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## MORRIS BROTHERS, Inc. <br> The Premier Municipal Bond House MORRIS BUULDING, 309.311 Stark St.




THE EMPIRE'S VINEYARD
Asset Worth Millions to New South Wales
New South Wales has been aptly called "The Empire's Vineyard" on count of the wonderful vine-covered glopes dotted about the varlous portions期 means of bringling prosperity to so many fortunate settlers. So far only a very small portion of the vineyard has been exploited, but
district stands out in the full bloom of success as a glowing example of State's potentialitities in that direction. That district is the Hunter River Valley, about 150 milies north from
sydney, where many of the vineyards have been in the possession of the ame families for throe generations, and where the state Minster for Lands his laudable policy of giving the soldier his best chance of making good.
Vignerons are notably a fine men type of peoplegrowng this certainly applies to Vignerons are notably a fine type of people nad this certainly applies to
the Hunter River growers and their familles. There bis familtes are reared
comfortably and happily among the plicturescue vineyards. One grower, who comfortably and happily among the plcturesque vineyards. One grower, who
has a very large and tlouribing vineyard, does not need to employ any labor Another settler whose vineyards and cellars are among the "shows"
the district is a man well on in yefrrs who has found wine-growing a safe an he district is a man well on in yefrrs who has found wine-growing a safe and
rofitable harborage atter years of struggling. Up till ten years ago he wen through all the batting and endeavor that is the lot of so many men faced
with the task of rearing a large family on a small area, for he had ten chidren.
The farm was not sufficient and there was the uival dependence upon contracting and other work awny from home. Then this settler managed to
enter the ranka of the winegrowers and from then on his lite story was a
lirighter one. He now has 74 acres under vines and they amply support him righter one. He now has 74 acres under vines and t
nd seven of his sons, two of whom are married, and
mount of outside labor durling the picking season.
These 74 acres furnish a fine proof of the closer settlement capablittes
vine growing, for the same land devoted to any other land industry could
Thive such satisfactory ressults.
This setter says that there has never been a total fallure any year as with other crops, and the normal yield in
lown at from two to tiree tons per acre.
$\qquad$ supply will not meet the demand, and if New South Wales is to benefit by
ho magnificent export tradea now offering, the areal under vines must be
noreased a hundredfold Great Britain imports $12,000,000$ gallons or wine per annum; the yearly
Grease a hudredits Or Australian wines, and it is to be expected that future British tariffs will provide for preference within thee Empire.
Australta is the neareat wine.growing country to the East, and a market
for its wines was found there during the war. In prewar days Germany, Prance and California supplied that market.
But quality counts with wine: price is not the main thing, For instance,
Noumea, in New Caledonin, is a small place but its population fs largely Voumea, in New Caledonia, is a suall place but its population is largely
rench and it consimes about $1,000,000$ gallons of wine a year. Recently a French and it consumes bout $1,000,000$ gallons of wine a year. Recently a
Sydiney firm had an order from Noumea for 2,000 hogsheads of wino for four
years $-120,000$ gallons a year-at $\$ 1.10$ per aallon. Owing to the limited supply years $-120,000$ gallons a year-at 31.10 per sallon. 0 wing to the limited supply
and the rich prospecta of the trade, the offer conidd not be accepted. Australlan wine has eatablished a favorible name in London and one
factor in making that reputation was that the medical men of Great Britain ractor in making it widely.
recommended
No rural induatry offers better promise at the present time. Where other
and No rural industry offers better promise at the present time. Where other
industrees are troubled as to the future- -eedlesty or otherwise-the wine
grower has the gairantee of a definita price for the next ten yearis at teast. grower has the guarantee of a definite price for the next ten years at least.
It is estimated that there are upwards of eighty millions of dollars incested in the wine-growing induntry in Australia and many millions of dollars
aro waiting to be made out of the yet untiled portion of the Empire's Yineyy in this sunilt section of the Continent.




## TIALY WUIS PAIIS Prade curferlile

Wilson Edict on Fiume Angers Italian Delegation.

ORLANDO GIVES WORD

Entire Delegation Returnas Home a
Result of President's Stand-
No Demands Yielded.

Paris.-(By the Assoclated Pross.) -Premier Orlando of Italy Wednesday evening addressed an official communication to Premler Clemenceau.
president of the peace conference, say. president of the peace conference, say
Ing that as a result of the declaration by President wison the Itallan dele gation had decided to leave Paria.
It was learned at Italian headguar ters that the Itallan delegates were first apprised of President Wulson's atement when it appeared in the at once sent a note to Premlers Lloyd
George and Clemenceau aeting them George and Clemenceau asking them
If they thought it possble, after the it they thought it possibe, after the
publication of this document, that the itallans could remain in the peace conParta
Paris, -1 t is said that Premter Lloyd Porge of Great Brituin approved of
resident Wilson's statement without eserve and that Premier Clemenceau as described it as "admirable" and
na sald that he "would not change word."
It is expluinod that the reason Mr oyd George and M. Clemenceau did Jat the statement was the fact t London.
Paris. - President wilson emphat1. By dechared Wednesday that he lon. His declaration has created the nost profound sensation in the peace auntlet to the supporters of docet eaties in a manner which almost tho have been urbing compromises on oints covered by many secret docu-
ents and at variance with the prest ments and at vari
dent's 14 polnts. President Willson's sweeping declaration, while almed directly at the
Adriatic problem, also reaches the
Kilus ant-Chau controversy, in which Jaith, Great Britain, France and laly 1917 to suppor, her in her claimm to
he concessions held by Germany in The pee
The peace delegates generally re-
card President Wilson's statements an
 articipating in the war were ignorant,
re to figure in the peace following armistice in which all the allieg
dedged gave no regard to NATIONAL GUARD TO FORM ON NEW BASIS thaington, D. C.- Reconstruction
the national gurrd was actually started Thursday when the war de-
partment, through the bureau of millary affairs, authorized the organiza:
lon of seven regiments and one extra battalion of infantry, one a quaudron of
cavalry and 18 companies of coast arThe state of New York was author ed to raise four regiments of infancompunies of const artlllery. New cegiment of infantry and two compa
Ies of coast artllery, ohto two reglnents of infantry and Oregon one bat const artillery. These new units are intended to re-
phace state troops, which, under sec-
tion 61 of the mational defense act, tion 61 of the national deftensers acct,
amnot be legally malntained by the tates in time of peace. That section
robibits the maintenance of troops except those prescribed in the
act-regulars and national kuard.
$\qquad$
Paris.-The supreme coonomic counblacklist, lieensing and rationing sys-
tems as applied to neutrals, thereb. crowning the efforts of the American delegates for the removal of wartime
restritions on trate. This decifion will grant freedom of intercourse with commerce wo urgently required b
trade and tudustry throughout the
world has been almost impondtet world has been almost impossible.

