, extras, 26½c fancy outside creamery, 25@26½c; store, 18c. Butter fat prices average 1½c per pound under regular butter prices. Eggs—Oregon ranch, candled, 23@24c per dozen. Poultry—Hens, 12@12½c; springs, 16½@18c; roosters, 8@9c; ducks, young, 12@13c; geese, young, 9@10c; turkeys, 18c; squabs, \$2@2.25 per dozen. Pork—Fancy, 10c per pound. Veal—Extras, 8@8½c per pound; ordinary, 7c; heavy, 6c. Hops—1909 contracts, 15c per pound; 1908 crop, 11c; 1907 crop, 6c; 1906 crop, 3c. Wool—Eastern Oregon, 16@23c; valley, fine, 23c; coarse, 21½c; mohair, coarse, 24@25c. Cattle—Steers, top, \$4.50@4.60; fair to good, \$4.25@4.40; common, \$4 @4.15; cows, top, \$3.50@3.65; fair to good, \$3.25@3.50; common to medium, \$2.75@3; calves, top, \$5@5.50; heavy, \$3.50@4; bulls and stags, \$2.75@3.50; common, \$2@2.50. Hogs—Best, \$5@8.15; fair to good, \$4.50@7.75; stockers, \$6@8.50; China fats, \$6.75@7. Sheep—Top wethers, \$4; fair to good, \$3.50@3.75; ewes, ½c less on all grades; yearlings, best \$4.15; fair to good, \$3.75@4; spring lambs, \$4.75@5.25.

MESSINA IS SHAKEN.

Populace Flees From Its Temporary Homes to American Section.

Messina, July 2.—Messina experienced two terrific earthquake shocks at about 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning. They were accompanied by a roaring sound, and are said to have had a stronger and more undulatory movement than the earthquake of last December, which destroyed Messina, Reggio and other cities; laid waste many villages in Calabria, and killed 200,000 persons.

Although the shocks today had no such terrible consequences, the 25,000 residents of the city were thrown into terror. They ran into the streets panic-stricken, and last night nearly the entire population encamped in the open places, fearing to return to the structures that have served them as homes since the city was destroyed. The broken walls of the old ruins were thrown to the ground, and Messina was for a few minutes smothered in a cloud of dust.

The casualties were few, and the only persons killed, so far as known, were a young woman and her child. The woman had come here only a few days ago, and had settled in rooms that the great earthquake had left undamaged.

The first shock was followed quickly by a second shock, and the people fled pell-mell to the American quarter, which they seemed to feel was their safest place of refuge. So great was the rush to the American houses that the authorities were unable to check the invasion.

The soldiers soon drew a cordon around the square and a guard was mounted at the bridge leading to it. Many of the panic-stricken people were driven off, and orders were issued that, pending further instructions, no one should be permitted to occupy the American quarter.

All commerce ceased in the city and the places of business along the waterfront were closed.

Reggio suffered almost as severe a shock as Messina, but no casualties have been reported at that place. The seismic disturbance was felt at Taormina, but no damage was done there. Within 24 hours the shocks at Messina numbered 23.

AIRSHIP FLIES PERFECTLY.

Orville Wright Handles His Machine at Will.

Washington, July 2.—Calm and confident, Orville Wright late last night encircled the Fort Myer drill grounds time after time in his aeroplane in three separate flights. He was seen by thousands.

Shortly before 8 o'clock the aeroplane was wheeled from its shed to the starting track. Previously the field had been cleared by a troop of cavalry. After the motor had been tested, the propellers were cranked and Orville turned on the motor and released the machine. As it neared the end of the starting rail, Orville turned up the forward horizontal rudder and the machine arose into the air. It was a beautiful start.

Down the field the aeroplane sailed, curved gracefully about the lower end and back up the east side of the field along the edge of Arlington cemetery. The first round was made in 50 seconds. Five times the machine circled the field, attaining a height that varied from 15 to 30 feet. On the sixth round Mr. Wright came to earth within 100 feet of the starting point, completing the flight in exactly five minutes.

The landing was perfect, the machine swooping down in successive glides until within a few feet of the earth, when Orville pulled the string that stops his motor and the aeroplane glided smoothly over the grass on its skids until it came to a stop. Again the aeroplane was placed in position on the starting rail, the motor started, and again the machine encircled the field with ease and grace. Mr. Wright approached dangerously near the starting tower and flew within a few feet of the wings that line the field. It was noticed that at times the motor skipped, but this seemed to have no effect on operating the aeroplane.

Bell Sees War Cloud.

Leavenworth, Kan., July 2.—General Franklin Bell, chief of staff, in a speech before the assembled service schools at Fort Leavenworth today, declared that he saw indications of war and insisted that the day of international peace was far off. "There is much talk of arbitration and peace congresses, and it is even implied that there is to be no further use for armies and navies," said General Bell. "There has not been a period of 50 years in the history of this country without a war."

Tennessee in Dry Column.

Nashville, Tenn., July 2.—"We 'uns of Tennessee" awoke yesterday morning to find themselves riding on the water wagon. The state-wide prohibition law passed by the legislature last winter over the veto of Governor Patterson became operative at midnight June 30. The law forbids the sale of alcoholic drinks within four miles of a schoolhouse, and will close up every saloon in the state. All the cities will become "dry," among them Memphis, now the largest "dry" city in the country.

Bomb Fiend is Caught.

Chicago, July 2.—Felix Sharkey, once a terror to the police, but now crippled and gray, today divulged all the knaves of the long series of bomb outrages which have mystified the police of Chicago. State's Attorney Wayman, to whom Sharkey told his story, laid an embargo of silence upon the narrator and the police officials who were present at the interview. Yesterday Sharkey refused to talk, but a night in jail conquered him.

Arctic Explorer Safe?

Winnipeg, July 2.—A rumor comes from the far North that George Caldwell, the explorer who left three years ago to make a trip from Hudson bay westward to Slave lake and down to Edmonton, and who had been given up as lost, is reported by a native runner to be safe. Caldwell is now probably at Fullerton.

CUSHMAN LIES AT POINT OF DEATH

Washington Congressman Is Not Expected to Recover.

Enters New York Hospital for Slight Operation and While Recovering Pneumonia Sets in With Dire Results—Serving His Sixth Successive Term in Congress.

New York, July 3.—Congressman Francis W. Cushman, who has been ill in Roosevelt hospital for 10 days, was in a critical condition last night, and at midnight the authorities of the hospital held out little hope of his recovery. They in fact said he was so low it was doubtful if he would survive the night.

Mr. Cushman entered the hospital on June 21 to undergo an operation for the removal of an abscess in his neck. The operation, which was a slight one, was successful, but before he recovered from it pneumonia developed. The disease reached the critical stage yesterday, and, contrary to the expectations of all, it took a rapid turn for the worse.

Francis W. Cushman was born May 8, 1867, at Brighton, Ia., and was educated at the local high school and at Pleasant View academy. In order to aid in paying his tuition there he worked during the summer vacation as "water boy" on railroad construction work. On completing his education at the academy the future congressman worked for some time as section hand on local railroads, until at the age of 16 he moved to Wyoming. There he remained for five years, being a cowboy on a ranch, a "handy man" in a lumber camp, and also a school teacher. During this period he took up the study of law, reading by himself, with but little outside aid.

At the close of this time he moved to Nebraska, and was admitted to both the District and Supreme bar. He remained there until 1891, when he went West again, settling in Tacoma, which has since been his permanent home. Prior to his election to congress he held no offices of any kind, and made his living entirely by his legal practice.

In 1898 Mr. Cushman was nominated by the Republicans for congress. Since that time he has been without opposition in his own party, and has been elected by overwhelming majorities at each succeeding election, and is now serving his sixth term.

Bret Harte Land Shaken.

Downieville, Cal., July 3.—Almost every night for more than a week earthquake shocks have been experienced here, and their frequency has caused considerable uneasiness. Since the rather severe tremor of June 21 there have been frequent lighter shocks, most of them sufficiently perceptible to awaken people. People living at Pomeroy flat say Mount Fillmore is the seat of the disturbance. That country has reported some of these quakes as being quite severe. Earthquakes are rare in Sierra country.

Dry Law Aids Breweries.

St. Louis, July 3.—Although more than 80 Missouri counties are dry and the Sunday closing laws are enforced vigorously, the month of June, just closed, shows greater consumption of beer than any corresponding month since the creation of the office of beer inspector, eight years ago. The report of State Beer Inspector Ernest Marshall will be received by State Treasurer Cowgill today, with receipts of \$43,663. Only \$41,494 was taken in during June, 1904, the World's fair year.

Steamer Burns At Dock.

Stockton, Cal., July 3.—The steamer Isleton, of the California Transportation company, valued at \$100,000, burned to the water's edge at her dock here early today. The entire cargo had been removed before the fire started. There was no insurance on the vessel. The fire started in the after hold, where it could not be got at, owing to its location and the dense smoke. The city firemen saved tanks containing 5,000 gallons of crude oil.

Clergy Is Appealed To.

Victoria, B. C., July 3.—A Canon Hendon, of Westminster abbey, also rector of the British House of Commons church, in a public address here today, urged the clergy to preach sacrifices everywhere to secure immediately a needed army and navy fund. Hendon declares England is unarmed and defenseless, and on the verge of a contest for her national existence.

Johnson Favors Women.

Jackson, Mich., July 3.—Governor Johnson, of Minnesota, delivered an address here last night, and said: "I hope to see the time when women will join with their husbands in political affairs. Where woman is, the atmosphere is better and politics would be better where refining influence is prevalent."

Rescued After Ten Days.

St. Gall, Switzerland, July 3.—A young woman who ten days ago was caught in a cave-in of a railroad tunnel, was dug out alive today. She suffered agonies of cold and hunger during this period, but managed to sustain life by sucking moisture from her clothing, on which water occasionally trickled.

Pitched Battle in Street.

Guayaquil, July 3.—At a celebration yesterday in honor of St. Peter and St. Paul, a mob