THE EUGENE WEEKLY GUARD SUPPLEMENT

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PLOTTER AGAINST FRENCH MONARCHY IS STILL ALIVE

San Francisco, Sept. 29.—The Call publishes a story to the effect that Comte Camillo de Rudio, an Italian exile, who threw one of the bombs which shattered the carriage of Emperor Louis Napoleon III and Empress Eugenie, killing ten and injuring 150 others, in Paris January 14, 1858, is living quietly at Los Angeles with his English wife, who aided him to escape the scaffold, and has been with him ever since. According to de Rudio the plot to kill the emperor was originated by Felice Orsini, who took into his confidence himself, Guiseppi Pieri and another exile named Gomez. The idea was for an uprising in France, to be followed by one in Italy, in which the monarchy would be overthrown. The throwing of the bombs and the execution of Orsini and Pieri are matters of history. Gomez was sentenced to life imprisonment.

De Rudio, aided by Eliza Booth, an Englishwoman, escaped on the way to the gallows. They went to Devil's Island, and after many vicissitudes reached California. De Rudio declares that Francesco Crispi, the Italian statesman, was cognizant of the plot, and that Crispi was in conference with Orsini a few moments before the bombs were thrown.

LARGE ATTENDANCE IN JUNCTION SCHOOLS

Mrs. W. D. Goodwin came down from the ranch on upper Sweet creek the first of the week and will remain here for some time.

Commissioner Price came in as far as Beecher rock Tuesday evening to commence operations of blasting it down. He brought several men and a load of supplies.

The Ballard-Schofer hunting party passed through town last Friday on their way back to Junction, after spending a couple of weeks in the cape country.

Miss June Freeley arrived here on Tuesday morning from Spokane, Wash., and at once took up her duties as principal of the Florence school.

Miss Fannie Colvin arrived here Tuesday from Eugene to take up her duties as teacher of the intermediate department of the Florence school.—Florence West.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 26.—The county local option bill, giving each county the right to decide whether liquor shall be sold within its confines, passed at the special session of the legislature today. The passage of the bill is a great victory for Governor Hanley, who has made a determined fight for the measure ever since assuming office.

Hanley's term of office expires on January 1, 1909. His successor-elect Watson, received Hanley's support on the promise that he would endeavor to bring about the enactment of a county local option law. After Watson' selection, however, he virtually repudiated the promise and Hanley, in order to accomplish the reform, called a special session of the legislature.

A Dramatic Scene.

A dramatic scene marked the final vote on the bill, which was opposed by the democrats, who caused a great demonstration to delay matters until the arrival of Representative Johnson, one of their number, accompanied by his little daughter. Laying his hand tenderly on his child's head, Johnson started to explain his vote. "I have been against this bill," he said, "but certain influences"—here Johnson looked down at his daughter and broke into tears. After a pause he sobbed "I can't vote, Mr. Speaker." The daughter then put her arms around her father's neck and fm a moment Johnson turned about and said: "I vote aye."

This action was followed by six democrats voting with the republicans, making a majority of votes for the bill.

PETTIGREW SAYS REPUBLICANS PAID

Salem, S. D., Sept. 28.—While traveling with W. J. Bryan today former Senator R. F. Pettigrew publicly announced that four years ago he had been approached by the Republican National committee, tarough a former United States senator with an offer of ten thousand dollars for ten speeches, to be delivered in such places as the committee would dictate, in support of the candidacy of Thomas Watson, of Georgia, the People's party candidate for the presidency. Pettigrew said that with a view of ascertaining what was behind the offer he wrote to his senator friend and asked him if the amount could not be increased to twenty thousand. The reply was that they were not inclined to give one man that much.

Pettigrew declared he declined the offer and conducted an investigation with the result that he was satisfied the Republican party financed, in a large measure, Watson's campaign.

ROOSEVELT AGAIN REPLIES TO BRYAN

Washington, Sept. 27.—President Roosevelt late tonight made reply to William J. Bryan's recent speech in which he maintained that the Democratic party and platform were not getting a square deal in the campaign. The president's reply deals particularly with Mr. Bryan's assertion that the administration has been neither sincere nor effective in the prosecution of trusts.

Mr. Roosevelt combats this charge with characteristic emphasis and sets forth in detail what has been done under his direction toward curbing the tendency of capital to centralize with a view to destroying competition. He says:

"Under this administration a mass of such cases have been brought, including the case against the Northern Securities Company; against the beef packers; against the Federal Salt Company; against the General Paper Company; against the Otis and other elevator companies; against the American Tobacco Company; against the Powder trust; against the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company; against the Standard Oil Company, and others.

In a number of these cases the government has already succeeded by injunctions and otherwise. Some of the cases are now pending. In hardly any important case against great law-breaking corporations has the government yet suffered final defeat."

TAFT REPLIES TO SENATOR FORAKER

Minneapolis, Sept. 26—The fourth day of Judge Taft's speaking campaign ended here tonight with the

R. F. PETTIGREW.

delivery of his views in favor of postal savings banks and in opposition to the Bryan theory regarding a government guarantee of bank deposits. Taft will rest from his labors here tomorrow and continue with his whirlwind campaign methods Monday. Judge Taft made answer to the criticism of himself by Senator Foraker. He had recommended Judge Doyle as a private individual for reappointment as federal judge because of Judge Doyle's great attainments and high character. In so doing he explained that Doyle had acted as attorney for the Standard Oil Company and other corporations. The president had chosen to appoint Judge Taylor instead. As to Foraker, Taft commented that he "argues that this is a justification for him while a senator of the United States in accepting professional employment from the Standard Oil Company, and in making what was in effect a partnership with the Standard Oil Company in a newspaper to control an organization of public opinion."

"As to the second charge of Foraker's that Judge Taft rode to Middle Bass in the private car of Mr. Lewis, and on a yacht of Commodore Richardson, of the alleged glass trust, Taft replied that he used a private car which he paid for, and that the boat he rode on was provided by the Middle Bass Club, whose guest he was at the time. Taft started the day at Cedar Rapids ad made an even dozen speeches before reaching here, including the big meeting at St. Paul, where he delivered the brief speech on the general policies of the Republican party. Tonight before a meeting which taxed the auditorium to its capacity, Judge Taft made his cincluding and most important speech of the day. He said:

"I wish to call your attention today to a plank in the Republican platfor mand to a plank in the Democratic platform which involves present, though not controlling issues in this campaign.

"I refer to the first plank in the Republican platform, which recommends the adoption of postal savings banks. The Republican convention doubtless had in mind the bill which had been introduced in the senate and reported by the senate committee for passage authorizing and directing the postmaster-general to receive savings deposits at every money order office and at such other offices as he may designate in sums of $1 or more, and multiples of ten cents after the first dollar."

W. M. GILBERT GETS STATE CERTIFICATE

Pleasant Hill, Sept. 27.—By some mistake the name of W. M. Gilbert, of this place, was omitted from the list of successful applicants for state certificates at the last examination.

MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED MILLIONS IN DIVIDENDS

Boston, Mass., Sept. 29.—With the payment today of a quarterly dividend of $5 a share the total amount of dividends received by the stockholders of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company reaches the enormous sum of $107,350,000. The dividends have been paid without interruption since 1871. The capital consists of 100,000 shares of the par value of $20.

To Alexander Agassiz, son of the celebrated scientist, Louis Agassiz, is due the credit for the development of the great Calumet and Hecla properties. Alexander Agassiz, like his father before him, is closely associated with Harvard University. As a result of their faith in Agassiz and his discoveries many of the older families of Boston have accumulated millions from their early investments in the copper properties.

Though ultimately better known to the world in other lines, it was a geologist that Louis Agassiz won his earliest reputation, and it was through his knowledge of geology and mineralogy that Alexander was able to bring out the full value of the property. It was in 1865 that he undertook to see what the Hecla property was like and went to Michigan for that purpose. Copper had been mined there to a greater or lesser extent by the whites since 1845. Agassiz did not get far into his investigation before he became satisfied of the mine's value. Returning to Boston he succeeded in organizing a company and raising sufficient capital to work the mine. He did so well with the Hecla mine that he was asked to d-velop the Calumet property also. As a result the two were eventually consolidated under the name of the Calumet and Hecla.

Most of the time since 1869 the yield of the Calumet and Hecla has been steady and large. The hard times from 1873 to 1878 cut it down, but as long ago as 1888, in which year the memorable Calumet and Hecla fire did so much damage to the timbering, the annual output was 12,000 tons. Since then it has reached more than 65,000 tons in a single year, a record that has only been eclipsed by only one copper property in the world, the Anaconda mine of Montana.

DEATH OF MRS. SARAH DURANT-MATLOCK

(From Monday's Daily Guard.)

Mrs. Sarah Durant Matlock died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. M. Pratt, at 30 East Tenth street, Eugene, Sunday, September 27, 1908, at 3 a. m., after a long illness. The funeral was held at the residence this afternoon at 2 o'clock and the remains interred in the I. O. O. F. cemetery. Rev. W. B. Pinkerton, pastor of the Congregational church, in the absence of Mrs. Matlock's pastor, Rev. D. H. Trimble, conducted the services.

Sarah Lowe was born in Dearborn county, Indiana, August 15, 1843. She was married to William H. Durant on September 19, 1864. Six children were born to them, but only one, Mrs. Pratt, is now living.

With three children Mr. and Mrs. Durant came to Oregon and settled in Eugene in 1874. Mr. Durant died on June 15, 1887.

Deceased was a member of the Eastern Star, W. R. C., the Rebeckahs and the Methodist church, having united with the church when she was 15 years of age. She lived a sweet and consistent christian life, and was beloved by all who knew her. She was a long sufferer but always bore her afflictions with patience and fortitude, never complaining. The community will sadly miss her.

ENEMIES OF DUBOIS WIN OUT IN IDAHO

Boise, Idaho., Sept. 28.—The supreme court today decided in favor of the anti-Dubois faction in the contest between the two factions of the Democratic party involving a petition for a writ of mandate filed by the attorneys for the Dubois faction to compel the secretary of state to certify to the county clerks the ticket nominated by that faction at the Wallace convention. The court denied this petition.

The effect of the decision will be to place on the ballot for the November election the ticket nominated by the anti-Dubois faction, headed by Moses Alexander for governor and C. D. Stockslager for United States senator.

Unless the Dubois faction puts an independent ticket in the field the Mormon qusetion will not be an issue in this campaign.

BRYAN WOULD BE COURTEOUS TO TAFT

Lincoln, Sept. 29.—A telegram from Bryan asks the Democrats of Lincoln to remove the lithographs of himself from their windows during the visit of Taft to the city on Wednesday.

PROMINENT TEACHER DEAD OF PARALYSIS

Pittsburg, Sept. 29.—Miss Elizabeth Kelly, said to be principal of the public schools of Tacoma for the past ten years, died here today of paralysis. She was enroute from Tacoma to Latroube, Pa., to visit a brother when stricken down.

LA FOLLETTE INDORSES CAMPAIGN PUBLICITY

Milkaukee, Sept. 26.—Paying his first visit to Wisconsin during the present campaign, W. J. Bryan, following closely on the heels of his opponent, W. H. Taft, tonight in a speech to a vast audience assembled at Riverview Park, continued his attacks upon the Republican platform and held Mr. Taft up to ridicule for not being in sympathy with the principles enunciated by the Chicago convention. He spoke to a big crowd at Kosciusko Park and also the Merchants' & Manufacturers' Association.

On his way here from Chicago Mr. Bryan talked briefly at Woodstock, Ill., Harvard Junction and Caledonia, Ill., and Beloit and Janesville, Wis., at all of which places he was greeted by enthusiastic crowds. At several other points he shook hands with a number of people. The employes of the overall factory at Beloit presented the candidate with a pair of specially made overalls bearing his name worked in the cloth.

A feature of the visit to Madison was the presence in the hall where Mr. Bryan spoke of United States Senator Robert LaFollette, who occupied a prominent seat in the audience, and who, in response to a direct question by one of his admirers if Mr. Bryan's argument on publicity of campaign contributions before election was not "all right," responded:

"Yes, it is."

GREENLEAF ITEMS

(Special Correspondence.)

Greenleaf, Sept. 26.—The timber held by Starrett & Hovey in this neighborhood is being looked after in person by Mr. Starrett, of the firm.

The bridge below Wheeler's has had lumber hauled for a new coat.

Lumber for a new house, barn and other buildings is materializing at Herman Steinhauer's.

Portland parties have bought three forties out of the four belonging to Pete Wilcut at Deadwood.

A. B. Cutler, of Michigan, is looking for a home here. He is accompanied by his wife and one child. They have six, and the schools in here are trying to convince him that this

The freshman class of the University today elected the following officers: Wendell Barbour, president; Miss Lucia Campbell, vice president; Miss Erma Clifford, secretary; Ralph Turner, treasurer; A. R. Means, sergeant-at-arms.

REVS. TRIMBLE AND WIRE REMAIN IN EUGENE

Salem, Sept. 28.—Bishop Hughes late yesterday afternoon at the M. E. conference announced the ministerial appointments as follows:

Portland District—W. B. Hollingshead, district superintendent; Astoria, C. C. Rarick; Clatskanie, Louis Thomas; Houlton, W. C. Fry; Linnton, P. Conklin; Knappa, ————; Portland (Centenary), C. T. Wilson; Portland (Central), C. L. Hamilton; Portland (Chinese Mission), Chang Sing Kai; Portland (Clinton Kelly Memorial), H. J. Kester; Portland (Epworth), C. T. McPherson; Portland (First Church), Benjamin Young; Portland (Grace), W. H. Heppe; Portland (Laurelwood), E. H. Bryant; Portland (Mount Tabor), J. W. McDougall; Portland (Montavilla), H. Oberg; Portland (Patton), D. A. Watters; Portland (Sellwood), L. C. Poor; Portland (St. John), S. H. Dewart; Portland (Sunnyside), W. T. Easter; Portland (Trinity), L. F. Smith; Portland (University Park), William Jeffrey, Jr.; Portland (Woodstock), J. D. Voce; Portland (Woodlawn), W. J. Douglas; Rainier, F. N. Sandifur; Seaside, R. E. Myers; Warrenton, A. A. Heist; St. Helens, Asa Sleeth.

Salem district—B. F. Rowland, district superintendent; Amity, E. Gittens; Ballston, to be supplied; Barton, D. P. Bennett, Jr.; Bay City and Nehalem, A. B. Calder; Beaverton, H. Spies; Bridal Veil, J. W. Mays; Brooks, F. G. Drake; Canby, W. J. Weber; Clackamas and Oswego, W. B. Moore; Cornelius, M. C. Davis; Dayton, J. J. Patton; Dilley, to be supplied; Estacada, H. W. Kuhlman; Forest Grove, H. Gould; Gresham, M. B. Parounagran; Hillsboro, L. F. Belknap; Hope Chapel, A. B. May; Hubbard, C. R. Marquam; Lafayette, Joseph Knotts; Lents, W. E. Ingalls; Lincoln, A. B. Hotchkiss; Marquam, A. I. Hamlin; McMinnville, A. C. Breckenburg; Mehama and Lyons, F. M. Jasper; Mill City, to be supplied; Mulino, to be supplied; Newberg, F. L. Young; North Yamhill and Carlton, Robert Sutcliffe; Oregon City and Oak Grove, R. C. Blackwell and P. J. Rinehart; Pleasant Home, S. L. Creesy; Pleasant Valley, J. H. Wood; Salem (First church), W. H. Selleck; Salem (Leslie), D. L. Fields; Sandy, L. S. Chapman; Sheridan, H. R. Salisbury; Silverton, A. J. Hollingsworth; Tillamook, J. F. Dunlap; Troutdale, W. C. Stewart; Turner, G. O. Oliver; Viola, W. B. Pepper; Willamina, E. N. Laramour; Woodburn, James Moore.

Eugene district—M. C. Wire, district superintendent; Albany, W. S. Gordon; Bandon, R. H. Allen; Brownsville, T. L. Jones; Coburg, W. J. Luscombe; Corvallis, D. H. Leech; Cottage Grove, S. M. Nickle; Crawfordsville, ————; Creswell, J. L. Beatty; Dallas, M. P. Dixon; Drain, W. R. F. Browne; Elkton, Superintendent Levi Day; Eugene, D. H. Trimble; Falls City, ————; Gardiner, George Clark; Halsey, J. L. Stratford; Independence, Sanford Snyder; Irving, J. H. Skidmore; Jefferson, G. F. Round; Junction City, T. H. Downs; Lebanon, A. F. Lacy; Lorane, ————; Marshfield, H. S. Rutledge; Monroe, James B. Debord; Myrtle Point, ————; North Bend, Walter A. Boss; Shedds, G. L. Burbanks; Siletz (Indian Mission), Superintendent W. T. Pearce; Springfield, N. J. Harbit; Toledo, W. F. Rogers; Wendling and Unity, H. C. Preston; Yoncalla, George W. Ellis.

Klamath district—R. E. Dunlap, district superintendent; Aden and Fall River, Cal., C. M. Brown; Ashland, H. J. Van Fossen; Bonanza, A. J. Edwards; Canyonville, F. S. Siemo; Cedarville, Cal., George J. Wentzelt; Central Point, B. A. Bristol; Dorris, Cal., M. M. Reid; Eagleville, Cal., to be supplied; Fort Bidwell, to be supplied; Fort Klamath, R. P. Ferguson; Grants Pass, Alexander R. McLean; Jacksonville, G. A. Gray; Klamath Falls, J. W. Price; Klamath (Indian Mission), R. J. Ferguson; Lakeview, to be supplied; Medford, W. C. Reuter; Merrill, C. H. Johnson; New Pine Creek, R. R. Banks; Paisley, D. H. Stewart; Roseburg, J. K. Hawkins; Ten Mile, T. S. Frey; Wilbur, H. L. Grafious; Wilderville, to be supplied.

Special appointments—A. N. Fisher, librarian and lecturer on historic Methodism, Kimall School of Theology; G. L. Tufts, field secretary international reform buerau, member First church quarterly conference in Portland; W. P. Drew, professor in Knox College, Galesburg, Ill.; John Parsons, superintendent Alaska mission; H. T. Atkinson, missionary in Alaska; F. B. Short, missionary in Utah; H. W. Schwartz, missionary in Japan; H. J. Adams, left without appointment to attend school; Tetsubi Kitizawi, Pacific Japanese mission; E. F. Zimmerman, Anti-Saloon League; C. E. Crandall, missionary in Black Hills mission; G. H. Fese, C. M. Van Marter, conference evangelists; C. O. Beckman, missionary in New Mexico English mission; J. T. Abbett, Sunday school missionary; member Central church, Portland quarterly conference.

In making the auuouncements Bishop Hughes said he had consulted every member of the conference as to his appointment and practically every preacher knew where he would be assigned before the appointments were read.

STEAM YATCHT LOST, PASSENGERS SAVED

Dover, Sept. 29.—The tourist steam yacht Argonaut , which left London yesterday for Lisbon with

REAR ADMIRAL R. T. SWINBURN.

Naval officer who took seven cruisers and an equal number of torpedo boat destroyers on an experimental cruise to Samoa.

250 persons, including passengers and crew, went down between Dover and Dungenness this morning after a collision with the steamer Kingswell in a fog. All on board the Argonaut took to boats and came ashore here safely.

GREAT FLOODS REPORTED IN INDIA

Bombay, Sept. 29.—Thousands of native houses were washed away and a heavy loss of life is reported in Hyderabad and Deccan districts as the result of floods due to an unprecedented rainfall. The river Musi rose sixty feet.

LONE BANDIT WORKS ON NOME TRAIL

Seattle, Sept. 29.—A special cable to the Times says a lone bandit on the trail between Nome and Council, Alaska, relieved eight miners of $1,200.

HASKELL WILL SUE WILLIAM R. HEARST

Kansas City, Sept. 28.—A special dispatch to the Times from Guthrie, Okla., says that Governor Haskell, on his arrival here last night, announced that he would besult against W. R. Hearst next Wednesday "to make him prove what he said was not true."

Bryan in South Dakota

Sioux Falls, Sept. 28.—W. J. Bryan opened the fourth week of his present campaign with a renewal of his criticisms of Taft and the Republican party platform.

Taft in Minnesota

Sauk Centre, Sept. 28.—Taft spent most of today in Minnesota, and will make a dozen or more speeches. He will reach oNrth Dakota tonight.

CARD OF THANKS

We desire to gratefully acknowledge and testify to our appreciation of the sympathy and kindness which has been shown us in our bereavement.

MRS. A. B. BRABHAM,
MRS. O. N. PIERCE,
MRS. O. W. ST. JOHN.

MANY DELEGATES ATTEND MEETING OF IRRIGATORS

Albuquerque, Sept. 29.—The sixteenth annual session of the National Irrigation Congress was called to order this morning with every one of the 4000 seats occupied and with nearly 1500 delegates present. The day's session was devoted to welcoming speeches by Mayor Lester, for the city, and Governor Corry, for New Mexico, and the opening address in response by President Goudy, of Denver.

Addresses were made by representatives from France, England, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Cape Colony, Canada, Cuba, Porto Rico, Brazil and several Mexican states.

It is predicted than an effort will be made to inject into the resolutions criticism of certain phases of the administration's forest policy, and some reference to government regution of the public domain.

A vigorous fight is under wey between Pueblo and Spokane for the next session.

A telegram from President Roosevelt expressed regret that he could not attend, and expressed the hope of the pleasure of signing a statehood bill admitting New Mexico. This created wild enthusiasm.

GROVER DID NOT WRITE ARTICLE

New York, Sept. 26.—The New York Times today prints the following communication from F. S. Hastings, executor of the estate of the late Grover Cleveland, denying that the late president wrote an article, which appeared in the Times and which represented Cleveland as favoring the election of William H. Taft to the presidency:

80 Broadway, Sept. 25.—To the Editor of the New York Ttimes—Sir: Since our interview of September 22, which was followed on September 23 by the publication in the Times of a statement then made by me relative to the article attributed to the authorship of the late Grover Cleveland, which was published in the Times on August 30, I now desire to say that there since came to my knowledge evidence which leaves in my mind no doubt of the fact that the said article was not written nor signed by Grover Cleveland, and therefore is, in my opinion, no longer entitled to credit as his production.

Mrs. Cleveland, in my judgment, was right in regard to it, when she positively declared to us since its publication: "I do not believe it is genuine." I therefore hasten to inform you of my conclusion regarding the article and beg to express the hope and belief that you will promptly give to this communication the same degree of prominence in the Times that was given to the statement made by me in your issue of September 23.

Yours respectfully,
F. S. HASTINGS,

Mrs. Cleveland, assisted by personal friends of her husband, conducted a searching inquiry to learn whether the article was authoritative. The result is the letter from Hastings to the Times. The doubt thrown upon the matter now, it is said, likely will cause the recall of a great number of pamphlets, containing the article, which has been distributed by the republican organization.

Thought It Genuine.

The denial of the authenticity of an article claimed to have been written by Grover Cleveland and published in the New York Times caused considerable discussion at republican headquarters. R. L. Oulahan, in charge of the literary bureau of the republican national committee, made the following statement on the subject:

"Mr. Hastings, executor of the Cleveland estate, told me two days ago that he was convinced that the letter was genuine. This was after the authenticity of the letter had been questioned. Now he comes out and says he believes it was not authoritative. Consequently, as far as the republican national committee is concerned, no further attention will be given to the document."

NEW LAUNCH TO PLY ON SIUSLAW

The new launch Schian, which was built for the passenger trade on the Humboldt county, California, has recently been purchased by J. W. Young and J. L. Briggs, of Riverton, and will be taken to the Siuslaw in the near future, where it will be put on the run between Florence and Mapleton. The Schian measures fifty feet in length by nine feet beam, and is fitted with a four-cylinder forty horsepower engine, and will travel at the rate of fourteen miles an hour, and has ample accommodations for 60 passengers. It is a fine boat in every respect. The craft will fill the vacancy of a long-felt want by the traveling public on the Siuslaw. —Coquille Herald.

J. H. Yates, proprietor of the Court House Lodging house on East Seventh street, is having Architect Hunzicker draw plans for a two-story addition to be erected on th esouth end of the building, extending back to Park street. This addition will afford 24 more rooms.

Mrs. L. E. Bean is home from a visit at Salem.

TEACHING CORPS OF EUGENE PUBLIC SCHOOLS