Eugene Weekly Guard.

CAMPBELL BROS., Proprietors.

EUGENE.....OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which Is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

Li Hung Chang is dead.

The British cabinet discusses Franco-Turkish dispute.

Ten persons perished in the burning of a Wisconsin theatre.

More money for the great 1905 fair, though stock lists are not ready.

The Panama canal has been offered to the Isthmian Canal Commission.

General H. C. Corbin and Miss Edyth Patten were married at Washington.

Millionaire De La Mar takes a $200,000 bond on a Southern Oregon copper mine.

Narrow guage railroad from Reno under contract to build into Lake County, Oregon.

A man and woman were arrested at St. Louis suspected of complicity in the Wagner train robbery.

Schmitz, the Union Labor candidate, elected Mayor of San Francisco by a plurality of 4,158 votes.

Attorney Raynor began his argument in behalf of Schley. The applicant and spectators were moved to tears, and one woman fainted.

Republican landslide in Ohio.

Oregon hop crop being shipped east.

Argument was continued in Schley case.

Jury secured in the Considine case at Seattle.

France has occupied three ports in Mitylene Island.

Law students of state university on verge of a strike.

Seth Low and the fusion ticket elected in New York.

Governor Geer is in receipt of a letter threatening his life.

A boxer leader was appointed to the Chinese foreign office.

Homer Bird, the Alaskan murderer, has been granted another lease of life.

It will probably take the official count to decide whether Wells or Schmitz is elected mayor of San Francisco.

A plot to massacre an American garrison in Tarlac has been discovered. The treason laws were passed by the commission at Manila. The wife of Lukban will be deported from Samara.

Lord Pauncefote is ready to begin work on the canal treaty.

A cargo of wheat and flour left Portland for South Africa.

Coal or gas believed to be burning underground near Stevenson, Wash.

Brigands have been employed to try and catch the abductors of Miss Stone.

Seven regiments of British cavalry in India have been sent to the seat of war in South Africa.

Trial has begun at Seattle of John Considine, charged with murder of Chief of Police Meredith.

Four hundred cigarmakers are going from Havana to Tampa, Fla., to take the places of strikers.

Admiral Gaillard, the French commander, has arrived at Smyrna and seized the Turkish customs.

Germany believes that mismanagement of affairs in South Africa is the cause of the war being prolonged.

London and other ports of England have been enveloped with so thick a fog the last few days that all navigation is at a standstill.

A large force of Venezuelans were crossing a bridge when a Colombian force attacked them and in the fight nearly all the Venezuelan soldiers were drowned or shot.

France has sent an ultimatum to Turkey.

Carnegie is not a believer in the Nicaragua canal.

Oregon hops took the first prize at the Pan-American.

No fresh plague cases have been reported at Liverpool.

The Subig bay naval station will cost nearly $20,000,000.

All navigation on the Yukon has stopped on account of the ice.

An attempt was made to assassinate the dowager empress of China.

President Roosevelt has issued his first Thanksgiving proclamation.

Efforts are being made to prevent Samar rebels from receiving supplies.

The acting governor of Hawaii asks that Oriental laborers be admitted.

The report is current in Washington that Chinese Minister Wu has been recalled.

English mail for Australia is delivered in 31 days when sent by way of the United States, the quicker route.

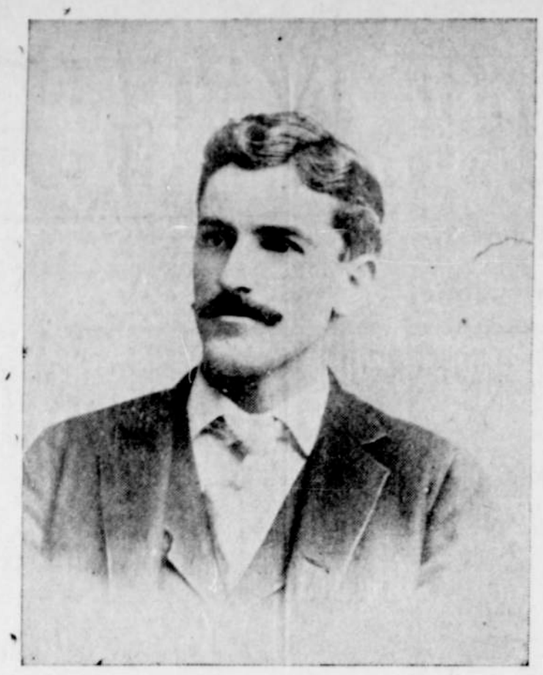
In 1894 the Untied States senate passed a bill excluding anarchists, but it failed to pass the house and did not become a law.

Rev. O. N. Hartshorn, LL. D., founder and for almost 50 years president of Mount Union college, died at Alliance, O., after a long illness from Brights disease. He was 78 years old.

London and Berlin newspapers extend cordial compliments to president Roosevelt saying he is worthy of all confidence and respect.

Alexander Ramsey, who became the first governor of Minnesota territory June 1, 1849, celebrated his 87th birthday a few days ago.

Rt. Rev. E. D. Ferguson, Bishop of Liberia, after a life work in that country extending over 50 years, says the negro of good habits and willingness to work will find a reward for his labors in Liberia.



EXPRESS MESSENGER C. F. CHARLES.

Who refused to open the express car for the robbers that recently held up the Southern Pacific express train near Eugene, Oregon. His action prevented the robbers getting a large sum of money. Mr. Charles will be transferred to San Francisco and given substantial promotion by the Wells, Fargo Express Company.

PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

Sets Apart Thursday, November 28, as a Day of National Thanksgiving.

Washington, Nov. 2. — President Roosevelt today issued his proclamation fixing Thursday, November 28, as a day of national thanksgiving. It reads:

"A Proclamation. The season is nigh when, according to the time-hallowed custom of our people, the president appoints a day as the especial occasion for praise and thanksgiving to God.

"This Thanksgiving finds the people still bowed with sorrow for the death of a great and good president. We mourn for President McKinley because we loved and honored him, and the manner of his death should awaken in the breasts of our people a keen anxiety and a resolute purpose not to be driven by any calamity from the path of strong, orderly, popular liberty, which, as a nation, we have thus far sately trod.

"Yet, in spite of this great disaster, it is nevertheless true that no people on earth have such abundant cause for thanksgiving as we have. The past year, in particular, has been one of peace and plenty. We have prospered in things material, and have been able to work for our own uplifting in things intellectual and spiritual. Let us remember that, as much has been given us, much will be expected from us; and that true homage comes from the heart as well as from the lips and shows itself in deeds. We can best prove our thankfulness to the Almighty by the way in which, on this earth, and at this time, each of us does his duty to his fellow men.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States, do hereby designate as a day of general thanksgiving, Thursday, the 28th of this present November, and do recommend that throughout the land the people cease from their wonted occuaptions and at their several homes and places of worship thank the giver of all good for the countless blessings of our national life.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, this 2d day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and one, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-sixth.

(Seal.)

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

"By the president.

"JOHN HAY, Secretary of State."

Formal Dinner at White House.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The president and Mrs. Roosevelt gave their first formal dinner at the White House tonight, when a company of 18 persons was assembled in the family dining room, which was beautifully adorned with white chrysanthemums. The guests included Secretary and Mrs. Hitchcock, Admiral Dewey, Colonel Sanger, Assistant Secrtary of War and Mrs. Sanger; Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid; Mr. and Mrs. Brooks Adams, of Boston; Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Rockhill, Commander and Mrs. Cowles and Miss Roosevelt.

Carter Has More Evidence.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 11.—Oberlin M. Carter has been notified of the granting of a civil trial in the United States Circuit Court in Chicago. Colonel L. D. Carter, I. Stanton Carter and Horace Stone, a Chicago attorney, have been here in consultation with the prisoner, gathering information for the approaching trial. The purpose is to try at this trial to introduce evidence which Captain Carter asserts was excluded at the court martial.

Brooklyn Navy-Yard Dock.

New York, Nov. 11.—Plans are now being completed in the Brooklyn navy-yard for proposed dry dock No. 4. The dock is to have a pumping plant situated in the bottom of the caisson and operated by electricity. No such pump has been used before in this country. The electric power station is to be situated some distance from the dock. Pumping plants of this character are commonly used with drydocks in Europe. It is contended by the officials at the yard that the government will be saved $70,000 by its use.

ORDER OF WASHINGTON.

Charges Against Supreme Officers Not Sustained and Everything is O. K.

Seattle, Nov. 7.—Supreme President W. W. Terry, Supreme Secretary J. L. Mitchell, Supreme Captain Paul Pferdner and T. B. McDevitt, of the Order of Washington, have answered charges made by John R. Parker, president of the local union, regarding the organization. The supreme officers were indorsed in every possible manner by the members of the union, and whatever dissention there might have been, disappeared when President Parker threw down his badge and withdrew from the meeting. A unanimous vote of confidence in the head officers was expressed by the Seattle union, and peace reigns, with the exception that Parker is to be tried under impeachment proceedings.

The Order of Washington has unions in Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana, and has a membership of over 12,000. The supreme officers are leading citizens of Portland. It is incorporated under the laws of Oregon, and was the first society authorized to do insurance business in Washington under the new law.

PACIFIC REGALIA COMPANY.

Business of This Home Industry Requires a Larger Factory and More Capital.

Portland, Nov. 6.—The Pacific Regalia Company, of Portland, has been re-incorporated by Paul Pferdner, J. L. Mitchell, John S. Pinney, T. B. McDevitt and May Pferdner, with $50,000 capital stock. The company manufactures badges, buttons, regalia and lodge supplies of all kinds. The factory now operates 30 machines of various kinds and will be still further enlarged to accomodate its growing business.

$500,000 Fire in Louisiana.

Jennings, La., Nov. 6.—Early this morning fire broke out in the restaurant of J. F. Dudley. The wind was blowing a heavy gale, and by 6 o'clock five blocks of the main business part of the town were in smouldering embers and ashes. The loss is estimated at $500,000, with insurance at about half that amount.

Japanese Concession in Corea.

Yokohama, Nov. 7.—Corea has allotted to Japan 650 acres at Chapokbo, near Masampo, for a special settlement, to be policed by the Japanese. The land was formerly pegged out by a Russian warship. The Corean veto on grain exports has been withdrawn, in deference to Japan's remonstrance.

The Warren Disabled.

Washington, Nov. 8.—A dispatch from Manila was received at the war department today confirming the news that the transport Warren had been disabled, and stating that the Hancock had been coaled and dispatched to Kobe, Japan, where the Warren now is, to bring the Warren's passengers to San Francisco. The congressional party, who has been visiting the Philippines, were among the Warren's passengers.

Socialism in Holland.

New York, Nov. 8.—The proposed boycott of British commerce, says the correspondent of the London Times and transmitted to the New York Times, has degenerated in Holland into a simple manifestation of socialism against capital. Many who would otherwise sympathize with the movement detest socialism and therefore withhold their support.

"Buffalo Jones" Dead.

Salina, Kan., Nov. 8.—H. L. Jones aged 71, died here today. Mr. Jones was one of the earliest settlers of Kansas and fought in the battles with border ruffians and Indians. He was the original "Buffalo Jones." He obtained this title while serving this country in one of the early legislatures. He was said at that time to represent more territory, less people and more buffalo than any other member.

CAUSE OF LI'S DEATH.

Violent Dispute With Lessar, the Russian Minister, Over the Manchurian Treaty.

Pekin, Nov. 11.—A violent dispute with Paul Lessar, Rusian Minister to China, over the Manchurian treaty, appears to have been the immediate cause of the death of Li Hung Chang.

The diplomatic events preceding this tragic climax have enabled Japan for a moment to frustrate the designs of Russia. A fortnight ago the Japanese Legation secured a reliable outline of the terms of the treaty and thereupon demanded that the Chinese plenipotentiaries officially lay before them the text, basing this demand upon the allegation that Japanese interests were involved in any change of the status of Manchuria. The Chinese plenipotentiaries refused to comply with the demand. Thereupon, the Japanese Government, from Tokio, communicated with the Southern Viceroys and induced them to use their influence with the Empress Dowager against the treaty. In the meantime, the Empress Dowager instructed Li Hung Chang to communicate the treaty, after certain modifications, to the Ministers of the powers, and, if they did not object, to sign the same.

Li Hung Chang visited M. Lessar and explained to him the instructions. The Rusian Minister strongly objected to revealing the text of the treaty, to the Ministers of the other powers, and a stormy interview ensued. Li Hung Chang went home in a violent passion and had a hemorrhage, which the doctors attributed to the over-exertion of a weakened system.

OFF FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

Twenty-Eighth Infantry Packing Up at Vancouver—Major Roach Will Be In Command.

Vancouver, Wash., Nov. 11.—Major Roach, now at Boise Barracks, Idaho, will be in command of the four companies of the Twenty-eighth Infantry which will sail from Portland for the Philippines on the transport Rosecrans November 15. Those companies of the regiment which will sail from San Francisco on the transport Grant on the same date will be in command of Colonel Mott Hooten. In view of the early retirement of Colonel Hooten for age it was believed that officer would not be ordered to the far East. Colonel Hooten, however, expects no such order, and has made ready to accompany his regiment to San Francisco next Tuesday. Lieutenant-Colonel John Stretch, the second officer in command, will also sail on the Grant.

Evidence of the marching orders are to be seen on every hand at Vancouver Barracks. The "packing up" is about at an end, and the baggage and frieght will be shipped to San Francisco at once.

STRUCK GOLD IN HELENA.

Rich Ledge Found on the Site of the Federal Building.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 11.—A ledge of free-milling gold ore was struck today while grading the foundation for the United States Federal building, which is now under construction. The ledge is a very strong one of iron-stained quartz, containing free-millin gold. The Government, when letting the contract for the Government building, expressly stipulated that any finds of mineral made by the contractor should go to the Government. This is the second strike of rich ore made within the Helena city limits within the last 30 days. The ledge extends across the street under the residence of Colonel Thomas Cruse, and was shown up again while grading for a street at a point about 1000 feet northwest of the Government building site. The ground through which the ledge runs is the best residence district in elena. There are a series of these big ledges running northwest and southeast across the site of the city. The diversity in interests in the ground has been the difficulty in the way of development.

Address of the Cherokees.

Tahlequah, I. T., Nov. 11.—T. M. Buffington, principal chief of the Cherokee Nation, in his annual address to the National Council of his tribe, recommended per capita payment to the people on account of the failure of crops this year, and that a commission to negotiate a treaty be appointed. Two thousand people were present, including the Dawes Commission and other United States officials.

Stage Hugging.

Miss Julia Marlowe, writing in the Dramatic Number of Collier's Weekly, says that she was once asked if an actress did not sacrifice her finer nature by permitting "stage embraces." In reply she declares with some spirit: "Such a question demands the application of only a fair degree of common sense to ensure a negative answer."

Stabbed at a Dance.

The Dalles, Nov. 7. — During a country dance about 20 miles southeast of The Dalles, Saturday night, Nick Marks, a well-known young farmer, was terribly stabbed by Reuben Ford, another young farmer of that district. Young Marks and Ford got into a fight over an alleged insult offered to Marks' wife, and during the encounter Ford pulled out a knife and began slashing Marks. One blow is reported to have struck near Marks' heart, and his recovery at last accounts was considered doubtful.

Passed Worthless Checks.

Astoria, Nov. 7.—A man by the name of E. R. Harroun, who represented himself to be an advertising solicitor, arrived in Astoria a few days ago, and has been engaged in different occupations until yesterday, when he disappeared for parts unknown. Before leaving he had several checks cashed for small amounts. The checks were drawn on the First National bank, of this city, and signed by himself.

Frozen to Death.

Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 7.—J. L. Schroeder, living near Pocahontas, Ia., disappeared last Saturday. His frozen body was found today in a field only a few yards from his home.

First Snow In Olympic Mountains.

Port Townsend, Nov. 7.—The first snow of the season fell last night in the foothills of the Olympic range of mountains, and the prospectors for minerals and petroleum are rapidiy leaving the mountains.

NEWS OF THE STATE

TEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

The Roseburg water company's extensive improvements are nearing completion.

The St. Helens school district will issue $3,500 in school bonds to build a new school house.

The roads of Wasco county are vastly improved by reason of the adoption of wide-tire wagons.

The Salem Automobile Co. has been incorporated to operate automobile lines between Salem and suburbs.

Nineteen members of the Oregon City militia company were court-martialed for neglect of duty.

County Commissioner Young, of Clatsop county, was in Astoria last week, and reports that the county saw mill is in place and will at once begin operations. The break in the dike is being repaired by a force of men.

The Sumpter Lumber company's new 45 horsepower engine has been installed at the saw mill at Sumpter, and all three engines started up last week and are working satisfactorily, both in the saw mill and the planing mill.

The Chisholm logging camp near Knappa, has closed down for the winter, after having cut the body of timber it has been working on for several months. It will start up again in the early spring on a body of timber in the same vicinity.

The lumber business of the Oregon Commercial company, at Huntington, has increased to such an extent that the capacity of their saw mill is not sufficient to supply the demand for the product. The capacity of the plant will be doubled as soon as the machinery can be purchased, and machinery will also be installed for another large planing mill.

The normal school building at Weston is nearing completion.

Klamath Falls has six cases of smallpox. The public schools are closed.

Grants Pass is considering the prohibition of bicycle riding on the sidewalks within the city limits.

George A. Forbes has been engaged as physical director of the Monmouth normal school. Prior to his coming to Oregon he was at the Berea college, in Kentucky.

A contract has been let by the school teachers and clerks who have filed on land in the south end of Umatilla county, to build 18 cottages and 10 miles of fence on their property.

Cattle feeding has begun at Butter creek. About 4,200 are being feed, more than ever before in the history of that section. The condition of the cattle is much better than usual at this season.

The congestion of railroad ties in the mill company's yards at Nicolai has caused the mill to only run half time, and consequently many men have been thrown out of employment and have moved away.

Portland Markets.

Wheat — Walla Walla, nominal, 55@55½c?; bluestem, 56c; Valley, 55@55½c.

Flour—Best grades, $2.65@3.50 per barrel; graham, $2.60.

Oats—Nominal 90@$1.00 pr cental.

Barley—Feed, $15@15.50; brewing, $16.00 per ton.

Millstuffs — Bran, $17@18; middling, $20@21; shorts, 19@20; chop, $16.

Hay—Timothy. $11@13; clover, $7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, $5@6 per ton.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 25@27½c; dairy, 18@20c; store, 14@15c per pound.

Eggs—Storage, 20c; fresh, 23@24c; Eastern 20@21.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12½@13c; Young America, 13½@14c.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, $2.50@3.00; hens, $4.00; dressed, 10@11c per pound springs, $2.50@ 3.00, per dozen; ducks, $3 for old $3.00@4.00 for young; geese, $6@7 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10@11c; dressed, 8@10c per pound.

Mutton—Lambs, 3¼c gross; dressed 6@6½c per pound; sheep, $3.25 gross; dressed, 6c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, heavy, $6@6.25; light, $4.75@5; dressed, 7@7½c per pound.

Veal—Small, 8@8½c; large, 7@7½c per pound.

Beef—Gross top steers, $3.50@4.00; cows and heifers, $3.00@3.50; dressed beef, 5½@6½c per pound.

Hops—8@10½c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 11@13½c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@12½c; mohair, 20@21c per pound.

Potatoes—65@85 per sack.

Kansas City is troubled with a gang of female footpads.

Senator Hanna's secretary says that since 1896 500 children have been named after the senator.

Bankers and brokers unite in saying that Roosevelt's attitude has inspired confidence.

It is said that King Oscar will send one of his sons to represent Sweden and Norway at the St. Louis exposition.

St. Louis has nearly $17,000,000 in bank or in sight for exposition purposes, and has reason to expect a great deal more.

English electricians declare they have discovered a sure method of transmitting electrical energy without wires and are able to control submarine torpedoes with certainty.

Estimates of English, French and Hungarian authorities on the world's wheat crop of 1901, agree that it is larger than that of either of the two preceding years, the principal increase being in America.

TEN BURNED TO DEATH.

Nine Men and a Woman Lost Their Lives, and Others Also May Have Perished.

Hurley, Wis., Nov. 8.—The Klondike theatre, owned by Edward Leclaire, caught fire early today, while most of the inmates were in bed, and the wooden structure was a mass of fire in a flash. Nine men and one woman are missing, and there may be others who have lost their lives in the fire.

The building was a structure 125 feet long, three stories high and 50 feet wide, and valued at $10,000. It was occupied by 25 people, consisting of the Leclair family and a stock company who gave a vaudeville entertainment six nights a week. On the first floor was the auditorium, barroom, gambling rooms, dressing rooms, kitchen, dining room, stage and proprietor's bedroom. On the second floor were the boxes and a number of bedrooms. The third floor was partitioned into sleeping apartments.

The fire is thought to have been caused by the explosion of an oil stove in the proprietor's bedroom. When the alarm was sounded the flames had cut off exit by the stairway. The only remaining exit was through the side and front windows. Some of the women crawled through the side windows, dropped to the adjoining building and reached the ground in safety with slight injuries.

HAD STOLEN BANK NOTES.

Arrested at a St. Louis Hotel After They Had Tried to Pass the Bills.

St. Louis, Nov. 8.—The police have in custody at the Four courts a man and woman suspected of complicity in the robbery of an express car on the Great Northern railway, near Wagner, Mont., July 3, last, when the safe was blown open with dynamite and a consignment of unsigned notes for the National bank of Helena, Mont., amounting to between $50,000 and $100,000 was stolen.

Of this amonut, $8,500 in new notes of the Helena bank were recovered, having been found in the possession of the man and woman, who were registered at the Laclede Hotel as Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rose. They arrived at the hotel last Friday and announced that they would probably stay several weeks.

TRIAL OF CONSPIRATORS.

Polish Students Agitating Their People to an Effort For Independence.

New York, Nov. 8.—The trial of 13 Polish students for belonging to certain secret societies in various universities was, says the Berlin correspondent of the London Times, begun in Posen yesterday. The prosecutor claims that these societies are united in a Polish students' league, the object of which is the restoration of Polish independence. One student has confessed that he circulated 50 copies of a pamphlet proclaiming that Poland was not yet lost.

Polish secret societies, says the correspondent, have been increasing rapidly and the Prussian government is determined to adopt a strong handed policy.

POWDER MAGAZINE EXPLODED.

Train Torn Into Kindling Wood, but the Crew Escaped.

Albuquerque, N. M., Nov. 6.— The powder magazine of the Santa Fe Pacific, at Williams, containing 2,000 pounds of powder, exploded, the shock breaking windows and glassware, and tearing off doors of houses. The magazine is supposed to have caught fire from sparks from an engine which was switching near by. The engineer and switching crew escaped injury, but the cars they were switching were torn into kindling wood and the engine wrecked. The damage is not known, but will amount to several thousands of dollars.

LODGED IN CAVES.

Miss Stone's Captors Were in Bulgarian Territory Last Week.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Nov. 8.—The brigands having Miss Stone, the American missionary, and her companion, Mme. Tsilka, in their custody, were in Bulgarian territory, near the Turkish frontier, last week, according to authoritative intelligence. The captives were lodged in caves, and fires were lighted to protect them from the severe cold. Since then the brigands and the women have gone to some place unknown.

Turkey Calls on England.

Paris, Nov 6.—"The porte asked Great Britain," says the Constantinople correspondent of the Echo de Paris, "to fulfill the terms of the convention of 1878, whereby, in exchange for the island of Cyprus, Great Britain guaranteed the integrity of the sultan's Asiatic possessions. The porte holds that under this convention Great Britain should protect Asiatic Turkey against attack by France, and suggests that Great Britain should send a squadron to the Levant for that purpose."

Venezuelan Force Surprised.

Maricaibo, Venezuela, Nov. 6 —Advices received here from Rubica say that a night attack of the Colombians has caused a general reorganization of the Venezuelan plan of defense. The Venezuelans were caught crossing a river near Rubica. The rope bridge broke and numbers of the Venezuelans were drowned. General Uribe-Uribe's force, which was on the extreme left, has reinforced the center. The general is entrenching.

Gunboat Crew Mutinied.

Panama, Nov. 6.—The crew of the Colombian gunboat Darien has mutinied and the vessel is now in the hands of the insurgents. The Darien has been operating on the Panama side of the isthmus. She is one of the recent acquisitions to the Colombian navy and is of small size.

To Be Made Prince of Wales.

London, Nov. 6.—It is announced that the Duke of Cornwall and York will shortly receive the title of Prince of Wales.

CONVICTS AT LARGE

MUTINY OF FEDERAL PRISONERS AT LEAVENWORTH.

Twenty-Six Desperadoes Broke the Cordon of Armed Guards and Escaped—Carried an Official With Them—One Man Killed and Five Wounded of the Convicts.

Leavenworth., Kan., Nov. 11.—One man was killed, five others were wounded and 26 desepratе convicts are at large as a result of a mutiny late this afternoon at the site of the new United States prison, two miles southwest of here, where four hundred prisoners from the federal prison, in charge of 30 armed guards, were at work. When the trouble began the rebellious prisoners had only two revolvers. These revolvers had been secreted in one of the walls of the building by some unknown person. There are two walls partly completed and the rest of the site of the building is surounded by a high wooden stockade.

Gus. Parker, of Ardmore, I. T., one of the ringleaders of the mutiny, walked to the corner of the stockade, where the revolvers were concealed, and, under cover of some weeds, secured them without being detected. He returned to the gang and passed one of the revolvers to Frank Thompson, a negro from South McAlister, I. T., who secured it about his person. When E. Hinds, superintendent of construction, and three unarmed guards prepared to round up the men at the end of the day's work, the two armed convicts covered them with revolvers, and, encouraged by the other mutinous convicts, forced the men to walk before them toward the northwest corner of the ctockade, where they expected to make a rush through an opening.

The outside of the stockade was guarded by armed men, and when the convicts appeared at the opening they were met by C. E. Burrows, a guard, who fought them back, but who received two shots in the neck. The convicts then rushed over to the south wall to another opening and were met by Arthur Trelford, an armed guard, who is in charge of all the convicts. Trelford resisted the convicts and was shot twice, but not dangerously wounded. Defeated in their attempt to escape at this point, the men rushed to the guard house, a temporary frame structure where the arms are kept. The guards from the outside rushed in at this point and drove the convicts away from the guard house. P. J. Waldrupe, a guard, shot and killed Ford Quinn, from Ryan, I. T.

The prisoners then made rush for the main entrnce, and 26 of them succeeded in escaping. Most of the escaped men are from Indian Territory. Closely followed by the guard, the men ran to a nearby forest and succeeded in evading their pursuers. The men went in the direction of Easton, Kan., and it is reported that they have held up many farmers, taking horses and clothes en route.

The convicts in their flight, compelled F. E. Hinds, superintendent of construction, to go with them, and he was not allowed to return until they had gone almost two miles. W. F. Peasless, one of the fugitives, who had but 15 months more to serve, deserted the band a few moments after Superintendent Hinds was released. The two men reached here almost at the same time. They reported that the fugitives, after holding a consultation, decided that they would form themselves into several small parties, so that some might escape though others should be captured. It is the intention of all of them to attempt to reach the rough country southeast of here.

BETRAYED HIS TRUST.

Head Treasurer of the Maccabees Is a Defaulter—Surety Companies to Bear Loss.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 11.—By his own written confession, Charles D. Thompson, supreme finance keeper of the Supreme Tent, Knights of the Maccabees, and a prominent vessel and tug man of this city, is a defaulter in the sum of $57,000. Mr. Thompson, however, was heavily bonded in the National Surety Company, of New York, and the Fidelity and Deposit Company, of Baltimore, and the order, therefore, is protected from loss. Thompson made no effort to escape after his defalcation had been discovered. He is now at his home awaiting the action of the bonding companies.

Kate Greenway Dead.

London, Nov. 11.—Miss Kate Greenway, the artist, is dead.

Miss Greenway won her fame as an artist through her sketches and paintings of children. These were drawn with such a whimsical grace and her children depicted in such dainty fashion, in such a novel garb, that "Greenway" children became the fad. Her art produced a revolution in the dress of children, leading to the adoption of sensible as well as pretty styles. She contributed to many magazines and illustrated many children's books.

General Greely at Washington.

Washington, Nov. 11.—General A. W. Greeley, chief signal officer, returned to Washington today after an absence of five months spent in the Philippines inspecting the cable and telegraph service of the islands. General Greeley had an important conference in London with the officials of the cable and telegraph companies, which resulted in an agreement to reduce the tolls to and from Manila on Government business about one-third.

Report on Transports.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Inspector-General Breckinridge, in a supplementary report, says the ventilating system on army transports are reported unsatisfactory, and that while the crews were satisfactory and efficient, there was an excessive number employed, as compared with commercial steamers. General Breckinridge calls attention to the repairing and refitting of transports, and advises careful scrutiny of this work. Regarding coal, he says very good qualities of coal, at low prices, can be obtained on Puget Sound.