

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week. Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting.

Japanese have lost patience with Russia and urge war.

Rain caused disastrous floods in New York and New Jersey towns.

Great Britain and France have agreed to work to avert war between Russia and Japan.

The Uruguayan gunboat General Rivera has been sunk at Santa Barbara by an explosion.

Santo Domingo has appointed an arbitrator in the case of M. Sala, the Frenchman, who lent money and supplied munitions of war aggregating \$315,000.

An additional appropriation aggregating \$67,700 to complete school buildings in process of construction has been made by the Chicago board of education.

The attorney general of Texas has begun suits to annul the charters of several railroads on the ground that they have given one express company a monopoly.

The entire Chilean cabinet has resigned.

Russia did not evacuate Manchuria October 8, as agreed.

The famous American-Chinese treaty, which will greatly promote trade, has been signed.

Sir Thomas Lipton has almost entirely recovered from his illness and has sailed for England.

The Ontario government will move to secure a force of 100,000 troops for use in case of emergencies.

The coal mines north of Colorado Springs have been successfully opened with nonunion miners.

The Maryland monument to the soldiers who participated in the battle of Chattanooga has been dedicated.

Cleveland, O., will present to the cruiser named in its honor a bronze bell representing in bas relief Commodore Perry.

William B.G. Iven, president of the Pennsylvania railroad, is said to be short \$100,000, losing the amount in stocks.

Germany denies that she has ordered a fleet to concentrate off Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela, in view of dissatisfaction with the treaty of President Castro.

Fire destroyed a large grain elevator at Missouri Valley, Ia., together with 300,000 bushels of grain. Loss, \$200,000, fully insured.

Japan still hopes to avert war with Russia, but is preparing for it.

General Daniel Sickles has been named for mayor of New York by fusionists.

At Berlin a speed of 25 miles an hour has been made on an experimental electric line.

The man who made the attempt on President Roosevelt's life is not a regular anarchist.

Many attempts at assassination are being made on members of the German imperial family.

Ex-Ambassador Herbert has been laid to rest in the family tomb at Wiltshire, England.

Five in the mines at Eureka, Utah, has put a stop to all underground work until the blaze can be extinguished.

The United States steel corporation has made a 50 per cent reduction in dividends on account of decline in business.

The assistant secretary of the interior will not grant settlers a review in the famous Warner valley, Oregon, swamp land case.

The Colorado national guard is involved in a scandal over financial transactions at the scene of the Cripple Creek strike.

War between Russia and Japan is not anticipated.

General Bradley L. Johnson, a prominent Confederate officer, is dead.

Miss Ruth Bryan has wedded Artist W. H. Leavitt.

Fifteen more indictments have been returned in the postal investigation cases.

Ex-Postmaster General Bissell is greatly improved, but is not yet out of danger.

The new British cabinet has been named. Grave fears are expressed for its durability.

NAVAL BATTLE PROBABLE.

Japan and Russia are Assembling Fleets Off Coast of Corea.

Paris, Oct. 10.—Official information received here shows that a formidable Russian fleet, comprising 90 warships of all classes, has left Port Arthur and has arrived at Ma San Pho, south of Corea, where the Japanese fleet has already arrived. The Russian ships have been moved to the Korean coast and are now encamped on the border.

Diplomatic negotiations are still proceeding at Tokio. These do not relate to the evacuation of Manchuria by the Russian troops, but to the future of Corea.

Minister Discounts It.

London, Oct. 10.—The Japanese minister here, Baron Hayashi, today described the announcement made by the London Daily Mail's correspondent at Kobe, Japan, that Baron De Rosen, the Russian minister to Japan, had presented a note to the Japanese government contending that Japan had no right to intervene in the question of the evacuation of Manchuria, and characterizing the proposed partition of Corea between Russia and Japan as being "fantastical and unworthy of consideration."

Regarding the report that the Russian fleet had arrived at Ma San Pho, Baron Hayashi remarked Russia had only about 30 warships in the whole far east, and it would be a physical impossibility on account of coal and other supplies for them to remain at Ma San Pho. It would be the most unlikely place for them to go to even if Russia contemplated hostilities, as it is within easy striking distance of Japan's strong naval base at Tsu, in the Straits of Corea. So far as Baron Hayashi knows, it would be equally unreasonable for the Japanese to go to Ma San Pho.

Great Britain Has No Information.

London, Oct. 10.—The foreign office informs the Associated Press that it has heard nothing of the reported gathering of Russian warships at Ma San Pho. The foreign office reiterates that its advice give no indication of a Russo-Japanese outbreak.

Japan Desires War.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The Patrie today, in a special dispatch from Darmstadt, published an interview with Alexander Savinski, the secretary of foreign affairs, with Minister Lamsdorff, who, it is alleged, spoke on the authority of his chief of Russo-Japanese relations. M. Savinski is quoted as saying: "Our agents at Tokio have informed us that Japan desires war and is prepared for it. We have enough troops in Siberia to resist all the Japanese force."

Regarding Turkey and Bulgaria M. Savinski said the accord between Russia and Austria was stronger than ever, and he did not believe war between those two countries would occur.

VOLCANO AGAIN ACTIVE.

Mauna Loa, in the Island of Hawaii, in Eruption for a Day.

Honolulu, Oct. 10.—The volcano of Mauna Loa, on the island of Hawaii, is again in a state of activity. The eruption began yesterday at noon, and was reported here today. When the ship Ormphy, from Newcastle, passed the island of Hawaii yesterday, from the summit of the crater a vast column of smoke with fire below descended. The appearance of the lava flow at Kilauca is normal with mild activity.

Further advices state that Maunaloa's outbreak is very heavy. The flowing lava makes a grand spectacle. Excursions are being arranged from Honolulu. A wireless message from Hilo to the Advertiser says the volcano is very active, and the lava flow is going towards Kahuku cattle ranch. A messenger reports that two streams of lava have been seen from Volcano house, Kilauca and all parts of the Kona plantation. The glow is visible in Hilo. It is believed the lava will break out further down the mountain. No plantations or settlements are endangered by the lava flow and the eruption will be without material damage.

Heavy Loss by Tornado.

Emporia, Kan., Oct. 10.—Three persons were killed outright, two fatally injured, and 14 others more or less severely hurt, as the result of tornadoes that prevailed near Hamilton, Greenwood county, and at Aliceville, in Coffey county, Kansas, last night. The property loss is enormous. The town of Aliceville, which has 200 inhabitants, was practically demolished. Wires were prostrated, and the extent of the storm was not learned until late today. The list of casualties may yet be incomplete.

Treaty Report Ready.

Bogota, Colombia, Oct. 7, via Buenaventura, Oct. 9.—Senator Rivas Groot, who was commissioned to report on the canal treaty, says his report is ready and will be presented to the senate tomorrow in secret session, he desires first to know what impression it makes on the senate.

Senator Groot believes the present treaty is unconstitutional, because of the cession of sovereignty, but he thinks the treaty could have been negotiated with slight modifications.

Damage to Battleship Serious.

New York, Oct. 10.—It has been found at the New York navy yard, that the battleship Massachusetts, which ran on the rocks near Bar Harbor, while on her way to Oyster Bay for the recent naval maneuvers, not only broke some of the plates in her forward compartments, but seriously damaged the after end of her keel. The ship's "heel," a large steel casting, was broken, and a new one probably will have to be cast. The work will require several months.

New Finance Suggestion.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Representative Hill, of Connecticut, in a conference with the president today regarding financial legislation, suggested to the president that he advocate legislation looking to the creation by congress of a commission to investigate the subject and report upon the need, if any existed, of financial legislation.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

WILL PUSH INDIAN CLAIMS.

Klamath Tribe Council Appoints Committee of Three.

Rev. Jesse Kirke, who is a leader among the Klamath Indians, was in Ashland recently and brought the first news that has been given out in regard to the recent council of the Klamath Indians to take action in regard to the pushing of the claims of these Indians for reimbursement by congress in the sum of a little over \$500,000 for lands lost to the Indians by reason of errors in reservation boundaries.

The council was attended by 100 heads of Indian families and Kirke, Henry Jackson and William Crawford, all well-to-do members of the tribe, were elected to represent the Indians at the National capitol and were empowered to employ counsel to further the claim from the government during the coming session of congress and one, or possibly all three of them, will go on to Washington in December.

Resolutions were also passed against the state's claim to swamp lands within the reservation, which, it is said, if granted, would throw 400 Indians out of allotments.

MAILS ARE TOO SLOW.

Governor Chamberlain Contemplates a Trip to Washington.

If his official business will permit, Governor Chamberlain will leave Oregon in a few days for Washington, D. C. The purpose of his proposed trip is to talk with the president, the secretary of the interior and officials of the general land office concerning land matters in Oregon. He desires to secure what information he can at Washington regarding past and present land transactions so far as Oregon is interested. He finds that correspondence is a very slow and unsatisfactory way of getting information, and by a brief trip to Washington he expects to get a pretty thorough general understanding of the principal features of public land matters.

It is not certain that he will make the trip, but that is his intention if he can get away.

STRAWBERRIES IN CLACKAMAS.

Two-Acre Tract That Has Been Yielding Since June.

R. K. Hartnell, a farmer residing near Clackamas station, Clackamas county, is now supplying the Portland market with fresh ripe strawberries. The fruit is of average size, plump, fully matured and delicious. From two acres of ground Mr. Hartnell has already marketed this summer \$850 worth of berries. He is still picking berries from the same field, and expects to harvest at least 150 boxes before the season closes.

Mr. Hartnell has been marketing berries from this field since the strawberry season opened last June, and he now has in his field berries in all stages of growth, from the bloom to the mature fruit.

Free Ferry at Harriburg.

The county court of Linn county has decided to operate a free ferry at Harriburg. There has for years been a ferry across the Willamette at that place, but it has been maintained and operated by private capital. A petition asking the county court to take the ferry and operate it on a free basis was largely signed by the citizens of every section affected. Last week the members of the court visited the scene of the ferry and offered the operators of the private ferry \$700 for their outfit.

Lucky Boy Mine Not For Sale.

L. Zimmerman, president of the Lucky Boy mining company, came down to Eugene from Blue river a few days ago, bringing the regular monthly clean-up of the mine. The bricks were smaller than usual, valued at only \$7,500, which is due to the fact that the mills were not running all the month. He says they are not considering a sale of the property, but have gone so far and are reaping such results that they could not think of selling, as was recently reported.

Baker City Wool Sold.

E. H. Clarke, representing Koshland & Co., of Boston, has purchased 300,000 pounds of wool at Baker City at prices ranging from 10 to 11 1/2 cents. This is about half of the wool now on hand in the local market. Mr. Clarke expects to clean up the rest of the wool at that market. The sheepmen who comprised the members of the pool owning this wool have held out for 15 cents for some three months. They could have taken 15 cents some three months ago, but they wanted more then.

Working for St. Louis Exhibit.

County Superintendent Zinser is preparing a circular letter addressed to the teachers of Clackamas county asking for their co-operation in a movement to secure for the St. Louis exposition an exhibit of the school work of that county. Superintendent Zinser is a member of the state board that has been appointed to have charge of this feature of Oregon's exhibit at the world's fair.

Union Gets Good Prices for Fruit.

The Medford Fruitgrowers' union shipped two cars of Winter Neils pears and Jonathan apples, besides several smaller shipments, this week to San Francisco. The last shipment sold for \$1.25 per box, which is a good price for these apples. Throughout the season the union has been getting better prices for the small grower than they could have otherwise secured.

Small Delinquent List.

Unpaid taxes on the 1902 roll for Clackamas county have become delinquent. On a roll aggregating \$177,000, Sheriff Shaver has collected approximately \$168,000, leaving delinquent less than \$10,000. Delinquent taxpayers will now be obliged to pay 10 per cent penalty, and 12 per cent per annum interest in liquidating with the county.

TENDING TOWARD BEND.

Corvallis & Eastern Making Extensive Preparations to Build.

W. A. Brandebury, the Albany lumber dealer, who has come across the mountains to look after interests in the region of Bend, says there is every evidence along the line of the Corvallis & Eastern of preparations for extending the road to Bend. Four sawmills are engaged in turning out railroad ties, which are purchased by the Corvallis & Eastern and piled along the track for miles. The mills report that they have saved more of these ties in the past six months than in six years before and but few have been shipped out to market.

The roadbed of the Corvallis & Eastern has long been graded for a distance of 14 miles east of the crest of the Cascades and the short tunnel necessary has been bored half way through the backbone. The Corvallis & Eastern was mortgaged five years ago for something like \$2,000,000, but the bonds were never issued. It is said that everything is ready for an advance on short notice.

Some of the officials of the company have been making investments in the vicinity of the survey on this side of the mountains, which is regarded as significant.

SALE OF LINN COUNTY FARM.

Presage of Inrush of Eastern People This Fall.

One of the largest real estate deals of the season for Linn county was consummated in Albany by S. N. Steele & Co., real estate dealers. The sale consisted of the large Jacob Roth farm of 230 acres near Albany, and the consideration was \$16,000. Carl Salzman, from Minnesota, purchased the land and will farm it in the most up-to-date and approved manner.

This is considered by real estate men as the beginning of the fall sales, which are expected to be the best in years. The indications are that the immigration this fall will exceed that of last spring. Many communications have been received from the eastern and middle states during the summer both by real estate men and those who have recently come to the coast, and the letters all contain inquiries as to the prospects of getting good farms, what the prices for land are, and a general request is made for a general description of conditions.

Salmon Running in the Necanicum.

Fall fishing has commenced on the Necanicum river, and a good run of silverides is said to be coming in. According to reports, someone has stretched a net across the stream near the lower bridge. This is contrary to the state law, which provides that no net shall extend more than one-third the way across any stream. David Hansen, one of the owners of the Necanicum salmon cannery, is at Seaside, making preparations to begin operating the cannery next week. He expects to put up between 1,000 and 1,500 cases.

Union Wins Fight.

The town of Union has won in the county seat fight and La Grande is declared unconstitutional. The act of the last legislature submitting to a vote of the people the question of moving the county seat to La Grande. The act provided for the building of a court house at a cost of \$45,000 if the county seat should be moved, and the act in conflict with that portion of the constitution which forbids a county to incur a debt of more than \$5,000 voluntarily.

Gold All Through the Ore.

Felix Carrin has just returned to Cottage Grove from Bohemia where he has just finished assessment work on his two claims. He struck some of the richest ore ever found in that section. The ore is of a galena character and gold can be seen all through the ore. This property lies between the Golden Cross and Moulton claims and carries a very strong lead, varying from three to 17 feet in width.

Fewer Insane Patients.

The monthly report of Superintendent J. F. Calbreath, of the state insane asylum, shows that during the month of September the enrollment at the asylum decreased from 1,367 to 1,332. The average cost of maintenance per capita was \$9.58, or 32 cents per day.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 73c; blue-stem, 77c; valley, 77c. Flour—Valley, \$3.75@3.85 per barrel; hard wheat straight, \$3.75@4.10; hard wheat, patents, \$4.30@4.50; Graham, \$3.35@3.75; whole wheat, \$3.55@4.00; rye wheat, \$4.50. Barley—Feed, \$19.00@20.00 per ton; brewing, \$21; rolled, \$21@21.50. Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.10; gray, \$1.00@1.05 per cental. Millet—Bran, \$20 per ton; middlings, \$24; shorts, \$20; chop, \$18; linseed dairy food, \$19. Hay—Timothy, \$15.00 per ton; clover, nominal; grain, \$10; cheat, nominal. Butter—Fancy creamery, 25@27 1/2c per pound; dairy, 18@20c; store, 15 @16c. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 11@11 1/2c per pound; spring, 9 1/2@10c; hens, 11@11 1/2c; broilers, \$1.75 per dozen; turkeys, live, 14@15c per pound dressed, 16@18c; ducks, \$5@6.00 per dozen; geese, \$7@8.00. Eggs—Oregon ranch, 25c. Potatoes—Oregon, 65@75c per sack; sweet potatoes, 2c per pound. Beef—Gross steers, \$3.75@4.25; dressed, 6@7c per pound. Veal—8c per pound. Mutton—Gross, \$3; dressed, 5@5 1/2c; lambs, gross, \$3.50; dressed, 6c. Hogs—Gross, \$5.50@5.75; dressed, 8c. Tallow—Prime, per pound, 4@5c; No. 2 and grease, 2 1/2@3c. Hops—1903 crop, 24@26c per pound. 1902 crop, 20@21c. Wool—Valley, 17@18c; Eastern Oregon, 12@16c; mohair, 35@37 1/2c.

W. S. BISSELL DEAD.

Ex-Postmaster General Meets a Peaceful End.

Buffalo, Oct. 8.—Wilson S. Bissell, ex-postmaster general, died at 10:15 o'clock last night. At about noon he sank into a deep sleep, and it was with difficulty that he was aroused at intervals during the afternoon for nourishment and medicine. The end came easily and peacefully. Dr. Dewitt Sherman, the physician, who has been attending him during his recent illness, and members of the family were at his bedside.

Mr. Bissell suffered from complications thought to be akin to Bright's disease, although not well understood. During the latter part of his illness, numerous messages of inquiry were received from ex-President Cleveland and members of the cabinet in which Mr. Bissell served as postmaster general.

Wilson Shannon Bissell was born in New London, December 31, 1847. Early in childhood he went to Buffalo with his parents, returning to that city to practice law after his graduation from Yale in 1869. Three years later he formed a partnership with Lyman K. Bass, Grover Cleveland being admitted to the firm after it had been in existence a year. The name then became Bass, Cleveland & Bissell, continuing until Mr. Cleveland was elected president and Mr. Bass went to Colorado. This necessitated the reorganization of the firm, which was at the time of Mr. Bissell's death Bissell, Carey & Cooke.

Mr. Bissell was prominent in Democratic politics, having been many times a delegate to state conventions, and a presidential elector in 1884. In 1890 he was a member of the committee that proposed an amendment to the judiciary articles of the constitution of New York. President Cleveland on March 6, 1893, appointed Mr. Bissell to the office of postmaster general, which position he held until 1895, when he resigned.

POSTAL DEFICIT IS LARGE.

Total Transactions Pass Billion Mark for the First Time.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Henry A. Castle, auditor of the postoffice department, today completed the trial balance for the fourth quarter of the year, which allows a final announcement of the income and outgo of the entire postal service for the fiscal year ended June 30. The footings are as follows: Expenditures, \$138,784,487; receipts, \$134,224,443; deficiency, \$4,560,044.

The total financial transactions of the postal service for the year, including the money order system, are \$1,026,731,408, thus for the first time passing the billion dollar mark.

Compared with last year's figures, the aggregate are: Increase in expenditures, \$13,975,271; increase in receipts, \$12,376,296; increase in financial transactions, \$12,600,000.

During the six years of the auditor's incumbency the aggregate financial transactions which have been settled in the bureau amount to \$5,000,000,000.

SULTAN'S DEBTORS ANGRY.

Because He Gives Liberally to St. Louis Exposition Exhibit.

London, Oct. 7.—The Tangier correspondent of the Times says the sultan of Morocco has given a second installment of \$50,000 to the American syndicate which is undertaking the Moorish exhibit at the St. Louis exposition. The correspondent adds: "This action on the part of the sultan creates much criticism here, as the Moorish government, pleading the existing crisis, has refused to consider or pay the claims of the Europeans who have suffered loss of property through the rebellion."

Big Reduction in Pig Iron Output.

Pittsburg, Oct. 8.—At a meeting today of the committee appointed by the blast furnace operators of the Central West to consider restricting the output of iron to the market requirements, it was decided to order a suspension of 25 per cent of the capacity of the last quarter of the year. The Southern blast furnace operators, with headquarters in Birmingham, Ala., with a capacity of over 1,300,000 tons will co-operate with the Northern furnace operators to prevent an overproduction of iron.

Merrill Again Indicted.

Boston, Oct. 8.—Moody Merrill, formerly a prominent business man here, who was arrested in New York last May on an indictment which was issued from this state ten years ago, and who is now under \$10,000 bonds to answer the charges, has again been indicted by a Suffolk county grand jury. The new indictment, which was made known for the first time today, contains all the counts in the old and several new counts and alleges embezzlement amounting to about \$28,000. Merrill is now in New Mexico.

Hands Over More Guns.

Manila, Oct. 8.—General Ota, leader of the insurgent forces in the province of Albay, Luzon, continues to turn over the guns of his command to the American authorities. During the campaign 100 insurgents were killed and 700 men and 100 guns were captured. At the time they surrendered, Ota's men were in a rage, hungry and covered with sores. He has promised to help the authorities to capture Toledo and Laria, the insurgent leaders still at large.

Royal Arch Masons in Session.

Little Rock Ark. Oct. 8.—The 32d territorial convention of the General Grand chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the United States opened today. The report of Christopher G. Fox, of Buffalo, general grand secretary shows that the total number of affidavits Royal Arch Masons is 219,916. In the last three years the receipts were \$438,831 and the expenditures \$374,442.

BREAK AT PRISON

CONVICTS IN UTAH PENITENTIARY MAKE DASH FOR LIBERTY.

One of Them is Killed and Three Companions Wounded—Two Guards Injured—Two Convicted Men Escape—Posses and Bloodhounds on Trail—Two of Prisoners had Revolvers.

Salt Lake, Oct. 12.—As a result of a well organized and partly successful attempt at a wholesale delivery of prisoners at the Utah state penitentiary tonight, one prisoner was killed, one guard was shot and wounded, another was beaten almost into insensibility, three prisoners were wounded, and two others under death sentences escaped. None of those wounded, it is believed, are seriously hurt. A posse of prison guards with several bloodhounds was promptly started on the trail of the two escaped convicts, but owing to darkness and the wild nature of the country in the vicinity of the prison, no results are looked for tonight.

The outbreak occurred about 6:30 p. m., just as the prisoners were being placed in their cells for the night by Guards Wilkins and Jacobs. The affair went through with such vim and precision that it must have been carefully planned beforehand.

Two of the prisoners overpowered Wilkins and Jacobs, the former being shot and slightly wounded and the latter frightfully beaten. The convicts took the prison keys from the guards and released five other prisoners, who had already been locked up. The seven prisoners then compelled Guard Wilkins, notwithstanding injuries, to march at their head and with the assistance of ladders found near the workshop, proceeded to scale the wall. Wilkins was made to ascend first. As the first convict reached the top Guard Naylor, who was on the south wall, opened fire. This was the signal for a general alarm, and several guards who were in the office quickly seized their guns and hastened to the scene. They arrived at the wall just as the prisoners were descending on the outside. Orders to halt not being obeyed a volley was fired, killing one of them and wounding three others. Two of the prisoners were armed with revolvers.

RUSSIA TO STAY.

Manchuria Is to Be Occupied Permanently by Czar's Troops.

Niu Chwang, Manchuria, Oct. 12.—The troops of the Russian garrison, headed by their band, playing national airs, paraded the principal streets of the foreign and Chinese settlements today, ostensibly as though to emphasize the fact that the Russians are still the governors of this port. The civil administrator, M. Grosse, today stated he had received no instructions regarding withdrawals. His assistants freely assert that a permanent occupation is intended. In speaking with a consul who called today to inquire regarding Russia's intention the officials treated the question of evacuation as a joke.

GERMAN BILLS ALLOWED.

Venezuela Will Pay in Gold to War Indemnity. Caracas, Oct. 7.—The Venezuelan German mixed tribunal has officially closed 73 claims presented against the government, involving a total of \$1,317,817. Two claims, amounting to \$15,250, were withdrawn, and one of \$16,000, for the closing of navigation of the river Catatumbo, the Colombian boundary, and the cancelling of losses to German traders, was disallowed by the umpire, General G. Duffield, of Detroit. The other claims, which aggregate \$643,800, were discussed and recognized and the claimants were awarded \$389,095. According to the protocol the awards are payable in gold. The German railroad obtains payment in full of its claims, and in addition a sum of \$800 a day as indemnity for the interruption of traffic during a period of 17 days. The Germans here are much pleased with the award and compliment Umpire Duffield upon his decision.

Archbishop Kain's Case Serious.

Baltimore, Oct. 7.—The physician who have for several weeks been attending upon Archbishop Kain, of Baltimore, a patient at St. Agnes hospital, in this city, held two consultations today. At the close of the last one, late in the day, they reported that, while Monsignor Kain was not improved, his condition decidedly warranted the hope that he will eventually recover from the ailment from which he is suffering. Consultations of the first specialists and physicians will be held tomorrow.

Sparring for Time.

Philadelphia, Oct. 7.—The Evening Bulletin says: Counsel for the stock owners of the Consolidated Lake Superior company will appear in court in New York tomorrow and ask that an injunction be granted restraining Sperry & Co., bankers, from offering for sale the securities pledged with the company to insure the payment of the \$5,000,000 loan to the Consolidated company. If the injunction is granted the stock owners will have more time in which to perfect their reorganization plans.

Protect of American Armenians.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 7.—A conference of Armenians representing 42 Armenian colonies of the United States and Canada, met in this city tonight and adopted a memorial and appeal protesting against the action of Russia in seizing properties of the Armenians. The resolutions will be presented to the Russian ambassador by Washington by a delegation headed by Bishop Sarajian, with a request that it be forwarded by him to the czar.

Cotton Mills Resume Operations.

Augusta, Ga., Oct. 7.—After being idle more than two months the cotton mills of the Edwards manufacturing company resumed operations today on full time. The mills which employ 800 operatives shut down on account of the high price of raw cotton.

ATTRACTED BY PROSPERITY.

Immense Immigration of Cheap Labor From Southern Europe.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 7.—The state department of labor, in its quarterly bulletin, attributes the diminution in an unprecedented degree of employment and wages reported in June as due wholly to labor disputes.

"The lockout in the building trades of Manhattan and Bronx boroughs of New York City," it says, "overbalanced all other disputes of the summer and threw several thousand wage-earners out of work." In general the bulletin holds that, exclusive of the building trades, New York industries were generally as active as in the summer of 1902, which was a banner year.

According to the bulletin, immigration this summer has exceeded even the record-breaking current of last year and indicates the eagerness of the unpaid laborers of central and southeastern Europe to enjoy the prosperity which, on the whole, still reigns in the United States.