TORNADO SWEEPS OVER MANY SOUTHERN STATES CAUSING IMMENSE DAMAGE

Atlanta, Feb. 6.—The storm which passed over Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia in numerous sections has reached the proportions of a tornado. Reports received up to today tell of the death of more than a dozen persons, with the fatal injury of at least as many more and the serious injury to many others in the states named. It is believed that reports from the devastated districts today will greatly increase the number of fatalities.

The storm centre travelled east from north Texas and appears to have wrought the greatest havoc in northern Alabama, although high winds prevailed throughout the length and breadth of that state, reaching the velocity of 46 miles an hour as far south as Mobile, where a torrential rain was accompanied by hail.

GOVERNOR GILLETTE ASKS RECONSIDERATION OF JAP BILL

Sacramento, Feb. 5.—Governor Gillett sent a special message bearing on the Japanese legislation to the senate and assembly today in which he said:

"Gentlemen: Believing there should be further and more careful consideration of assembly bill No. 14, which provides that board school board trustees shall have power to establish separate schools for the children of Japanese; that thereafter they shall not be admitted to any other public school, and further believing that the enactment of the provisions of said bill will at this time afect the interests of the entire nation and perhaps seriously, I most respectfully request you to reconsider the vote by which said bill was passed, and take the matter up for further and most careful consideration. Within a few hours after the passage of said bill, the president of the United States, alarmed at this possible consequence of the enactment of such a law, sent me a telegram containing the following language: 'This is the most offensive bill of all and in my judgment is clearly unconstitutional, and we shall at once have to test it in courts. Can it not be stopped in legislature or by vote?' A telegram so forcible as this coming from the president is entitled to full consideration and demands that no hasty or ill-considered action be taken by this state which may involve the whole country."

The governor asks that sentiment and personal opinion and considerations be laid aside that the interests of the state and nation may be considered.

Leading opponents of the anti-Japanese consideration do not believe they can secure the necessary number of votes for a re-consideration.

Action Is Postponed.

Sacramento, Feb. 5.—The assembly unanimously voted to postpone further action on the Japanese school segregation bill until next Wednesday. In the meantime the bearing of the bill upon the existing treaty between the United States and Japan will be examined into.

CAPTAIN FOUND GUILTY OF CHARGE OF DRUNKENNESS

Gibraltar, Feb. 6.—Captain Edward F. Qualtrough, of the battleship Georgia, having been found guilty by court-martial of being intoxicated while on duty and of conduct prejudicial to the good of the navy, has been suspended for six months, with the additional punishment of the loss of ten numbers in rank. Captain Qualtrough has been detached from command of the Georgia and is coming home on her as its passenger. The battleship is in command of Lieutenant Commander Kilnr.

HASKELL AND OTHERS INDICTED BY GRAND JURY

Muskogee, Okla., Feb. 3.—The United States grand jury for the Eastern district of Oklahoma turned into court here today three indictments in the Muskogee townsite land fraud investigation and stated to United States District Judge Campbell that they would have no more such cases at present. One indictment was against Charles N. Haskell, Clarence W. Turner and Walter R. Eaton, the second was against William T. Hutchings and Clarence W. Turner, and the third and last was against Albert Z. English, Frederick B. Severs and Jesse Hill.

Each one of these indictments first recites that the United States has always exercised official functions in the matter of protecting the Indian tribes in the enjoyment of land set apart for their use, supervising through the interior department the selling of such land when this is done under the law for such land, and also taking care of the proceeds for the Indians, and then the act of March 1, 1901, is referred to.

WILLIAMS' CARBOLIC SALVE WITH ARNICA and WITCH HAZEL

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, tetter, chapped hands and all skin eruptions. Guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Sold by Hilton Drug Company.

R.H. Matteson has moved his family from Mabel to Eugene.

Kodol is a combination of all the natural digestive juices found in an ordinary healthy stomach, and it will digest your food in a natural way. Pleasant to take. Sold by all druggists.

TRY TO PASS CENSUS BILL OVER EXECUTIVE VETO

Washington, Feb. 6.—An attempt will be made in the house, according to the plans of the house leaders, to pass the census bill over the veto of the president, it is said. Action on the veto will be postponed probably until an opportune time next week.

Washington, Feb. 5.—"The evil effects of the spoils system and of the custom of treating appropriations to the public service as personal perquisites of professional politicians are peculiarly evident in the case of a great public work which should emphatically be done for the whole people, and with an eye single to their interests."

In these words President Roosevelt today summed up a message to the house, returning without his approval a measure providing for the taking of the next census, because of a provision that appointments shall be made on the basis of non-competitive examinations. As passed by congress, the bill permits representatives and senators to designate persons for positions after they have undergone a single examination.

MARKS DRUG STORE SOLD TO DILLONS

The Helen R. Marks Co., which owned the drug store next to the Hotel Smeede, has sold out to the Dillon Drug Co. its business and stock. The new firm is composed of Con S. Dillon, of Walla Walla, and Vancouver, and his son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Dillon, who will take charge of the business.

Since the establishment of the store, the business has been successful, and the new company gladly took over the business as a good investment.

The new proprietors are experienced in the drug business.

IF YOU KNEW

The merits of Texas Wonder you would never suffer from Kidney, bladder or rheumatic trouble. $1 a bottle (two months' treatment) sold by O. J. Hull, or by mail. Send for testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive street, St. Louis.

G. L. Neale, of Central Point, is in the city on business.

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup not only allays inflamation and irritation of throat and lungs, but it drives out the cold from the system by a free yet gentle action of the bowels. Sold by all druggists.

FIST FIGHT IN COUNCIL ROOM BARELY AVERTED

But for the interference of Mayor Matlock, other members of the city council and Chief of Police Farrington, Councilman John M. Williams, of the Fourth ward, during a moment of passion, would have perhaps assaulted Acting City Attorney John M. Pipes at the special meeting of the council last night. The meeting was held for the purpose of giving City Treasurer Reisner, who had been given notice that he would be ousted from office for non-performance of duty, a hearing. During discussion of the motion made by Councilman Williams that the charges against Reisner be dismissed, Williams took occasion to harshly criticise the present administration and the acting city attorney, stating that the council was blindly following the advice of the city attorney and that the attorney advised them just as the mayor wished him to do, whether or not the actions were legal. At this Attorney Pipes calmly announced that this statement was a lie. Williams, who had worked himself almost into a frenzy, lost all control of himself and started for Pipes. Luckily, Mayor Matlock was sitting between the two and he arose from his chair and prevented the irate councilman from reaching the city attorney. Councilman Fisher and Chief of Police Farrington were also instrumental in preventing a personal encounter between the two. Williams was roundly hissed by the audience for his ungentlemanly actions. Be it said to his credit, however, that he afterward apologized to Pipes and said that he was wrong in making such a statement.

Charges Read

After the meeting was opened by the mayor, Recorder Dorris read the call for the meeting and the charges preferred against Treasurer Reisner. The treasurer's answer to the charges was then read. Before going further it was suggested that any statement in regard to the cause of bringing charges against the treasurer should be made under oath and accordingly the mayor was sworn. He stated that he regretted that it became necessary to remove the treasurer, as he was a personal friend of the mayor and of every member of the council, as far as he knew, but the object in removing him was to facilitate the work of installing the electrical power plant for the purpose of furnishing electricity to operate the city's water plant. Cross-examination of the mayor by Attorney E. O. Potter and C. A. Hardy, counsel for Reisner, who are also attorneys for the Willamette Valley Company, revealed the fact that the mayor had paid the warrants issued to owners of the land which the council secured for the canal right-of-way, and that he was now the owner of the warrants. The attorneys accused the mayor of wishing to secure the removal of the treasurer because of a personal interest in the matter, he being the owner of the warrants that the treasurer refuses to cash. The amount of the warrants so held by the mayor is $3015. The mayor explained that the reason he bought the warrants was that the men who sold the land to the city wanted their money and while he was confident that the warrants were legal and that they would be cashed, he knew there would be a delay in getting them cashed and bought them to accommodate these men. At the conclusion of the cross examination of the mayor Councilman Williams moved that the charges against the treasurer be dismissed, whereupon he was declared out of order.

Told of Land Deal

Councilman Garrett, who was chairman of the committee that secured the land from Robert Millican and others for the right-of-way, was then sworn. His testimony revealed the fact that more than enough land needed for the right of way was secured from Mr. Millican, as he would not sell any of it unless the whole of a certain tract was purchased. This was done, and the land not needed was sold to Mr. McNutt and Mr. Irvin, whose land lies adjoining. While Millican was paid $1100 for the land, those portions of it sold to McNutt and Irvin brought enough to reduce the cost of the right-of-way through Millican's land to a little over $400, which is the cheapest half mile secured by the committee. This action of the committee was declared to be illegal by Councilman Williams and the corporation attorneys, for the reason that the charter does not provide that the city council should buy and sell real estate in such a manner.

After Garrett had finished his testimony Williams again moved that the charges be dismissed and Fisher seconded the motion. The motion was again declared out of order, but Williams insisted on being heard, and became excited over the matter. It was then that the mayor sternly and forcibly ordered him to sit down.

After the testimony had been finished the mayor stated that Williams' motion would now be in order. After a second by Fisher, Williams began his speech which led up to the excitement mentioned at the beginning o fthis article. In contending that the charges against the treasurer should be dismissed, Williams alleged that the warrants were not legally drawn, and that the treasurer was right in refusing to honor them. He charged that the report of the purchase of the land was not made to the council, but to the water board, and that the warrants were not authorized by the council but were drawn by the mayor and recorder without the council having a voice in the matter. In speaking of the money that had been paid by the committee by McNutt and Irvin, Williams stated that the money was still in the hands of the committee (which was a fact), and insinuated that it motion was then made that the city Councilman Garrett, who is chairman of the committee, strongly resented such an imputation and took exceptions to Williams' reflections upon his honesty.

Charges Sustained

The motion to dismiss the charges was put to a vote, which resulted as follows: Ayes—Williams and Fisher. Noes—Garrett, Roach, Moon, Gilbert, Heller and Berger. A motion was then made to sustain the charges and it carried by the same vote. A motoion was then made that the city attorney prepare resolutions dismissing the treasurer, and it was carried. The resolutions, which had already been written, were then read and were adopted, Williams and Fisher, of course, voting no.

It was moved that J. J. Walton be elected city treasurer, and the motion carried by the usual majority. Attorney Pipes stated that the injunction issued against Treasurer Reisner would be effective against the new treasurer just as soon as the required bond is filed. The attorneys for Reisner stated at the meeting that the bond was on the way to Toledo, where Judge Harris is holding court, for his approval.

All Physicians

Must prescribe some of the ingredients that are contained in Hood's Sarsaparilla—for all troubles of the blood, stomach, kidneys and liver.

They include sarsaparilla, stillingia, yellow dock, gentian, wild cherry bark, mandrake, dandelion, juniper berries, pipsissewa, etc.

The combination and proportions are our own formula and give power to cure beyond the reach of any other prescription or substitute. That's why it is wise to get Hood's and only Hood's.

GOOD SERVICE WITH 'PHONES BY MARCH 1

(From Saturday's Daily Guard.)

Buzz! B-u-z-z-! B—u—z—z—! "What in the earth is the matter with Central?" "Hello Central! Is this Central?" "No." "Line's busy." "Fourth time I have called you up for that number."

Such was the burden of complaints made at a meeting of about eighty Lane county farmer telephone users this morning in the court house. No definite steps were taken for a remedy, but a committee was appointed composed of A. C. Woodcock, Eugene, chairman; George A. Dorris, Springfield; H. C. Wheeler, Pleasant Hill; and David Humphrey, Eugene; to form a constitution, by-laws and resolutions, to be reported at a meeting of representatives from the fifty farmer lines in the county next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock in the court house. Temporary officers were elected; Ed Zumwalt, of Irving, be chosen chairman, and Ross Mathews, of Thurston, secretary.

Manager Heaton, of the Pacific Telephone company, stated the real problem.

"Last August and September," he said, "we took account of the calls received in one day at Eugene. There were between 10,000 and 12,000. Now, we find that we have 18,000 and 20,000 every day. Why this is, I do not know. We have not put in enough telephones to anywhere near justify the increase. This problem we have been trying to meet, but a telephone company has to order everything made and that makes it slow.

"However, we put in two additional lines between Springfield and Eugene, a new switchboard of the most improved type, new lines and cables, which will aggregate all together somewhere near $40,000.

Service by March 1.

"We have promised the Merchants' Protective association and Commercial club that we will be able to handle the work by March 1. That is only thrree weeks away, but we intend to keep our promise. That includes your farmers as well as the city people."

George A. Dorris voiced the complaining side in an address. He said that the Springfield service is fine, "absolutely fine." But I have called Eugene up six times, hand running," he continued with vigor, "and I couldn't get them. Why my arm has been paralyzed holding that telephone," and he held them up to the spectators.

"One night," he continued, "I was in Eugene and had to go to the telephone office on business. I found one girl there. It took her fifteen minutes to attend to my wants, and forty calls went unanswered in that time. One girl in the Eugene office can't handle the business at night, that is all there is about it."

"The other day," said Ed Zumwalt, the temporary chairman, "one of the farmers ran his horse to earth for the doctor, because his phone would not work. That is as bad as in the pioneer days. There are 700 farmers in the fifty lines in Lane county, and we propose to unite and aid ourselves if the Bell company don't do it."

FOUND DEAD IN HIS BED AT ACME

(From Saturday's Daily Guard.)

Jesse Bounds this morning received a telephone message from Acme stating that his father-in-law, Andrew Montgomery, was found dead in his bed at the home of his son, George, this morning. He had been in his usual good health the day before. Death came suddenly from heart trouble or some kindred ailment.

Decedent was aged over 80 years and was an early Oregon pioneer and Indian war veteran, having fought in the Rogue River war in the early days. He leaves the following children: George, at Acme; Mrs. Jesse Bounds, of Eugene; Mrs. Josie Demmick and James, of Spokane; Mrs. Ruby Fitzgerald, of Shanghai, China; Frank, of Hartline, Wash. and William, of Walla Walla, Wash.

SALOME DANCE CAUSE OF STUDENT BEING EXPELLED

Breaking of the rule that no outsiders should be invited to the freshman hop, by Nelson Gammans, and the consequent penalty of jigging the Salome dance, dressed in pajamas and an overcoat, before one of the sorority houses on January 29, resulted in the expulsion of Linn Coovert and the threatened suspension of five others at the University faculty meeting yesterday afternoon. As all who are implicated are freshmen, and as the acts are alleged not to be included in the definition of hazing, as understood among the students and faculty at the time of the incident, some of the students consider the penalty of the faculty unjust and a student body meeting may be asked for.

Linn Coovert is the son of E. E. Coovert, a prominent Portland lawyer, and intended, before being expelled, to leave college as soon as he had passed his examinations. He has been popular with his classmates, and was a member of the glee club. Gammans is a Portland man, who is alternate on one of the debating teams. The other men are Freshmen Brown, Blackman, Roach, Flegal and Randall. All of these men claim that they do not know how the faculty learned of the incident after a lapse of three weeks. Gammans was exonerated by President Campbell. He was one of two people to be accompanied by friends who were not students to the dance. As the other was a girl, the class men contented themselves with punishing Gammans by the Salome dance and other inflictions on the night following the freshman dance. After Gammans had danced he "ran the gauntlet," was taken to the millrace and threatened with a bath, and then returned to his rooms.

The faculty also investigated a "smoker" given to one of the friends of the six implicated ,in their house. It is said that the boys together slipped into the room and sat down and talked and smoked until the air was so clouded that even the smokers could not stand it. They also burned old rags, and when they left took the covers of the bed with them.

The expulsion is the direct result of the mandate that all hazing must stop, and that any form of coercion shall be considered a form of hazing. The public announcement of the new ruling was made after the inflictions were dealt out. Coovert is the first man to be expelled from college that the oldest student can remember.

As a result of the faculty ruling against hazing, some of the old customs are sai to be broken up. Reports have also reached the ears of well-known students that underclassmen were wearing corduroys, a thing positively forbidden by student campus rules, and seniors and juniors freely state that they will millrace any underclassman that they find wearing corduroys regardless of faculty rules.

The Faculty View.

Registrar Tiffany of the Unisersity, states that the reason all six freshmen were not expelled was because Coovert had heard of a resolution passed by the faculty against hazing, and the rest had not. This resolution, according to the registrar, was passed on January 7, but there appeared to be no general announcement until last week, when President Campbell spoke to the Dormitory men.

The registrar also thinks that there is little student feeling on the campus over the matter, and that the faculty had no other possible action before them. Another University authority takes the view that hazing must be stopped, and to do this that that an example must be made when cases coome before the faculty. This man said that twenty men might be mill-raced without hurt, and that the twenty-first might be injured for life.

ANTI-JAPANESE BILL DEFEATED IN CALIFORNIA

Sacramento, Feb. 3.—After a debate extending from 11 a. m. to 5 p.m. today the assembly rejected the bill drawn by Drew, barring aliens from ownership of land in California, by a vote of 48 to 28. The bill was amended at the request of President Roosevelt and Secretary Root so that the clause applying to the Japanese only was eliminated, making it apply to all aliens, but the measure aroused such a storm of opposition that long before the debate was closed by Drew it was apparent that the measure would be defeated.

Arguments Pro and Con

In substance the opposition to it was more that it would drive at least a billion dollars of foreign capital out of the state than that it might jeopardize the present friendly relations with Japan.

The proponents of the bill contended that the state was being overrun by thrifty Japanese who were gradually gaining an impregnable position as land owners and whose government was trying to dictate to California regarding legislation.

DIED

At her home ten miles west of Eugene, Feb. 3, 1909, Mrs. Robert Petsold, after a long illness.

At her hime at 31 West Eleventh street, Eugene, Feb. 2, 1909, Luella Nims, aged 14 years, the daughter of Louis E. Nims and wife. The remains were shipped to Minnesota for burial.

WILL NOT ADJOURN UNTIL LAWS ARE ENACTED IN PEOPLE'S INTEREST

Guarad Special Service.

Salem, Feb. 5.—The house committee on resolutions ,in reporting on the senate concurrent resolution providing for final adjournment next Wednesday, today recommended that the resolution be not concurred in till both houses enact some legislation in the interest of the people.

Salaries and Population.

Buchanan, of Douglas, has introduced in the house a bill fixing a scale of salaries to be paid county officials based on the population of counties. The purpose of the measure is to keep out of the legislature, if possible, the large number of salary increasing bills that are introduced at every session.

Must Fence Railway Lines.

Steam and electric railroad companies will be liable for all damages resulting to stock from their failure to maintain fences and cattle guards along their property, if a bill, introduced in the house by Bean of Lane, is enacted.

Another Pure Food Bill.

Another pure food bill has made its appearance in the legislature. It was introduced in the house yesterday by McDonald, of Multnomah at the request of the retail grocers of Portland. It requires that all food stuffs shall be correctly labeled as to their true net weight or measure. The same bill was killed at the 1907 session through the influence of the Portland jobbers.

Lane County Salaries.

Members of the Lane county delegation have introduced a bill in the house providing that the salary of school superintendent in that county shall be raised to $1,500 per annum. The same bill provides that officer with a stenographer at $600 salary. This delegation also has presented a bill providing for the creation of county school districts and prescribing the manner in which the tax for their maintenance shall be levied and collected.

Ten Round Boxing Matches.

Davis of Multnomah, has introduced a bill permitting boxing exhibitions of not to exceed 10 rounds, for points only, to be pulled off in all cities of the state having over 25,000 population.

Constitutional Convention.

Buchanan's bill providing that the question of holding a constitutional convention shall be submitted to the people of the state at a special election in June 1911 has passed the house. The bill provides that if such a constitution is held, the revised constitution shall afterwards be submitted to the voters for their approval before it shall become operative.

Road Bonding Bill Killed.

The house today refused to adopt Senator Bingham's resolution authorizing counties to issue bonds to the amount of $300,000 for the purpose of constructing roads.

State Printer Wins Again

Representative Bean's bill placing the state printer on a flat salary was considered by the house today. It was amended so that it shall not go into office until the expiration of incumbent's term, January 1911. The salary of the printer was fixed at $4,000 per annum, and the superintendent of public instruction was substituted for the chief justice of the supreme court as a member of the state printing board, the other two members being the governor and state treasurer. This board shall have supervision of the state printer's office and manage all of the state's printing. When the bill had been partially considered it was referred to a joint committee consisting of the judiciary revision of laws and printing committees with instructions to report at 10 a. m., next Tuesday.

Override More Salary Vetoes.

The house this morning passed three county salary increasing bills over the governor's veto. These bills affected the salaries of the school superintendents of Yamhill, Morrow and Sherman counties. Only three members of the houses voted to sustain the governor's veto. The senate today killed Nottingham's bill restoring to sheriffs the duty of conveying insane patients to the asylum.

For Popular Choice.

On recommendation of the judiciary committee the house this morning killed by indefinite postponement Representative Buchanan's bill repealing the people's instruction amendment adopted by initiative last June and directing that members of legislature to vote for the popular choice for United States senator.

Conservation Committee.

Speaker McArthur today announced the three house members of the conservation committee authorized by joint resolution adopted this week. They are: Eaton, Bryant and Corrigan.

JOHNSON PAYS THE PENALTY FOR PERDUE MURDER

Salem, Feb. 5.—Walter Johnson, convicted of the murder of Elmer Perdue, of Spokane, Wash., in the mountains back of Hillsboro, Or., while on a timber cruising expedition ,was hanged at the penitentiary here today. Johnson killed Purdue for the purpose of robbery.

Walter Johnson was convicted December 14 last of having murdered Elmer Purdue, of Spokane, Wash. Purdue in the summer of ,1908, in company with several Swedes, was taken to a point in the mountains 22 miles from Hillsboro by Johnson to be located on a timber claim. The Swedes did not like the location and returned, leaving Johnson and Perdue in the mountains. Johnson confessed that after the Swedes left he blew the top of Perdue's head off with a shotgun. Johnson said that the murder was for the purpose of robbery and that he secured $140. After the killing Johnson returned to his home near Hillsboro, and though notoriously in straightened circumstances paid all his debts. This attracted suspicion to him and he was arrested while visiting in Portland August 16 last.

MOST OFFENSIVE ANTI-JAP MEASURE

Sacramento, Feb. 4.—With the defeat in the lower house today of Johnson's two bills prohibiting aliens from being members of boards of directors and restricting them in residence districts at the option of the boards of supervisors, followed by the unexpected passage of a third bill segregating Japanese school children in separate schools along with Chinese, Coreans and other Asiatics, regarded as the most offensive measure of all, President Roosevelt again has taken a hand in the anti-Japanese legislation in the state legislature, which for the last week has drawn international attention to California.

Hardly had the bill passed before Governor Gillett received the following message from the president:

Most Offensive of All

"Your kind letter just received. What is the rumor that the California legislature has passed a bill excluding the Japanese children from the public schools? This is the most offensive bill of all, and in my judgment is clearly unconstitutional and we should at once have to test it in the courts. Can it be stopped in the legislature or by veto?"

The governor at once sent a reply, the nature of which he declines at this time to make public, and requested an immediate answer. Pending the receipt of another telegram from the president, the governor declined tonight to discuss the action of the assembly today.

Classes Japs With Mongolians.

The bill passed today, which was one of the three anti-Jap measures introduced by Grove L. Johnson, places the Japanese in the same classification with other Asiatics and inserts the word "Japanese" in the present state statute providing for the segregation in separate schools of "Mongolian" children. By this action the lower house of the California legislature has taken the step which the board of education of San Francisco intended to take two years ago, but was dropped after the board and the then mayor, Eugene E. Schmitz, were called to Washington and had several long conferences with the president.

FINED HIM FOR KILLING STEP MOTHER

Waycross, Ga., Feb. 6.—It cost Kinch Williams $150 to kill his stepmother. Williams shot and killed her on November 1904, and after being a fugitive from justice for four years he surrendered to the sheriff and was given an immediate trial yesterday. He was allowed to plead guilty to "shooting at another" and was given an alternative of fine of $150 or nine months imprisonment. Williams promptly paid the fine.

DATE OF EUGENE DISTRICT FAIR IS SET

The North Pacific Fair association met in Portland yesterday and fixed the dates of the several race meets in the Northwest for this fall. The dates are as follows: Portland, September 20 to 25th; Spokane, Same as Portland; Everett, August 30 to Sept. 4th; Eugene, September 6 to 11th; Salem, September 13 to 18th; Seattle, September 27 to October 2d; Walla Walla, October 4 to 9th; Lewiston, September 27 to October 2d; Boise, October 11 to 16th.

Eugene will see as good racing between the sixth and the eleventh of September as will be seen in the Northwest this year. The local fair association will proceed to place the new track in good condition as soon as the weather will permit. A grand stand will be erected at once and an exhibit pavilion will be built before the fair opens.