

CAMPBELL BEOS, Proprietors. EUGENE OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in a Condensed Form, Which is Most Likely to Interest Our Many Readers.

Most of the Moscow rioters may be exiled to Siberia. China has protested against the extension of the exclusion law. The house passed the Cuban bill removing the differential on sugar.

House Conferees Want Matter Delayed Until New Survey is Made.

Washington, April 21.—There are renewed indications that a strong fight will be made in the conference committee against the amendment to the river and harbor bill authorizing the construction of a canal at the Dalles and Celilo, provided the senate accepts the amendment made by the committee. The house conferees, and in fact practically the whole house committee, entertain the belief that this canal can be built for much less than the estimate of Captain Harts, and they assert that they do not want to undertake the work until they know what it is going to cost. At the same time, there is a feeling among the friends of the canal

BELGIAN DEPUTIES REJECT THE SOCIALIST PROPOSAL

No Specific Promises Are Made, But Partial Reforms May Be Granted—Society Riots Occur Throughout the Country in Which Many are Killed and Wounded—Agitation Depresses Trade.

Brussels, April 21.—The chamber of representatives by 84 to 64 votes, rejected the proposal to revise the Belgian constitution so as to provide for universal suffrage. Mr. Smeets, Socialist, accused the government of being anxious to loosen 60,000 soldiers against their brethren. But they would be unable to exterminate Socialism, he added, and enough Socialists would remain to continue the struggle. As the government was not willing to counsel the king to do his duty, nothing was left but for the Socialists to address his majesty directly and plead for his intervention. If he said the word, peace would be re-established.

Mr. Woeste, leader of the Right party in the chamber, when summing up the debate for the government, pointed out that it was hostile to revision to reform, if this was discussed in peaceful times. "The government supporters are prepared," said M. Woeste, "to consider proposals for reform in plural voting, although they could not go as far as universal suffrage pure and simple."

This speech is regarded as showing the willingness of the government to grant partial reform in the future. Great excitement followed the vote in the chamber. The Socialists held a meeting in the Maison du Peuple, at which M. Vanderveld, the leader of the Socialists in Belgium, urged his hearers to be calm and said he hoped King Leopold would still intervene.

The meeting passed a resolution to continue to strike and dispersed without disorder. The people of this city are generally impatient with the agitation, which greatly impedes trade and business.

It is rumored here that King Leopold has decided to take the initiative and dissolve parliament. A serious riot has occurred at Louvain, near Brussels. The Socialists held a demonstration in front of the residence of M. Schollaert, president of the chamber of deputies. The police, in attempting to disperse them, were received with a shower of stones.

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Redmond Appeals for a Change of Policy in the Emerald Isle.

London, April 19.—In the house of commons John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, speaking of the crimes act proclamation issued by the lord lieutenant of Ireland, Earl Cadogan, declared that an infamous conspiracy was on foot in England to foment crime in Ireland where none existed. The stories of outrage and violence in Ireland were infamous calumnies. The Nationalists in Ireland were only governed by a contemptible minority. A hundred men, continued Mr. Redmond, stood ready to replace every man sent to prison in this struggle.

The Irish patriot Mr. Wyndham, chief secretary for Ireland, to change his policy; but if he continued it, they would meet him face to face and give him blow for blow. Their answer to his coercion of Ireland would be to harden their hearts, strengthen their organization and compel redress.

Mr. Wyndham replied that while it was true that there was a comparative absence of crime against the people, the lives of people were made miserable by intimidation and boycotting. The government was not acting from political motives, but as the result of information laboriously collected and carefully examined.

ROOT GOES TO CUBA.

Will Oversee Withdrawal of American Troops From the Island.

New York, April 19.—Secretary Root has gone off to Cuba. Regarding his trip, he said:

"I am going down to look over the field and lay plans for the withdrawal of our troops from the island. There is no great significance in my trip. I want to be on the ground and see for myself just what the situation needs." The secretary would not discuss the prospects of the new government.

A Disastrous Collision.

San Francisco, April 21.—The steamers San Pedro and Noyo collided shortly after midnight off the coast of the bay, through the misunderstanding of signals, and both vessels were badly damaged. The San Pedro, which sailed from Eureka April 17 with a cargo of lumber and shingles, had her stern carried away, and was cut below the water line. The vessel started to leak, and 12,000,000 shingles had to be jettisoned to save the vessel from sinking. The Noyo had her stern carried away, and was badly stove in on the starboard bow.

For Wireless Telegraphy in Alaska.

Berlin, April 21.—Professor Slaby and Count Arco, of the wireless telegraphy system which bears their names, will send in a telegraphic bid to Brigadier General Greely, chief signal officer of the United States army, an estimate on the system which he proposes to install in Alaska. This bid must necessarily be sent by cable, as the tenders open in Washington on April 22. Slaby and Arco will forward a detailed proposition by mail. General Greely has informed Slaby and Arco, through Frank H. Mason, United States consul general here, that their cable tender will be considered.

Cannot Repudiate Its Debt.

Topeka, Kan., April 21.—The federal court has decided in favor of the Eastern bond holders against Kearney county. Years ago a county seat was established between Lakota and Hartland, and \$450,000 in bonds was voted to secure money to employ men to work on the roads and become residents long enough to vote for one or the other of the towns. The county afterwards attempted to repudiate the debt.

Evidence Against Colonel Lynch.

London, April 19.—Although there is no indication that Colonel Arthur Lynch, who fought on the Boer side in the South African war, and who was elected to represent Galway City in parliament in November last, has any intention of placing himself within reach of the British courts, the government is bringing witnesses from South Africa to testify in support of charges of high treason brought against him.

Bank Notes Burned.

Miss City, Mont., April 17.—About \$13,000 belonging to the First National Bank of this city were destroyed in the mail burning of the east bound Northern Pacific passenger train, which was wrecked between Terry and Fallon stations, east of this place. The burning of a bridge caused the disaster.

Duty on Dumont's Airship.

Washington, April 19.—The treasury department has declined to admit M. Santos-Dumont's airship machinery free under bond as scientific apparatus, but will consider any further proof he may offer that the apparatus is entitled to such admission.

Ex-King of Spain Dead.

Paris, April 19.—Don Francisco d'Assis, ex-king of Spain, died here at the age of 80 years. He was exiled from Spain in 1868. Don Francisco d'Assis, Duke of Cadix, was born in Aranjuez, Spain, in 1822, and October 10, 1846, was married to his cousin, Queen Isabella II of Spain, and was the same day proclaimed king of Spain.

Presbyterian Creed Revised.

Washington, April 19.—The Presbyterian creed revision committee has completed its labors and adjourned. The committee agreed upon a report to be made to the general assembly, which will meet in New York on May 15. The members reserved the right to differ upon minor matters in the report to be made to the assembly, but the final report, an authorized statement says, was unanimous and hearty. The differences refer entirely to the question of phraseology, and do not apply to any principle or doctrine.

SENATORS KILLED THE MITCHELL-KAHN MEASURE.

The Platt Substitute is Adopted in Its Place by a Majority of Fifteen—It Continues the Present Law and Applies the Exclusion Regulations to All Insular Territory of the United States.

Washington, April 17.—The drastic Chinese exclusion bill, originally framed by the senators and representatives from the Pacific coast states, met defeat in the senate yesterday, and its place was substituted a measure offered by Platt of Connecticut, extending the provisions of the present exclusion law, and also applying that exclusion to all insular territory under the jurisdiction of the United States. The vote by which the substitute took the place of the original was 48 to 33.

Once the substitution had been made all the senators joined in its support, with the single exception of Hoar, the substitute being passed, 76 to 1. Some minor conditions were made admitting Chinese persons connected with national expositions and providing for certificates of identification of Chinese in our insular possessions.

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RAILROAD TO BE BUILT FROM VALDES TO EAGLE CITY, ALASKA.

Seattle, April 17.—According to the plans of the Land, Credit & Mortgage Company, of London, work on a railroad from Valdes to Eagle City will begin shortly and will be rushed to completion without delay. The company is an English and American concern, and is capitalized at 3,000,000 pounds. The distance to be covered by the railway is 400 miles. It will provide an all-American route to the Klondike. It is the intention of the company to begin operations at several points along the route in order to facilitate and hasten construction.

The promoters of the enterprise believe that it promises to be one of the most profitable that can be undertaken in the world today by capital such as they control. The route leads through the Copper River country, the Tanana district and many other promising mining localities. The harbor at Valdes is one of the few really good ones in Alaska. The northern terminus, Eagle City, is almost in the heart of the great Klondike country. The company will also enter into mining on a scale seldom attempted—particularly copper mining.

MALVAR GIVES UP.

Surrenders Unconditionally to General Bell in Batangas Province.

Manila, April 18.—General Malvar has unconditionally surrendered to Brigadier General Bell at Lipa, Batangas province, with the entire insurgent force of the Province of Laguna and Batangas. General Bell says his (Bell's) influence is sufficient to quell the insurrectionary movements in Tayabas and Cavite provinces and capture all those in the field who have not yet surrendered, but Malvar has ordered the complete surrender of every insurgent to the nearest American force. General Malvar personally requested an interview with General Bell in order to make his complete submission.

About 3,300 rifles have been received by the American officers in Batangas and Laguna provinces during the past four months. The lack of news from the island of Samar is due to a defective cable. It is believed, however, that the American commander there has received the surrender of all the insurgents in Samar, unless the planned proceedings were altered.

BEST MOVE FOR EXCLUSION.

House Accepts the New Senate Proposition to Make Sure of Legislation.

Washington, April 19.—In deciding to accept the senate Chinese exclusion bill, the Pacific coast men in the house have yielded to the inevitable. To put the bill in conference, and attempt a new measure would revive discussion in the senate, and that would be fatal to passing any bill before the expiration of the Geary law. While it is possible some better bill could be framed, the Pacific coast men generally, and even those who favor the committee bill in the senate, have agreed that it is best to accept the senate bill, in order to have an exclusion law and avoid any complications which might ensue.

HITCH IN NEGOTIATIONS.

Boers' Request for an Armistice Refused by British Government.

London, April 17.—The Daily Mail says it understands a serious hitch has occurred in the peace negotiations in South Africa. The cabinet has decided to refuse a strongly worded request from the Boer leaders at Pretoria for an armistice pending the negotiations. This alone is not likely to cause the Boers to withdraw from the conference, says the Daily Mail, but what threatens to stop the negotiations is the fact that the government declines to place the Cape rebels on the same footing as the burghers with respect to amnesty and is not inclined to withdraw the banishment proclamation. These features are regarded by the Boers as two cardinal principles.

The Spion Kop Disaster.

London, April 19.—All the official dispatches referring to the defeat sustained by the British troops under General Buller at Spion Kop, Natal, January 24, 1900, were made public today. Those hitherto unpublished merely emphasize how hopelessly multiplied were the preparations for that engagement. The controversy between General Buller and General Sir Charles Warren is proved to have been even more bitter than previously hinted at, while a news extract from one of Lord Roberts' dispatches brings additional evidence on General Buller.

Favorable Reports on Pension Bills.

Washington, April 16.—The senate committee on pensions today ordered a favorable report from the bill granting increases of pensions to soldiers who have lost an arm, leg or foot. The increase will be \$15 per month each, and will increase the annual pension appropriation bill \$1,300,000. The committee also ordered a favorable report on a bill increasing from \$30 to \$40 per month the pension of those who are totally deaf.

Food Scarce in Nicaragua.

Managua, Nicaragua, April 17.—Owing to the scarcity of provisions on the Atlantic coast of Nicaragua, President Zelaya has issued a decree providing for the admission free of duty in that section of the country of flour, wheat, beans, rice and lard.

Four Injured in a Wreck.

Spokane, April 17.—The Great Northern east bound express was wrecked six miles east of here this morning. Six of the seven cars were thrown from the track, seriously injuring four men. None of them will die.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Floyd Mathias was accidentally shot in an amateur performance at Baker City.

Mrs. George Wilcox, of Independence, is dead from an overdose of opium, taken by mistake.

Sheriff Durbin has paid into the treasury of Marion county \$10,489.87, collected recently on the tax roll of 1901.

William Maddy, who escaped from the jail at Canyon City last fall, was apprehended in Idaho and taken back to Canyon City.

H. D. Guild, who has been proprietor of the Salem Independent, has purchased the Prosser Record. He will make it a Republican paper.

The Oregon conference of the United Evangelical church, at Dallas, unanimously decided to admit women delegates to both the annual and general conferences.

The Fishermen's Union held a meeting at Astoria and decided to accept the rate of 6 cents per pound for fish weighing 25 pounds and over, and 5 cents for those below that weight offered by the cannerymen.

Fire in a brick building on Front street, at the Dalles, occupied by a Chinese merchant, destroyed about \$5,000 worth of property, and for a time endangered the whole block. The blaze originated in the dwelling portion of the building, where drying garments caught from a hot stove.

Articles of incorporation of the Gem Mining Company have been filed with the county clerk at Baker City. The capital stock is placed at \$1,000,000, with shares at the par value of \$1. This is the noted mine from which a large number of very rich specimens were recently taken for the Oregon exhibit at the Charleston exposition.

I. O. F. grand lodge of Oregon will meet at Newport May 21.

The electric light plant at Gold Hill will soon be in operation.

The Oregon G. A. R. encampment will be held at Astoria June 4 to 6.

Work has commenced at Grants Pass on a three story brick Masonic hall.

The lambing season in Baker county is proving one of the best in years and the prospects are good for a large wool clip.

Ten stamps and a quantity of machinery and equipment have arrived at Grants Pass for the Eureka mine, in the Briggs district, Western Josephine county.

The Salem Fruitgrowers' Union has voted to contract its 1902 crop of strawberries for 3½ cents per pound for the best panning berries and 2½ to 3 cents per pound for other varieties.

The Oregon Lumber Company has purchased the entire plant and holding of the Beaver Flume Lumber Company in Beaver valley. The flume ends at Runyon's station on the A. & C. R. R.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 63¢@64¢; blue stem, 64¢@65¢; valley, 64¢@65¢. Barley—Feed, \$20@21; brewing, \$21@21.50 per ton. Oats—No. 1 white, \$11.50@12.25; gray, \$11.00@1.20. Flour—Best grades, \$2.85@3.40 per barrel; Graham, \$2.50@2.80. Millstuffs—Bran, \$18 per ton; middlings, \$20; shorts, \$20; chop, \$16.50. Hay—Timothy, \$12@15; clover, \$7.50@10; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton. Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 1.10@1.40 per cental; ordinary, \$1.00@1.10 per cental; Early Rose, \$1.50@2.00 per cental; growers prices; sweets, \$2.25@2.50 per cental. Butter—Creamery, 20@22¢ per lb; 16@18¢ store, 13¢@15¢. Eggs—15¢ for Oregon. Chicken—Full grown, twins, 13¢; 13½¢; Young American, 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.50@4.50; hens, \$5.00@6.00 per dozen; 11@11½¢ per pound; springs, 11@11½¢ per pound; \$3.50@5.00 per dozen; ducks, \$5.00@7.00 per dozen; 12@12½¢ per pound; 13@13½¢ per pound; geese, \$6½¢@7.00 per dozen; 14@14½¢ per pound. Hogs—Gross, 53¢; dressed, 6½¢@7¢ per pound. Veal—¾@78¢ for small; 6½¢@7¢ for large. Beef—Gross, cows, 33¢@44¢; steers, 40¢@41¢; dressed, 6½¢@7½¢ per pound. Hops—12@13 cents per pound. Wool—Valley, 13¢@15¢; Eastern Oregon, 8@12½¢; mohair, 21¢@21½¢ per pound.

F. B. Lyons, of Cuba, N. Y., has been made doorkeeper of the house of representatives to succeed the late Doorkeeper Glenn.

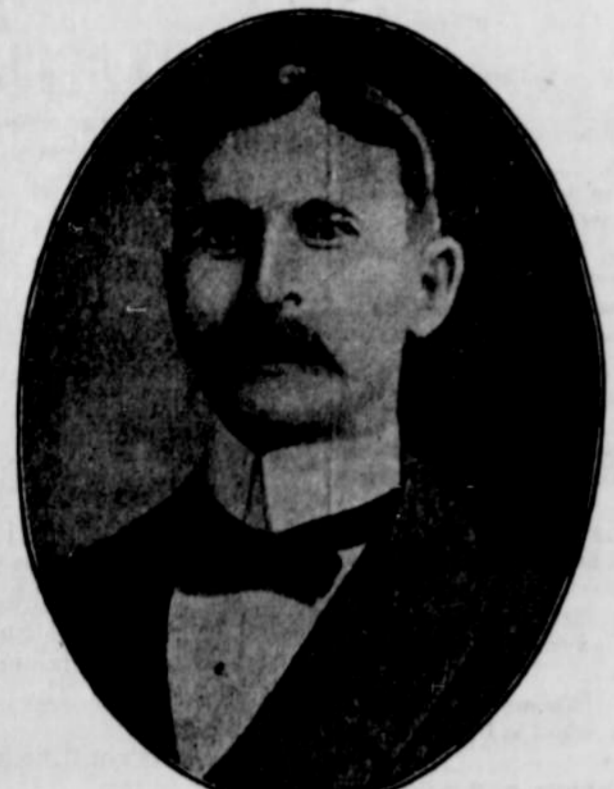
Germany will send a commission to the United States to study cotton growing, and experiments will then be tried in East Africa.

One of the finest railroad stations in the world is to be erected at Washington at a cost of \$5,000,000. It will be built of marble.

King Edward has revived the old custom of using snuff.

The husband of Queen Wilhelmina is to be given the command of the Dutch army.

Senator Hale, of Maine, expressed the opinion that congress would be prepared to adjourn for the session by June 10.



ATTORNEY GENERAL W. E. STRATTON

Of the state of Washington, who has entered a motion before the United States supreme court for leave to file a bill of complaint against the Northern Securities Company on behalf of the state of Washington. The briefs were accepted by the supreme court.

Diplomatic relations have been resumed between France and Venezuela. More time has been given the Boers in the peace negotiations in South Africa.

Columbia is massing troops to put down the insurrection of the Isthmus of Panama.

Queen Wilhelmina, of Holland, has typhoid fever, but her condition is not alarming.

Cattle and hogs are selling in Chicago at the highest rate in years, and the receipts are the smallest.

The cholera epidemic at Manila is unabated. There have been 332 cases and 253 deaths in that city alone.

The crisis in Queen Wilhelmina's case is passed.

The entire business portion of Barton, Ala., has been destroyed by fire.

Chinese rebels are said to be armed with Mauser rifles smuggled from French territory.

The Pacific coast representatives will accept the Platt substitute for the exclusion bill.

Canada has modified the Treadgold concession to the satisfaction of the Yukon delegation.

Miss Ellen M. Stone will use the profits from her lectures to reimburse those who ransomed her.

General Miles may be detached for duty on a tour of foreign countries and another soldier placed in command of the United States army.

The Boers are reported to have accepted the main features of the British peace proposals, but some time will be consumed in arranging the details.

General Chaffee fears trouble with the Dattos of Mindanao. They refuse to surrender natives who murdered an American soldier and a large force has been sent to the island.

The Russian minister of the interior has been assassinated.

Strikers in Brussels are using dynamite to blow up buildings.

A serious hitch has occurred in the Anglo-Boer peace negotiations.

The Chinese government is unable to suppress the rebellion in the south.

It has been definitely decided that the St. Louis fair cannot be held in 1903.

Going to Thunder Mountain.

that this excuse is merely superficial; and that the committee in fact does not want to authorize the construction of a canal, merely putting forward the new survey proposition as a means of delay. There has been some hope that a compromise might be brought about whereby the house conferees would consent to allow the authorization of work on the canal, and the immediate expenditure of the railway balance now on hand, cutting off the additional authorization.



OREGON ODD FELLOWS HOME, AT PORTLAND. To be dedicated April 26, the eighty-third anniversary of the founding of the order.

ization of \$400,000. They say they are working for a principle, and not to save the amount of money immediately involved. The friends of the proposition have not given up, but are endeavoring to show their conferees that the authorization of the work does not compel the expenditure of the full amount of Captain Harts' estimate; that if the work can be done for less, as they believe, a less amount will be expended.

Is Not Mrs. Luetger.

Chicago, April 19.—The demented woman who was at first thought to be Mrs. Louise Luetger, for whose murder Adolph Luetger, a wealthy sausage-maker, was convicted, is not she, according to W. A. Vincent, who was Luetger's attorney. He sent two men who had known Mrs. Luetger to see the demented woman and they reported she was not Mrs. Luetger.

Boers Granted More Time.

London, April 21.—After two conferences between Lord Milner, the British high commissioner in South Africa, and Lord Kitchener, and the Boer delegates at Pretoria, Lord Kitchener, while refusing to grant an armistice on military grounds, has agreed to give facilities for the election and maintaining of representatives of the various Boer commands to consider the position. The Boer leaders, have, therefore, left Pretoria to carry out this plan.

Result of a Conspiracy.

London, April 19.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times says that the assassination of M. Sipiaguine is considered to have been the result of a well organized conspiracy, and that anxiety prevails to know whether other victims are marked for removal.

Minister Sipiaguine's Successor.

St. Petersburg, April 21.—Senator von Pihlow, secretary of state for Finland, has been appointed minister for the interior succeeding the late M. Sipiaguine, who was assassinated April 13.

Bruges, in Flanders. Here the police charged the Socialists with drawn swords, and 10 of the latter were wounded.

The German Socialists have subscribed 10,000 marks for the Socialist movement in Belgium.

Shot by Major Glenn's Orders.

Manila, April 21.—Lieutenant John H. A. Day, of the Marine corps, testified at his trial by court martial on the charge of executing natives of Samar without trial, that the president of Basey, Samar, and his fellow plotters were shot, as he believed, by the orders of Major Glenn.

Hamilton's Round-up.

Klerkslop, Transvaal, April 21.—General Ian Hamilton in a further drive has captured 64 Boers.

Three Daring Burglaries.

Pooria, Ills., April 19.—Professional burglars accomplished three of the most daring robberies ever known in Illinois when three residences were entered and upwards of \$2,000 in money and jewelry was taken. Two of the burglaries were committed after the police had been notified of the first and were in the vicinity. While going through the houses the burglars were discovered, but kept their victims at bay with revolvers.

State Sues Insurance Company.

Salem, Or., April 21.—The board of trustees of the reform school has begun a suit against the Hartford Fire Insurance Company on a policy on the reform school industrial building, which burned in December last. The state contends the building burned was a part of the reform school, hence was covered by the policy insuring the school. Nine other companies carrying policies on the school, and who have not paid, will also be proceeded against. The state's