The Estacada News

Issued Each Thursday

ESTACADA ..... OREGON

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Major Woodruff declares the army age limit should be 60 years.

Socialists have nominated candidates for president and vice president.

The American aeroplane flying machine made a very successful trial trip.

A meeting of the elder statesmen of Japan will discuss grave political affairs.

Mexican troops surrounded and captured 40 rebels without a shot being fired.

British Columbia has issued fishing licenses to only three Japanese for the coming season.

Revolutionists in Paraguay have overthrown the government and established a new one.

The American battleship fleet is all at San Francisco, ready to start on its homeward trip around the world.

The nine balloons in the Chicago-to-Atlantic race all landed without any fatalities. None of them reached the Atlantic.

Carelessness on the part of the engineer caused a Santa Cruz passenger train to crash into a local at Oakland, Cal., killing seven and injuring about thirty.

The driver of a wagon full of women and children tried to cross the track in front of an electric car at Los Angeles, but was too slow. Four children and the driver were killed and all the others injured.

Bryan is working hard to reunite his party.

The Santa Fe shops at Topeka have resumed work with 1,800 men.

The National Educational association has rejected simplified spelling.

Harry Orchard's death sentence has been commuted to life imprisonment.

Many new schemes to avoid prohibition are appearing in "dry" places.

A storm in the harbor of Batavia caused the drowning of about 600 persons.

Wheat in Eastern Oregon and Washington is suffering great damage for lack of rain.

Lord Curzon says the recent uprising in India is but an echo of the Japanese victory over Russia.

Roosevelt denies that he will settle in New York. He is negotiating for the sale of his book on his coming African trip.

Count Zeppelin outran a railroad train with his airship, and remained aloft for six and one-half hours, going wherever he wished.

Railroads will delay reduction of wages as long as possible, hoping that a revival of traffic in the fall may enable them to avoid it entirely.

Bishop Potter, of New York, is seriously ill.

Work has begun on the memoirs of the late ex-President Cleveland.

A cloudburst in Kansas drowned seven persons. Five inches of rain fell within an hour.

Chicago plans the sanest Fourth on record. All ordinances governing the day will be strictly enforced.

Harry Orchard will likely be imprisoned for life, in spite of his expressed desire to be executed.

President Roosevelt refused to interfere with the execution of a negro who had killed his younger brother.

It is believed the Mexican revolution is practically ended, as the insurrectionists have taken to the mountains.

Actual tests will be made to determine the best brands of chewing tobacco for the War department to furnish the navy.

Three persons were killed and a score hurt by a passenger train on the Santa Fe plunging through a burned bridge in Arizona.

A native business firm in Panama used the American flag to wash windows with, and a fight with American residents followed.

Four persons were killed and three seriously injured by a dynamite explosion in San Francisco. It is believed to be another plot against J. T. Gallagher by the graft ring.

The Panama elections passed quietly, with no need of troops.

Japan is willing China should build one railroad into Manchuria.

Missionaries say America is to blame for the Japanese war scare.

Railroads report business generally good, though somewhat less than last year.

Governor Cummins, of Iowa, will resign and return to the practice of law.

A tramp was arrested at Hood River who was found to have about $1,000 in cash in his ragged clothes.

It is generally admitted that Bryan will be the Democratic nominee for president, but a fight is expected on vice-president.

Mexican rebels are reported to have from 4,000 to 7,000 men under arms.

A tornado in South Dakota did immense damage to crops and buildings, and another in Minnesota killed seven persons.

The treasury deficit for the fiscal year just ending will be the largest in years.

Filipino leaders have been studying the Russian douma. They will visit other nations of Europe before returning home. They are traveling under the auspices of the American war department.

Mrs. Frank J. Gould is suing for divorce.

Centralia, Wash., was swept by a disastrous fire.

Desperate fighting continues between factions in Persia.

GREAT BALLOON RACE ENDS.

Winner Makes 895 Miles—Many Narrow Escapes.

Chicago, July 7.—"The Chicago-to-ocean" balloon race ended tonight, when the last of the nine contestants came to earth at West Shefford, Quebec, 800 miles from the starting point. This craft was the Fielding, owned by F. J. Fielding, of San Antonio, Tex. It covered approximately 100 miles more and stayed in the air five hours longer than its nearest competitor, and is also believed to have captured the prize for the balloon which remained in the air the longest.

The contest was marked by several thrilling escapes from drowning.

The Ville de Dieppe dropped into Lake Michigan soon after the start, and for an hour or more Colonel A. E. Mueller and George Schoeneck, its pilots, were swept across the surface, finally arising with their craft to a height of 7000 feet, from which they descended at Benton Harbor, Mich.

A similar experience fell to the lot of C. H. Perrigo and J. D. Case, the crew of the Illinois. While endeavoring to effect a landing near Lake Ontario their balloon fell into the Bay of Quinte. The aeronauts had donned life preservers and managed to keep afloat until a yacht put off from Glenn Island and rescued them. The fate of the balloon is not known here.

The third serious accident took place near Clinton, Ont. The balloon Columbia could not be controlled by Captain M. Peterson and C. H. Leichler, and they were dashed against trees and dragged through barbed-wire fences. Both men were painfully injured.

The landing places of the nine balloons were as follows:

Fielding, West Shefford, Quebec; America, Carsonville, Mich.; King Edward, Port Huron, Mich.; Chicago, Atwood, Ont.; U. S., Pinkerton Station, Ont.; Columbia, Clinton, Ont.; Cincinnati, Covert, Mich.; Illinois, Glenn Island, Ont.; Ville de Dieppe, Benton Harbor, Mich.

AEROPLANE FLIES.

Goes 600 Yards Beyond Mark and Lands Safely.

Hammondsport, N. Y., July 7.—The Aerial Experiment Association's aerodrome No. 3, the Curtiss June Bug, yesterday earned the right to have its name the first inscribed on the Scientific American trophy for making an official flight of one kilometer in a straight line, measured from the point where it left the ground.

After passing the flag marking the finish, the machine flew 600 yards further, and landed at the extreme edge of the field, near the railroad track. About 1000 persons saw the trial. The June Bug crossed three fences and described a letter "S" two thousand yards in length, in one minute and 4⅕ seconds, at a speed of 37 miles an hour, which followed a 900-yard flight in 56 seconds.

The machine never behaved better. Hardly a breath of wind was stirring. The trial today is of great importance, as it is the first official test of an aeroplane ever made in America.

SOCIALISTS NOMINATE.

Martin R. Preston, Now Serving Sentence, for President.

New York, July 7.—Candidates for president and vice-president of the United States were named and a platform was adopted by the national committee of the Socialist party here yesterday. The ticket named is as follows:

For president—Martin R. Preston, of Nevada.

For vice-president—Donald Munro, of Virginia.

The nomination of Preston for president was unanimous. The candidate was placed in nomination by D. de Leon, who characterized the man he was naming as an "honest working man, not a professional working man," and added, "the name of that man is Martin Preston, and he is now in jail at Goldfield, Nev. Preston is in jail today for conduct that is honorable, and which no working man should be ashamed of."

De Leon explained that Preston had been sentenced to 25 years' imprisonment for shooting a restaurant-keeper in Goldfield three years ago during a strike. Preston, De Leon asserted had acted as the protector of defenseless girls, and by so doing his action enraged a restaurant-keeper named Silver. Silver, Mr. De Leon stated, "was shot by Preston while threatening to kill the latter."

Revolutionists Win.

Buenos Ayres, July 7.—Advices received yesterday state that the revolutionists have been victorious in Paraguay, and that a new government has been established. These advices have been confirmed by a dispatch received by the minister of foreign affairs of the Argentina legation at Asuncion, officially notifying the minister that the revolutionary party had succeeded in overthrowing the Paraguayan government, and that several of the Paraguayan ministers of state had taken refuge in the legation.

Big Fire in Port au Prince.

Port au Prince, July 7.—A serious fire broke out here yesterday in the vicinity of the Palace and Senate buildings. The flames spread quickly, there being a high wind, and soon reached alarming proportions. Four hundred buildings were burned, including the courthouse and the prison. All of the prisoners, who included a number of women, were taken to other quarters before the building took fire. Sparks were carried to the arsenal, which was also burned, together with stores of powder and ammunition.

New Notification Scheme.

Lincoln, Neb., July 7.—Hoping to bring about an innovation in the manner of notifying presidential candidates of their choice of standard-bearers, Mayor Brown, of Lincoln, member of the resolutions committee from Nebraska, is working on a scheme to bring back to Lincoln all of the delegates to the Denver convention and surprise William J. Bryan on his farm at Fairview with the announcement that he is to be the leader.

Recover 228 Bodies.

Yuzono, European Russia, July 7.—An official statement shows that 228 bodies have been recovered from the Rikosky coal mine, where a gas explosion occurred several days ago. Nineteen injured men are now in the hospital. The fire in the mine has been extinguished and yesterday eight miners were brought out alive.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

TO DEEPEN COQUILLE.

Bandon Business Men Raise Fund for Improvement.

Bandon.—The business men of Bandon are raising a fund for river and harbor improvement work, independent of congress. A lagoon near the mouth of the Coquille river deflects a considerable volume of water from the channel, lessening its scouring efficiency and causing the formation from time to time of a sand bar. The money, of which a considerable amount has been already subscribed by public spirited citizens, business men and mill and ship owners, will be used to build a breakwater across the lagoon. It is the opinion of engineers in the government service that this will confine the water to the main channel, and keep the sand washed away.

The regular government appropriation of $60,000, which is being expended on the north jetty, is making a wonderful improvement in the entrance to the river, and no vessels have been barbound for a period of nearly a year. An attempt will be made to have the Coquille river mentioned for a $500 000 appropriation at the next session of congress.

HARVEST HANDS PLENTY

Pendleton Full of Men Looking for Work on Farms.

Pendleton.—Harvest hands were never more plentiful in Pendleton and Umatilla county than they are today. Last year it was almost impossible for the ranchers to get men to harvest their hay at the prices usually prevailing for that kind of work. The city is now teeming with men willing to work at almost any price.

A peculiar feature of this year's conditions is that the men all seem to be strangers. There are few old faces among them, the men who are accustomed to come in year after year not having appeared. When these men arrive the situation from the laboring man's standpoint will be even worse, though the farmers are rejoicing in the prospect of getting their help much cheaper than for a number of years.

Last year grain farmers were compelled to plead with laborers to go to work at anywhere from $2.50 to $6 a day. The distance from town, the number of hours and the liquid refreshments also figured. This year conditions seem to be reversed. The working man is pleading with the farmer and asking for a chance to go to work at any price.

The prevailing price is from $1.25 to $1.50 per day and there are plenty of men to be had at these figures. It is believed the large influx of men is from the east, having been thrown out of employment by the shutting down of mills and factories.

Oil for River Steamers.

Portland. — Two large oil-carrying steamers, the Roseerans and Colonel E. Drake, the former towing a big three-masted steel barge, also laden with oil, have arrived at the tanks at Portsmouth.

Greater quantities of oil are being brought to Portland each month on the dozen or more of tank steamers that are regularly employed in the oil trade of the Pacific coast. The Roseerans and Colonel E. Drake each have capacity for about 40,000 barrels of oil.

This immense oil traffic has developed during the past few years. Ten years ago an oil tank steamer was unknown to this port and there were no large tanks along the river for the reception of the immense shipments of today. In those days the oil was brought here by rail. The great increase in the demand for oil is due altogether to the fact that most power craft plying out of here have discarded the use of wood or coal for the liquid fuel which is much easier to handle, a great deal cleaner and not nearly as bulky.

"Spotless Town."

Grant's Pass.—A ladies' auxiliary to the Grant's Pass commercial club has been organized with a large membership for the purpose of promoting civic improvement. It has already laid plans for beautifying the city. More shade trees, prettier yards, better fences, wider sidewalks, cleaner streets and more roses and flowers are on the program. The recent successful rose show and flower festival was the result of the women's work. The unsightly billboards of the town will be attacked. The women will also assist the council in getting the streets paved.

County Fair in Clackamas.

Oregon City.—The directors of the Clackamas county fair selected October 1, 2 and 3 as the days for holding the fair. A permanent site for the fair has been secured at the Waite tract at Canby. Invitations will be sent to all farmers and other producers of this county for exhibits. The management intends to send some of the exhibits at the county fair to the state fair at Salem, to be held later. A half-mile oval track is in course of construction.

Bridge Over Necanicum.

Astoria.—County Judge Trenchard and Engineer W. A. Grondahl, of Portland, went to Seaside yesterday to investigate the feasibility of bridging the Necanicum river near its mouth to complete the continuation of the automobile road along the beach to Seaside. Mr. Grondahl had already secured tests of the river banks for the bridge foundations, and as soon as the measurements are forwarded to him will prepare the plans for the proposed structure.

County Saw Mill.

Eugene.—The Lane county court will be presented this week with petitions freely signed from different sections of the county asking them to purchase a portable sawmill, to be used by the county as an aid to the building of plank roads and bridges for the outlying road districts.

State Patronizes Trust.

Salem.—For the first time in the history of the state the contract for supplying fresh and cured meats was awarded to the Union Meat company of Portland at $4.74 for beef, $13.90 for hams, $14.90 for bacon. Heretofore all state institutions have been supplied by local firms.

EUGENE SUMMER SCHOOLS.

Large Attendance at University and High School.

Eugene.—The summer school at the University of Oregon and the high school are now in progress, the latter having opened Monday morning. The work at the University of Oregon summer school is progressing very satisfactorily, the interest and enthusiasm of those in attendance being very marked. The instructors are: Biology and nature study, A. R. Sweetser; general chemistry, F. R. Shinn; education, H. D. Sheldon; English literature, Angeline Williams; German, F. G. G. Schmidt; history, Joseph Schafer; mathematics, E. E. DeCou; physics, W. P. Boynton; French and Spanish, Professor Cloran. The laboratory work is done in the afternoon hours.

The Lane County Normal School, which opened Monday morning in the Eugene high school building, under the supervision of Superintendent Alderman and County Superintendent Dillard, had for the first day an attendance of 34, which will probably be increased soon to more than 40. The purpose of this school is to prepare teachers for their examinations and the studies in which they are to be tried out are taught here. The school will continue six weeks.

NEW FEATURE OF CHAUTAUQUA

Special Provisions Made for Young Women to Attend.

The State Board of the Young Women's Christian Associations are making it possible for young women to get the educational advantages of the Gladstone and Ashland Chatauqua Assemblies under economical and congenial social conditions.

They will open permanent headquarters for young women. There will be a central reception tent, and small dormitory tents (two single cots in each tent) completely equipped for comfort. The price per night will be 25 cents. Simple breakfast and lunches at 15 cents for those occupying the tents will be furnished. It is hoped that a large number of young women will avail themselves of this pleasant arrangement. Miss Frances C. Gage, Northwest Secretary, will be in charge of the Gladstone camp, and Mrs. W. J. Honeyman of the Ashland camp. It is planned to make this a pleasant "house-party" for the two weeks of the Assembly. It will be a delightful and profitable holiday for young women all over the state. All desiring to avail themselves of this splendid opportunity should send in their names as soon as possible to Miss Gage, 192 McMillan street, Portland, Oregon. The session is from July 7 to 19, inclusive.

Lunatic Calls on Governor.

Salem.—An inmate of the insane asylum walked away from the institution yesterday morning and interviewed Governor Chamberlain. Despite the fact that he was already escaped, the dippy party wished the governor to use his influence to get him out of the asylum. He told the governor that he was a very much abused person, and that the food served at the insane asylum was extremely poisonous. He was unable to account for being alive, however, after his long diet of poisonous foodstuffs.

Discontinue Drain Normal.

Salem.—Fearing that the people of the state would rise up and by initiative procedure abolish the entire normal school system of Oregon, the state board of regents voted to recommend to the legislature that the school at Drain be discontinued. The action was taken in the face of Secretary of State Benson and a delegation from Drain consisting of G. M. Bassett, banker; N. D. Cool, merchant and W. C. Edwards, packer.

Special to Cherry Fair.

Portland.—The Oregon Electric Railway company is negotiating with local business organizations to run a special train to Salem, Friday, July 9, for the benefit of visitors to the Salem cherry fair. Portland people have received an urgent general invitation to attend the Salem fair. The electric road has made special rates. It is proposed to run a special train that will leave Salem on the return trip at 10:30 p. m., and get the excursionists back to Portland about midnight.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Track prices: Club, 88c per bushel; red Russian, 86c; bluestem, 90c; Valley, 88c.

Millstuffs—Bran, $26 per ton; middlings, $30.50; shorts, country, $28.50; city, $28; wheat and barley chop, $27.50.

Barley—Feed, $25 per ton; rolled, $27.50@28.50; brewing, $26.

Oats—No. 1 white, $27.50 per ton; gray, $27.

Hay—Timothy, Willamette Valley, $17 per ton; Willamette Valley, ordinary, $15; Eastern Oregon, $18.50; mixed, $16; clover, $14; alfalfa, $12; alfalfa meal, $20.

Dressed Meats—Hogs, fancy, 8c per pound; ordinary, 7c; large, 6c; veal, extra, 8c; ordinary, 6@7c; heavy, 5c; mutton, fancy, 8@9c.

Butter—Extras, 25c per pound; fancy 24c; choice, 20c; store, 16c.

Eggs—Oregon, 17½@18½c per dozen.

Cheese—Fancy cream twins, 13c per pound; full cream triplets, 13c; full cream Young Americas, 14c; cream brick, 20c; Swiss block, 18c; limburger, 20c.

Poultry—Mixed chickens, 11@11½c per pound; fancy hens, 12c; roosters, 9c; fryers, 16@17c; broilers, 16@17c; ducks, old, 15c; spring, 15@20½c; geese, 8@9c; turkeys, alive, 16@18c for hens, 14@16c for gobblers; dressed, 17@19c.

Potatoes—Old Oregon, $1@1.10 per hundred; new California, 2@2½c per pound.

Fresh Fruits—Oranges, fancy, $3.25@3.75; lemons, $4@4.75; strawberries, 50c@$1.25 per crate; grape fruit, $2.75@3.25 per box; bananas, 5½@6c per pound; cherries, $1@1.25 per box; gooseberries, 5c per pound; apricots, $1@1.25 per crate; cantaloupes, $2.75@3.25; blackberries, $1@1.25 per crate; peaches, 90c@$1 per crate; plums, $1 per crate.

Onions—California red, $1.65@1.75 per sack; Bermudas, $2 per crate; garlic, 15@20c per pound.

Hops—1907, prime and choice, 5@5½c per pound; olds, 2@2½c per pound.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, average best, 6@13½c per pound, according to shrinkage; Valley, 10@12½c.

Mohair—Choice, 18@18½c per pound.

SOARS ALL DAY.

Zeppelin's Airship Flies Over Half of Switzerland.

Friedrichshaven, July 3. — Count Zeppelin today outdistanced all world records for steerable balloons. He remained in the air for 12 hours, traversed the grater part of Northern Switzerland, and visited Zurich, Winterthur and Lucerne, attaining an average speed throughout of 34 miles an hour.

His airship displayed splendid qualities of dirigibility, and answered the slightest movement of the helm, while its stability was quite up to the greatest expectations.

In the most desirable weather conditions, almost a dead calm, the airship manned by a crew of four, under the leadership of Count Zeppelin, left its floating home on Lake Constance at 8:30 o'clock in the morning. Less than five minutes later the balloon rose about 1000 feet in the air and turned her bows toward Constance. About 9 o'clock it had disappeared on the western horizon.

Telephone messages from Fraudenfeldt, Winderthur and other towns soon reported the appearance of the airship and her passage over the Canton of Zurich. The giant craft remained ten minutes hovering over the town of Zurich and the lake, and then vanished from view at a rapid rate in the direction of Lucerne.

It was about 11 o'clock when the airship came into view at Lucerne, and the thousands of astonished tourists from all parts of the world, including hundreds of Americans, greeted her with loud cheers as she sailed quickly over the waters of the lake.

With the greatest precision, Count Zeppelin guided his airship and proceeded to carry out a long series of evolutions which included complicated figures, circles, the figure 8, sharp turns, descents and ascents. He then undertook a tour of the whole lake, visiting every bay and indentation along the shores. Finally he turned the nose of the ship homeward, crossing the Albis range of mountains.

HEARST WELL SATISFIED.

Says His Fight for Recount Was Only for Principle.

New York, July 3.—The following cablegram was received from W. R. Hearst in regard to the result of the New York mayoralty contest recount:

London, July 1, 1908.—The result is more than satisfactory to me, and I hope it will sufficiently satisfy the citizens for whom this long and arduous struggle had been carried on. I have said from the beginning that the fight was not to make me mayor, but to secure an honest count of the vote cast by the citizens. In the face of enormous and unnecessary difficulties that count has been secured, and hereafter it will not be possible for election thieves to commit frauds in secrecy and security behind the barrier of the law.

"Whatever election crime is committed, be it great or small, must be publicly accounted for. That has been accomplished and it means much for the safety of the republic.

"WM. RANDOLPH HEARST."

Escapes Extradition.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras, July 3.—Francis D. Bailey, president of the Export Shipping company, of New Jersey, who, together with his brother, Albert W. Bailey, Charles H. H. Myers and Captain A. Oxley, was placed aboard the Norwegian steamer Utstein yesterday in custody of Lieutenant P. W. Berry, of the New York police department, made his escape in a small boat from the steamer last night. The boat was found on the beach this morning. Search is being made by soldiers in the woods and swamps near by.

Has Sheriff Arrested.

Grand Junction, Colo., July 3.—O. N. Hilton, leading counsel for Steve Adams, appeared before Justice of the Peace Sweeney yesterday afternoon and filed a charge against C. A. Fitzpatrick, of Telluride, alleging that Fitzpatrick had threatened him with a revolver. The encounter occurred when the two men met at the postoffice on their way to the courtroom. Sheriff Fitzpatrick was brought before the justice, disarmed and placed under bonds of $1000 pending farther hearing of the charge against him.

600 Lost in Storm.

Victoria, B. C., July 3.—News of a marine disaster involving the loss of over 600 lives at Batavia, was brought by the Empress of China. Many overloaned boats were overturned in the harbor during a storm. The shrieking passengers struggling in the water had no chance of rescue, as the more fortunate boats in the neighborhood were already crowded. Many were snapped up by sharks. About 50 were rescued by fishermen, but over 600 were drowned.

Marooned for Months.

Victoria, B. C., July 3.—Twenty fishermen marooned for months on Victor island and rescued by two Brazilian training ships, were landed at Yokohama, according to news received by the Empress of China. The men were left with orders to fish by the Japanese fishery schooner Hokui Maru on January 1 last, and were abandoned. They were found on May 26, and were starving when rescued. The Japanese police have arrested the captain of the Hokui Maru at Yokohama for marooning the fishermen.

Poisoned by Wholesale.

Saigon, Cochin China, July 3.—Two hundred soldiers belonging to the French Colonial infantry were seized with a sudden nausea in their barracks here today. The unexpected illness cannot be accounted for, and it is believed the men are victims of an attempt at wholesale poisoning.

Prepare for Bridal Pair.

Turin, July 3.—It is reported here that preparations are being made at Royal chateau at Racconigi for the reception of the Duke of Abruzzie and his prospective bride, Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of Senator S. B. Elkins, of West Virginia.

Plague Still Raging.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, July 2.—Since June 21 there have been six new cases of plague at this place, three of them terminating fatally. Four cases are now under treatment, three of them improving.

COSSACKS TAKE CITY

Rebels Driven From Last Refuge and Houses Pillaged.

WOMEN FLEE IN FEAR OF LIVES

Russian Banks Shelter 1,500 — Shah Withdraws His Troops From British Legation.

St. Petersburg, July 4.—The foreign office here has received dispatches confirming the reports of recent desperate fighting at Tabriz. The quarters of the city in which the revolutionists had taken up their positions were captured by Cossack cavalry. Among the Shah's forces was a detachment of the regular Cossack brigade, which was dispatched to the northeastern part of Persia some time ago on account of expected disorders. One thousand five hundred women and children are said to have taken refuge in the buildings of the Russian bank. The pillaging at Tabriz, according to the latest information, is still going on.

Tricked His Enemies.

London, July 4.—A special dispatch to the Times from Teheran, June 16, supplies a long history of the events that led to the recent coup d'etat. According to this announcement certain old discarded courtiers demanded the dismissal from the palace of a clique of conspirators. A delegation also called upon the Shah to expel certain court favorites, including Amir Bahadur and Chapsal Khan, two of the Shah's most trusted councillors. The Shah craftily feigned compliance and quietly prepared to escape from the capital. On June 4 everything was ready and Bahadur's wild horsemen galloped through the main thoroughfares brandishing swords and rifles, causing a wild stampede. Suddenly a whole regiment of Cossacks with guns ready for attack, followed by the tribal cavalry with wild cries of "Long live the Shah" and "Down with the traitors," halted before the palace.

The bazaars were all closed up and the people ran in fear of their lives. The Shah's carriage, driven by six bay horses, was seen issuing from the gun square surrounded by the six courtiers who it was supposed had been dismissed, escorted by every horseman the Shah could muster, each with his rifle ready to shoot anybody who might dare to impede the Shah's passage.

All this happened within ten minutes and within another ten minutes his majesty was breathing the fresh air of Bagshah, the royal garden outside the western gate. Later in the day the queen and the crown prince went to the royal garden with an escort of 400 horsemen. This soon became the center of the royalist activities and the surrounding gardens were appropriated and a regular camp formed which continually increased its forces. The people were taken completely by surprise at first, thinking the whole thing a joke, but they soon discovered their mistake.

PUNISH JAP SOLDIER.

American Consul Secures Imposition of Severe Penalties.

Seoul, July 4.—A Japanese soldier ran amuck Thursday through the American Methodist missionary premises at Ping Yang. He assaulted a Corean caretaker with a bayonet, chasing him through the missionary residence.

American Consul Sammons, when informed of the affair, called at the Japanese residency and demanded the punishment of the soldier.

By order of Prince Ito the soldier was arrested and immediately sentenced to two months' hard labor. The colonel, major, captains and lieutenants of the regiment to which the soldier belonged will be disciplined by a confinement of from three to seven days.

The prompt action of Prince Ito is significant of the determination of the Japanese resident-general that the soldiers maintain a proper attitude toward foreigners. The charge against the soldier was the violation of an American home, and the disciplining of the officers was due to the fact that soldiers of the same regiment recently participated in the damaging of an American Presbyterian missionary school building at Wiju. In that case all damage was repaired by order of the resident-general.

Private Bets Are Legal.

New York, July 4.—Horse racing interests in this state, which have been adversely affected by the police application of the new anti-gambling laws at the race tracks, were greatly encouraged by a decision of Justice Bischoff Thursday that an individual verbal bet does not constitute a crime.

This decision was handed down in the case of Melville Collins, who was arrested at the instance of the Jockey club and charged with having violated the new law by making a bet on a horse race and receiving $5, which he won by it.

Lone Mariner Gives Up.

San Pedro, Cal., July 4.—The sloop Star, 18 tons register, has reported at the custom house. Captain Nelson, navigator and crew, reports that he left San Francisco June 18 for Unalaska on a prospecting tour. Ten days out from the Gate he met with an accident and suffered many hardships before he made port with a broken leg. In the daylight hours he sailed the Star the best he could and at night he battened everything down, close-reefed the sails, trusted to luck, and finally found himself 500 miles off his course, near this port.

Woman Saves Forest.

Pasadena, Cal., July 4.—Riding through a wall of fire to get to her home in the mountains, Mrs. J. Swigert reached a telephone and notified the authorities of a serious forest fire in Millard canyon. Mayor Early of this city sent 50 men to the scene and this force with the assistance of forest rangers is reported to have the fire under control after a considerable territory was burned over. Mrs. Swigert escaped without serious injury.

Confirms $5,000,000 Fine.

Caracas, Wednesday, July 1, via Willemstad, July 4.—The court of cassation has confirmed the decision of the civil courts of first instance condemning the New York & Bermudas Asphalt Company to pay a fine of $5,000,000 to the Venezuelan government. No appeal from this last judgment is possible.

KIDNAP RANCHER'S DAUGHTER

Captor Uses Her as Shield When Overhauled.

Fresno, Cal., July 1.—Using the body of the girl he had kidnaped from her father's house as a shield for his own body, Cleve Rogers held the posse that had run him down at bay for half an hour yesterday before finally surrendering himself and the girl. The girl, Edna Domengine, 16 years old, daughter of a wealthy stockman and oil man of Coalinga, was returned to her parents. She recently graduated from the Holy Cross College, in Santa Cruz.

Waked from a sound sleep by the firing of a dozen rifle shots in the yard of her ranch home in the foothills of the Coast range, she stumbled out into the night to find herself staring into the muzzles of two rifles held in the hands of a pair of desperadoes. Her father and mother had preceded her and they stood with hands up. The whole scene was lighted by the glare of a burning barn which the bandits had fired.

Clad only in her nightdress, the young girl stood terrified, staring at the grotesque scene that met her eyes. As she watched, before she had time to realize what was happening, two of her father's ranch hands came running to the spot. Instantly one of the bandits ordered them to throw up their hands.

Tony Loveall, one of the hold-up men, demanded $5,000 from Domengine. Domengine declared there was no money in the house. Rogers thereupon forced the young girl to guide him through her home, pointing out the places where the family kept their plate and other valuables. In vain the child pleaded that there was only 10 cents in her bureau drawer.

When the search revealed nothing, the ruffians took her out, harnessed one of the teams belonging to Domengine, bundled the girl into it and drove off. Then Domengine, who had been released, after promising to produce $5,000 ransom, made his way to Coalinga and spread the alarm. Immediately several posses started and at 4:30 yesterday afternoon Rogers was overtaken at Jacks Springs. He fired two shots, but seeing the armed oil men and officers swarming in, gave up.

He and the girl were brought to town in an automobile. A big crowd gathered and would have lynched Rogers had not Sheriff Chittenden pleaded with them not to take the law into their own hands.

Loveall managed to escape, but is still being pursued. Miss Domengine said the men offered no affront to her.

COLLAPSES IN COURT.

Prince von Eulenberg Overcome and Trial is Suspended.

Berlin, July 1.—The trial of Prince zu Eulenberg, on the charge of perjury and subornation of perjury in the scandal of last year, was continued in this city yesterday. The hearings are being held in private.

The prince pleaded not guilty and declared that the Munich witnesses had either been bribed or were mad. The court began yesterday by taking the testimony of Baron Alphonse de Rothschild, of Vienna, who was given precedence because he urged the necessity of his immediate return to the Austrian capital.

The prince was attended in court by a physician. During the afternoon session he was suddenly overcome with weakness and restoratives had to be applied. The sitting was suspended until today, the prince being removed in an automobile to the Charity Hospital, where he is held a prisoner.

FLOOD OF MONEY.

Big Corporations of Country Pay Out $15,000,000 Dividends.

Chicago, July 1.—There will be distributed throughout the United States today a total of $195,000,000, made up largely of semi-annual payments by public corporations such as railroads, large industrial concerns and banks.

This immense volume of money, cut loose from one end of the country to the other, will, it is believed, start a great business revival. It is expected to lead to widespread investments and general improvements, and will have a beneficial and bracing effect in many ways. One important feature is that railroads will have no trouble in getting funds for improvements and work is in sight for thousands of idle men.

At the present time the situation is peculiar in that not only in the United States, but in all great monetary centers of the world, money has never been more plentiful. A large part of the money is in gold.

Dying Wish Gratifield.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 1.—Charles Green, a 15-year-old colored boy, who has been dying for several days at the Detention Home in this city, passed away yesterday clasping a letter from his father, who is serving a five-year sentence at San Quentin. Several days ago Judge Curtis D. Wilbur, of the Juvenile Court, was informed that the boy, who was suffering from tuberculosis, had begged for a letter from his father. Judge Wilbur communicated with the San Quentin officials and the letter was delivered a few hours before the boy's death.

Killing Off Yaquis.

City of Mexico, July 1.—Four Indians were killed and three captured in a battle between Mexican troops and Yaqui Indians in the Bacate mountains, according to information received here yesterday. The troops in that vicinity are pursuing three separate bands of the Indians.

In pursuance of the policy to carry on the war against the Indians with increased vigor, the government will increase the force in the field against them to 4,000 men. The war is to be one of extermination.

Adams Pleads Poverty.

Grand Junction, Colo., July 1.—A petition was presented yesterday in the Steve Adams trial by the counsel for the defense asking the court to enter an order permitting the defense to subpena witnesses at the cost of the state, based on the plea that the defense was without money and unable to bear the burden of this cost. The counsel stated that unless the state stood this expense the defense would be unable to produce the bulk of its witnesses.

Outlaws Hold Fort.

Fort Smith, Ark., July 1.—In a fight Monday night between a posse and three men who escaped from jail at Sliger, Okla., Sunday, one outlaw and a member of the posse were wounded. The fugitives are intrenched in a cave,