

NEW CRISIS IN RUSSIA IS AT HAND

Dissolution of Constituent Assembly, Effected by Trotsky Government Brings Opposition to Social Revolution Party to Climax.

CAMPAIGN OF TERROR FEARED BY BOLSHEVIKI

Bloodshed Narrowly Averted When Meeting Is Forced to Adjourn. Effort Made to Change Peace Delegates at Brest-Litovsk.

BY JOSEPH SHAPLEN, United Press Staff Correspondent. Petrograd, Jan. 21.—The crisis between the Bolsheviks and the Conservative Liberals was at hand today. Dissolution of the constituent assembly, effected by the Trotsky-Lenine government, has brought to a climax the violent opposition of the Social Revolutionary party. The Bolshevik leaders today freely predicted that their enemies are now preparing a campaign of terror.

They named former Minister Savinoff with 150 men as leading this counter-revolutionary movement.

Bloodshed was narrowly averted in the closing of the constituent assembly. The last few minutes of the meeting were dramatic in their intensity. Armed soldiers poured into the hall and were arrayed in groups in the aisles. Their commander demanded that Chernoff, then presiding, quit the platform and that the members of the Right parties leave the hall. Chernoff flatly refused. A heated argument ensued. Witnesses today insisted it was only intervention of the Bolshevik delegates themselves that saved their political opponents from violence at the hands of the Bolshevik troops.

Russia Declared Republic.

The final act of the assembly was the formal proclamation of Russia as a democratic republic. The speech of former Minister Teretelli was dramatic. He was constantly interrupted and often with violent abuse. His concluding peroration was a pathetic appeal to all that the revolution be permitted to bear fruit in the formation of a government which would show a solid front of all classes of the revolutionary democracy.

The Bolsheviks and Social revolutionaries of the Left, together with others who favor a Pan-Russian workmen, soldiers and Peasants' congress to take the place of the constituent assembly, were working hard today to achieve this sort of a law-giving body. The Soviets completely control the situation and will undoubtedly carry through their program, complete.

"What happened to the constituent assembly simply represents the struggle now going on everywhere," said the Bolshevik minister of agriculture, M. Kalesnik.

BIG INCREASE IN MEN FOR NAVY AIM OF DANIELS

Washington, Jan. 21.—Legislation to more than double the authorized enlisted strength of the navy and to increase the number of navy flyers from 350 to 10,000 was asked of congress today by Secretary Daniels.

In addition, Daniels demanded the necessary authorization for a navy strength, excluding apprentice seamen and fliers, of 180,000 instead of the 80,000 authorized last May.

The secretary also would have the apprentice seamen increased from 6,000 to 24,000.

"The many demands for navy crews on all kinds of vessels have exceeded the authorized strength," Daniels said, "and the navy has been at a great disadvantage under the old scale because it could not commission enough officers of the higher grades to direct properly many ships now being protected by the navy."

PHILIP ARMOUR III ENLISTS

Chicago, Jan. 21.—Philip Armour III, grandson of the founder of Armour & Co., resigned today as a director of that concern, to enter the United States aviation service. He will report to the training school at Columbus, Ohio, Friday. He previously had asked deferred classification in the draft on industrial grounds.

PRESIDENT CHARGES CHAMBERLAIN WITH DISTORTING TRUTH

Chief Executive States That He Is Astonished at Statement Made by Oregon Senator in New York Address.

Washington, Jan. 21.—President Wilson tonight denounced Senator Chamberlain's Saturday night condemnation of the governmental structure as "astonishingly and absolutely unjustifiable distortion of the truth."

Chamberlain attacked the war administration during a speech in New York. "As a matter of fact," the president said, "the war department has performed a task of unparalleled magnitude and difficulty with promptness and efficiency."

Chamberlain's bills creating a cabinet war council and a director of munitions were also the subject of unfavorable comment by the president, who declared that the present organizations are sufficient for the prosecution of the war. The president, however, said that the reorganized war body could handle its work more effectively if the congress, by legislation, would eliminate the red tape that hampers operations.

"The legislative proposals I have heard of," the president said, "would involve long additional delay and turn our experience into mere lost motion."

The president paid high tribute to Secretary of War Baker and excused "delays and disappointments and partial miscarriages of plans" on the ground that there has been no repetition of such errors.

The president said these delays were magnified and exaggerated by congressional investigations. He attached no importance to the senator's declaration that there is inefficiency in every governmental department.

MINIMUM PRICE ON HOGS AGREED UPON

Portland, Or., Jan. 21.—Highest cattle prices known in the local trade and a sharp advance in swine are today's results of the federal food administration's fixing \$14.50 as the minimum on hogs. A feeling of optimism pervades the market as a result of the order.

Several carloads of top steers sold at \$11 per cwt, a raise of 30 cents over previous figures. Ordinarily quality offerings rose 35 and 50 cents over former quotations.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 21.—Through voluntary agreement with the food administration thirty leading California, Oregon and Washington packing concerns today announced fixing a uniform minimum price to the producer for hogs. It will be one cent under the quotation of the Chicago market and subject to the fluctuations of that market. The food administration has established a minimum price of \$15.50 a hundred pounds for the Chicago market. The move will not raise the retail price of pork but will give a bigger price to the producer and is expected to stimulate production.

Many Teachers Succeed in Recent Examination

Many of those taking the teachers' examinations in December have secured certificates, returns having been received by County Superintendent E. J. Moore, giving the list of those successful in Lane county, which is as follows:

Mary Mathers, Divide; Alice Striker, Eugene; Jane Gilchrist, Crow; Anna Jensen, North Bend; Hazel White, Dorena; Marion F. Horn, Veneta; Ruth Frame, Blue River; Roy C. Stroud, Franklin; Mary Dale, Lowell; Edith Clafin, West Springfield; Jet Schrode, Lanester; Lila Owen, Stafford; Lilly Fellows, Irving; A. J. Hedges, Fox Hollow; Lynda Crowwell, Creswell; Clara Maude Gerald, Eugene; Mrs. Georgia D. Gilstrap, Eugene; Mrs. Shirley Moore Warner, Fall Creek. Miss Isa Isaacson, of Eugene, obtained the exemption for which she took the examination.

Goes to Inspect Work in Veneer Manufacturing

Mayor C. O. Peterson left Monday afternoon for Cedro Wooley to look after the veneer manufacturing business which he and Mr. Boyse, his partner in the excellent works own together there. Mr. Peterson stated before leaving that the plant there was very prosperous and is employing 120 men. It makes veneering and built up spruce and fir boards as well as this stuff for boxes and such work.

RUSSIANS MAKE PROTEST

Petrograd, Jan. 21.—Formal protest was sent to Tokyo by the people's commissaries today against landing of any Japanese troops at Vladivostok.

Dispatches from Tokyo, while admitting that warships had been dispatched there to afford proper protection to allied citizens, and allied property, insisted that no troops had been landed.

COL. ROOSEVELT DENOUNCED BY SENATOR STONE

Missourian in Speech on Floor of Congress Declares Former President "Most Potent Agent of Kaiser in America."

MENACE TO NATION'S WAR PLANS IS CHARGED

Quoting From Roosevelt's Criticisms of President, Senator Says Other Citizens Arrested for Repeating Words.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Senator Stone, Missouri, today denounced Theodore Roosevelt on the floor of the senate as "the most potent agent of the kaiser and the most seditious man of consequence in America."

In a speech bristling with scathing denunciations of those who are "making politics out of the war," Stone demanded that the same rule be applied to Roosevelt's writings and utterances as were applied in the case of a private citizen Stone names, who, "repeated in a minor degree" what Roosevelt had written.

Quoting liberally from Roosevelt's published criticisms of the Wilson administration's conduct of the war, Stone said:

"The heart of this man is aflame with ambition and he runs amuck. On my responsibility as a senator, I charge that since our entrance into the war, Roosevelt has been a menace and an obstruction to the successful prosecution of the war. His chief thought has not been to help the government solve the mighty problems they have to solve, but always his chief thought has been of Roosevelt.

"I inquire why Roosevelt may say things with impunity which a citizen of less consequence dare not even repeat without danger of indictment for disloyalty?"

Traveling Salesman Jailed. Stone then told how a traveling salesman was taken from a train entering St. Louis last December and put in jail because he said:

"Wilson kept us out of war? Like hell he did. It's a shame the way our soldiers are being treated in the concentration camps. They are not properly clothed and the sanitary arrangements are poor. Hoover's sugar plan is a b* job, too."

This, Stone said, was only repeating what Roosevelt had written editorially in the Kansas City Star. Stone quoted an editorial from the Toledo News-Bee and another from the Kansas City Post, charging Roosevelt with seeking to further his own political ambitions, under "patriotic camouflage."

"Of all men, Roosevelt is most responsible for what he denounces," said Stone.

"He does his work cunningly. In the front of his propaganda he throws a deceptive political camouflage. I charge that Theodore Roosevelt, whether willingly or out of sheer madness, I do not know, is the most potent agent of the kaiser in America. I cannot escape the belief that this exceptional colonel, who has played so many games of questionable politics, is now playing another game of his particular brand for a very great stake."

Making Politics of War.

Stone's speech was directed primarily, he said, at the republicans, "in and out of congress," acting in manifest concert to "make politics out of the war."

"There is no need for us to be overfastidious about this, or to try to fool ourselves, or fool the country. There is to be an election next fall. A new house of representatives and one-third of the senate are to be chosen. Two years later, a new president, a new house, and again one-third of the senate, are to be elected. Here is presented a chance to the dominating republican politicians of the country, one of them, perhaps not more than one, seeking to promote his immediate political glorification, and others seeking to promote a party advantage. That fight is on."

Stone declared he would not make the charge without definite proof. At his witness he "summoned" Senator Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania, Chairman Wilcox of the republican national committee, and Roosevelt, whom he termed "my star witness."

Quoting from a recent interview with Penrose, Stone sought to show that "the great republican leader of the greatest republican state in the Union" had frankly set forth the republican intention to use mistakes of the administration in conducting the war as campaign material.

Stone's speech drew a full attendance to the senate, and as he made his charges of republican partisanship, Senators Borah, Penrose, Gollinger, Johnson of California, and Lodge busily took notes. The prospect was that Stone's speech would open the whole subject of the Wilson administration's conduct of the war to the drumfire of the republican orators.

UKRAINIA SIGNS PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANS

Word From Brest-Litovsk, Received in Berlin Today, Reveals Break Among Russian Delegates at Conference.

BOLSHEVIKI PREMIER IS IGNORED IN NEGOTIATIONS

Assertion That None of Russians Would Be Permitted to Act Independently Is Disregarded by One Faction.

Copenhagen, Jan. 21.—"When Russian Foreign Minister Trotsky returns to Brest-Litovsk," said a delayed Berlin despatch quoting the Lokal Anzeiger editorially today, "he must definitely accept or reject the central powers' demands, otherwise the central powers will immediately break off relations."

Amsterdam, Jan. 21.—Ukrainia has practically concluded a separate peace with Germany.

Word from Brest-Litovsk, received via Berlin today, gave this first news of a breach among the Russians. The agreement between Germany and the infant Ukrainian republic was concluded Sunday. Previous word had stated that all-Russian delegates had departed from Brest-Litovsk and this had been supposed to include the Ukrainians.

Today's despatches declared that the basis of the separate peace treaty had been agreed upon and that all that was necessary now was "for each side to consult the german authorities at home."

The German semi-official despatches said that the Ukrainian conference had adjourned but the delegates would return immediately and conclude all negotiations, including signature of the treaty.

Berlin's comment on this achievement was:

"Thus, we have succeeded, for the first time in this war, of finding a basis for the re-establishing of a state of peace."

Decision by the Ukrainians to make a separate peace and not to act in concert with the Bolshevik delegates representing Russia at large, will undoubtedly be a heavy blow to the Bolsheviks. The fact that Ukrainian delegates above all others should be willing to conclude such an agreement, when part of their territory is included in the land whose future is under dispute, is significant. The general Russian delegates refused to accept the German offer to let inhabitants of Courland, Poland and Lithuania decide their determination in the future while under supervision of the German army, which would not be withdrawn.

Foreign Minister Trotsky had previously stated he could not allow the Ukrainian delegates to treat the question of occupied territory independently. They have apparently gone exactly counter to his wishes.

KAISER PILES UP WAR FORCES ON WESTERN LINE

Little Kingdom of Belgium Literally Crowded With Soldiers and Munitions. Austrian Troops Used.

Paris, Jan. 21.—Several hundred thousand German troops have been brought into Belgium during the past few weeks. The little kingdom has literally been crowded with men and munitions, according to word received here today. Despatches from Amsterdam report the Belgian province of Limburg filling up with Austrian troops.

All the concentration is apparently in preparation for the long-advertised west front drive.

Heavier Steel Is Being Laid North of Eugene

The Southern Pacific steel gang which has been working south of Eugene for some time, has now completed the laying of 90-pound steel to Eugene. Friday they laid steel in the local yards and Saturday began the work of laying the heavy steel between Eugene and Junction City. The 90-pound steel has already been laid on the main line between Junction City and Portland.

AMERICAN AIRMAN KILLED.

Fort Collins, Colo., Jan. 21.—George A. Beech, an American flyer, was killed at Foggia, Italy, according to a cablegram received here today. The cable, signed "Major Ryan," did not give any details of the aviator's death.

ZERO WEATHER IN EAST IS STILL GREAT PROBLEM

Fuel and Railway Directors of Nation Bend Every Energy to Supply Coal for Ships Tied Up in Harbors.

IMPROVEMENT IS SHOWN IN SOUTHERN DISTRICT

Traffic in North Continues to Be Clogged by Ice and Snow. Some Progress Made Despite Severe Cold.

BY ROBERT J. BENDER, United Press Staff Correspondent

Washington, Jan. 21.—America's first "heutless holiday" found the national railroad fighting zero weather, snows and freight jams to reach the seaboard with coal.

Business—except food and drugstores, shivered behind closed doors and great industries continued idle through their fourth day of suspension, to facilitate coal shipments. By special requests of Fuel Administrator Garfield last night, department stores and retail establishments throughout the east today not only are not burning coal, but they are closed. Elevators in office buildings are supposed to run only for those exempted.

But, despite the general close down of business, the government is having a violent fight to keep coal moving. At both northern and southern ports loading of vessels is continuing on a twenty-four hour schedule.

Priority Order to Continue.

It is now believed certain that drastic measures to continue coal movements after the present five-day suspension order ends tomorrow night, will have to be revoked. Officials state that priority orders now in effect will be continued after tomorrow unless there is a marked rise in temperature throughout the east, making transportation easier. This would mean that after tomorrow night only such industries as have coal on hand could operate, aside from the vital war works now exempted from Garfield's regulations.

Pressure is being brought to bear on Director-General McAdoo to declare an embargo on shipment of all non-essential freight until the tracks and seaboard are closed. It is stated that with rails jammed by delayed freight shipments, coal traffic to ports and consumers and movement of empties back to the mines will continue blocked despite the close down of business and trade.

Hope for Warmer Weather.

Garfield said today that he expected the next 48 hours to show the real results of his recent order. Both Garfield and McAdoo are hoping for warmer weather throughout the east and south.

The best showing thus far has been made at southern Atlantic ports where 107,700 tons of bunker coal has been delivered and is ready for loading with 200,000 more tons en route. At one port more than 35,000 tons were delivered over Sunday.

Northern Atlantic ports are expecting 150,000 tons during the next few days and a 24-hour loading schedule will be continued during the period of industrial suspension in the east.

Deep snows, zero temperatures and promise of only slightly warmer weather came in reports to the fuel and railroad administrations as a discouraging factor in movement of trains during the next 48 hours.

"Industrial America has done her part—it's now up to the weather and the national railroad," it was stated at the fuel administration. All energies are centralized on the tremendous transportation problem. To learn what are the exact results of the Garfield order, the senate interstate commerce committee today summoned Director-General McAdoo to reappear on the stand. Committee members promise a complete airing of the present transportation crisis, which McAdoo admitted Saturday had been little relieved since control went into effect. It is the claim of many that McAdoo sought to relieve the freight jam by shutting industries instead of using a more direct route—placing an embargo on non-essentials in freight shipments, advocated by the fuel administration.

Now officials say that the close-down order will result in only moderate relief from the coal tieup and the embargo will be necessary, in addition—five days later.

Men Married Since May 18, 1917, Are Not Exempt

Washington, Jan. 21.—Men of draft age married since May 18, 1917, should not be exempted from selective service, Provost Marshal General Crowder announced today.

He instructed government agents to appeal to district boards all classes in which local boards have granted dependency exemption to men married after May 18.

At the same time, Crowder ruled that no draft registrants will be permitted to enlist in the armies of the allies, pending call to this country's flag.

Every Saloon in Milwaukee Is Closed by Garfield Order

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 21.—"Bone dry." What thousands of prohibitionists have failed to do—Fuel Administrator Garfield did to Milwaukee today. The home of a famous beverage was dry as a desert so far as the dispensation of liquor was concerned. Promptly at midnight Sunday every saloon cleared its bar and switched off the lights. Radiators were just warm enough to keep from freezing. Not in the memory of the oldest patriarchy of the business had this come to pass before. Nor was there a dissenting voice anywhere that the local fuel administration has heard.

BIG SUM NEEDED FOR RAILROADS, M'ADOO STATES

Director-General Testifies Billion Dollars Must Be Advanced for Improvements in Making Them Effective in War.

FEDERAL OWNERSHIP OF ROADS NOT FAVORED

Congress Cautioned Against Danger Likely to Result From Fixing of Definite Time to Relinquish Control.

Washington, Jan. 21.—A billion dollars must be advanced to the railroads for improvements before they will be on an effective war basis, Director General McAdoo announced before the senate interstate commerce committee today.

At the same time McAdoo came out definitely against government ownership of the roads.

McAdoo said his survey of the rail situation has convinced him government funds must go into the roads to help them expand.

He forecast the continuation of government control for some time when he said congress should not limit government control to any definite period.

If government control is limited to the duration of the war, or for a fixed time afterwards, McAdoo warned the committee, financial chaos is likely when the roads are turned back.

Hasty and ill-considered legislation now, he said, would be ruinous to holders of railroad securities when the government relinquishes control of the lines.

Favors Bill as Written.

For this reason McAdoo urged that the committee report the pending railroad bill as written, with the provision that government control shall continue until congress shall otherwise order.

McAdoo's statement that he does not believe in government ownership was in answer to a question by Senator Watson, Indiana, an outspoken foe of government ownership.

"Mr. Secretary, do you believe in government ownership?" asked Watson.

"I do not," replied McAdoo. "But I believe it will be impossible to return to competitive conditions as they were before the government stepped in. There will have to be a greater measure of government control and regulation henceforth than we have had in the past."

"And if you now limit the period of government control, you may make impossible new legislation to meet situations that may arise. We must use our best foresight. To throw the roads back to private control with competition destroyed, and with one line carrying business at the expense of another, would be a grave mistake."

Advocates One Man Control.

Referring to the question of fixing definitely the period of government control, Senator Cummins asked:

"Do you believe that the regulation and control of the railroads should be left in the hands of one man in peace times?"

"I believe the president, whoever he may be, would discharge that trust better than any commission you could name," replied McAdoo.

"No other country has ever done anything like that," said Cummins.

"America should not set her pace by that of others," said the director general. "I am never afraid when America thinks or acts originally."

Senator Cummins, it is known, favors creating a commission to handle the roads after peace is declared.

TEUTONS ON VERGE OF BREAK

Greatly Stirred by President Wilson's Democratic Outline of War Aims, Austria Smoulders With Opposition to Militarist Party.

VATICAN ORGAN EXPECTS VIENNA TO TAKE STAND

Corriere d'Italia Declares "We Are Facing a True Austrian Pronouncement Against Ludendorff, Hoffman and German Imperialism."

Amsterdam, Jan. 21.—The Austria ministry has resigned, according to a Vienna despatch printed by the Berliner Morgenpost today.

Count von Togggenburg, minister of the interior, is reported attempting to reform the cabinet, the Vienna despatch added.

Paris, Jan. 21.—A million, one hundred and twenty thousand strikers out in Austria, was the estimate carried in a Zurich despatch printed by the Matin today.

BY JOHN HEARLEY (United Press Staff Correspondent)

Rome, Jan. 21.—Greatly stirred by President Wilson's democratic outline of war aims, Austria-Hungary is smouldering with a blaze of opposition to militarist Germany, according to reports to the vatican, received from the papal nuncio at Vienna.

It was understood he described the situation in the dual monarchy as "most critical for the Teutonic military combine."

President Wilson's speech to congress, it was asserted, has given a remarkable impulse to democratic peace ideas in the whole nation. Industrial chaos of more than a mere local nature is reported. Grievous differences have developed between Emperor Karl and the Pan-German leaders.

The kaiser, it was declared, is trying to smooth out these disagreements by supporting Foreign Minister von Kuehlmann against von Buelow, who is hated in Austria.

The Corriere d'Italia, the vatican organ, declared positively today: "We are facing a true Austrian pronouncement against Ludendorff, Hoffman and German imperialism."

Evidence of Austria-Hungary's bitter opposition to the junker annexationist plans is accumulating in scores of reports seeping across the Austrian-Swiss border and being received here. The

MAKE IRRIGATION INVESTIGATIONS

Idaho Engineer Brings Three Crews to Look Into Possibilities of Willamette Valley.

E. G. Eagleson, of Boise, Idaho, is in the city with three crews of engineers and will make a reconnaissance of the upper valley to study the possibilities of successful irrigation and drainage. Mr. Eagleson was the man who first discovered the possibilities of the Arrow Rock irrigation system in Idaho, which has, next to the Roosevelt dam, the highest dam in the world. The work at Arrow Rock was afterwards taken over by the United States government and completed on the lines of the Eagleson survey. Mr. Eagleson also, it is reported, made the first man of the city of Salem and has long believed irrigation and drainage should go hand in hand to make the upper Willamette valley produce to its full capacity every year.

Miss Corbett to Show How Liberty Breads Are Made

A free demonstrational lecture on liberty breads will be given at the chambers of commerce by Miss Ruth Corbett next Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. This will be given in connection with the meeting of the women's auxiliary to the chamber. Every patriotic woman should be interested.

There will be a program in connection, Miss Winifred Forbes will give a violin solo and Mrs. L. W. Rae will sing "My Laddie."