

WAR AIMS ARE GIVEN BY WILSON

(Continued from page one)

indicated their desire to discuss the objects of the war and the possible basis of a general peace. Parleys have been in progress at Brest-Litovsk between Russian representatives and representatives of the central powers to which the attention of all the belligerents has been invited for the purpose of ascertaining whether it may be possible to extend these parleys into a general conference with regard to terms of peace and settlement. The Russian representatives presented not only a perfectly definite statement of the principles upon which they would be willing to conclude peace, but also an equally definite program of the concrete application of those principles. The representatives of the central powers, on their part, presented an outline of settlement, which, if much less definite, seemed susceptible of liberal interpretation until their specific program of practical terms was added. That program proposed no concessions at all, either to the sovereignty of Russia or to the preference of the populations with whose fortunes it dealt, but meant, in a word, that the central empires were to keep every foot of territory their armed forces had occupied—every province, every city, every point of vantage—as a permanent addition to their territories and their power. It is a reasonable conjecture that the general principles of settlement which they at first suggested originated with the more liberal statesmen of Germany and Austria, the men who have begun to lead the force of their own people's thought and purpose, while the concrete terms of actual settlement came from the military leaders who have no thought but to keep what they have got. The negotiations have been broken off. The Russian representatives were sincere and in earnest. They cannot entertain such proposals of conquest and domination.

Incident Full of Significance.
"The whole incident is full of significance."

WHEN YOU WAKE UP DRINK GLASS OF HOT WATER

Wash the poisons and toxins from system before putting more food into stomach.

Says inside-bathing makes anyone look and feel clean, sweet and refreshed.

Wash yourself on the inside before breakfast like you do on the outside. This is vastly more important because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing illness, while the bowel pores do.

For every ounce of food and drink taken into the stomach, nearly an ounce of waste material must be carried out of the body. If this waste material is not eliminated day by day it quickly ferments and generates poisons, gases and toxins which are absorbed or sucked into the blood stream, through the lymph ducts which should suck only nourishment to sustain the body.

A splendid health measure is to drink, before breakfast each day, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless way to wash these poisons, gases and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels this cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs but very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on inside-bathing. Men and women who are accustomed to wake up with a dull, aching head or have furred tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, sallow complexion, others who have bilious attacks, acid stomach or constipation are assured of pronounced improvement in both health and appearance shortly.—Adv.

finance. It is also full of perplexity. With whom are the Russian representatives dealing? For whom are the representatives of the central empires speaking? Are they speaking for the majorities of their respective parliaments or for the minority parties, that military and imperialistic minority which has so far dominated their whole policy and controlled the affairs of Turkey and of the Balkan states, which have felt obliged to become their associates in this war? The Russian representatives have insisted, very justly, very wisely and in the true spirit of modern democracy, that the conferences they have been holding with the Teutonic and Turkish statesmen should be held within open, not closed doors, and all the world has been audience, and all the world has been listening, then? To those who speak the spirit and intention of the resolutions of the German Reichstag of the ninth of July last, the spirit and intention of the liberal leaders and parties of Germany, or those who resist and defy that spirit and intention and insist upon conquest and subjugation? Or are we listening, in fact, to both, unreconciled and in open and hopeless contradiction? These are very serious and pregnant questions. Upon the answer to them depends the peace of the world.

Have Stated Definite Aims.
"But, whatever the result of the parleys at Brest-Litovsk; whatever the conclusions of counsel and of purpose in the utterances of the spokesmen of the central empires, they have again attempted to acquaint the world with their objects in the war and have again challenged their adversaries to say what their objects are and what sort of settlement they would deem just and satisfactory. There is no good reason why that challenge should not be responded to and responded with the utmost candor. We did not await for it. Not once, but again and again, we have laid our whole thought and purpose before the world, not in general terms only, but each time with sufficient definition to make it clear what sort of definite terms and settlement must necessarily spring out of them. Within the last week Mr. Lloyd George has spoken with admirable candor and in admirable spirit for the people and government of Great Britain. There is no confusion of counsel among the adversaries of the central powers, no uncertainty of principle, no vagueness of detail. The only secrecy of counsel the only lack of fearless frankness, the only failure to make definite statements of the objects of the war lies with Germany and her allies. The issues of life and death hang upon these definitions. No statesman who has the least conception of his responsibility ought for a moment to permit himself to continue this tragical and appalling outpouring of the blood and treasure, unless he is sure beyond a peradventure that the objectives of the vital sacrifice are part and parcel of the very life of society and that the people for whom he speaks think them right and imperative as he does.

Voice of Russia Calls.
"There is, moreover, a voice calling for these definitions of principle and of purpose which is, it seems to me, more thrilling and more compelling than any of the many voices with which the troubled air of the world is filled. It is the voice of the Russian people. They are prostrate and all but helpless, it would seem, before the grim power of Germany, which has hitherto known no relenting and no pity.

Russ Soul Not Subservient.
"Their power, apparently, is shattered. And yet their soul is not subservient. They will not yield either in principle or in action. Their conception of what is right, of what is humane and honorable for them to accept, has been stated with a frankness, a largeness of view, a generosity of spirit and a universal human sympathy which must challenge the admiration of every friend of mankind; and they have refused to compound their ideals or desert others that they themselves may be safe. They call on us to say what it is that we desire; in what, if anything, our purpose and our spirit differ from theirs. And I believe that the people of the United States would wish me to respond, with utter simplicity and frankness. Whether their present leaders believe it or not, it is our heartfelt desire that some way may be opened whereby we may be privileged to assist the people of Russia to attain their utmost hope of liberty and ordered peace. It will be our wish and purpose that the processes of peace, when they are begun, shall be absolutely open and that they shall involve and permit henceforth no secret understandings of any kind. The day of conquest and aggrandizement is gone by; so is also the day of secret covenants entered into in the interest of particular governments and likely at some unlooked for moment to upset the peace of the world. It is this happy fact now clear to the view of every public man whose thoughts do not still linger in an age that is dead and gone, which makes it possible for every nation whose purposes are consistent with justice and the peace of the world to avow now or at any other time the objects it has in view.

"We entered this war because violations of right had occurred which touched us to the quick and made the life of our own people impossible unless they were corrected and the world secured once for all against their recurrence. What we demand in this war, therefore, is nothing peculiar to ourselves. It is that the world be made fit and safe to live in; and particularly that it be made safe for every peace-loving nation which, like our own, wishes to live its own life, determine its own institutions, be assured of justice and fair dealing by the other peoples of the world as against force and selfish aggression.

"All the peoples of the world are in effect partners in this interest and for our own part we see very clearly that unless justice be done to others, it will not be done to us. The program of the world's peace, therefore, is our program; and that program, the only possible program, as we see it, is this:

Peace Program Stated.
"1—Open covenants of peace, openly arrived at, after which there shall be no private international understandings of any kind but diplomacy shall proceed always frankly and in the public view.

"2—Absolute freedom of navigation upon the seas, outside territorial waters, alike in peace and in war, except as the seas may be closed in whole or in part by international action for the enforcement of international covenants.

"3—The removal, so far as possible, of all economic barriers and the establishment of an equality of trade conditions among all the nations consenting to the peace and associating themselves for its maintenance.

"4—Adequate guarantees given and taken that national armaments will be reduced to the lowest points consistent with domestic safety.

"5—A free, open-minded and absolutely impartial adjustment of all colonial claims, based upon a strict observance of the principle that in determining all such questions of sovereignty, the interests of the populations concerned must have equal weight with the equitable claims of the government whose title is to be determined.

Must Evacuate Russ Territory.
"6—The evacuation of all Russian territory and such a settlement of all questions affecting Russia as will secure the best and freest co-operation of the other nations of the world in obtaining for her an unhampered and unembarrassed opportunity for the independent determination of her own political development and national policy and assure her of a sincere welcome into the society of free nations under institutions of her own choosing; and, more than a welcome, assistance also of every kind that she may need and may herself desire. The treatment accorded Russia by her sister nations in the months to come will be the acid test of their good will, of their comprehension of her needs as distinguished from their own interests and their intelligent and unselfish sympathy.

Belgium Must Be Restored.
"7—Belgium, the whole world will agree, must be evacuated and restored, without any attempt to limit the sovereignty which she enjoys in common with all other free nations. No other single act will serve as this will serve to restore confidence among the nations in the laws which they have themselves set and determined for the government of their relations with one another. Without this healing act, the whole structure and validity of international law is forever impaired.

"8—All French territory should be freed and the invaded portions restored and the wrong done to France by Prussia in 1871 in the matter of Alsace-Lorraine, which has unsettled the peace of the world for nearly 50 years, should be righted, in order that peace may once more be made secure in the interests of all.

"9—A readjustment of the frontiers of Italy should be effected along clearly recognizable lines of nationality.

"10—The peoples of Austria-Hungary, whose place among the nations we wish to see safeguarded and assured, should be accorded the first opportunity of autonomous development.

"11—Rumania, Serbia and Montenegro should be evacuated; occupied territories restored; Serbia accorded free and secure access to the sea, and the relations of the several Balkan nations to one another be determined by friendly counsel along historically established lines of allegiance and nationality; and international guarantees of the political and economic independence and territorial integrity of the several Balkan states should be entered into.

"12—The Turkish portions of the present Ottoman empire should be assured a secure sovereignty but the other nationalities which are now under Turkish rule should be assured an undoubted security of life and an absolutely unmolested opportunity of autonomous development, and the Dardanelles should be permanently opened as a free passage to the ships and commerce of all nations under international guarantees.

Poland Should Be Independent.
"13—An independent Polish state should be erected which should include the territories inhabited by indisputably Polish populations, which should be assured a free and secure access to the sea and whose political and economic independence and territorial integrity should be guaranteed by international covenant.

"14—A general association of nations must be formed under specific covenants for the purpose of affording mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to great and small states alike.

Stand United to End.
"In regard to these essential rectifications of wrong and assertions of right we feel ourselves to be intimate partners of all the governments and peoples associated together against the imperialists. We cannot be separated in interest or divided in purpose. We stand together until the end.

"For such arrangements and covenants we are willing to fight and to continue to fight until they are achieved; but only because we wish the right to prevail and desire a just and stable peace such as can be secured only by removing the chief provocations to war, which this program does remove. We have no jealousy of German greatness

and there is nothing in this program that impairs it. We grudge her no achievement or distinction of learning or of pacific enterprise such as have made her record very bright and very enviable. We do not wish to injure her or to block in any way her legitimate influence or power. We do not wish to fight her, either with arms or with hostile arrangements of trade, if she is willing to associate herself with us and the other peace-loving nations of the world in covenants of justice and law and fair dealing. We wish her only to accept a place of equality among the peoples of the world—the new world in which we now live—instead of a place of mastery.

"Neither do we presume to suggest to her any alteration or modification of her institutions. But it is necessary, we must frankly say, and necessary as a preliminary to any intelligent dealings with her on our part, that we should know whom her spokesmen speak for when they speak to us, whether for the reichstag majority or for the military party and the men whose creed is imperial domination.

No Room for Doubt.
"We have spoken now, surely, in terms too concrete to admit of any further doubt or question. An evident principle runs through the whole program I have outlined. It is the principle of justice to all peoples and nationalities and their right to live on equal terms of liberty and safety with one another, whether they be strong or weak. Unless this principle be made its foundation, no part of the structure of international justice can stand.

"The people of the United States should act on no other principle, and to the vindication of the principle they are ready to devote their lives, their honor and everything that they possess. The moral climax of this, the culminating and final war for human liberty, has come and they are ready to put their own strength, their own highest purpose, their own integrity and devotion to the test."

"Give me a teetotal army and I will lead it anywhere," said Lord Roberts. "I believe alcohol is an unmitigated evil; it is in no way necessary for a man's health. In fact, it is always hurtful."—Surgeon General Gorgas.

Wheatless and meatless days at home mean defeatless days for our boys abroad.

The Pennsylvania state grange demands war prohibition.

SPECIAL LEVIES ARE NOW ALL FIGURED OUT

Assessor's Office Has Completed List of Levies for Road, School and City.

The special school and road district levies and the municipal levies for the coming year have been completed by the force in the county assessor's office. Under the present laws cities and towns simply give the amount to be raised and the figuring out on a millage basis is done in the assessor's office. The special levies follow:

School Districts.		Road Districts.	
Dis. No.	Mills	Dis. No.	Mills
1	1.3	98	4.
2	1.3	99	2.3
3	1.3	100	2.3
4	1.3	101	2.3
5	1.3	102	2.3
6	1.3	103	2.3
7	1.3	104	2.3
8	1.3	105	2.3
9	1.3	106	2.3
10	1.3	107	2.3
11	1.3	108	2.3
12	1.3	109	2.3
13	1.3	110	2.3
14	1.3	111	2.3
15	1.3	112	2.3
16	1.3	113	2.3
17	1.3	114	2.3
18	1.3	115	2.3
19	1.3	116	2.3
20	1.3	117	2.3
21	1.3	118	2.3
22	1.3	119	2.3
23	1.3	120	2.3
24	1.3	121	2.3
25	1.3	122	2.3
26	1.3	123	2.3
27	1.3	124	2.3
28	1.3	125	2.3
29	1.3	126	2.3
30	1.3	127	2.3
31	1.3	128	2.3
32	1.3	129	2.3
33	1.3	130	2.3
34	1.3	131	2.3
35	1.3	132	2.3
36	1.3	133	2.3
37	1.3	134	2.3
38	1.3	135	2.3
39	1.3	136	2.3
40	1.3	137	2.3
41	1.3	138	2.3
42	1.3	139	2.3
43	1.3	140	2.3
44	1.3	141	2.3
45	1.3	142	2.3
46	1.3	143	2.3
47	1.3	144	2.3
48	1.3	145	2.3
49	1.3	146	2.3
50	1.3	147	2.3
51	1.3	148	2.3
52	1.3	149	2.3
53	1.3	150	2.3
54	1.3	151	2.3
55	1.3	152	2.3
56	1.3	153	2.3
57	1.3	154	2.3
58	1.3	155	2.3
59	1.3	156	2.3
60	1.3	157	2.3
61	1.3	158	2.3
62	1.3	159	2.3
63	1.3	160	2.3
64	1.3	161	2.3
65	1.3	162	2.3
66	1.3	163	2.3
67	1.3	164	2.3
68	1.3	165	2.3
69	1.3	166	2.3
70	1.3	167	2.3
71	1.3	168	2.3
72	1.3	169	2.3
73	1.3	170	2.3
74	1.3	171	2.3
75	1.3	172	2.3
76	1.3	173	2.3
77	1.3	174	2.3
78	1.3	175	2.3
79	1.3	176	2.3
80	1.3	177	2.3
81	1.3	178	2.3
82	1.3	179	2.3
83	1.3	180	2.3
84	1.3	181	2.3
85	1.3	182	2.3
86	1.3	183	2.3
87	1.3	184	2.3
88	1.3	185	2.3
89	1.3	186	2.3
90	1.3	187	2.3
91	1.3	188	2.3
92	1.3	189	2.3
93	1.3	190	2.3
94	1.3	191	2.3
95	1.3	192	2.3
96	1.3	193	2.3
97	1.3	194	2.3
98	1.3	195	2.3
99	1.3	196	2.3
100	1.3	197	2.3

GIVE SERVICE TO RED CROSS AND PAY WAY

Americans Give Time and Expenses to Work in Europe for Humanity.

An additional 10 men, prominent in the business life of this country, have volunteered for American Red Cross service in France in response to a cable request from Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, Red Cross commissioner to Europe. The men will not only serve the Red Cross without pay, but will foot all their own expenses in connection with their work.

Work Expected of Them.
"We need good men capable of fitting into various situations," cabled Major Murphy, "such as Red Cross representatives at base hospitals, representatives in the field with either the French or American army; or any one of a number of different jobs which a mature man with judgment and initiative can handle. I believe these men, so far as possible, should be men over 35 years of age, willing to work where the job takes them, and capable of meeting on equal terms officers of the army. They should be men who can speak French."

List of the Volunteers.
The men who have volunteered for this service are: Mark S. Willing of Chicago, grandson of the Dr. Mark Skinner who in the Civil War was on the American sanitary commission, the forerunner of the American Red Cross; William Prescott Walcott, of Readville, Mass.; Credo Harris, lawyer, and Attila Cox Jr., of the law firm of Trabue, Deolan & Cox of Louisville, Ky.; S. A. Barden, Kenosha, Wis., general manager of the Barden Stores company; Louis A. Davis, secretary Land Title & Trust company, Philadelphia; John P. Carey, mining engineer of Colorado Springs, Colo.; Jacob France, lawyer, and Stuart Olivier, managing editor of the Baltimore News, Baltimore, Md.; and James Moir, Burlington, Ia., vice president of the Merchants' National bank, Burlington, Ia.

Of course the rumor of Kerenky's marriage to a grand opera singer proved false. No sane man with a wit on his hands would take on an artistic temperament, too.—Puck.

Union High School.		Road Districts.	
Dis. No.	Mills	Dis. No.	Mills
1	1.2	5	3.2
2	1.2	6	3.2
3	1.2	7	3.2
4	1.2	8	3.2
5	1.2	9	3.2
6	1.2	10	3.2
7	1.2	11	3.2
8	1.2	12	3.2
9	1.2	13	3.2
10	1.2	14	3.2
11	1.2	15	3.2
12	1.2	16	3.2
13	1.2	17	3.2
14	1.2	18	3.2
15	1.2	19	3.2
16	1.2	20	3.2
17	1.2	21	3.2
18	1.2	22	3.2
19	1.2	23	3.2
20	1.2	24	3.2
21	1.2	25	3.2
22	1.2	26	3.2
23	1.2	27	3.2
24	1.2	28	3.2
25	1.2	29	3.2
26	1.2	30	3.2
27	1.2	31	3.2
28	1.2	32	3.2
29	1.2	33	3.2
30	1.2	34	3.2
31	1.2	35	3.2
32	1.2	36	3.2
33	1.2	37	3.2
34	1.2	38	3.2
35	1.2	39	3.2
36	1.2	40	3.2
37	1.2	41	3.2
38	1.2	42	3.2
39	1.2	43	3.2
40	1.2	44	3.2
41	1.2	45	3.2
42	1.2	46	3.2
43	1.2	47	3.2
44	1.2	48	3.2
45	1.2	49	3.2
46	1.2	50	3.2
47	1.2	51	3.2
48	1.2	52	3.2
49	1.2	53	3.2
50	1.2	54	3.2
51	1.2	55	3.2
52	1.2	56	3.2
53	1.2	57	3.2
54	1.2	58	3.2
55	1.2	59	3.2
56	1.2	60	3.2
57	1.2	61	3.2
58	1.2	62	3.2
59	1.2	63	3.2
60	1.2	64	3.2
61	1.2	65	3.2
62	1.2	66	3.2
63	1.2	67	3.2
64	1.2	68	3.2
65	1.2	69	3.2
66	1.2	70	3.2
67	1.2	71	3.2
68	1.2	72	3.2
69	1.2	73	3.2
70	1.2	74	3.2
71	1.2	75	3.2
72	1.2	76	3.2
73	1.2	77	3.2
74	1.2	78	3.2
75	1.2	79	3.2
76	1.2	80	3.2
77	1.2	81	3.2
78	1.2	82	3.2
79	1.2	83	3.2
80	1.2	84	3.2
81	1.2	85	3.2
82	1.2	86	3.2
83	1.2	87	3.2
84	1.2	88	3.2
85	1.2	89	3.2
86	1.2	90	3.2
87	1.2	91	3.2
88	1.2	92	3.2
89	1.2	93	3.2
90	1.2	94	3.2
91	1.2	95	3.2
92	1.2	96	3.2
93	1.2	97	3.2
94	1.2	98	3.2
95	1.2	99	3.2
96	1.2	100	