

CONSUMPTION

By the Physicians
**SEVERE
COUGH**
At Night
Spitting Blood
Given Over by the Doctors!
**LIFE SAVED BY
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL**

"Seven years ago, my wife had a severe attack of lung trouble which the physicians pronounced consumption. The cough was extremely distressing, especially at night, and was frequently attended with the spitting of blood. The doctors being unable to help her, I induced her to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was surprised at the great relief it gave. Before using one whole bottle, she was cured, so that now she is quite strong and healthy. That this medicine saved my wife's life, I have not the least doubt."—K. MONTGOMERY, Memphis, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

**Mexican
Mustang
Liniment**
for
Burns,
Taked & Inflamed Udders,
Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains,
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff joints,
Hemorrhoids & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
Insect Bites,
All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,

Penetrates Muscle,
Membrane and Tissue
Quickly to the Very
Seat of Pain and
Ousts it in a Jiffy.
Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment cures
Pain,
Makes Man or Beast well
again.

THIS PAPER is kept on file at E. C. DAKES' Advertising Agency, 31 and 33 Broadway, New York, N. Y., and all communications for advertising can be made to that office.

THE GREAT HUYAN



Advertisement for 'The Great Huyan' featuring a portrait of a man and descriptive text.

THE MONTENEGRINS.

CHARACTERISTICS OF A PECULIARLY INTERESTING PEOPLE.

Government an Autocracy Centered In the Prince—Men, Excepting Criminals, All Go Armed—Women Do All the Labor, Honor the Dominant Sentiment.

The Montenegrins are first of all soldiers. They begin their military service in childhood and remain soldiers all their lives. The military costume does not differ from the ordinary costume. The poorest man never goes abroad without having in his belt a pistol, and often other arms. It is about the only thing he counts on to carry, for he works but little. All the hard, laborious work falls to the women. The unfortunate creatures, miserably clad, who are always coupled, weighed down under enormous bundles of wood or carrying on their heads pails of water or other heavy loads, while the men, adorned with brilliant garments, walk before them empty handed. Not only does the woman attend to her household duties, it is she who plows the field, and the man will rarely lend a helping hand. He thinks that, aside from being a soldier, he should do nothing. The Montenegrins are a handsome race, very tall, brilliantly dressed, with a haughty bearing, which never leaves them. Their hair is black, and their expression always serious and dignified. They are far more attractive than the Bosnians, of whom they are the issue, but their history explains why it is so. If they are taller, greater, stronger than the other Slavs it is because their ancestors were the bravest and the haughtiest of the Servians, who condemned themselves to exile and poverty rather than submit to the yoke of the Mussulman. Jews are unknown in this country, no doubt on account of the poverty that reigns there.

The house of the Montenegrin peasant consists of one room. The four walls are built of stone, the roof is thatched with the straw of Indian wheat, and there are one or two windows, mere holes in the wall, in the winter stuffed with straw. The door is ill fitting, but the stranger can knock without fear, for the people are hospitable and always give one a hearty welcome. The woman who opens the door will kiss your hand and then lead you to a low seat near the fire. The husband, if at home, gives a military salute. No matter how poor they may be they make a cup of coffee for you, and it is excellent. An inventory of the furniture in the smoke blackened room is quickly made. A gun hangs obtrusively on the wall, and a huge pot is suspended over the fire. There is no chimney place, but a hole made in the roof lets the smoke out. In the room there are two or three little beds mounted on thick branches of trees. Two or three sleep in each bed. Add to these two low seats, some pitchforks and rakes, and a certain number of sheepskins and goatskins, dried and as hard as wood, which are heaped up in a corner waiting to be sold, so as to help support the family. Their expenses are few. They live on what vegetables they can raise, eat little meat, and the women weave their own clothing. When a man is forced by poverty to work for others, he receives a florin (40 cents) for a day's work.

Honor appears to be the dominant sentiment of the Montenegrin. I was surprised to see this morning on the square of Cetinje a certain number of inhabitants with no pistols, contrary to the custom of the country. This public square, open to all, is a prison, and the people who promenade there, chatting and smoking with all the dignity and pride which mark the Montenegrins, are condemned prisoners. When I expressed my astonishment, I was told that these prisoners were not captives. The only punishment inflicted on them is to be deprived of their weapons, and this affects them more than anything, for they are, above all, "men of honor." They are not thieves. Theft is almost unknown in Montenegro. They are murderers, and this is considered more distinguished. Moreover, it is not to be wondered at that men accustomed to carrying arms should sometimes give way to the temptation of using them. According to the gravity of the case, the guilty one is condemned to be a prisoner, as stated above, or his hands are chained together, and he is allowed to circulate freely. In the worst cases the man is condemned to be shot, a spectacle that may be witnessed twice or three times a year. The condemned face death bravely and are generally made to undergo their punishment at the very place they committed their crime. I recently witnessed the execution of two men. They walked to their doom chatting and smoking with the men who were destined to end their days. When they reached the fatal spot, they each spoke in turn and said: "I committed a horrible crime and am happy to expiate it by death. Long live the judges who sentenced me; long live the country." And then they themselves gave the order to fire. The execution of women is unknown in Montenegro. No man could be found or hired to fire on a woman. He would consider it a disgrace to use his weapon for such a purpose.

The autocratic government of Montenegro is a direct consequence of the history of the people. The country does not question the orders of the prince any more than an army would question the orders of its general. Nothing near or far resembles a parliament. The prince makes the laws, and, being sovereign judge, has the power to apply them or not as he sees fit. Almost daily he goes and sits under a beautiful elm, which shades his shabby palace, and, patriarchally, like St. Louis of old, renders justice. His wisdom and discernment are remarkable, but before many years have passed he will have a difficult task to accomplish. The historical and important part Montenegro has played in the past is not yet understood. The arduous little country I have just described will remain the bulwark of the Young-Slav and the numerous problems which are working the downfall of the artificial monarchy of the Hapsburgs still await final solution.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Anticipated.
"What, Syber in trouble with his wife? I'm surprised at that. Always heard they got on famously; that there never was a better husband; that he anticipated her every wish."
"That's what he did on this occasion. He found that she wished to get a divorce from him, and so he anticipated that wish and got one from her."—Boston Transcript.

Not Rieptomania.
"I might as well plead guilty, judge," owned up the penitent prisoner at the bar. "If it had been a bolt of lace or a basket of diamonds, you might have called it kleptomaniac and let me go, but I don't reckon that would work in this case. I stole the hog, judge."—Chicago Tribune.

RELICS OF BOOTH'S THEATER.

Decorations Used to Advertise a Dealer in Secondhand Building Materials.

Almost all that is left of Booth's old theater, which stood at the corner of Twenty-third street and Sixth avenue, is part of its outside figure decoration, now inconspicuously ornamenting a little two story brick office building in Avenue B. The office is that of a dealer in secondhand building materials, and the zinc figures that once were familiar to half the town were placed on the front of the little structure as a sort of advertisement. The brown painted zinc decorations of Tragedy and Comedy hang at either extremity of the house just beneath the eaves, while on the roof stands the enormous piece that so many thousands recall, the gilded harp symbolizing the lyric stage and the two cupidlike figures blowing great trumpets. The little office building is dwarfed by its elaborate decoration, but the desired effect is obtained, for every unaccustomed passer-by pauses to stare at the odd combination.

This interesting relic is the preface to many other less significantly curious, stored away behind the little office building. Here are hundreds of those tomblike marble mantels that respectable New Yorkers of 40 years ago felt themselves impelled to erect about their fireplaces. Since fireplaces have given way to furnace registers, there could be nothing more appropriate than an inscription on the surviving tomblike structures to the memory of the spirit of cheer now vanished from so many hearths. Along with the secondhand marble mantels are some thousands of doors and windows, some cased and ready to put into new houses, every sort of movable interior decoration, mahogany stair rails, elaborate church pews, pulpits, lecterns and chandeliers. All these things are classified and arranged so that they may be taken out with ease when a customer comes. The whole collection is eloquent of the perpetual dissolution that overtakes this town, the uninterrupted process of rebuilding that makes it a new city every half century. The outlook who sees great 15 story structures reared, as it were, in a night catches himself wondering how soon the ruins of these as yet untried monuments of iron frames, brick filling and stone facing will be offered piecemeal by dealers in secondhand building material.—New York Sun.

The French Institute.

The Institute has 229 members, besides 40 honorary associates (members libere), 32 foreign associates and 248 correspondents. It has had no patron since 1870—"a city without king, which admits the sons of kings," as Sally Prudhomme says. The meetings, held at first in the Louvre, now take place in the Palais Mazarin, which was given to the Institute in 1805, and to which a new building was added under Louis Philippe. The library was partly derived from the old academy. It consists of more than 250,000 volumes and is constantly increasing. The total number of academicians since 1795 has been 1,047. Many of these were of modest origin and poor, and the story is told of Anderson, who when he was elected at the age of 58 to the Academy of Sciences was obliged to say that he could not go to the public sitting, as he had no shoes! "No book would be more admirable nor more touching," says the Comte De Franqueville, "than that in which the history of most of these men was told. What mighty efforts, what heroic struggles and what a wholesome lesson would be taught by the contrast between society of the nineteenth century, where the love of luxury, the thirst for comfort and the habit of fertility of mind make every day fresh progress, and that world of savants, among whom reign supreme the passion for work, the search for truth, the disdain of riches, the cult of intellectual things!"—Fortnightly Review.

They Take Long Baths in Japan.

The Rev. W. Weston, in the course of a paper on "The Geography of Japan," read before the Geographical society in London, stated some facts which, so far as we know, are new in the history of hygiene. In the mountains there are many hot mineral springs, nestling generally in gullies below the highest points, but still far up the ascent. The peasantry are very fond of these baths, and indulge in them to an incredible extent. The temperature is usually from 100 degrees to 130 degrees F., and in one place Mr. Weston knew of "where the water was just about blood heat, a man would stay in practically for a month on end, taking care, however, to place a heavy stone on his knees, to keep him from floating or turning over in his sleep. The caretaker of this particular establishment, a cheery old man of some 70 summers, himself staid in the bath the whole winter through." We know from the experience of the south sea islands that a human being can live in warm sea water for 36 hours, but that life can be maintained practically for months in sulphureted fresh water is an addition to the records of human endurance. One wonders what other qualities of fish such men possess.

Meteoric Bodies.

The opinion is attributed to some astronomers that it is possible for the earth, under certain circumstances, to capture as satellites some of the roving meteoric bodies known to be so numerous in space instead of bringing them to the surface as aerolites, and that, as these bodies are too small to be seen—a mass of 100 tons being invisible at 800 or 1,000 miles when brightly lighted—the earth may be attended by hundreds of invisible moons. Sir J. Herchel is cited as even of the opinion that they may be large enough to be visible for brief intervals beyond the earth's shadow, and Sir John Lubbock has actually supplied formula for calculating the distances from observations of this kind. M. Petit, also, director of the observatory at Toulouse, is quoted as having been led by observation and calculation to conclude that the earth is attended by at least one meteoric stone of considerable size—one about 20 times nearer than the moon—its orbit being 5,000 miles from the earth's surface, the tiny moon revolving round the earth in 8 hours and 20 minutes.

Right Up to Date.

Day—I find there is a \$2,500 mortgage on the property you sold me. You never said anything about it.
Night—Certainly I did. Didn't I distinctly tell you it had all modern improvements?—Elmira Telegram.

During the war of 1812, the second war with Great Britain, there were 10 regular battles, 8 actions almost equaling the dignity of battles and 52 skirmishes, bombardments or other combats.

The class in natural history, being asked the difference between a dog and a tree, the head boy answered, "A tree is covered with bark, while a dog seems to be lined with it."

Cuticura SOAP

Purifies and Beautifies the Skin by restoring to healthy activity the CLOGGED, IRRITATED, INFLAMED, SLUGGISH, or OVERWORKED PORES.

Sole greater than the combined sales of all other skin soaps. Sold throughout the world. British patent. F. W. L. & CO., 100 N. 3rd St., Portland, Ore. Sole Proprietors, U. S. A.

ATTENTION DEMOCRATS.

Democratic County Convention Postponed Till Tuesday, April 7th.

At the request of many democrats from various portions of the county the Lane county democratic county convention is hereby postponed until TUESDAY, APRIL 7.

It is recommended the precinct primary conventions be held on the same date as before appointed, viz: Saturday, March 24th.

J. P. RAMSEY,
Chairman Dem. Co. Cent. Com.
F. C. MATTHEWS,
Secretary.
Cripple Creek,

The great gold mining camp in Colorado, is best reached via the Union Pacific, "The Overland Route." Continued developments in and around Cripple Creek are disclosing untold wealth, and new properties are being opened up daily. When you go see that your tickets read via the Union Pacific system.

For full information as to rates, time of trains, sleeping car tickets or reservations, call on or address
R. W. BAXTER,
General Agent, 135 Third St., cor. Alder, Portland, Ore.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Henderson & Linn.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became a Girl, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WANTED.—A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house-to-house canvass for our Vegetable Toilet Soap. \$10 to \$25 and postage thereon. Address: Geo. A. Reed, 542 to 550 Austin Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

THE ABOVE PICTURE DOES NOT REPRESENT a passenger train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. No. Its trains are vestibuled, heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp. Its dining cars are the best in the world and its coaches are palaces on wheels.

This great railway, connecting as it does with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, assures to the traveling public the best service known. Tickets via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway are on sale at all railroad ticket offices to any point in the United or Canada. For maps, folders and other information, address:
C. J. EDDY, General Agent,
Portland, Oregon.

NOTICE TO POLICY HOLDERS

Of the Withdrawal From the State of Oregon of the Sun Insurance Company of San Francisco, California.
Notice is hereby given to all persons in the State of Oregon holding policies in the Sun Insurance Company of San Francisco, California, and to all other persons interested, that said company has renounced its business in the State of Oregon in the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, of San Francisco, California, and has assigned its business in the State of Oregon to said company, and proposes to withdraw its assets on deposit with the Treasurer thereof and to cease doing business in said State.
Any policy holder in the State of Oregon or any other persons having claims against said insurance company, are hereby notified to file the same with the Secretary of State of the State of Oregon within six (6) months of the date of the publication of this notice.
This notice is given pursuant to the provisions of an act of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, entitled "An Act to amend Sections 3024, 3025, 3026 and 3027 of Chapter 107 of the Miscellaneous Laws of Oregon as Compiled and Annotated by W. L. Blair, 1901, approved February twenty-fifth, 1901."

Witness my hand and seal of the State of Oregon, at Salem, Oregon, this 10th day of March, 1902.

W. H. FRIED, Sec.

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THE NEW WAY EAST. GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY and O. R. N. CO'S LINES. —THE SHORT ROUTE—

To points in WASHINGTON, IDAHO, MONTANA, DAKOTAS, MINNESOTA and the East. Through tickets on sale to and from CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, WASHINGTON, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON and ALL PORTS in the United States, Canada and Europe. The Great Northern Railway is a new transcontinental line. Runs buffet-library observation cars, palace-sleeping and dining cars, family tourist sleepers and first and second class coaches. Having a rock ballast track the Great Northern Railway is free from dust, one of the chief annoyances of transcontinental travel. Round tickets with stop over privileges and choice of return routes. For further information call upon or write
SVARVERUD & SIMPSON, Eugene, Oregon
Or A. B. C. DENISTON, General Agent, 107 Third Street, Portland, Oregon

Oregon Central & Eastern Rail Road Co. YAQUINA BAY ROUTE.

Connecting at Yaquina Bay with the San Francisco and Yaquina Bay Steamship Company's

Steamship "Farallon."

A 1st and first-class in every respect. Sails from Yaquina for San Francisco about every 8 days. Passenger accommodation unsurpassed. Shortest route between the Willamette valley and California.

Fare from Albany or points west to San Francisco:
Cabin, \$12; Steerage, \$8; Cabin, Round trip, good 60 days, \$18.

For sailing days, apply to
GEO. F. CRAW, Local Agent.
EDWIN STONE, Manager,
Corvallis, Or.

KARL'S CLOVER ROOT
Purifies the Blood, Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Dizziness, Eruptions on the Skin, Beautifies the Complexion.
An agreeable Laxative and Nerve Tonic. Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per package. Samples free.
K. O. NO. The Favorite Tooth Powder for the Tooth and Breath, 50c. Sold by druggists and Linn.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Soo Pacific Line.

—The Shortest, Safest and Most COMPLETE ROUTE To and from all points in Canada, United States and Europe. The Finest Palace Sleeping, Parlor, Dining and Tourist Cars in the

WORLD.

Both First and Second-Class Cars are heated by steam and are designed to secure uniform warmth, combined with perfect ventilation. The cars of no other line can compare with them, in these respects, nor in strength, elegance and comfort.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY CO.'S
Royal Mail Steamship Line TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

These twin-screw steamers are in every respect superior to any ships that have yet sailed the Pacific Ocean. The route is 300 miles shorter than via any other Trans-Pacific line. CANADIAN AUSTRALIAN STEAMER LINE

HONOLULU, FIJI AND AUSTRALIA. The shortest line to the Colonies. These steamers carry an experienced Medical Man and a Stewardess on every voyage. For time tables, pamphlets, or any information, call on or address,
GEO. F. CRAW, Agent, Eugene, Ore.
Freight and Passenger Agt., 116 Third St., Portland, Or.
GEO. M. C. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, February 25, 1896.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Charles Andrews against Augustus F. Nivergoll for abandoning his homestead entry No 7883, dated November 24, 1893, upon the lots 1, 2 and 3, section 20, township 18 S., range 2 west, in Lane county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at the office of Joel Ware, U. S. C. C. Commissioner, Eugene, Oregon, on the eleventh day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment. Hearing at this office on the testimony so taken, April 23, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. Sufficient evidence having been filed to show that personal service cannot be had it is ordered that service be made by publication in the Eugene Guard, according to law.
R. M. VEAUGH, Register.
R. S. SHERIDAN, Receiver.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, March 4, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Joel Ware, U. S. C. C. Commissioner, at Eugene, Oregon, on April 14, 1896, viz: Archie M. Richardson on homestead entry No 8615 for the ss 1/2 ne 1/4, s 1/2 ne 1/4, sw 1/4 ne 1/4, sec 19, tp 18 s, r 2 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land viz:
William D. Neely and Levi P. Tallman, of Meadow, Oregon; Louis Rauch, of Crow, Oregon; and Nathan C. Parkerson, of Gleneden, Oregon.

R. M. VEAUGH, Register.

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM

Through Pullman Palace sleepers. Tourist sleepers and new Reclining Chair cars.

DAILY PORTLAND TO CHICAGO

Trains heated by steam and cars lighted by Electric Light. Time to Chicago, 2 1/2 days; time to New York, 4 1/2 days, which is many hours quicker than all competitors. For rates, time tables and full information apply to
E. J. MCCLANAHAN, Agent, Eugene, Or.
R. W. BAXTON, C. E. BROWN, Gen'l Agent, Dist. Pass. Agt., 125 Third St., Portland, Or.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Paine, Henry C. Round Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

RUN S Pullman Sleeping Cars Elegant Dining Cars Tourist Sleeping Cars

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

Through Tickets to—

Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

For information, time cards, maps and tickets call on or write

R. McMURPHEY, Gen'l Agent, Eugene, Office: Rooms 2 and 4 Shelton Block.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen'l. Pass. Agent, 25 Morrison Street, corner Third PORTLAND, OREGON

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, February 10, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Joel Ware, U. S. C. C. Commissioner, at Eugene, Oregon, on March 25, 1896, viz: Charles C. Holcomb on homestead entry No 6652 for the ss 1/2, sec 32, tp 16 s, r 2 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:
Henry Holcomb, Wesley Davis, Marion C. Davis and Kirk Patrick, all of Leburg, Oregon.

R. M. VEAUGH, Register.