

# WORLD HAPPENINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume Most Important Daily News Items.

COMPILED FOR YOU

Events of Noted People, Governments and Pacific Northwest and Other Things Worth Knowing.

With every county in Ohio having reported officially, prohibition in Ohio has been defeated by a majority of 1723 on the face of returns.

A United States patrol boat which went ashore on the sand flats in the harbor of a Pacific port during a heavy fog, was floated a few hours later. The ship was not damaged.

San Diego's city council has passed a resolution granting to the United States Marine Corps the use of about 30,000 acres of city lands in the northwestern part of the city for maneuvering grounds.

The German emperor arrived Sunday at the Italian war theater, where he met Emperor Charles and King Ferdinand, according to a Gorizia dispatch. He congratulated Emperor Charles on his escape from drowning.

In the month of October the entente powers lost 244 airplanes and nine balloons, according to the official statement issued by the German war office. The German losses in battle were 57 airplanes and one balloon in this period.

At a meeting of the new Fatherland party in Munich Monday, Admiral von Tirpitz, former German minister of marine, made a violent annexationist speech. He said the question whether Germany or England became the protector of Belgium would be the decisive issue of the war.

The latest rise in the price of food in New York will affect pet dogs at several leading hotels. Announcement was made Tuesday that the price of dog food has been raised to equal that charged for guests, shinsbones 50 cents apiece and chopped meats from 20 cents a pound to 75 cents.

The group of American aviators comprising the Lafayette Flying Corps soon will be incorporated into the American army, a majority of the men receiving officers' commissions. The formal transfer by the French government, which already had expressed approval of the action, is expected daily.

Resolutions urging the appropriation by congress of not less than \$1,000,000,000 to build "an emergency air fleet of huge war planes" to offset the mobility of German forces on their interior lines of communication were adopted at the annual meeting of the Aero Club of America in New York Tuesday.

An attempt to hold a meeting of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Terms of Peace in Duluth, Minn., Tuesday night, resulted in the arrest of Professor Scott Nearing, of Toledo, chairman of the executive committee of the council. Nearing was turned over to the Federal authorities.

In an open letter to "all men working in and around the copper mines, mills and smelters of the United States and Canada," made public in Denver, Colo., Charles H. Moyer, president of the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, appeals to the loyalty of working men to assure a maximum production and thorough co-operation with the government in fulfilling the country's needs.

The Australian government has decided to hold another referendum on the question of conscription.

Venice, Italy, is not alarmed over the invasion of the Austro-Germans and the shops are kept open for business as usual.

West Texas cattle raisers and bankers have sought government intervention as a result of the long drought which threatens the lives of thousands of cattle, sheep and goats.

The run of silversides at Gardiner, which has been exceedingly light the past two weeks, is increasing and the fishing fleet is out in full force.

The old saying about the shoemaker's children going barefooted is well illustrated in the case of J. H. Chambers, of Cottage Grove, who has sold thousands of cords of wood during the past year, but now finds himself without a dry stick of wood for his own use, owing to a fire that recently destroyed his mill.

Fifteen years in a Federal penitentiary was the sentence handed out Thursday to E. Wangerin, of St. Paul, in the first conviction by a general courtmartial at the Camp Dodge, Ia., cantonment. Wangerin refused to obey orders.

The quotas from various Western universities and colleges designated to enter the third series of training camps for commissions as second lieutenants were announced at headquarters of the Western department of the army in San Francisco Friday. The camps open January 5, 1918.

## LABOR'S DUTY TOLD

President Wilson Addresses American Federation of Labor and Appeals for Unity in All War Work.

Buffalo, N. Y.—President Wilson in a forceful address here Monday before the American Federation of Labor appealing to the working men of the United States for co-operation in the conduct of the war made it clear that he opposes peace until the war against Germany has been won.

The President declared that his heart was with "the feeling of the pacifists," but that "my mind has a contempt for them."

"I want peace but I know how to get it and they do not," he declared. Colonel E. M. House head of the American delegation to the allied war conference, the President said, had been sent to take part in a conference as to how the war was to be won, "and he knows, as I know, that that is the way to get peace if you want it for more than a few minutes."

The 450 delegates to the convention and the several thousand persons admitted to the hall to hear the President speak arose and applauded this declaration with a tremendous burst of cheers. Another demonstration of approval came when he said: "We must stand together, night and day, until this job is finished."

The President, while devoting his address to problems for the people of the United States, laid emphasis upon the broader phases of the world's conflict in a way that seemed that his speech was possibly intended as a message to the people of Germany, of Austria and of Russia, as well as of the United States. He declared his belief that it was not for the Pan-Germans the spirit of freedom would find "as fine a welcome in the hearts of the Germans as it can find in any other heart."

The President directly asserted that Germany had started the war and said he would leave confirmation of this statement to the verdict of history. He referred to Germany's growth to a "place in the sun" and asked why she was not satisfied when she gained that position.

## FORCE BREAD PRICES DOWN

Size and Contents of Loaves Will Be Standardized After Dec. 10.

Washington, D. C.—Definite steps to standardize bread and lower its price were taken Monday, when President Wilson issued a proclamation placing all bakeries under government license December 10 and subjecting them to food administration rules prescribing ingredients and weights of loaves. Prices will not be fixed, but with the standardization it is expected that competition and simplification of distribution will force down prices for pound loaves to 7 or 8 cents.

Fancy breads will be eliminated, and the multitude of sizes now produced will be reduced to four with standard ingredients. The weights will be one pound, one and one-half, and two and four pounds.

The loaves will have creases in the middle to permit their sale in halves. In baking only three pounds of sugar will be allowed for a barrel of flour instead of an average of six pounds now used, and two pounds of vegetable oil shortening must be used instead of six pounds of lard or oil. The food administration expects to save 100,000,000 pounds of sugar and the same amount of lard in this way. Bakers may use only skimmed milk for bread, and rolls will be permitted only if made in standard sizes, and of regulation bread dough.

Through the co-operation of the baking industry and also with the baking of the licensing system, Food Administrator Hoover hopes to work reforms in the present methods of distribution from wholesale bakeries to retailers and from retailers to customers. He will urge grocers, for instance, to buy regular quantities of bread, limiting their purchases to a single bakery instead of buying from four or five, as at present, and to make lower charges to customers who pay cash and carry their goods home than to those insisting on delivery and credit.

On the cash-and-carry basis, he says, bread can be sold at a profit of one cent a pound loaf. In addition, an attempt will be made to persuade wholesale bakeries to sell their products direct to customers who will pay cash and carry their purchases.

## Spruce Fires Set, is Theory.

Marshfield, Or.—Fighters who were engaged in subduing forest fires in the vicinity of Empire declared they found evidence of incendiaryism in several places. The fires were found chiefly at the roots of spruce trees, where it was discovered the fire had eaten deep into the mold among the tree roots. All indications pointed to the theory that oil had been poured on the trees to insure a good "catch."

The fires were in the district where the Southern Oregon company owns a fine body of spruce timber.

## Boys Get Taste of Gas.

With the American Army in France—the American infantrymen in the trenches and artillerymen in the gunpits have had their first real experience with gas shells. The Germans have let loose many during the past two days, making the use of gas masks necessary. Shrapnel also has been freely used by both sides. During a recent night the enemy machine guns were again turned on the American trenches, the Americans replying.

## KERENSKY REPORTED BEATEN AT CAPITAL

Battle of Tsarskoe-Selo Fought November 12.

## FIGHT REPORTS VARY

Copenhagen and Stockholm Newspapers Have News of Victory by Kerensky and Korniloff.

London—The complete defeat of Premier Kerensky and General Korniloff is announced in a Russian communication received here by wireless (which is in the hands of the rebels).

"Monday, after bitter fighting near Tsarskoe-Selo," says the statement, "the revolutionary army completely defeated the counter-revolutionary forces of Kerensky and Korniloff. In the name of the revolutionary government, I order opposition to all enemies of the revolutionary democracy and the taking of all measures necessary to effect the capture of Kerensky. I also forbid similar adventures which are endangering the success of the revolution and the triumph of the revolutionary army."

"MAURAVIEFF, Commander-in-chief of the Forces Acting Against Kerensky."

The communication goes on to say history will record the night of November 12. "The attempt of Kerensky to move counter-revolutionary forces against the capital of the revolution has received a decisive reply," it adds. "Kerensky is retiring and we are taking the offensive. The soldiers, sailors and workmen in Petrograd know how to impose and will impose with arms in their hands their will and the power of the democracy."

"The Bourgeoisie has endeavored to separate the army from the revolution. Kerensky has attempted to break it by the violence of Cossackdom. Both efforts have failed. The workmen's and peasants' great conception of the supremacy of the democracy has united the ranks of the army and has steeled its will."

Copenhagen—Premier Kerensky's troops are in control of part of Petrograd, especially the Nevsky Prospekt, according to a telegram received by the Stockholm News Agency and forwarded to Copenhagen. The Bolsheviks are said to have taken refuge in the Smolny Institute.

London—A report that loyal troops had occupied the Smolny Institute, the headquarters of the Bolsheviks, is denied in a dispatch by the Petrograd correspondent of the Daily Mail, dated Sunday noon. On the contrary, he says the place is being prepared to withstand a siege.

## ITALIANS DRIVE HUNS BACK

Battle Line Established and Defensive Warfare Begun.

Rome—Attacks by the Teutonic allies along the Asiago plateau front have been repulsed by the Italian army according to the official communication issued Tuesday. The communication adds that the enemy, with the aid of large boats, crossed the river at Zenson and established a bridgehead, but that they were repulsed by the Italians toward the river bank.

Italian headquarters in Northern Italy—A heavy and continuous bombardment is proceeding along the Lower Piave river, marking the opening stages of extensive operations on this new line. Whether a general engagement is imminent depends largely upon the enemy, as the Italians are now entrenched behind the river and fighting defensive tactics, with the stream and their re-established forces checking the further extension of the Austro-German offensive.

No longer is a secret made of the fact that the Piave is the line of defense to which the supreme command has been bending its energies steadily for the past ten days.

## Luxburg to Go Home.

Buenos Aires—The Argentine government has sent a torpedo-boat destroyer to the Island of Martin Garcia to bring to this port Count von Luxburg, the expelled German minister to Argentina, so that he may embark on a Dutch steamship for Amsterdam. The ex-minister will be kept under strict surveillance by the Buenos Aires authorities until he leaves the country.

Count Luxburg, after being handed his passports, was taken to the Martin Garcia detention camp on October 12.

## Whitman Advises Women.

Albany, N. Y.—Governor Whitman, addressing the annual meeting of the New York State Federation of Women's clubs Tuesday, told the women they would be unworthy of the franchise if their opposition to candidates for public office was based on the fact that such candidates had worked against the suffrage amendment or if they supported other candidates simply because the latter had aided the suffrage cause.

## SECOND DRAFT SOON

Machinery Ready and Foreword Written to Law by President—Plan Provides for Five Classes.

Washington—President Wilson formally started the new machinery for carrying out the selective draft bill into operation Monday with the publication of the foreword he has written to the regulations under which the second call will be made.

The regulations themselves and the questionnaires which more than 9,000,000 registrants will be required to fill out are being forwarded to local boards, but have not yet been made public.

War department officials estimate that the whole process can be completed within 60 days. This means that no second call will be made on the draft forces before the middle of next February, as the period for classification will not begin until December 15. The President describes the new plan of dividing all registered men not already mobilized into five classes, subject to military service by classes, as being intended to produce "a more perfect organization of our man power."

"The selective principle must be carried to its logical conclusion," the President said, and he added that there must be made a complete inventory of the qualifications of each registrant in order to determine "the place in the military, industrial or agricultural ranks of the Nation in which his experience and training can best be made to serve the common good."

The inquiry projected in the questionnaire will go deep into the qualifications of each of nearly 10,000,000 men. The success of the plan and its completion within the estimated time rests on the wholehearted support given by the people, especially by the doctors and lawyers of each community, and the President calls upon them for that unstinted aid.

## TROOP TRAINS ARE WRECKED; 3 DEAD

Canon City, Colo.—Three soldiers were killed and a number, probably 16, were injured in a rear end collision between two troop trains on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, about a mile west of Cotopaxi, a station near the Royal gorge, at 5:50 o'clock Monday morning.

The dead are: Chester P. Preston, first sergeant; Fred T. Whitehouse, musician; Guy B. Alexander, band leader.

All lived in Utah. It is believed all the injured will recover.

## REVOLT NEARING COLLAPSE

Kerensky is Returning to Petrograd at Head of Loyal Troops.

London—The Bolshevik revolution in Petrograd is reported to be approaching collapse. Regiments loyal to Premier Kerensky are marching on the capital and fighting is under way in the city, according to reports from Petrograd. An organization, which has adopted the name of All-Russian Committee for Saving the Country and the Revolution, announced that the defeat of the Bolshevik movement was a matter of days or hours only.

The town of Tsarskoe-Selo, 15 miles south of Petrograd, where ex-emperor Nicholas lived much of the time, is said to have been captured by loyal forces, after which the rebels retired to Petrograd in disorderly mobs.

Petrograd—Street fighting is proceeding constantly. Junkers loyal to the Kerensky government regained possession of the telephone station Monday morning. The exact whereabouts of the Kerensky army, which is reported to be approaching the city, is unknown.

## Finland in State of War.

Helsingfors, Finland—A state of war has been declared in Finland. The provisional soldiers' committee has appointed a sailor named Schiecks as commissary of Finland in place of Governor General Nekrasoff. The diet is in session and Russian representation in it has been completely ignored. Professor von Wendt, a delegate of the diet, has telegraphed President Wilson that owing to the poor harvest the country faces starvation unless food can be obtained in the United States.

## Deserters Resist Arrest.

Nashville, Tenn.—One man was killed and two were wounded at Huntsville Sunday when a sheriff's posse went to the home of Charles Whittaker to arrest one of his sons and Joseph Baker, charged with being deserters from the 144th Field artillery. One of the Whittaker boys, the alleged deserter, was wounded and the sheriff was shot in the hand. The other alleged deserter escaped. Cleave Whittaker was killed.

## War Plant Destroyed.

New York—New York City's waterfront was the scene of a disastrous fire when the factory of the Washburn Wire company, which was working on large war orders for the U. S. government, was destroyed Monday, with an estimated loss of nearly \$2,000,000. The patrolmen who discovered the fire declared they found three separate blazes at different places in the factory.

## GERMAN DRIVE IN ITALY IS CHECKED

Italian Army Makes Stand On Lower Piave River.

## ALLIED AID PROMPT

Generals Foch, Wilson and Cadorna, Are Confirmed as Permanent War Council to Sit at Versailles.

Berlin—The Austro-Hungarian troops which are carrying out the new offensive on the Trentino front were attacked Sunday by strong Italian detachments, which pressed them back at one point, the war office announces. The Italians have made a stand on the lower Piave river.

The city of Belluno, on the upper Piave, has been captured by Austro-German troops.

Paris—Premier Painleve returned Sunday from his visit with French and British officials to the Italian front, and expressed confidence in the victory of the forces of freedom.

A meeting of the war council was held in the afternoon. After the cabinet meeting a semi-official note was issued confirming the new establishment of a permanent inter-allied staff under Generals Foch, Wilson, and Cadorna, to sit at Versailles.

The note adds that nothing has impressed the Italian government and people more than the extraordinary celerity with which their allies arrived at this decision.

"It is the first time that unity of action on a united front has been truly realized," says the note. "Nothing will do so much to heighten the prestige of France."

The Matin says it was decided at the conference in Italy that France and Great Britain would increase the armed support already given to Italy, the effort to be shared equally by the two powers. The United States also has been considered, the newspaper says, in planning for future co-operation.

A Havas dispatch from Rome reports large number of troops and great quantities of war materials continue to arrive in the Trentino and Tyrol. (The Tyrol being in Austria, this evidently refers to Austro-German reinforcements.)

## QUEEN LILIUOKALANI IS DEAD

Last Hawaiian Sovereign Succumbs After Long Illness.

Honolulu, T. H.—Queen Liliuokalani, of Hawaii, whose death had been expected for several days, passed away Sunday morning, after a long illness.

In recent weeks Queen Liliuokalani had shown striking patriotism for the United States. She subscribed liberally for the Red Cross fund and the Liberty Loan. When news first came that a state of war had been declared, she hosted the Stars and Stripes over her residence in Washington Place, advising her former subjects to support the government of the United States to the fullest.

With the death of Queen Liliuokalani has passed the last vestige of royalty in the Hawaiian Islands. The eighth and last monarch to hold sway over the entire island group, she reigned for only two years and that brief flicker of sovereignty was extinguished more than 20 years ago in a revolution which led to the annexation of the islands to the United States. But notwithstanding her effacement from public affairs, Queen Liliuokalani never abandoned her regal pose nor lost the affection of her former subjects, and continued to her death a most interesting personality.

## "Wet" Majority Grows.

Cincinnati, O.—The close of election week for Ohio left the anti-prohibition forces with a lead of 1816 votes. The totals, which had waxed and waned for either side, Saturday stood: For prohibition, 522,226; against, 524,042. The official vote of Cuyahoga county (Cleveland), which showed a net gain of 819 wet votes over the unofficial figures, carried the anti-prohibition majority within hailing distance of 2000 and gave the wets what they asserted was ample proof that prohibition was defeated in Ohio.

## German Air Pilot Killed.

San Jose, Cal.—Emil C. Jahnsen, of Santa Clara, was the first American air pilot to bring down a hostile raiding airplane over London according to letters received by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Jahnsen. Young Jahnsen said he was wounded three times and his machine was struck 500 times by shots from the enemy's machine gun. He is recovering. The German pilot was killed and his observer captured.

## American Women Loyal.

Washington, D. C.—More than 10,000,000 American housewives, it was announced Saturday, now have pledged themselves to follow the food administrator's conservation directions. The pledges were obtained in a two weeks' intensive campaign. The exact number of pledges reported signed was 10,215,240, with returns incomplete.

## DRUGS EXCITE YOUR KIDNEYS, USE SALTS

If your Back hurts or Bladder bothers, drink lots of water.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salts which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking, and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.

The Bird Being an Ostrich. "Out of mere curiosity," says an exchange, "we would like to read Mr. Hoover's own daily menu." Judging from Herbert's lantern jaws and emaciated physique, he does not eat any more than a bird.—Exchange.

## Cheering.

"I understand the weather prophets are predicting an unusually cold winter." "That's good news. I never yet knew a weather prophecy dated three months ahead to come out right."—Washington Star.

## Fine Conformity.

"That penmanship teacher is very consistent in the way she arranges her face veil." "How do you mean?" "Don't you notice that in putting it on she always dots her eyes?"—Exchange.

## Laugh When People Step On Your Feet

Try this yourself then pass it along to others. It works!

Ouch ! ! ! ! This kind of rough talk will be heard less here in town if people troubled with corns will follow the simple advice of this Cincinnati authority, who claims that a few drops of a drug called freezone when applied to a tender, aching corn or hardened callous stops soreness at once, and soon the corn or callous dries up and lifts right off without pain. He says freezone dries immediately and never inflames or even irritates the surrounding skin. A small bottle of freezone will cost very little on any drug store, but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callous from one's feet. Millions of American women will welcome this announcement since the inauguration of the high heels. If your druggist doesn't have freezone tell him to order a small bottle for you.

## Salted With Fine Words.

"Where did you get that gold mine you are promoting? Who did the prospecting?" "No one; but we have a first-class man doing the prospecting."—Boston Transcript.

## SICK WOMAN HAD CRYING SPELLS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Enhaut, Pa.—"I was all run down and weak inwardly. I had nervous troubles and nervous feelings and my head bothered me. I would often have crying spells and feel as if I was not safe. If I heard anyone coming I would run and lock the door so they would not see me. I tried several doctors and they did not help me so I said to my mother 'I guess I will have to die as there is no help for me.' She got me one of your little books and my husband said I should try one bottle. I stopped the doctor's medicine and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It soon made a change in me and now I am strong and do all my work."—Mrs. AUGUSTUS BAUGHMAN, Box 86, Enhaut, Pa.



Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out and drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? If you would like free confidential advice address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.