

## Why Refer to Doctors

Because we make medicines for them. We give them the formula for Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and they prescribe it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. They trust it. Then you can afford to trust it. Sold for over 60 years.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a remedy that should be in every home. I have used a great deal of it for hard coughs and colds, and I know what a splendid medicine it is. I can't recommend it too highly."—MRS. E. C. COVIL, Hyde Park, Mass.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SARSAPARILLA PILLS. RAIN VIGOR.

Ayer's Pills greatly aid the Cherry Pectoral in breaking up a cold.

The Rothschild's Start.

The founder of the Rothschild family, Amosel Moses Rothschild, kept a coin store at 152 Judengasse, or Jewish quarter—Frankfurt-on-the-Main. Before this shop was displayed a red shield (hence the name—Rothschild). Amosel dealt also in curiosities, art goods and old gold and silver. His son, Mayer Amosel, was born in 1743 and died in 1812. He, like his father, continued in the coin business. In the course of his coin business he met a collector, the court banker to the Landgrave of Hesse. This banker was so impressed by Mayer's business ability that he loaned him money for investment, and it was in this way that the great banking firm of Rothschild was established.—Elder Monthly.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflammation of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running ear, which is often attended with pain. When the tube is closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube re-opened to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Machine that Smokes Cigars.

The department of agriculture employs a machine to smoke cigars. It has four mouthpieces, in each of which a cigar is inserted. For ten seconds the smoke is drawn in and is then puffed out, the process being repeated every half minute. While the "inhaling" is going on the way in which the filling and the wrapper burn are carefully noted, the ash is examined and the odor of the burning tobacco observed. The plant from which each of the cigars is made is known and the one that makes the best showing in the competition is selected for planting. The test is proving an aid to the American tobacco industry by teaching the farmers what kinds of tobacco to plant in order to receive the highest financial returns.

AILING WOMEN.

Keep the Kidneys Well and the Kidneys Will Keep You Well.

Sick, suffering, languid women are learning the true cause of bad backs and how to cure them. Mrs. W. G. Davis, of Groesbeck, Tex., says: "Backaches hurt me so I could hardly stand. Spells of dizziness and sick headaches were frequent and the action of the kidneys was irregular. Soon after I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills I passed several gravel stones. I got well and the trouble has not returned. My back is good and strong and my general health better." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

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Nothing Doing.

It was a dull morning in the police court, and the magistrate, a benedict of long standing, sat in his chair looking into space. A prisoner was brought before him and the policeman made a charge.

"Intoxicated, eh?" muttered the court, absent-mindedly.

"Yes, your honor," admitted the prisoner.

"Are you married?" asked the magistrate.

"No," was the reply.

"Then what excuse do you have?" demanded the court, mechanically signing the commitment paper.

A titter ran over the audience and the magistrate came to with a start, glancing apprehensively at the reporter.

When court was adjourned, contrary to his usual custom, he called the newspaper man before him.

"Do you find anything to write this morning?" he asked in a clearly apprehensive tone.

"There's your fraud, gentlemen!" said the magistrate, looking relieved.

"That's good—that is—I mean I thought there wasn't anything worth writing," he said.—New York Sun.

Backed It Up.

"Show me a man who thinks he has a bad cold, gentlemen," exclaimed a stranger who had secured the town hall for a free illustrated lecture, "and I'll show you a fraud!"

Instantly sixty-three men in the audience rose up.

"There's your fraud, gentlemen!" said the lecturer, throwing a picture of the celebrated Cardiff Giant on the screen.

"And now, my friends," he continued, "while you are looking at this monumental example, my assistant will go through the audience with small samples of my celebrated Vegetable Preparation for the Cure of all Coughs and Colds, which I guarantee—remember, ladies and gentlemen, I absolutely guarantee—to cure each and every case, or your money will be cheerfully refunded. Small samples 5 cents, to assist in paying for the rent of this hall. Larger bottles, 25 cents. After I have sold \$25 worth of this wonderful remedy, ladies and gentlemen, we will have the moving picture of San Francisco earthquake."—Chicago Tribune.

A Warrior, Too.

The wooden boards that had marked the graves in a certain rural cemetery rotted off, and were raked up in the spring cleaning; consequently, on Memorial day, when the delegation from the G. A. R. arrived with flags and appropriate floral decorations for their departed comrades, the decorating committee found itself somewhat in doubt as to which grave belonged to Captain Blodgett and which to Hannan Ericson.

The mistaken delegates heaped their offerings upon Hannan's last resting place, and departed. That afternoon Ericson, the widower, drifted, with the rest of his world, to the cemetery. When he saw the flag and the flowers above Hannan, the astonished Swede fell to chuckling joyously.

"Vell," he explained, delightedly, "dese faller bane poaty smart, too! Ay tank dat vor all right and son gude yoke on Hannan—he vor poaty gude fighter herself!"

Bacteria as Engineers.

Impossible as it may seem, states a scientist in the government employ, it appears to be a fact that bacteria are able to cause the breaking down of stone walls.

Recent investigations have shown that nitrifying bacteria swarm in the mud forced by the disintegration of cement in reservoirs, and it is believed that the decay of the cement results from the action of nitrous acid produced by the bacteria. Yet these same microscopic engineers, whose myriads undermine solid walls of masonry, are nevertheless of immense use to man, because they are chief agents in the purification of water.—Philadelphia Record.

Different Shades.

The celebrated medium rapped three times on the black cabinet.

"And now, kind sir," she said, in a spooky voice, "what shade would you like me to tell you about?"

"Why," replied the little man in the audience, "I would like you to tell me the shade my wife told me to match when I started down town to-day."—Chicago Daily News.

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Tramps in Many Nations.

There arrived in London last evening an aged man named Mark All who has been wandering for the last six years.

Mark All is an engineer by trade and he set out from Fleet street on Aug. 6, 1900, with the object of walking 60,000 miles in seven years. The idea of the enterprise was to disprove a theory, which All attributes to engineering employers, that after a man has reached 45 years of age he is useless for manual labor.

Some gentlemen who were devious of disproving this theory agreed to pay All £500 if he could walk 60,000 miles in seven years, earning his living at his trade, and that he shall not beg, sell photographs of himself or pictures post cards, make speeches or exhibit himself at music halls. All these conditions, he says, he has faithfully observed. He has been all over the three kingdoms and has visited France, Spain, Switzerland, Belgium, Holland, Italy and Germany, but failed to get into Russia. His record now is 58,000 miles.

He proposes to take a week's rest in London, then walk to New Haven and cross to Dieppe, where he will resume his pedestrian exercises through France. Throughout his travels Mark All wears the union jack on his right arm.—London Chronicle.

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division of time and the paternal address of the speaker to allow the chairman of the committee of the whole (Currier, of New Hampshire) to control the general debate, the debate was begun by Burton, of Ohio, chairman of the rivers and harbors committee. Speeches were made by Bartholdt, of Missouri, and others.

In providing for the completion of new projects, a radical departure is made in the bill from former methods. "It has been thought best," Burton remarked, "to undertake no new improvement unless the whole amount required for its completion is appropriated or authorized."

Washington, Jan. 31.—Rayner's address on the expansion of executive prerogatives, Senator Lodge's brief reply and an extended discussion of the administration of public land laws by Heyburn constituted the day's proceedings in the senate.

Heyburn continued his criticism of the special order of the secretary of the interior which forbids the issuance of patents to land until after an examination of the ground by a special agent. Heyburn asserted that the price of forest reserves had raised the price of wood for fuel in his state 75 per cent and the price of lumber generally from \$2 to \$5 a thousand feet. He said 18,000,000 acres of land in Idaho had been converted into forest reserves. He could make no explanation of the policy being pursued unless it was "greed of power."

Washington, Jan. 30.—Besides fixing February 20 as the day to vote on the declaration that Senator Reed Smoot, of Utah, is not entitled to his seat, passing a bill appropriating \$2,000,000 to confine the Colorado river to its banks and another placing the management of the Panama railway under the Isthmian Canal commission, the senate today listened to an extended speech by Carter, of Montana, in criticism of the secretary of the Interior and another by Heyburn to the same end.

The recent order of the secretary preventing the issuance of patents to public land until after an examination on the ground by a special agent, was the subject of the criticism and many senators from Western states by casual interruptions showed their approval of the sentiments expressed.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The house today completed the agricultural appropriation bill after adopting sundry amendments. The feature was a speech made with a view to justification of the meat inspection law by Wadsworth, of New York, who retired from congress at the close of the session. He took the president seriously to task for his letter of last summer in severe criticism of the bill.

The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was sent to conference, the managers on the part of the house being Consins, of Iowa, C. B. Landia, of Indiana, and Howard, of Georgia. The river and harbor appropriation bill, carrying \$84,000,000 in round numbers, was taken up, no time being agreed upon for the close of the general debate.

The consideration of the rivers and harbors bill was begun in the house today. In view of the importance of the measure, carrying nearly \$84,000,000, there was a very large proportion of the members present and there were indications of a battle royal over numerous projects which failed to secure favorable consideration in committee.

Tuesday, January 29.

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