

YOU PAY A HIGH PRICE

FOR almost everything you buy, including the common necessities and the expensive luxuries, from foodstuffs to automobiles.

The one marked exception is lumber, which can be bought cheaper today than for many a year past and is retailed in Eugene in many instances for less than wholesale prices.

This means that your dollar will buy more now than at any other time and this is therefore the time to spend it.

The Booth-Kelly Lumber Co.

14 East 8th Street, Eugene, Oregon.

SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE OF WILLIAM H. TAFT

(Continued from Page Four.)
of maintaining about 4000 Filipino scouts as a part of the regular army, does not exceed \$6,000,000 annually. This is all the expense to which the United States has been put for five or six years past. The expenses of the civil government in the islands since its establishment has been met entirely from the proceeds of taxes collected in the islands, but one notable, generous and commendable exception, when the congress of the United States appropriated \$3,000,000 in 1902 to relieve the inhabitants of the islands from the dangers of famine and distress caused by the death by rhinderpest of three-fourths of the cattle of the islands.
Veterans of Country's Wars
Both platforms declare, as they should, in favor of generous provisions for the veterans of the Civil War and Spanish War. I stop to notice here the presence of a body of veterans of Ohio, and to express my thanks for the honor they do me in coming. I am lacking in one qualification of all Republican presidents since Lincoln, that of being exposed to danger and death on the field of battle in defense of my country.
The Rights and Progress of the Negro
The Republican platform refers to those amendments to the constitution that were passed by the Republican party for the protection of the negro. The negro in the 40 years since he was freed from slavery has made remarkable progress. He is becoming more and more a valuable member of the communities in which he lives. The education of the negro is being expanded and improved in every way. The best men of both races, in the North as well as the South, ought to rejoice to see growing up among the Southern people an influential element disposed to encourage the negro in his hard struggle for industrial independence and assured political status. The Republican platform adopted at Chicago explicitly demands justice for all men without regard to race or color, and just as explicitly declares for the enforcement, and without reservation, in letter and in spirit, of the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the constitution.
Army and Navy
Mr. McKinley and Mr. Roosevelt and the Republican party have consistently advocated a policy with regard to the army and navy that will keep this republic ready at all times to defend her territory and her doctrines, and to assure her appropriate part in promoting tranquility among the nations. I welcome from whatever motive the change in the Democratic attitude toward the maintenance and support of an adequate navy and hope that in the next platform

the silence of the present platform in respect to the army will be changed to an acquiescence in its maintenance to the point of efficiency in connection with the efficiently reorganized militia and the national volunteers for the proper defense of the country in times of war and the discharge of those duties in times of peace for which the army, as at present constituted, has shown itself so admirably adapted in the Philippines, in San Francisco, in Cuba and elsewhere. We are a world power and cannot help it, and although at peace with the world and secure in the consciousness that the American people do not desire and will not provoke a war with any other country, we must be prudent and not be lulled into a sense of security which would possibly expose us to national humiliation.
Asiatic Immigration
In the matter of the limitation of Asiatic immigration, referred to in the Democratic platform, it is sufficient to say that the present Republican administration has shown itself able by diplomatic nominations and without unnecessary friction with self-respecting governments to minimize the evils suggested and a subsequent Republican administration may be counted upon to continue the same policy.
Conservation of National Resources
The conservation of natural resources to the public has been endorsed by the government. The necessity for a comprehensive and systematic improvement of our soil and of our forests, the securing from private appropriation of the power in navigable streams, the retention of the undisposed coal lands of the government from alienation, all will properly claim the next administration's warmest attention and appropriate legislation.
Publicity of Campaign Contributions and Expenditures
"Another plank of the Democratic platform refers to the failure of the Republican convention to express an opinion in favor of the publicity of contributions received and expenditures made in elections. Here again we contrast our opponent's promises with our own acts. Great improvement has taken place under Republican auspices in respect to the collection and expenditure of money for this purpose. The old and pernicious system of levying a tax upon the salaries of government employees in order to pay the expenses of the party in control of the administration has been done away with by statute. By a law passed by the Republican congress in 1907 contributions by corporations to influence or election of presidential electors or members of congress is forbidden under penalty. A resident of New York has been selected as treasurer of the Republican national committee who was treasurer of the Republican state committee when a governor was elected in New York, and who made a complete statement within twenty

days after the election, as required by the New York law, of the contributions received by him or expenditures made by him under authority in that election. His residence and the discharge of his duties in the state of New York subject him to the laws of that state as to receipts from the treasury of the national committee from whatever sources, and as to all his disbursements. His returns will be under the obligations and penalties of the law, and a misstatement by him, or the filing of a false account will subject him to prosecution for perjury. Of course, under the federal law, he is not permitted to receive any contributions from corporations.
"If I am elected I shall urge upon congress with every hope of success that a law be passed requesting a filing in a federal office of a statement of contributions filed by committees and candidates in elections for members of congress and in such other elections as are constitutionally within the control of congress. Meantime the Republican party, by the selection of a New York treasurer, has subjected all of its receipts and expenditures to the compulsory obligation of such law."
Mr. Taft next endorses an income tax law in a short paragraph.
Election of Senators.
"With respect to the election of senators by the people personally I am inclined to favor it, but it is hardly a party question. A resolution in its favor has passed a Republican house of representatives several times, and has been rejected in the Republican senate by the votes of senators from both parties. It has been approved by the legislatures of many Republican states. In a number of states, both Democratic and Republican, substantially such a system now prevails.
Inaccuracy and Insincerity of Democratic Charges
"Our opponents denounce the Republican party for increasing the number of offices 23,000 at a cost of sixteen millions of dollars during the last year. Such denunciation is characteristic of the Democratic platform. It fails to specify in any way what the offices are and leaves the inference that the increase was resisted by the representatives of Democracy in congress. As a matter of fact the net number of offices increased was just about half the number stated, the increase being due chiefly to the enlargement of the navy, the construction of the Panama canal, the extension of the rural free delivery and to the new offices necessary in the enforcement of the pure food, meat inspection, railroad rate regulation, arid land reclamation, forest preservation and other measures which congress passed with an almost popular approval.
"The Democratic platform, so far from attacking any of this legislation, specifically approved much and condemned none of it, and it is, of course, disingenuous to claim credit for approving legislation necessary

to give it effect and yet to denounce the expenditure.
Charge of Deficit
"Again it charges that a deficit of \$60,000,000 between the receipts and expenditures during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, occurred. As explained by the secretary of the treasury, at least half of this deficit is only an apparent one. The falling off in receipts was due, of course, to the unusual panic, but there is ample free money in the treasury to meet the difference and the difference itself is not half of it properly a deficit, because involved in it was the retirement of some \$33,000,000 of the bonds of the government. During the past seven years the income and expenditures of the government have been nearly equal, some years showing a surplus, and others, fewer in number, a deficit. Taking one year with another, including this spring, there has been an average surplus. The surplus last year, for instance, was greater than the deficit this year, so that in fact, under the present administration there has been no deficit, but a surplus, which is actually in the treasury.
"The Democratic platform points out the expenditures which might be reduced or avoided. It would be found generally that to the cases which have occurred Democratic representatives in congress made no objection, but rather supported the measures providing them; and now the party has the courage to indicate what part of the government cost it would end. It joins the Republican party specifically in approving the outlay of \$150,000,000 as pensions. It expressly favors also the cost of greatly increased river and harbor improvements, the cost of doubling the navy and many other enterprises to which it urges the government. Its attack, therefore, has nothing in it either of fairness or sincerity.
High Character and Efficiency of Administration
"The truth of it is that it is known of all fair-minded men that there never has been an administration in the government more economically conducted, more free from scandal and in which the standard of official duty has been set higher than in the present Republican administration which the Democratic platform has thus denounced. It has had to meet the problems arising from the enormous expansion of government functions under new legislative measures as well as in the new dependencies and in the greatest constructive work of modern times, the Panama canal, and its members may well feel pride in the exceptional record of efficiency, economy, honesty and fidelity which it has made. We may rely upon our record in this regard in an appeal to the American people for their approval.
"The foreign policy of this country under the present administration has greatly contributed to the peace of the world. The important part the administration took in bringing about an end of the Russian-Japanese war

by a treaty honorable to both parties, and the prevention of wars in Central America and Cuba, are striking instances of this. The arbitration treaties signed with all the important nations of the world marks a great step forward in the development of the usefulness of The Hague tribunal. The visit of Secretary Root to South America has solidified our friendship for our sister republics, which are making such strides in the Southern hemisphere, and met with a most cordial and gratifying response from our Latin-American colleagues. The assistance which we are rendering in Santa Domingo to enable that government to meet her obligations and avert anarchy is another instance of the work of this administration in helping our neighbors.
"This administration has, by the promptness, energy and skill of its negotiations, secured dominion over the canal zone of the Isthmus of Panama without which the construction of the canal would have been impossible; it has subdued the heretofore insurmountable obstacle of disease and made the place of work healthy. It has created such an organization that in six years, certainly, and probably in less, the Atlantic and Pacific will be united, to the everlasting benefit of the world's commerce, and the effectiveness of our navy will be doubled.
Independent Democrats
"The Democratic party, under its present leadership, in various previous campaigns has manifested a willingness to embrace any doctrine which would win votes, presents little sense of responsibility for its practical operation. In its striving for success it has ignored the business prosperity of the country, has departed from sound economic and governmental principles, and has reversed its own traditional views of constitutional construction. Patriotic members of the party have refused to be controlled by party ties and have either refrained from voting or have supported the Republican candidates. May we not appeal to those courageous and independent citizens to again give us their support in this campaign, because the reasons for their breaking the bonds of party are stronger today than ever before.
Length of Speech Made Necessary by Numerous Issues
"I have now reviewed at great length the principles at issue between the great parties. When I began the preparation of this speech I hoped to make it much briefer than it is, but I found on examination of the platform and on a consideration of the many measures passed during the present administration and the issues arising out of them, that it was impossible to deal with the subjects comprehensively without proper explanation and qualification in a short speech. This is my excuse.
Difference Between Parties—Prosperity with Republicans; Business Disaster with Democratic Victory
"I have pointed out that the attitude of the Republican party with reference to evils which have crept in, due to the enormous difference be-

tween between the material expansion of the country, is to continue the Roosevelt policies of progress and regulation, while the attitude of the Democratic party under its present leadership is the change for the sake of a change to the point of irresponsible destruction, and that there is no hope whatever of a restoration of prosperity in returning it to power. As said in our platform, we Republicans go before the country asking the support not only of those who acted with us heretofore, but of all our fellow citizens who, regardless of past political differences, unite in the desire to maintain the policies, perpetuate the blessings and make secure the achievements of a greater America."
BEST THE WORLD AFFORDS.
"It gives me unbounded pleasure to recommend Bucklen's Arnica Salve," says J. W. Jenkins of Chapel Hill, N. C. "I am convinced it's the best salve the world affords. It cured a felon on my thumb, and it never fails to heal every sore, burn or wound to which it is applied. 25c at N. A. Kuykendall's drug store."
IF YOU KNEW
The merits of Texas Wonder you would never suffer from Kidney, bladder or rheumatic trouble. \$1 a bottle (two months' treatment) sold by O. J. Hull, or by mail. Send for testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive street, St. Louis.
CONTEST NOTICE.
United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, May 26, 1908.
A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Ada B. Nicklin, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 11552, made December 26, 1902, for the W 1-2 SE 1-4 and E 1-2 SW 1-4 Section 20, Township 19, S Range 5 West, by Annetta Britton, deceased. The heirs or legal representatives will take notice, that: Contestant alleges that said entrywoman is deceased; that she left no known heirs, and that for the past six years there has been no residence upon, cultivation or improvements on said land by the entrywoman or by any of her heirs or otherwise; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations at 10 o'clock a. m., on July 22, 1908, before W. W. Calkins, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Eugene, Lane County, Oregon; and that final hearing will be held at 10 o'clock a. m., on August 3, 1908, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Roseburg, Oregon.
The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed May 26, 1908, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

Notice for Publication.
United States Land Office, Roseburg, Or., April 1, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, John W. Cherry, of Eugene, county of Lane, state of Oregon, did on December 6, 1907, file in this office his sworn statement No. 9428 for the purchase of the fractional NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Section No. 4, in Township No. 19 south, range No. 5 west, W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before W. W. Calkins, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Eugene, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 4th day of August, 1908.
He names as witnesses: John McCulloch, of Crow, Oregon; Charles Hadley, of Eugene, Oregon; H. Clay Owen, of Eugene, Oregon; Thomas Mahar, of Eugene, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 4th day of August, 1908.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, April 9, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Lilah Owen of Crow, county of Lane, State of Oregon, did on March 10, 1908, file in this office her sworn statement No. 9583 for the purchase of the N 1/2 of N W 1/4 and S W 1/4 of N W 1/4 of Section No. 10, in Township No. 19 south, Range No. 4 West, W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before W. W. Calkins, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Eugene, Oregon, on Friday, the 28th day of August, 1908.
She names as witnesses: Joseph Liles of Crow, Oregon; Charles Sovereign of Eugene, Oregon; Walter Holland of Crow, Oregon; Walter Canaday of Crow, Oregon; Norris Owen, of Crow, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims on or requested to file their claims in this office on or before the 28th day of August, 1908.
BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.
Miss Edna White is home from an outing at London Springs.