

The Song of the Hair

There are four verses. Verse 1. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. Verse 2. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair. Verse 3. Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff. Verse 4. Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair. The chorus is sung by millions.

Reversal of Form.
"Strangely, have you abandoned the lecture platform for good?"
"I have, Horrocks. I married a gifted and eloquent woman and I'm the audience now."

Howard E. Hoffman—Answerer of a Chamberlain Lotion, Colorado. Specimen prices: Gold Lotion, 1c. Hair Lotion, 1c. Eye Lotion, 1c. Catarrh Lotion, 1c. Mailing envelopes and free work orders in abundance. Control and Use Free Medicine—Chicago, Ill.

Rescent Mepazine
202 BOTTLE 35 CENTS AT ALL DRUGGERS

"WHIZ"

A New Parlor Card Game FREE
Go to your Dealer and buy a round package of "20 Male Turn" BOBAX. Cut off the top panel from package and mail to Pacific Coast Game Co., Oakland, Calif., with 50¢ in stamps and the WHIZ game will be promptly sent you prepaid.

WHIZ, the New Parlor Card Game, is composed of 44 hand-drawn printed cards included in a flap case with full and complete rules for playing. Interesting, instructive, and can be played by all the family.
Similar games cost 10¢ in the shops. You can get it FREE.

KASPARILLA

This sterling household remedy is most successfully prescribed for a "world of troubles." For derangements of the digestive organs it is a natural corrective, operating directly upon the liver and alimentary canal, gently but persistently stimulating a healthful activity. Its beneficial influence extends, however, to every portion of the system, aiding in the processes of digestion and assimilation of food, promoting a wholesome condition, Kasparilla dispels drowsiness, headache, backache and despondency due to inactivity of the liver, kidneys and digestive tract. It is a strengthening tonic of the highest value.

C. Gee Wo

CHINESE DOCTOR
The well known reliable Root and Herb Doctor.
No Mercury, Poisons or Drugs Used—He Cures Without Operation, or Without the Aid of a Knife.
The guarantee to cure Catarrh, Asthma, Lung, Liver, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Headache, Stomach, Liver, Kidney Troubles, also Lost Manhood, Female Weakness and Sterility.
A SURE CANCER CURE
Just Returned from Peking, China—Safe, Sure
IF YOU ARE AFFLICTED, DON'T DELAY.
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CONSULTATION FREE
If you can't call, write for symptom blank and return stamp. The C. GEE WO CHINESE MEDICINE CO., 1212 First St., Cor. Morrison, Portland, Oregon.
Please Mention This Paper.

An Expensive Fire.

She was a splendid servant, but she didn't know anything about gas so she went to the kitchen with her to explain about the range, so that she could see how it was operated. He lit each of the many burners. While still explaining a message called him from the kitchen and he left her saying, "I guess you will find that it will work all right now, Martha."

"Well, Martha, how's that range doing?"
"Well, Martha, how's that range doing?"
"Well, Martha, how's that range doing?"
"Well, Martha, how's that range doing?"

Too Suggestive.
The prospective purchaser was taking a trial trip in the motor car that had been the most highly recommended to him, and was speeding along in the country.

"What clump of buildings is that over there on the right?" he asked.
"That's the county poorhouse," answered the chauffeur.
"Well, don't stop here," he rejoined nervously. "I don't want to add another to the list of men whose automobiles have taken them to the poorhouse!"—Chicago Tribune.

Catarh Cannot be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease, CATARRH is constitutional in case, and in order to cure you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, and the acting directly upon the seat of the disease. The acting directly upon the seat of the disease. The acting directly upon the seat of the disease.

The Land of the Free.

"There's eight nations represented in this ward of ours," said Mr. Halloran to his wife on his return from a political meeting. He began to count them off on his fingers.
"There's Irish, Frinch, Eysallans, Poles, Germans, Roossians, Greeks an'—"
"There's Irish, Frinch, Eysallans, Poles, Germans, Roossians, Greeks—an' ain't it queer I disremember the other wan? There's Irish, Frinch—"
"Maybe 'twas Americans," suggested Mrs. Halloran.
"Sure, that's it," said her husband. "I couldn't think."

Gen. Corbin Likes Old Clothes.

Ever see Gen. Corbin's old shoes? He had them made four years ago when he went to the Philippines, and he's wearing 'em yet. They're great. The general detests a new pair of shoes or a new suit of clothes. A young fellow came along to his place near Washington recently and said:
"Sir, I don't want to ask for money, but I would be grateful if you would give me an old suit of clothes."
"Not by a good sight," said the general, "but there is a new suit inside you can have."—New York Sun.

Natural Deduction.

Farmer Goozee—How'd ye keep the boys out of your melons?
Farmer Fodderface—Circulated a story about a ghost ha'ntin' my place.
Farmer Goozee—Where'd ye hit the idee?
Farmer Fodderface—Wal, some of my melons was bein' spirited away.—Kansas City Times.

WELCOME FOR OLYMPIC HEROES

All Oregon Joins in Honoring Athletic Sons at Portland.

Smithson, Gilbert and Kelly Receive Number of Trophies—Thousands Cheer Big Parade—Climax of Reception Given on Journey Across Continent.

Portland, Sept. 15.—Crowds of laurel leaves, more modern and spectacular, of course, than the simple tokens of victory of ancient Greece, were pressed upon the brows of Oregon's victorious athletes last night on the triumphal return of Smithson, Gilbert and Kelly from the Olympic games in London.

All Oregon joined in the demonstration, and no Olympic winner, even in the days when poets sang of heroes and of men who sailed from the shores of Troy to bring back honor, ever received a more royally enthusiastic welcome on his homecoming. On their journey across the continent honors and attentions were heaped upon them, and on their entrance into the borders of their native state admiring multitudes contended to do them homage.

In Portland last night enthusiasm reached a climax in a gorgeous pageant, rivaling in spectacular brilliancy and display any similar scene that has been presented in this city. Aged men and women participated, children took part and small boys yelled themselves hoarse in an intoxication of admiration.

The most spectacular feature of the demonstration was the big parade. Thousands of persons witnessed it and thousands cheered it as it passed. In every street through which the parade passed sidewalks were lined, while windows and every available point of vantage were crowded.

In addition to the individual trophy presented by the City of Portland to the boys, each has also been the recipient of a handsome trophy—the gift of each respective Oregon town claiming one of the boys as a native. Baker City on Sunday night presented Dan J. Kelly with a loving cup of beauteous design, and last night Forrester C. Smithson received a similar trophy as the gift of the Multnomah Amateur Athletic Club. Charles L. McNary, of Salem, on behalf of the Multnomah Athletic Club, announced that that institution had voted a life membership to each of the victorious trio.

REPUBLICANS WIN.

Majority in Maine Much Reduced in Four Years.

Portland, Me., Sept. 15.—The Republicans carried Maine yesterday by about 8,000 plurality, as against 38,816 in the presidential year, and 8,054 in 1906. At midnight returns for governor from 468 out of 519 cities, towns and plantations give Bert M. Fernald (Rep.), 72,177; Obadiah Gardner (Dem.), 64,993. The same places in 1904 gave Cobb (Rep.), 75,234; Davis (Dem.), 49,416. The remaining places in 1904 gave Cobb 16,203. The missing towns, which are small, four years ago cast 16,300 Republican votes and 7,500 Democratic.

The Democratic vote increased more than 13,000 over that of 1904, while the Republican vote fell off about 25,000. The Republican plurality is the smallest recorded in a presidential year in 25 years.

The two parties split even in the 20 cities, each capturing 10. The voting was particularly heavy in the rural districts, owing largely to the popularity of Mr. Gardner among the farmers as head of the State Grange, Patron of Husbandry, the Democrats making large gains.

All four Republican candidates for congress were elected, and for state auditor Charles P. Hatch, Republican, of Augusta, defeated his opponent.

Cholera Proves Deadly.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 15.—It is announced officially that from noon September 12 until noon yesterday there were 226 cases of cholera and 64 deaths in this city. The mortality since the beginning of the epidemic is over 25 per cent. One of the victims yesterday was a tenor belonging to the famous choir of St. Alexandre-Nevsky, who was stricken after the service. A council of physicians has recommended the closing of the saloons at 5 o'clock on workdays, as alcoholics are especially susceptible to the disease.

Union is Sued as Trust.

San Francisco, Sept. 15.—Depositions are being taken in this city in a suit brought by D. E. Loewe & Co., of Danbury, Conn., against the United Hatters of North America for the recovery of \$100,000 damages alleged to have been sustained by the manufacturing company as the result of a boycott declared against it by the union. The action is taken under the Sherman anti-trust act, and is said to be the first effort to put the act into effect against a labor organization.

Harriman Makes Big Profit.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—The net earnings of the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific railroads for the month of July were the largest of either of these roads in reports of that month in their history. In the cases of both, however, the gross earnings showed a material decrease as compared with last year. A good showing in net earnings was brought about by a material reduction in operating expenses.

Take Evidence on Merger.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 15.—In the federal court here an order was entered yesterday appointing Sylvester G. Williams, of Denver, special examiner to take evidence in the suit of the United States government against the so-called merger of the Harriman Pacific railway lines.

BREAKS MORE RECORDS.

Great Aeronaut Excels Former Feats in Three Particulars.

Washington, Sept. 14.—In two flights at Fort Myer Saturday afternoon, Orville Wright, in the Wright flyer, broke three records. Staying up nine minutes and six and one-third seconds in the first flight, in which Major George O. Squires, acting chief signal officer, accompanied him, Mr. Wright broke the record for a two-man flight, which he established on Tuesday. The first flight was at 4:29 o'clock.

In a second flight, which started at 5:17, Mr. Wright broke the record for time and distance of a heavier-than-air flying machine, which he established by remaining in the air for one hour, fourteen minutes and twenty-four seconds. In this flight he also went higher than an aeroplane has ever gone, rising to an altitude of 250 feet.

Mr. Wright also maintained a higher speed than in his other flights at Fort Myer, traveling around the drillgrounds at the rate of 38.75 miles an hour on the first flight, when Major Squires accompanied him.

The distance of this flight was 5.58 miles. In Saturday's flight, Mr. Wright broke the world's record for time and distance for the fifth time last week.

A crowd of 5,000 persons gathered to witness the flights and their enthusiasm knew no bounds. It was all in the cavalry, detailed to guard the aeroplane from damage, could do to keep the crowd back. They cheered Mr. Wright until he went away in the signal corps automobile.

AIRSHIPS ARE CRUDE.

Edison Criticizes Both Dirigible Balloon and Aeroplane.

Seattle, Sept. 14.—Thomas A. Edison, the noted inventor, who is taking a vacation on the Pacific Coast, says that neither the aeroplane nor the dirigible balloon will successfully solve the question of navigating the air. Asked if, in giving up the commercial side of his work, he would make a study of the airship, he said:

"It is likely that I shall pay some attention to the navigation of the air. I have done so in the past, but I had not the time to make serious effort. I am firmly convinced that the time is near at hand when it will be possible to sail through the air as easily and as safely as we now go by land or by water.

"I have little faith in the aeroplane or the balloon as a means of aerial navigation. The aeroplane of the Wright brothers depends too much on the personal equation. Place someone other than him in that aeroplane and it would not work. It depends upon the skillful handling of the machine by the inventor.

"It is also unlikely that the efforts of inventors who have pinned their faith to the dirigible balloon will meet with success. When you have something that is lighter than air it is apt to be a rather delicate matter. It is a toy of the winds. It is wafted about like a blizzard when a strong wind is blowing. The aeroplane and the dirigible balloon will be improved, I have no doubt, but I look to see the application of a principle different from either in the successful airship."

MORE CARS IN SERVICE.

Decrease of 30,371 in Number Idle Helps Railroads.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Another big boost toward prosperity is indicated by a weekly report of the car efficiency committee of the American Railway Association, which was issued Saturday. The total of surplus cars on railroads of the United States and Canada has been reduced to 222,632, a decrease of 30,371 since the last report. Of this decrease, 21,723 are boxcars and 7,552 coal and gondola.

The decrease in boxcars is the largest since the maximum surplus of 412,605 was reached. An increasing activity in repairing cars is shown by a reduction of 2,602 in the number of bad-order cars.

Small shortages are reported on a few railroads, the shortages totaling 1,418. Regarding this condition, Arthur Hale, chairman of the committee, says:

"Whenever these shortages are of such a nature and extent as to justify action by the committee, conditions are brought to the attention of the roads reporting a surplus, and arrangements are made to transfer equipment to the roads having use for it."

Race Trouble Feared.

Seneca, Kan., Sept. 14.—A clash between whites and blacks is feared here following an attack on Samuel Murphy, a farmer, by two negroes, Jim and Allie Johnson, Friday night. The negroes assaulted Murphy when he was returning from about a horse race they had lost, and Murphy interfered in behalf of the lad. A mob quickly pursued and overtook the negroes, and armed with ropes were bent on a lynching, which was only avoided by the pluck of a deputy sheriff, who, gun in hand, stood in the door of a vacant house and held the mob at bay.

Devoted Wife's Weary Journey.

Spokane, Wash., Sept. 14.—Mrs. Henry Johnson, 56 years of age, slept Saturday night in the city jail. She was hauled from Aberdeen, S. D., nearly 1,000 miles, on her way to join her husband at Seattle. He went to Seattle, got work and wrote for her to come. She had only money enough to reach Aberdeen. From there she started on foot. She arrived here at 11 p. m. and started out again at 6 a. m. She carries a telescope and lives by charity. She is bright and cheerful, but worn out and almost barefooted.

New California Regiment.

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—Recruiting is in progress for the organization of a new regiment of the national guard of California, to be stationed at San Francisco, in conformity with a movement which has been started by representatives of commercial houses of this city. The action of the business men of San Francisco in reorganizing the national guard has the sanction of Governor Gillett, who is ready to equip the organization as soon as it is mustered in.

New Jap Man to England.

Tokyo, Sept. 14.—Taka Akira Kato, proprietor of the Tokio Daily, an influential Japanese paper, has been appointed ambassador to England, to succeed Count Komura, who was recently recalled from England to assume the post of minister of foreign affairs in the new cabinet. Kato is an influential citizen of Japan. He has twice been minister of foreign affairs.

ALASKA WHEAT.

Idaho Experiment Station Man Writes Concerning It.

By H. E. Hyland, Agronomist, University of Idaho Agricultural Experiment Station, Moscow.

On account of the numerous inquiries coming into our station, we find it necessary to issue this press bulletin concerning the so-called "Alaska" wheat.

This wheat, when given ample field space or conditions favorable to the individual plant, has a branching head borne on a rather tough straw at a height of between four and five feet. The mesh bears two and three kernels. When grown under close field conditions the head tends to be much smaller, branches less, and the mesh bears from one to two kernels, very seldom three. If heads grown under these conditions alone were examined the impression would be obtained that this wheat never bears but two kernels to the mesh, a mistake which some writers appear to have made.

The heads, while not numerous, are dark in color and considerably stronger than those found in common wheats, but not so long or stiff as those found on the durums or macaroni wheats. The normal kernel is light in color, short and plump, with an unusually open groove, which allows the kernel to be easily broken in threshing. A cross-section shows the interior to be white and powdery, with comparatively little horny starch. The shrunk kernels naturally are harder.

Taking everything into consideration, I am led to conclude that this is the Egyptian or Miracle wheat, a Poulard, and that it belongs to that variety of the Egyptian known as Eldorado, which is very closely related to the seven-headed variety.

The Poulards are particularly adapted to dry regions, but never have been grown to any extent in America. Their yields have never proved to be of such a nature as to warrant their extensive growth, even for stock food. And the inferiority of the flour produced from them has prevented their use to any extent for the production of bread.

The high yield claimed for the wheat in this section of the country, in some cases 277 bushels per acre, are fabulous. One of the promoters states that from one head of the wheat he obtained seven pounds; from these seven pounds he produced 1545 pounds, or a yield in round numbers of 220 fold. It is from these figures that the yield of 100 bushels in various papers, and in the circular of the Adams-Hobe Seed Grain Company, of Julianna, Idaho, are computed. To show the ridiculousness of computing yields in this way, we determined in a couple of cases, the number of grains produced from one seed of Little Club grown under favorable conditions in our breeding plot. One plant produced 1176; the other 1809 kernels. Now, reasoning as this seed company has done, if we should plant one bushel of this Little Club to the acre, we would obtain 1176 or 1809 bushels. This would be a rather high yield, even for Idaho.

This year the company had 700 acres in the wheat grown on different farms in this locality. A thirty-acre tract near Moscow, which was threshed in the middle of August, contained about thirty-two bushels per acre. Mr. Adams stated at that time that his best yields had been thirty-five bushels. He supplemented this remark, however, with the statement that his stands were poor in every case. But considering the large acreage, the fact that several different farmers grew the crop, and the effect of a close stand, noted above, we must take this as an indication, at least, of the yielding power of the wheat. This, however, would not be considered an extra large yield for this country.

The analysis of the wheat upon which the company appears to base its hopes amounts to practically nothing in determining the bread-making quality of the flour. It is true, that bluestem wheat, which analyzes higher in protein than Little Club, makes a better quality of flour, but it is also true that macaroni wheat, which analyzes higher in protein than bluestem, makes a lower class of flour, and consequently is discriminated against by the miller. The low-grade flour turned out from either of them usually show a higher protein content than the patent. Corn has considerable protein, but the chemist seems unable to find any gluten (that all essential part of a good flour). Even if the chemist had found a high gluten content in "Alaska" wheat, it would still not be justified in concluding that the wheat would make a good quality of flour. The proof of the wheat is in the bread it will make, which is promised to have a milling test made.

Upon our request the company has soon. Until this test is made, however, we must assume that the wheat will make a better flour under the name of "Alaska" than it did when known as "Wheat of Miracle."

In spite of all the beautiful stories which have been written concerning the origin of this wheat, regardless of the many wonderful things which have been imagined about its quality, and taking into consideration the impression as to yield, which has so skillfully been thrown broadcast throughout the American continent by this seed company, who advertises their wheat for sale at \$20 per bushel, we have yet to find any point of merit in it which would warrant the public paying more for "Alaska" wheat than the prevailing market price of our common varieties.

Southern Beaten Biscuit.

One quart sifted flour, one-half coffee cup of lard, one-half pint milk, one level teaspoonful salt. Rub flour, salt and lard together until smooth, then add milk. Beat twenty minutes, or until the dough blisters and pops when pulled apart. Roll out about a quarter of an inch thick, cut with small biscuit cutter and preok each with a fork. Bake twenty minutes in rather hot oven. This quantity makes about thirty biscuits.

"Pots to Mend."

This is an excellent way to make a broken enamelware pot as good as new: Take equal parts of soft putty, finely sifted coal ashes and table salt. Mix and pack it well into the hole, or in the place where the enamel is worn or wearing. Place the pot on the stove with a little water in it, until the cement hardens. It will last a long time. And take notice that this recipe calls for nothing that cannot be easily obtained. Buy a nickel's worth of putty from any plumber.

S.S.S. MAKES A LASTING CURE

There are certain mineral medicines which will remove the external symptoms of Contagious Blood Poison, and shut the disease up in the system for awhile, but when the treatment is left off the disease will surely return. Then the bathsome symptoms of ulcerated mouth and throat, copper-colored spots, falling hair, sores and ulcers, etc., are usually worse because the disease has made rapid progress on the internal members, and weakened the constitution and general health of the sufferer. S. S. S. is the only remedy that can be used with perfect safety in the treatment of Contagious Blood Poison, and with the assurance that a lasting cure will result. This medicine, made entirely of roots and herbs of recognized curative and tonic value, antiseptics and destroys the powerful virus of the disease, and by purifying the blood of every particle of the poison and enriching and strengthening the circulation, removes every symptom of the trouble. S. S. S. does not hide or cover up the disease in any way, but drives it entirely out from the blood, leaving not the slightest trace for future outbreaks. Home treatment book with valuable information and any medical advice desired sent free to all who write.

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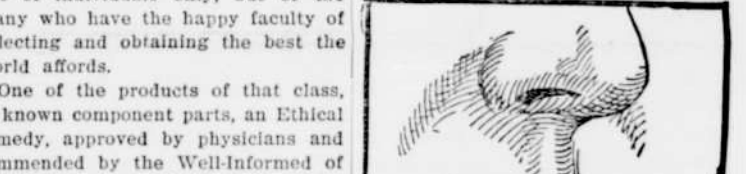
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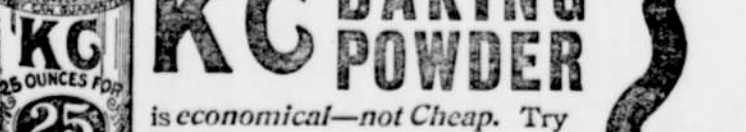
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