

The Estacada News

ESTACADA, OREGON

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

A revolution is threatened in Venezuela.

An attack on Havana by rebels is feared.

Many Cuban veterans, angry with Palma, will join the rebels.

The ravages of peasants in Verones, Russia, are being drowned by brutality by troops.

The American minister to Chile has renewed his appeal for help for the people there.

B. O. Velguth, clerk in the Portland Gas company's office, has spent about \$15,000 of the company's money on wine, women, horses and automobiles.

Ten persons have been made seriously ill at Kalamazoo, Mich., by eating dried beef.

Littlefield has been re-elected to congress in Maine.

Strike breakers at San Francisco were pursued by a mob of strike sympathizers.

Building in San Francisco is progressing rapidly.

Repairs to the steamer Elder are almost completed.

The Hill railroads will increase the rolling stock 8 per cent during the next year.

Robbers at Vladivostok secured \$107,000 from a bank intended to pay troops.

The cruisers West Virginia, Colorado Maryland and Pennsylvania have left for the Asiatic station.

A bomb thrown into a street car at Riga, Russia, killed one man and wounded a number of others.

Secretary Root, on board the cruiser Charleston, has left Chilean waters and is now stopping at various places along the coast of Peru.

The Harriman lines have two more steamers which will be put on the Portland-San Francisco run if trade warrants the increase.

An extra session of the Cuban congress has been called by President Palma to consider the disturbed condition of the country and devise means for ending the situation.

During the last seven months the sale of vodka in Russia has increased greatly.

Moorish rebels are again causing trouble.

Secretary Shaw has forbidden banks to loan government money for speculation in Wall street.

There is fear that Stensland will commit suicide or escape before he is returned to the United States.

The United States has authorized the release of five Japanese arrested for seal poaching in Alaskan waters.

Major Roe, of Kansas City, Kan., had resigned. He was in favor of saloons and his resignation favors the liquor element.

The trial of Esther Mitchell, the Oregon girl who killed her brother in Seattle, has been set for September 24.

Mrs. C. O'Connell will probably be tried in October.

Railroad officials say the new rate law will work hardships on the Northwest, as "homeowners rates" can no longer be given without establishing it as the regular rate and this they cannot afford to do.

Russian peasants are destroying crops to cripple the government.

The American minister to Chile has called the State department that there is much suffering as a result of the recent earthquake and urges the American people to send relief.

Terrorist agitators overrun Southern Russia.

Cannon says Roosevelt may be president till 1912.

Stensland's extradition from Morocco has been ordered.

Arrangements are in progress for the trip of the president to Panama this fall.

Mexico has prepared a warm reception for any revolutionists who may start trouble.

Efforts at peace in Cuba may result in the placing of Vice President Capote in President Palma's chair.

Opinion differs as to the possibility of saving the transport Sheridan from becoming a complete wreck.

Both parties in Arizona have united against joint statehood.

The Pacific Mail steamer Manchuria, which struck a reef in the Hawaiian Islands, rests easily and it may be the vessel can be saved.

Nearly all the strikers on the San Francisco street car lines have returned to work pending a settlement of differences by arbitration.

TOPEKA ON ROCKS.

Two Great Holes Torn in Vessel at Point Arena.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—The Pacific Coast Steamship company's steamer City of Topeka dragged her way into port at noon today, two great holes in her side and the men at the pumps. The steamship had run on the rocks at Point Arena in the early morning and had come within an ace of going to the bottom.

It was 3 o'clock this morning when the vessel, bound to San Francisco from Eureka crowded with passengers, was cautiously feeling her way through a thick fog near Point Arena. For some reason yet unexplained, the lighthouse whistle was as silent as the grave. A strong current was running and the greatest caution was being taken aboard the steamer.

Suddenly with a crash the steamer impaled herself on the rocky reef which juts out from the land at this point, the rocks which have sent many good vessels to the depths. In an instant the passengers hurried to their eight attire to the deck, but Captain Swanson with quick orders prevented a serious panic.

The vessel caught a moment in the rocks, and then, caught by a great wave, rose higher in the air and settled higher up on the rocks. The situation looked desperate, and life preservers were seized and the lifeboats swung into position.

Another great wave caught the ship and threw her clear of the reef. The captain manned the pumps, reassured the passengers and brought the vessel safely into the harbor. She shows two gaping wounds and will be out of commission for a considerable period.

ANFLOOS KNOWS NO SULTAN.

Berber Chief Gives Short Reply to British Consul's Protest.

London, Sept. 11.—The Times' Tangier correspondent says there is considerable anxiety at the foreign legations and in official circles regarding the events at Mogador, from which there has been no news since the dispatch of September 4, asking for assistance, were received.

"The troops were only persuaded to embark from here," the correspondent declares, "by promises of an opportunity for deserting on their arrival at Mogador."

"A resident of Mogador, who arrived here by steamer, says that the Berber chief Anfloos has captured the town, has forced all the Jews into the Jewish quarter and is putting his own people into the vacant houses. One British subject protected a Jewish merchant, who had refused to abandon his house and had been forcibly evicted. When the consul protested and asked Anfloos if he had the sultan's authority, Anfloos replied that he acknowledged no sultan. This passenger reports that the entire garrison of Mogador went to Anfloos, but that apparently no lives had been lost."

BOARDED BY MEXICANS.

Master of American Fishing Smack Compelled to Show Cargo.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The State department has received a dispatch from the manager of the Gulf Fisheries company requesting that action be taken for the protection of the American vessels fishing in the Gulf of Mexico. Upon the arrival yesterday at Galveston of the Hatteras, a fishing smack belonging to the Gulf Fisheries company, from American waters, her commander stated that he was held up by a Mexican gunboat August 25, while several miles off the triangular reef in the middle of the Gulf of Campeche, that armed Mexican marines boarded his vessel and required him to show his papers, and to display a part of his cargo of fish, which he said he had caught in the open sea.

It was said at the State department tonight that the case would be referred to the solicitor for an investigation and report.

Gomez is for Republic.

Manila, Sept. 11.—Dominador Gomez, at a political rally yesterday, declared that England, France and Germany would recognize a Filipino republic. Gomez made the above declaration in response to a request for an accounting of money collected. It is further said that the money has been used in sending cablegrams to Europe, to create a sentiment in favor of a Filipino republic and that favorable replies had been received. Gomez, late Thursday, was released from jail on bail. He was arrested for slandering.

Gale in the Bermudas.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Sept. 11.—Great damage has been done by a gale that has been raging over the island for the past 48 hours. The wind is blowing 70 miles an hour and many buildings on the outskirts of the city have been damaged. Fifty small crafts have been wrecked and up to the present time two lives are reported to have been lost. The tug boat Carona caught fire today and burned to the water's edge. The fire spread to the docks and for a time it was feared that the city would be destroyed.

Whaler Lost in Arctic.

New Bedford, Mass., Sept. 11.—News of the loss of the San Francisco whaling steamer Alexander in the Arctic was received today in a telegram from Captain James A. Tilton, the commander of the vessel, to his wife, who is a resident of this city. The telegram was sent from Nome, Alaska, and gave no details further than saying that the crew was safe. The Alexander, although hailing from San Francisco, was manned by a New England crew.

Jewish Refugees Coming.

London, Sept. 11.—Two thousand Jewish women and children, Russian refugees, passed through London Sunday. They are on the way to New York, their expenses being paid by the Russian Relief association, as nearly all are penniless. Their grown male relatives were nearly all murdered in the recent Jewish massacre in Russia.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

BIG SALE OF GOATS.

Polk County Sends Eight Hundred Angoras to Washington.

Independence—Last week 700 fine buck lambs, for which a good price was paid, were shipped from Independence to Wyoming for breeding purposes. This week 800 fine Angora goats were shipped from here to the state of Washington. The goats were held here several days awaiting cars for shipment. Hundreds of men have looked at the band and all pronounce it the finest large collection of goats ever seen in the West. The purchasers were Carson & Littlejohn, of Steilacoom, Wash. The goats were bought up by Boothby & Lewis.

Goat and sheep raisers of Polk county are learning that it pays better to raise the pure bred than common animals, for the demand for Polk county Angoras and Lincoln and Cotswold sheep now exceeds the supply. The Riddell and Stamp sheep and goat farms, in particular, have national fame, especially since carrying away top premiums at the St. Louis fair. Fancy prices are received for much of the livestock shipped out of Polk lately. As much as \$100 is often obtained for a single "billy" goat, and as high as \$5 a pound has been realized for the mohair.

What seemed to be extravagant investments in imported sheep and goats a few years ago are now bringing their reward.

The goats just shipped out will be put on the big stock farm of Carson & Littlejohn, near Steilacoom.

"I hope to see the Angora goat business built up in Washington like it is in this state," says Mr. Carson. "We have only about 30,000 goats in Washington, and we may just as well have a million."

Coal Mine Bonded.

Medford—The recently discovered coal mine on Rim Rock of Roxy Anne, the mountain east of Medford, has been bonded to the proprietors of the Blue Lodge copper mine, who will put a force of men supervised by R. P. Little, at work running three tunnels into the mountain to determine the extent of the measure. R. S. Towne, of the Blue Lodge company, having concluded the coal was of good enough quality to use in the smelter of the Blue Lodge. Mr. Towne has also made arrangements to drill for oil on the land bonded by the coal mine people.

Denaturized Alcohol Plant.

Portland—By January 31 there will be located within ten miles of Portland a plant manufacturing denaturized alcohol, the establishment of which will mean an expenditure of \$100,000. The plant is to be started as soon as land for the purpose is secured. This statement was authorized by J. B. Laber, secretary of the board of trade, who says the bond has been working on the proposition for some time, but cannot disclose the identity of the promoters until the preliminaries are arranged.

Will Fight for Damages.

Eugene—The petition in the matter of opening the Lucky Boy road, in the Blue mountain mining district, to public travel has been granted by the Lane county Commissioners' court. The claim of the Lucky Boy Mining company for \$10,000 damages was turned down, and the attorneys for the company state that they will fight for the amount in the courts. They were willing to compromise the matter, and it is said they would have accepted \$5,000.

Leases Sheep and Lands.

Pendleton—Robert Stanfield, of Butler creek, has just completed a contract, by which he will lease for a period of five years all the sheep and grazing lands owned by Joe Vey, of Butler creek. There is about 20,000 acres of the land and nearly 30,000 head of sheep. Mr. Stanfield will immediately take charge of the property, and Mr. Vey, it is understood, will take a trip to Europe. It is understood that Mr. Stanfield will pay \$7,000 per year for the use of the property besides all taxes and expenses.

Fine Crops in Benton.

Corvallis—Threshing operations will be ended in this vicinity by the middle of the week. The crop, according to the statement of well known threshing machine man, is the best he has had to do with for a dozen years. Fields of wheat of 40 bushels and 50 bushels of oats were not infrequent. The best oat crop he threshed was 55 bushels, though other fields in the vicinity went as high as 65 and better.

University Instructor Resigns.

University of Oregon, Eugene—Professor James Hyde, who has been head of the department of mines and mining, has resigned and will be at the head of a large mining concern in Mexico. Professor Hyde has been with the University for three years, and was obliged to resign on account of trouble with his eyes. Dr. H. B. Leonard has been selected as an assistant instructor in mathematics. He is a University of Chicago graduate, and comes to Oregon from the University of Colorado.

Sells Big Ranch.

Eugene—E. J. Crow, who has been in the stockraising business in the Spencer butte country, six miles south of Eugene, for the past 25 years, making a success of it and acquiring 1,100 acres of land, has sold his farm to O. B. Bennett and W. L. Fieldie, of Colorado Springs, for \$18,000. Mr. Crow will reside in Eugene and retire from active business life.

Students Are Hop Picking.

Chemawa—The 450 of the Indian boys and girls at the school here are all out picking the hops in the nearby yards. The boys go into camp while the girls are in the care of the teachers, and come back to the school each evening. The school management could have placed out 1,500 more girls and boys in the hop fields of the neighborhood.

FORTUNES IN ORCHARDS.

Fruit Grower's Opinion of Hood River Apple Land.

Hood River—The prices now made public by independent buyers for Hood River Newtown and Spitzberg apples have caused apple growers to do some figuring. A well known apple man, who is an authority on this subject, in talking about the matter, said:

"At the prices this year for the different sizes of Spitzberg, which were \$3, \$2.75, \$2.50 and \$2.25 per box, growers obtained an average price of \$2.40. Placing the yield of 7-year-old Spitzberg trees, planted 65 trees to the acre, at five boxes to the tree, we will get 365 boxes to the acre. A 20-acre orchard on this basis will produce 7,300 boxes, which, at the average price of \$2.40, gives us \$15,600 for our season's work."

"The prices for Newtowns so far announced are \$2.25, \$2 and \$1.75 per box. This gives us an average of \$2 per box. But the Newtown is more profitable than the Spitzberg, and produces seven boxes to the tree instead of five, giving us 55 boxes to the acre, or 9,100 boxes for a 20-acre orchard. As can easily be seen, the earnings on a 20-acre Newtown orchard this year at these prices will be \$18,200."

"While these figures are large, they are based on the yield of comparatively young trees which have not yet reached their full bearing maturity. A full bearing orchard can be safely depended on, I think, to produce 500 boxes of apples to the acre, as I know of several in the valley that now do it. Figuring on a basis of trees in full maturity, and with a large proportion of the crop composing the larger sizes, as it does this year, it is not very difficult to determine the profits of the apple business in the future."

Beat Harvesters Needed.

La Grande—Preparations are going forward to start the fall run at the sugar factory about September 20. Growers are anxious for a good rain as the present drought will render the digging slow and unsatisfactory. To get sufficient help at the present time is a grave problem and lively hustling in the valley that is being done. The yield so heavy that a much larger force than usual will be required to handle the crop. It is predicted that unless more help can be procured than the present outlook justifies, many tons of beets will remain in the ground for the want of harvesters.

New Instructor at Forest Grove.

Forest Grove—Professor F. W. Orr has been selected to fill the chair in the public speaking department in Pacific university. While a student in college he won the medal in two oratorical contests, and was a member of a successful debating team. Professor Orr studied at the Boston School of Oratory, and has had graduate work at Harvard. During the last two years he has taught in an institution in Virginia. At the present time he is taking special work at the Harvard summer school.

Drilling Well at Culver.

Culver—The well being drilled by D. W. Barnett two miles north of Culver is down 330 feet and has 35 feet of water in it. Drilling will be continued in hopes of getting a stronger flow nearer the surface. What is already in the well, however, will be very acceptable as water has to be hauled for stock and domestic purposes on this farm, which at one time had water flowing on the surface, but a number of years ago the surface water disappeared.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Club, 62@63c; bluestem, 65@66c; valley, 65@68c; red, 60@61c. Oats—No. 1 white, \$2.50@2.55; gray, \$2.15@2.20 per ton. Barley—Feed, \$20@21 per ton; brewing, \$21.50@22; rolled, \$22. Rye—\$1.35 per cwt. Corn—Whole, \$27; cracked, \$28 per ton. Hay—Valley timothy, No. 1, \$10@11 per ton; Eastern Oregon timothy, \$12@14; clover, \$7@7.50; cheat, \$7@7.50; grain hay, \$7; alfalfa, \$10; vetch hay, \$7@7.50.

Fruits—Apples, common, 25@50c per box; fancy, 75@1.25; grapes, 50@1.25 per crate; peaches, 75@1.10; pears, 50@1.15; plums, fancy, 50@75c per box; common, 25@75c; blackberries, 6@8c per pound; crab apples, 1@1.25 per box. Melons—Cantaloupes, 25c@31c per crate; watermelons, 1c per pound; casabas, \$2.50 per dozen.

Vegetables—Beans, 5@7c; cabbage, 13@20c per pound; celery, 90c per dozen; 1 1/2c per dozen; cucumbers, 15c per dozen; egg plant, 10c per pound; lettuce, head, 25c per dozen; onions, 10@12 1/2c per dozen; peas, 4@5c; bell peppers, 12 1/2@15c; radishes, 10@15c per dozen; spinach, 2@3c per pound; tomatoes, 25@50c per box; parsley, 25c; squash, \$1@1.25 per crate; turnips, 90c@1.15 per sack; carrots, \$1@1.25 per sack; beets, \$1.25@1.50 per sack.

Onions—New, 1 1/2@1 3/4c per pound. Potatoes—Oregon Burbank, 70@80c; sweet potatoes, 2 1/2c per pound. Butter—Fancy creamery, 25@27 1/2c per pound. Eggs—Oregon ranch, 26@28 1/2c per dozen. Poultry—Average old hens, 13 1/2@14c per pound; mixed chickens, 13@13 1/2c; spring, 14@15c; old roosters, 9@10c; dressed chickens, 14@15c; turkeys, live, 16@21c; turkeys, dressed, choice, 21@22 1/2c; geese, live, 8@10c; ducks, 13@15c.

Veal—Dressed, 5 1/2@8c per pound. Beef—Dressed, 3c per pound; cows, 4 1/2@5 1/2c; country steers, 5@6c. Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 7@8c per pound; ordinary, 5@6c; lambs, fancy, 8@8 1/2c. Pork—Dressed, 7@8 1/2c per pound. Hops—1906 contracts, 17@20c per pound; 1905, nominal; 1904, nominal. Wool—Eastern Oregon average best, 15@19c per pound, according to shrinkage; valley, 20@22c, according to shrinkage; mohair, choice, 28@30c per pound.

MAY NOT SECURE CHINESE.

Oriental Not Anxious to Help Dig Panama Canal.

New York, Sept. 10.—Charles Yip Tin, the Pierpont Morgan of China, is in this country investigating the operation of the American railroad systems. He is an Americanized Chinaman, who is a financial and political power in China, having recently been created a taotai by the emperor. Speaking of the plan to build the Panama canal with coolie labor, he said today:

"It is easy for your president to say the solution of the labor problem on the Panama canal may be met by the importation of Chinese coolies. It is quite another matter to get coolies in any great number to work on your great enterprise under the conditions named. Neither my government nor my people are anxious to further this work. The government realizes that the coolies would not receive the same consideration shown the laborers of other nationalities and the common people themselves have become thoroughly conversant with all the details of your exclusion laws, of the climatic perils of Panama and of the bonding scheme affecting coolie laborers on the canal. I think I can sum up your feelings best by saying that they will not help you \$10,000 worth of American prosperity at the expense of \$1 worth of Chinese labor and suffering."

"If the United States must have laborers' lives to sacrifice why not employ a few of the thousands of other foreigners who are admitted to your country at this port every year? We know the value of our labor and intend to keep it at home as much as possible."

UNCLE SAM KEEPING WATCH.

Fear Grows That Intervention Alone Can Restore Peace.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The State department is keeping in close touch with conditions in Cuba. The feeling grows that the time when there must be intervention is not far distant. If the insurgents make any headway in their movement upon Havana or manifest any disposition to interfere with the vast American interests in the island, Uncle Sam will take a hand. Officials decline to discuss the subject.

The government will act promptly in preventing filibustering expeditions, but it does not want to send forces into Cuba until that government has plainly demonstrated to the world that it is unable to cope with conditions and properly protect foreign interests.

NEW SLATE FOR CABINET.

Attorney General Moody Soon to Advance to Supreme Bench.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Political wisecracks who have been predicting that Attorney General Moody would soon retire to private life are all agog at the report that he is to be elevated to the Supreme bench. They now claim they have inside information on what will be done. This is the way they have it for this year.

W. H. Moody from attorney general to supreme bench; C. J. Bonaparte from Navy department to attorney general; George Von L. Meyer from St. Petersburg to Navy department; Leslie M. Shaw to retire from the cabinet and Postmaster General Cortelyou to succeed him.

WAR MUNITIONS FOR CUBA.

Steamer Leaves New York With Arms for Palma's Troops.

New York, Sept. 10.—The Cuban government steamer Maria Herrera, which has been loading arms and ammunition at the foot of Forty-second street, South Brooklyn, the past week, sailed this evening, supposedly for Havana. The vessel's departure was unexpected, as Senator Alderman, the Cuban official who was in charge of her, said he would not leave New York before Tuesday or Wednesday. According to Acting Consul General Antonio Altamira, she was to ship 800 tons of arms, equipment and other munitions of war. At noon today scarcely one-fourth of her cargo had been put on board.

Oil Bothers Warship Engines.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The Louisiana, designated as the "most modern battleship," which is now undergoing her "shaking down" process, has been obliged to steam slowly because oil gets into the boilers and causes trouble. This condition of affairs has afflicted a number of other vessels, and alterations have been made in the machinery to obviate the difficulty. The dynamo engines are run the entire 24 hours of the day, and are lubricated by a spray oil, which gets mixed with the steam that is sent into the condenser.

Aniline Dyes Are Barred.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Candy manufacturers all over the country are protesting because the Agricultural department has determined to bar aniline dyes in candies under the pure food law. These dyes are used extensively in candies and the manufacturers insist that prohibition of them will hurt their business. Dr. Wiley maintains other dyes will do as well, though more expensive, and points out that the best medical authorities here and abroad have declared the aniline dyes harmful to the kidneys.

Make Sultan Take Medicine.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Ambassador Leishman expects to be received by the sultan of Turkey at an early date. The State department today received a dispatch from Leishman saying that the sultan has recovered from his illness and would give an audience to the French and British ambassadors. After receiving these foreign representatives, it is believed the sultan can offer no further reason for not permitting Mr. Leishman to present his credentials.

Reformed Spelling Illegal.

Washington, Sept. 10.—A local lawyer declares that President Roosevelt's simple spelling order may prove illegal. He says that over a score of years ago congress passed a joint resolution, which became a law, recognizing Webster's unabridged dictionary as the standard for government spelling, and that a Supreme court decision afterward affirmed the act. The records are now being examined.

ALL OVERTURES FAIL.

Cuban Insurgents Assume Aggressive With Force.

ARMISTICE MET WITH DYNAMITE.

Guerrera Blows Up Railroad Bridges and Issues Ultimatum—Hopes of Peace Now Gone.

Havana, Sept. 8.—All peace overtures are blocked by the refusal of Pino Guerrera, the insurgent leader in Pinar del Rio province, to enter into any arrangement for an armistice, Guerrero's answer to the government's announcement of its agreement to grant a ten days' armistice is the blowing up of two bridges on the Western railway, cutting railway communication beyond Pinar del Rio city, and an attack on San Juan de Martinez.

It is said here tonight that San Juan de Martinez is in the hands of the insurgents, and that the garrison, consisting of 100 government recruits and a small force of mounted rural guards, had been defeated or captured.

The fact that other leaders of the insurgent forces are willing to agree to an armistice can have little effect so long as Guerrero is determined to prosecute the war, and there is slight doubt in any quarter that Guerrero can control the situation in his own region. His force is reported by all those who have visited him recently as ranging from 3,000 to 4,000 men, all of them well mounted and some of them well and others indifferently armed. The government force opposed to him, which is under command of Colonel Avalos, comprises about 1,000 men. It was reinforced at 7 o'clock this evening by Lieutenant Colonel Clews with 1,250 men and three machine guns from Havana. Colonel Avalos' force, with the exception of small detachments left at San Juan de Martinez and San Luis, is at Pinar del Rio city, but is without means of transportation to go to the relief of San Juan de Martinez. Not more than 400 of them are mounted.

General Menocal said today that Guerrero evidently had not been informed that the government had actually, although informally, granted an armistice, adding that a second committee had been sent to him, but could not reach him before tomorrow. The fact is, however, that Guerrero refuses point blank to accept an armistice except on condition that the last presidential and congressional elections shall be annulled. That the government should consent to this is out of the question, and tonight prospects point to a continuance of the war.

PLANS FOR PANAMA TRIP.

President and Party Will Go to Isthmus in November.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Arrangements are in progress for the trip of President Roosevelt to the Isthmus of Panama this fall. The start will be made early in November. Three weeks will likely be consumed. It is, of course, the president's desire to complete his inspection of the canal work and reach here before congress convenes December 3. That the journey may be made safely and expeditiously, the Navy department will provide three warships.

Detailed plans have not been completed, but it is likely that the president, Secretary Taft, and other guests will occupy a first class battleship, the members of the Canal commission another, and newspaper representatives a third, which is to be a cruiser. This will enable the president and party to make the trip in comfort, give them healthy accommodations while on the isthmus and incidentally provide against the possibility of delay through accident to any of the ships.

Both Against State Union.

Bisbee, Ariz., Sept. 8.—As a result of the conventions held here today by both the Democratic and Republican parties of Arizona, Mark Smith, of Tucson, was named as the Democratic candidate for congress and W. C. Cooper, of Globe, as the Republican candidate. Both parties adopted an identical resolution as follows: "We are unalterably opposed to joint statehood between Arizona and New Mexico, and would prefer to remain a territory forever than to have a joint state with New Mexico."

Divers Find the Leak.

Bellingham, Sept. 7.—The United States cruiser Boston, damaged September 3 on Peapack rock, will make a start for the Bremerton navy yard tomorrow morning under her own steam. The divers today discovered the leak in the hull for which they have been searching. It is well under the bottom and is four feet long. One of the plates was broken and the ends overlapped, making it difficult to stop the flow of water. Oakum wrapped in canvas was inserted in the crack, and this was compressed with hydraulic jacks.

American Flag as Protection.

Tampa, Fla., Sept. 7.—General Accveda, a Cuban military officer, has arrived here on a government mission to ascertain the real attitude of Cubans in Tampa regarding the Cuban revolution. Two firms in Tampa have about 40,000 head of cattle on Cuban ranges, which are valued at \$500,000. One firm purchased large numbers of American flags and displayed them about its Cuban ranges, hoping thus to prevent depredations on property.

Will Work for Joint Statehood.

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 7.—The Republican territorial committee this afternoon endorsed the Hamilton joint statehood act by a vote of 35 to 10 and appointed a subcommittee of five to work with a like committee from the Democrats. It is probable that the opposition to statehood will fight indorsement in the convention, which will be held in Las Vegas September 29.

EXPOSES LAND FRAUD.