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A. H. SPRAGUE, Special Agent, Standard Oil Company, Eugene, Oregon.

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MEN FROM CLASS OF 1918 LIKELY TO BE DRAFTED IN AUGUST

Lane County Quota in First Increment for Month Will Be 19, Word Received by Local Board.

Lane county may send registrants of the 1918 class into the military service of the nation in Oregon quotas, to be entered for Camp Fremont, Cal., during the five-day period beginning August 1. Oregon must furnish 400 men, with 19 as Lane county's share, in the first of the eagerly awaited August calls.

Boards which exhausted class one men of last year's registration, are authorized to resort to involuntary induction of the newly registered and classified youths. The privilege is also extended to the registrant of June 5 to enter the contingent of his board through voluntary induction.

Engineers at Camp Fremont.

Some divisions of the state will find it necessary to take men of the 1918 class, unless the number of volunteers is larger than expected, despite the fact that the quotas are small. This is the first call for Oregon men to proceed to Camp Fremont. Heretofore only engineer recruits have been sent there, and there is speculation as to whether or not training for an engineer division is to be given the draftees summoned.

In apportioning the quotas the adjutant general's office has passed the large wheat-growing counties.

Lane Is Asked for 19.

Quotas called from the specified boards are these:

Baker	10	Multnomah	7
Benton	6	Folk	8
Clackamas	19	Tillamook	5
Clatsop	16	Washington	13
Columbia	9	Wasco	7
Coos	18	Yamhill	9
Curry	2	Portland No. 1	25
Deschutes	4	Portland No. 2	25
Douglas	14	Portland No. 3	18
Hood River	2	Portland No. 4	15
Jackson	12	Portland No. 5	14
Josephine	3	Portland No. 6	21
Klamath	7	Portland No. 7	11
Lane	19	Portland No. 8	16
Linn	8	Portland No. 9	5
Malheur	8	Portland No. 10	21
Marion No. 1	12		
Marion No. 2	7	Total	400

The local Lane county board has received a special call for six chokermen and two head buckers. Special limited service men or volunteers from classes two, three and four, experienced sawmill and logging workers will be taken, to be sent into the spruce production of the signal corps, at Vancouver, Wash.

Volunteers will be accepted up to and including July 23, after which involuntary inductions will provide the remaining men needed.

PENETRATE HUN

LINES TWO MILES

(Continued from page one)

Agnes to La Chappelle-Mont Hodon, to Comblay, to Le Mesnil-Hutier, thence northeastward to the river. A gain of one kilometer (621 miles) at Le Mesnil-Hutier represents the total progress made by the enemy in two days of terrific fighting. Attacks and counter-attacks follow each other in bewildering succession, and are accompanied by unprecedented artillery fire.

Americans Held 20 Miles.

(This shows the Americans are holding an unbroken front of more than 20 miles south of the Marne. From Chateau-Thierry eastward to Mexy, five miles east and north of Chateau-Thierry, the Germans have been pushed back across the river and have not attempted to recross. From Mexy southeastward to St. Agnan, a distance of six miles, the Americans apparently are opposing the boches alone. From there eastward and northeastward they are brigaded with the French. La Chappelle-Mont Hodon is two miles directly east of St. Agnan. Comblay is four miles northeast of La Chappelle-Mont Hodon. Le Mesnil-

BE PRETTY! TURN GRAY HAIR DARK

Try Grandmother's Old Favorite Recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair: when faded, streaked in gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, for about 50 cents.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darken your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

Hutier is about four miles farther to the northeast and about two miles south of the Marne.)

The Americans' ability and dash in resisting attacks and in counter attacking has won the highest praise from the French officers. American bravery and initiative and French experience and gallantry, coupled with the most excellent artillery support, both by French and American guns, is what has held up the boches.

Along the Mont Mirail road, which the enemy expected to hold today, old men and women were peacefully working in gardens. The stoppage of the Germans by the Americans east of Chateau-Thierry upset the enemy program of operations toward Mont Mirail.

The attack today was centering against the French on the American right, in an apparent effort to reach Epernay.

Entire Regiments Annihilated.

As an instance of the German losses, prisoners said the American artillery wiped out one entire regiment before it was able to cross the Marne. Of a group of six boats, each holding 20 men, five were destroyed. The famous 6th grenadier regiment was utterly annihilated, every man being killed or captured. Three German divisions (36,000 men) were so demoralized that they have not appeared in the battle since the first day.

Extraordinary weather has marked the battle daily. Scorching sunshine has been succeeded by cloudiness and rain almost every hour, with monotonous regularity.

The latest information shows that 45 German divisions (520,000 men) are being used on the entire front.

American aviators have brought down another plane, raising their bag to seven.

The fighting in the fields and woods in the present battle of the Marne is most unusual. Companies, platoons and even groups of two or three men are waging their own warfare in clearing out the boches.

Sergeant Takes Many Captives.

Sergeant J. F. Brown, separated from his platoon, encountered the captain of another company. Pointing at four enemy machine guns, the captain said: "Let's get 'em."

The pair charged the nests, seemingly imperious to the hail of bullets, and killed or captured the crews of two of the guns. The prisoners were in their way, so Brown turned them over to the captain and cleaned up the other two guns alone, taking additional prisoners and smashing the pieces.

The captain had started back to the American lines with his captives. Brown followed some distance in his wake. The sergeant encountered a comrade, Corporal Pipp, who volunteered to guard the prisoners. Brown readily accepted, as he had just caught sight of a shallow section of trench, half filled with dead boches. The other half was filled with boches, too—very much alive.

Brown's automatic rifle had become so heated that he could hardly hold it. But he held it across his arm and started firing.

One of the Huns yelled "kamerad!"

Huns Have Enough.

"All right, come out," Brown replied, between shots. All of the Germans, numbering nearly a hundred, dropped their guns and surrendered.

Brown and Pipp again started for the rear and encountered other members of their platoon with prisoners. Brown took charge of them all. Once Brown and Pipp were surrounded, but they fought their way out with their automatic rifles.

At the edge of the wood, Brown's companions left him to "get some more Heinies," and he herded his prisoners along a shell-pitted road toward the rear, still clutching his trusty automatic. Arriving at headquarters, Brown made an accurate count of his bag for the first time. There were 150 of them, including a major, a captain and two lieutenants. The sergeant assured the commander he had a "receipt" and turned over a pistol and a pair of wire cutters he had taken from the major.

Brown had narrowly escaped death a number of times, as his uniform was torn with bullets. Early in the fighting his pack had been shot away from his back by shrapnel.

Incident Only One of Many.

Brown's feat was the climax of dozens of similar episodes. Eight Americans, captured by the boches, were taken to the north side of the river. They overpowered their guards, took valuable maps from a German officer, grabbed a boat and paddled back.

A single machine gunner saw two platoons of Huns advancing. The gun had been injured and he was unable to avenge it to bring them into the line of fire. Whipping out his automatic pistol, he fired several shots, picking off the Germans on one side and causing them to alter their course. This brought them within range of the machine gun. He then wiped them out.

Small groups of Germans filtered through the American lines near Mexy, but our line was not withdrawn. Instead, the Americans hunted down and killed or captured every boche.

One American trumpeter took command of his company when the captain became separated from them.

Roosevelt's Name Not Yet in Official Casualty List.

Washington, July 18.—General Pershing today reported 57 casualties, divided as follows:

Killed in action, 14; died of wounds, 10; died of disease, 6; died of accident and other causes, 2; wounded severely, 20; slightly, 1; missing in action, 4.

The name of Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt has not yet come through in the official list, either of killed or missing.

Washington, July 18.—Seven marines were named in today's casualty list, including three killed in action; one dead of wounds and three severely wounded.

It is the intention of the leaders of the Y. M. C. A. to extend the work in France to reach every group of American soldiers. This will require at least 10,000 secretaries. A campaign to recruit these men is now on.

STARRETT PLACED IN CLASS ONE OF DRAFT

Son of Millionaire Lumberman, Once Given Deferred Classification, Advanced.

Howard Starrett, son of the millionaire lumberman of the firm of Starrett & Hovey, has been placed in class one of the draft by the appeal board for the second district of Oregon.

Starrett, who has been in charge of the firm's extensive holdings in Lane county, was originally placed in class one, but was later given a deferred classification upon a showing that he was the head of a boom company which would be furnishing large quantities of logs to the mills. The district board has again placed him in class one, because no actual logging operations have been carried on.

Starrett has been in Detroit, Mich., for several months. The board in reclassifying him took the view that he is non-productive.

Starrett, in connection with his first classification in class one, appealed to the president, but the district board had reconsidered its action and placed him in class three before any action was taken in connection with this appeal.

The registrant left Lane county five or six months ago and has since been spending his time in Michigan, where he was taken ill with pneumonia, soon after his arrival in that state.

Mr. Starrett is the head of the Sinclair law firm company, which was recently granted a franchise for logging operations on the Sinclair river. This franchise was pending for several months before the Oregon public service commission.

CAPTURE OF 159 AT-

TRIBUTED TO SERGEANT

(Continued from page one)

Initial advances of from one to nearly two miles were made at some points and prisoners were taken.

There was no change on the Marne-Champagne front.

"We attacked the German positions this morning from the region of Fontenoy to Belleau," the communique said.

"At certain points we progressed from two to three kilometers.

"Prisoners were taken.

"On the Marne-Champagne front there was no change. Southeast of Montchouilly-Fosse, a German rush was checked. North of Prosenne an attack by the German guards failed."

London, July 18. (1:10 p. m.)—A Franco-American counter-offensive started this morning on the front between Chateau-Thierry and Soissons, it was learned from an authoritative source this afternoon. The attack was reported to be on a large scale and the latest news from the front justifies the opinion the allies are making good progress.

By JOHN DE GANDY

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

Paris, July 18.—(10:35 a. m.)—The second phase of the new German drive in the Champagne region began today when the allies again passed from the aggressive to the defensive, according to the latest battlefield dispatches.

The enemy is directing his heaviest blows eastward toward the forest of the mountain of Rheims, which he expects to penetrate through the middle and reach the main Rheims-Epernay highway, splitting the forest on a north and south line today.

Moderate estimates of the casualties inflicted by the Americans and French two days placed them at 60,000.

Pershing Reports Successes.

Washington, July 18.—American troops have gained entire possession of their sector on the south bank of the Marne, General Pershing reported today under date of July 17.

German thrusts against the American positions northwest of Chateau-Thierry were "completely broken up," Pershing's communique followed.

"In the Marne sector our troops have entirely gained possession of the south bank of the river. Northwest of Chateau-Thierry the enemy yesterday repeated his attempt of the preceding day to penetrate our lines near Vaux. His attack was completely broken up by our efficiency and artillery fire before reaching our lines.

"Yesterday in the region of Thiaucourt a hostile airplane was shot down by one of our aviators."

Details Are Related.

"Northwest of Chateau-Thierry, between the evening of July 14 and the evening of July 16, the enemy made determined but entirely unsuccessful attacks on our positions near Vaux," section B said. "During the night of July 14 to 15, he delivered a heavy bombardment which included the use of much gas and which in the early morning developed into a barrage on the Vaux area. Under cover of this, a storming party attacked the village. The system of infiltration by groups was used and some of these groups passed one of our advanced outposts, northeast of Vaux. Our troops delivered withering machine gun fire on the assailants and counter-attacked on the right of the assaulting party, where the penetration had taken place. At the same time, our artillery dropped a barrage in this section to cut off the enemy's retreat. The enemy fled, but many were caught by our barrage and 18 taken prisoners. The attack was a complete failure, the enemy at no time penetrating our lines.

"On the evening of July 15 the attacks in this region were renewed. Our infantry fire and a creeping barrage from our batteries broke up the assault."

Cable orders from the Y. M. C. A. headquarters in France call for 2000 canteen pens, to be shipped immediately.

DRINK HOT WATER AND RID JOINTS OF RHEUMATIC RUST

Why rheumatism and lumbago sufferers should drink phosphated hot water each morning before breakfast



Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of incombustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken day after day leaves in the alimentary canal a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not completely eliminated each day, becomes food for the millions of bacteria which infest the bowels. From this mass of left-over waste material, toxins and ptomaine-like poisons, called uric acid, is formed and then sucked into the blood, where it continues to circulate, collecting grain by grain in the joints of the body, much like rust collects on the hinge, as shown above.

Men and women who suffer from lumbago, rheumatism or sore, stiff, aching joints, should begin drinking phosphated hot water, not as a means to magic relief from pain, but to prevent more uric acid forming in the system. Before eating breakfast each morning, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will first neutralize and then wash out of

the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's accumulation of toxins and poisons; thus, cleansing, sweetening, and freshening the entire alimentary canal, each morning, before putting more food into the stomach.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to make any rheumatic or lumbago sufferer an enthusiast on the morning inside bath.

Millions of people keep their joints free from these rheumatic acids by practicing this daily internal sanitation. A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate, drank before breakfast, is wonderfully invigorating; besides, it is an excellent health measure, because it cleanses the alimentary organs of all the waste, gases and sour fermentations, making one look and feel clean, sweet and fresh all day.

Those who try this for one week may find themselves free from sick headaches, constipation, bilious attacks, salivary, nasty breath and stomach acidity.—Adv.

SUMMER CAMP BOYS ARE BACK FROM HIKE

In McKenzie River Region University Military Maneuvers Result in Many 'Casualties.'

Sore feet for 12 persons, poison oak for several others, and severe cuts inflicted on one man's hand by a farmer's barbed wire fence during a sham battle, were the total casualties for the University of Oregon summer military camp maneuver on the McKenzie river, which concluded Wednesday afternoon. The four companies from the camp left Eugene at 7:30 o'clock Tuesday morning and returned to the camp at 4:30 o'clock Wednesday. They hiked to Seavey ferry and then to Colburn bridge, covering a distance of about 20 miles. The men carried their blankets and provisions and spent the night sleeping in the open.

A night in the trenches, and during the night watches an attack from the enemy, is planned for tonight for the summer camp companies. The purpose of the plan is instruction in fighting under the cover of darkness, and will be made to resemble as nearly as possible french fighting on the battlefield in France. The men will be in the trenches until daylight. Flares of light will be used during the attack.

WANTED—Men and boys to pick cherries for the soldiers—offer services to Mrs. P. L. Campbell, state president of the National League for Women's Service, if Showards the choice of the smoker, if Try a Eugene Special for a good cigar.

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