EUGENE WEEKLY GUARD.

CAMPBELL BROS., Proprietors.

EUGENE ..... OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which Is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

The Texarania train robbers are still at large.

The ecumenical conference opened in London.

Fighting is expected at Bocas del Toro and at Colon.

The New York conference did not settle the steel strike.

Remarably quiet year reported in the English wheat market.

Columbia beat Constitution 17 seconds over a 30-mile course.

Bridge of the God's ascended by the Regulator exploring expedition.

Prince Chun delivered Chin's letter of apology to Emperor William.

Harvest Carnival of the Modern Woodmen of America opened at Albany.

New international boundary line may put much of Blaine, Wash., in Canada.

Census Office issues a bulletin on the sex, nativity and color of the population of Oregon.

The chainmakers are striking for more pay.

Venezuela issues an explanation of the trouble.

A Cotton Belt train was robbed near Texarkana.

The Japanese press is excited over the Honolulu incident.

Visible grain supply August 31st shows general increase.

Late developments were not favorable to the steel strikers.

Governor Schroeder reports prosperous conditions in Guam.

Summary of crop conditions reports generally favorable weather.

The United States offered to mediate between Venezuela and Colombia.

The Caracas and Bogota governments replied to Secretary Hay's note.

English and Pittsburg syndicates bet $400,000 on the coming yacht race.

Men employed to take the strikers' places at the Le Roi smelter walked out.

Boers threaten to shoot all British soldiers captured after September 15th.

Courts will be asked to set aside the sale of a Skagit County, Washington, road to the Great Northern Railway.

Lone highwayman was captured near Ashland.

Insurgents of Colombia have besieged Bocas Del Toro.

France requests the Turkish Ambassador to leave Paris.

Oregon's Pan-American exhibit has been of much benefit.

British bark Collessie wrecked on west coast of South America.

Official trial race of Columbia and Constitution was without result.

Labor Day was quite generally observed throughout the United States.

Philadelphia woman was arrested in London for the forgery of nearly $500,000.

United States Consular agent requests that a gunboat be sent to the scene.

Burdette Wolf, who murdered a girl in Portland 10 years ago, is in hiding in Peru.

The steel strikers were unable to get the men at the Duquesne mills to walk out.

Roosevelt, in an address, said the cry against the men of wealth is not justifiable.

Courts of Hawaii do not agree on the question of the Constitution following the flag.

Francis, the Missouri murderer, is still at large.

Frenchmen are excited over the coming visit of the Czar.

Five American warships visited British ports simultaneously.

Steel strikers declare they have caused the Duquesne to close.

Columbia defeated Constitution in the first race of the final series.

Boers blew up a train and killed a promising young British officer.

Venezulean and Colombian troops are massed on the border near Cucuta.

A trust has been formed to control the manufacture of laundry machinery.

An Illinois aeronaut fell 400 feet from his balloon and was alive when picked up.

New York banks affected by Subtreasury operations and interior demand for money.

Powder mills at Krebs station, Pa., were destroyed by an explosion and two men were killed.

Montana train wreck on the Great Northern was the worst in the road's history. Thirty-eight were killed.

Nearly 10,000 Venezuelans are massed on the Colombian frontier in readiness to support the Colombian revolutionists.

In Hong Kong there are only 400 women, and in Hawaii 532 women, to every 1000 men.

The number of retail liquor dealers in the United States at the close of last year was 206,000. The total vote of the prohibition party in the election of the same year was 209,000.

The bee and honey-raisers of North Germany are having a hard time. They feel the competition of the artificial honey factories very much. The artificial product contains often no more than 10 per cent of natural honey.

Some authorities on dyeing say that silk receives and holds a dye better than any other fabric.

Justice Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court, has the reputation of being the best raconteur in Washington. His fund of stories is endless, and he seems to add to it daily.

Miss Ida May Jackson, of Milwaukee, has been appointed, under a new law of Wisconsin, Woman Factory Inspector, and will be the first woman in the state to take up official work of this kind. Her grandfather was an editor, and she has been doing newspaper work for a dozen years past.

FRANCE SAYS GO.

Turkish Ambassador was Formally Requested to Leave Paris.

Paris, Sept. 5.—The result of Munir Bey, the Turkish Ambassador, coming to Paris in spite of the rupture of Franco-Turkish relations, and holding a fete in the open way, at the Turkish Embassy yesterday, in honor of the anniversary of the Sultan's accession to the throne, has been that the French government sent him the same afternoon, a request to leave France immediately, and Munir Bey departed for Switzerland that evening.

Advices received here from Turkey indicate a disquieting internal situation. Disorders and militia uprisings are reported in Armenia, Macedonia and the neighborhood of Mecca. The son of a high functionary was carried off by brigands near Adrianople, who fought a bloody engagement with the troops sent against them.

A dispatch from Salonica says that Nouri Bey, aid-de-camp of the Sultan, who was sent to investigate the brigandage in Albania, has been killed by Albanians. It is also said that the Turkish troops at Prisrend, Albania and Uskub are rioting because they have not been paid.

M. Constans, the French Ambassador to Turkey, had another conference with the French Minister, M. Delcasse, today.

The Government of France is determined to compel Turkey to fulfill her obligations. Unless the Sultan yields shortly he will find the bill against him increased by a number of other outstanding claims of Frenchmen which will add an appreciable sum to that now demanded.

PRINCE CHUN DEPARTS.

Chinese Prince and His Entourage Are Now En Route to Berlin.

Basel, Switzerland, Sept. 5.—At 11 o'clock tonight Prince Chun and his entourage left for Berlin by the Imperial special train. Before starting a number of the mission said Emperor William had decided to waive the ceremony of kotowing, and that the only persons to be received by him in ceremonial audience would be Prince Chun and Ying Chang. The member of the mission in question said also that the mission would remain in Berlin for a fortnight, and had received and accepted invitations from the British, Italian, American, Belgian and Japanese Governments.

German Public Satisfied.

Berlin, Sept. 5.—The fact that Count von Bulow has at last succeeded in surmounting the Chun difficulty has created considerable satisfaction in the public mind. Prince Chun will now apologize without any humillating formalities. It is asserted that all the members of the government were as much surprised as was the public at the attempt to revive the obsolete custon of kotowing. Count von Bulow has not returned to Nordeney to finish his interrupted holiday. It is understood that the newly appointed Chinese Minister to Germany, who is a member of the explatory mission, was most energetic in opposing prostration, declaring that if he submitted to such a ceremony he would forfeit the right to be treated as an equal of the other members of the diplomatic corps.

GERMANY AS A PEACEMAKER.

Will Advise the Sultan to Settle With France at Once.

Constantinople, Sept. 5.—M. Bapst, councillor of the French Embassy, and the other members of the Embassy's staff took the guardship Vauteur on an excursion up the Sea of Marmosa, in order to avoid dressing the vessel as the other ships in the harbor were dressed, in recognition of the anniversary of the Sultan's accession to the throne, which was celebrated yesterday. The members of the Embassy did not participate in the congratulations of the diplomatic corps nor was the Embassy illuminated.

Turkish officials received only 40 to 60 per cent of their salaries on the anniversary of the Sultan's accession.

The report that the Sultan has appealed to Germany to use her good offices to settle the dispute with France is confirmed. Germany, it is understood, will advise the Porte to settle with France as soon as possible.

SENSATIONAL CHARGES.

Northport Smeltermen's Union Replies to the Injunction.

Spokane, Sept. 5.—Sensational charges are made in the reply of the Northport Smeltermen's Union to the injunction suit and restraining order forbidding interference with the smelter employes. The union charges that a majority of the stock in the smelter company is owned by subjects of King Edward, who have no right to own lands in this state. Charges are also preferred against Bela Kadish, superintendent of the smelter, who is accused of offering a bribe of $2000 to an officer of the union to break it up. The union men state to the court that they "only claim the right to go to whomsoever is willing to hear them, and tell the exact facts and to persuade persons by peaceable means."

Gift of Carnegie to Brave Miners.

London, Sept. 5.—Andrew Carnegie has given £100 each to Sheddon, Law, Jones and Dick, four miners, who displayed conspicuous bravery in the rescue of their comrades at the time of the receint Doinbristle (Perthshire) colliery disaster.

Examination of Surgeons.

Washington, Sept. 5.—The examination of applicants for appointments as assistant surgeons in the Army has been resumed in Washington and San Francisco. Seventy-six vacancies in the Medical Department still remain to be filled, and as it is desired by the military authorities that the department be filled to its full legal limit as early as possible, all eligible applicants will be afforded opportunity for examination, and those found qualified will be commissioned at an early date.

Biggest Bet in History.

Pittsburg, Sept. 5.—The great international yacht bet of $400,000 between an English syndicate, represented by Walter J. Kingsley, of London, and a group of Pittsburgers, represented by William I. Mustin, was finally arranged this afternoon. The entire sum was deposited in the hands of the stakeholders, Mr. Kingsley turning over $150,000 in British bank notes and Mr. Mustin giving a certified check for $250,000. What is said to be the greatest bet in history was thus successfully consummated.

NEWS OF THE STATE

TEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

Baker City has issued $20,000 worth of bonds to establish water rights.

The fences of Jesse Carr around 80,000 acres of public land in Southwestern Oregon have been torn down.

A. B. Hammond, a Montana capitalist, has bought 50,000 acres of timber land near Portland.

Deputy Fish Warden Austin is putting in a fish rack in the Siuslaw River just above the mouth of Wildcat Creek.

J. S. Herrin, of Jackson, has sold his 1901 wool clip, 10,000 pounds, to San Francisco parties at 13½ cents f. o. b. Ashland.

The notable feature of the fair at Marshfield is the large number of different kinds of "skin games" which have been licensed.

During the past week or ten days quite an extensive fire has been raging in the Middle Fork Country between Willow Creek and Susanville.

Cattle and sheepmen in Grant and adjoining counties are losing small lots of stock every once in a while from poison weeds and gun-shot wounds respectively.

The salmon hatchery at Siuslaw is not to be abandoned, as lately stated. It is the intention to increase the output and operate the hatchery to its fullest capacity.

As this is the open season for ducks numerous hunters are going out daily from Albany. They are said to have trouble avoiding accidental slaughter of Chinese pheasants.

J. R. Jenkins, a Harvey sheepman, says sheep are so thick on Steins Mountain this year that he expects to have to move his bands down to lower ranges within a few weeks. Feed is dry and the weather being so warm, he believes sheep are likely to go on the Fall ranges in rather a poor condition this year.

A pocket of 50 per cent pure gold ore was uncovered in the Virtue mine in Eastern Oregon.

Reports are current that numerous Chinese pheasants are being slain untimely in the Willamette Valley.

Superintendent Ackerman holds that Oregon voters have the right to say whether more than eight grades shall be taught in the public schools.

A Pendleton bicycle thief got safely away with a wheel, then became frightened, jumped off, abandoned his booty on the street corner and ran away.

A chicken-raiding owl, measuring five feet from tip to tip and with claws as large as a man's hand, was killed the other day in the mountains above Weston.

Webb street, Pendleton, is to be improved by crushing all boulders larger than a number seven hat, that can be found thereon. The street was dressed with "gravel" some months ago and has been impassible for teams ever since.

Another rich strike has been made in the Copper Stain mine in the Mount Reuben district near Grant's Pass. Workmen, while drilling, noticed glistening particles in the rock, which proved to be gold. The extent of the vein is not yet known, but the rock is worth many thousands per ton.

Portland Markets.

Wheat — Walla Walla, nominal 56½c per bushel; bluestem, 56½@57c; valley, 55½@56.

Flour—best grades, $2.65@3.50 per barrel; graham, $2.60.

Oats—Old, $1.10@1.15 per cental.

Barley—Feed, $15@15.50; brewing, $15.50 per ton.

Millstuffs—Bran, $27 per ton; middlings, $21.50; shorts, $20; chop, $16.

Hay—Timothy, $11@13; clover, $7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, $5@6 per ton.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 22½@25c; dairy, 18@20c; store, 11@12c per pound.

Eggs—17@17½c per dozen.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 11@11½c; Young America, 12½c per pound.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, $3.00@3.75; hens, $4.50@5.50; dressed, 10@11c per pound; springs, $2.50@3.50 per dozen; ducks, $3 for old; $3.00@3.50 for young; geese, $5@6 per dozen; turkeys, live, 8@10c; dressed, 10@12½c per pound.

Mutton — Lambs, 3¼c. gross; dressed, 6@7c per pound; sheep, $3.25, gross; dressed, 6@6½c per lb.

Hogs — Gross, heavy, $5.75@6; light, $4.75@5; dressed, 7@7½c per pound.

Veal — Small, 8@9c; large, 7@7½c per pound.

Beef—Gross top steers, $3.50@4.00; cows and heifers, $3.25@3.50; dressed beef, 6½@7¼c per pound.

Hops—12@14c per pound.

Wool — Valley, 11@13½c; Eastern Oregon, 8@12½c; mohair, 20@21c per pound.

Potatoes—$1@$1.10 per sack.

Brazil produces 350,000 tons of coffee out of the world's yearly crop of 600,000 tons.

The population of the United Kingdom passed that of France for the first time in 1892.

Holland has 10,100 windmills, each of which drains 310 acres of land, at an average cost of 25 cents an acre a year.

Italy and Spain have fewer houses in proportion to population than any other country. The Argentine Republic has most.

The chronology of both the Chinese and the Hindoos is fairly reliable as far back as 2200 B. C., before which it becomes misty.

A contest is expected for the position of surgeon general of the army, which will become vacant next year.

A seven year old girl arrived in New York from Sweden with tag attached showing she is to go to Colorado.

Sanitary officials on Staten island have begun treatment of ponds to destroy breeding places of mosquitoes.

APOLOGY OF CHINA.

Delivered by Prince Chun to the Kaiser with Considerable Humility.

Berlin, Sept. 5.—Emperor William's reception of the Chinese mission of expiation, headed by Prince Chun, which took place yesterday at Potsdam, was marked with all the severity consistent with an audience nominally friendly. The Chinese imperial envoy on entering the palace was not accorded a salute by the Garde du Corps. The Emperor received him seated. The buttons and epulettes of His Majesty's white uniform were enveloped in crepe. Prince Chun bowed thrice on entering and leaving. Emperor William remained seated during the reading of the Chinese address. Afterward, however, he relaxed his stern demeanor and welcomed the envoy courteously, and subsequently accompanied by his adjutant, he called upon Prince Chun at the Orangery. Later in the evening the Emperor, Prince Chun and a dozen members of the expiatory mission took tea on an island in the Havel.

The Emperor had evidently arranged the entire ceremony with a view of impressing Prince Chun with the feeling that the ceremony meant explation for a foul crime, and that only through explation had Prince Chun acquired the right to be treated with princely honor. Not until after the ceremony did the atmosphere change. Then the troops outside having saluted and the band having played, Hussars escorted Prince Chun back to the Orangery. The imperial envoy seemed deeply impressed with the solemnity of the occasion, an when summoned to the throne room, he showed visible embarassment. He bowed repeatedly while approaching the throne, and his voice was agitated while he was reading the imperial address. The entire manner of Emperor William was calculated to impress Prince Chun with the solemnity of the ceremonial. He spoke emphatically and seriously, emphasizing particularly the word "civilized."

The ceremonial lasted only ten minutes. In the meantime ten Chinese dignitaries of the highest rank were halted in the ante-room, remainng perfectly motionless and speechless, awaiting Prince Chun's return with evident anxiety. Prince Chun retired backward from the throneroom, bowing profusely.

THE COTTON CROP.

More Valuable This Year Than Before, Though Not So Large.

New Orleans, Sept. 5.—The total of Secretary Hester's crop report on cotton of the United States shows that the total crop for 1900-01 was 10,383,422 bales, against 9,426,416 bales last year, and 11,274,840 bales the year before. The mills of the South used 1,620,930 bales, which was 23,819 bales more than during 1899-1900. With the excess in bales over last year of 947,006, the South obtained for the crop an increase of $130,782,729; the value of this year's crop having reached $494,567,549, more in dollars than has ever before been paid for any cotton crop. Mr. Hester compares the value of this crop with that of the year before last, 11,274,840 bales, the largest ever grown, and shows that the South received this year for 891,418 bales less, $211,794,562 more.

GERMAN CRUISER SUNK.

Collided With a Battleship in the Baltic Sea—No Lives Lost.

Berlin, Sept. 6.—The commander of the German fleet maneuvering in the Baltic, telegraphed today from Sassnitz, Island of Rugen, that the third-class cruiser Wach has been sunk off Arkona, after having been in collision with the battle-ship Sachsen. There was no loss of life.

The Wacht was a steel cruiser of 1250 tons displacement. She was built in 1887, was 262 feet long, had 31 feet 6-in. beam and drew 13 feet 9 inches of water. The Wacht had an armored deck two inches thick and carried a crew of 126 men. Her armament consisted of four 3.4 inch quick-firing guns and two small quick-firers. She had three torpedo tubes and was estimated to have a speed of about 19 knots.

WANTS TO BE AN ENGLISHMAN.

Boss Croker is Preparing to Change His Nationality.

New York, Sept. 6.—A London dispatch says:

In the current issue of Week End a contributor gives an account of a conversation he recently had with Richard Croker. "Mr. Croker tells me," says the correspondent, "that he is passionately found of rural England, and that some day he hopes to settle down at a little country house in one of our most picturesque counties. I hope I am betraying no confidence when I remark that he is trying to prove himself fit for citizenship wth us by an applied study of our manners and customs."

Money for Uribe-Uribe.

New York, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Herald from Maracaibo, Venezuela, says:

Sums of considerable importance are transmitted regularly from London to Maracaibo for General Uribe-Uribe—that is to say, for the Colombian revolutionists—by a banker named Isquierdo Stebin, who formerly carried on business as a merchant in Colombia and amassed a large fortune.

Alaska Land Decision.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Acting Secretary Ryan, of the Interior Department, has rendered a decision in the land contest case of George Harkrader and others against Anna Goldstein. The case involved a conflict between the Bonanza Lode Claim and the townsite of the town of Juneau, Alaska. The townsite protested against the granting of the application for a patent to the lode claim, and the Secretary sustains the protest.

Fell Eighty Feet and Lives.

New York, Sept. 6.—After a fall of 80 feet into the Gorge of Kaaterskill, Caroline Schroder, of Brooklyn, was found to be unhurt save for a few bruises, according to a special to the World. Miss Schroder ventured too near the edge of the gorge, lost her balance and fell. Three men descended on ropes and found the young woman unconscious. Physicians in attendance, however, said that while severely bruised, she would suffer no serious consequences.

UNCLE SAM STEPS IN

OFFERS TO MEDIATE IN SOUTH AMERICAN TROUBLE.

United States Government Gives a Diplomatic Warning That Security of Transit Across the Isthmus and Its Perfect Neutrality Must Not Be Menaced — Venezuela and Colombia Both Reply.

Washington, Sept. 5.—It is ascertained that August 24th, during Secretary Hay's recent visit to Washington, a telegraphic message was sent to the Ministers at Caracas and Bogota, directing them to inform the Foreign Secretaries of Venezuela and Colombia of the distress with which the President had heard of the likelihood of the disturbance of the relations between the two republics. Adverting to the possibility of the influence of the United States being exerted to compromise the pending questions, the Ministers were directed to say that, while the relations of this Government with both nations are equally intimate and friendly, and every opportunity is taken to show the good will we bear them, an offer of the President's kindly offices to arrange any differences which may exist between Colombia and Venezuela would be ineffective without the acquiescence of both. Nevertheless, inspired by the sentiments which are common to all the governments of the American republics, the United States would sincerely deplore a breach of the amicable relations between the sister nations of the Western world, and would especially regret any action by either of them which might menace the security of transit across the Isthmus, or the neutrality of its territory, and thereby constrain the United States to consider its responsibilities and functions under existing treaty engagements with Colombia.

The text of Mr. Hay's' telegram has not been made public. It is understood that an acknowledgement of its receipt has been made by the Venezuelan Government, but its purport has not been given out, although it is said to be friendly in tone, and, while charging invasion by Colombian forces on the Venezuelan border, and referring to the temporary suspension of diplomatic intercourse which has occurred, the way appears to be open for explanations. Venezuela has not declared war against Colombia.

Colombia, also, it is said tonight, has made response to the note of Secretary Hay. While its contents are not obtainable, the statement is made that it is conciliatory in character, and expresses an earnest wish that war with Venezuela may be avoided. Such a result, it is stated, would be a cause of genuine regret to the people of Colombia.

FIRST STAKE DRIVEN.

Beginnig of Work on the Great St. Louis Exposition of 1903.

St. Louis, Sept. 4.—Just four months from the date of the organization of the Exposition Company, the first stake of the World's Fair, to be held in 1903, to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the Louisiana Purchase, was driven yesterday on the site at Forest Park. Officers and directors of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company, municipal officials and others, assembled this afternoon on the site near the structural center of the grounds, and there the stake was driven by William H. Thompson, president of the National Bank of Commerce, in his official capacity as chairman of the committee on grounds and buildings. President David R. Francis, of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company; C. P. Walbridge, representing the committee on concessions, and President Phillips, of the Board of Public Improvements, made addresses. According to the plans adopted, the principal buildings—agricultural, mines and minerals, fisheries, transportation and fine arts—will be built on foundation lines radiating from the point where the first stake was driven.

BOERS' SAVAGE THREAT.

Will Shoot All British Troops Captured After September 15.

London, Sept. 5.—"Dewet has issued a proclamation," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Cape Town, "that he will shoot all British troops found in the Orange River Colony after September 15th."

Cape Town, Sept. 5.—It is reported that Commandant Mayburg has issued an order directing that all armed Colonials captured after September 15th are to be shot.

Captain Wellis, with a patrol of 25 men, was taken in ambush near Meiringspoort. He and two men escaped, three others were killed and four wounded, and the rest, who surrendered and took the oath of neutrality, were released.

Cannot Find a Home.

New York, Sept. 5.—The religious orders which are quitting France, according to a dispatch to the Times from Paris, are finding a less cordial welcome abroad than they anticipated. The Belgian bishops are imposing restrictions almost amounting to a veto, and the Italian government talks of taking precautions against the associations. Some of the Swiss cantons prohibit foreign communities, and Germany threatens to do likewise.

No Change in Situation.

Washington, Sept. 5.—In a mail report to the State Department from Panama, dated August 21st, United States Consul-General Gudger says there has been no change in political conditions on the Isthmus since August 12th. Both of the contending parties appear to be intent on recruiting and reinforcing, and are awaiting developments. The revolutionists on the railroad lines, he says, are still making depredations on Chinamen.

Auto Road Race.

New York, Sept. 5.—The Automobile Club of America announced today that consent had been obtained for the holding of the 100-mile road race between Buffalo and Erie, and that the club will hold the annual sweepstakes over that course September 19th, as originally planned. The governors also decided to hold a week of sports in the Stadium at the Exposition during the week of September 16th to 21st, inclusive, including the race for the mile record.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM McKINLEY.

FIENDISH ACT

The President is Shot By An Anarchist.

AT BUFFALO FAIR

HE WAS WOUNDED TWICE—NOT NECESSARILY FATAL.

Well Dressed Stranger Approached Him As If To Shake Hands, and Fired Twice With a Revolver Concealed Under a Handkerchief—Assailant Was Immediately Placed Under Arrest.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—President McKinley was shot and seriously wounded by a would-be assassin while holding a reception in the Temple of Music at the Pan-American grounds a few minutes after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. One shot took effect in the right breast, the other in the abdomen. The first is not of a serious nature and the bullet has been extracted. The latter pierced the abdominal wall and has not been located.

The President was approached by a man with a dark mustache and with one hand covered with a handkerchief. As the man extended his hand to the President, apparently with the intention of shaking hands with him, he fired a shot which entered the President's right breast, lodging against the breast bone. Another shot was fired at once, which entered the President's abdomen.

The assailant was immediately arrested and was thrown to the ground, and quick as a flash 20 men were upon him. When rescued he was covered with blood from a gash in his face. Cries of lynching were heard on every hand, but the police managed to get the man out of the grounds and locked him up in a station house a short distance from the grounds. Later he was removed to the police headquarters.

Detective Geary was near the President and he fell into his arms.

"Am I shot?" asked the President.

The officer opened the President's vest, and, seeing blood, replied: "Yes, I am afraid you are, Mr. President."

The President was at once taken to the emergency hospital, where a bullet which had lodged against the breast bone was removed. Later the President was reported as resting easily.

At 6 o'clock Dr. Roswell Parke, the well-known surgeon, arrived at the hospital, and after putting the President under an anesthetic, began probing for the ball in the abdomen.

The prisoner declares that he is Fred Nieman, of Detroit. When arrested he was asked why he had shot the President, and replied:

"I am an anarchist and have done my duty."

Later he denied to a police official that he was an anarchist.

Mrs. McKinley received the news of the attempted assassination with the utmost courage.

HOPE OF RECOVERY.

One Bullet Removed—Wounds Dressed Immediately and Patient Doing Well.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—Secretary Cortelyou gave out the following statement last evening at 7 p. m.:

"The President was shot about 4 o'clock. One bullet struck him on the upper portion of the breastbone, glancing and not penetrating; the second bullet penetrated the abdomen five inches below the left nipple and one and one-half inches to the left of the madian line. The abdomen was opened through the line of the bullet wound. It was found that the bullet had penetrated the stomach. The opening in the front wall of the stomach was carefully closed with silk stitches, after which a search was made for a hole in the back wall of the stomach. This was found and also closed by the same way.

"The further course of the bullet could not be discovered, although careful search was made. The abdominal wound was closed without drainage. No injury to the intestines or other abdominal organ was discovered. The patient stood the operation well; pulse of good quality, rate of 130; condition at the conclusion of the operation was gratifying. The result cannot be foretold. His condition at present justifies hope of recovery.

"GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
"Secretary to the President."

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—The following bulletin was issued by the President's physician at 10:40 p. m. last night:

"The President is rallying satisfactorily and is resting comfortably.

"10:50 p. m.—Temperature, 100.4 degrees; pulse, 124; respiration, 24."

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—At 3 a.m. the following bulletin was issued:

"The President continues to rest well. Temperature 101.6; pulse, 110; respiration, 24."

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—At 4:30 the President was still resting easily.

BOER COMMANDO CAPTURED.

Many Killed and Wounded, and Several Important Officers Taken.

Middelburg, Cape Colony, Sept. 9.—Lotter's entire commando has been taken by Major Scholl of Pietersburg. One hundred and three prisoners were captured, 12 Boers were killed and 46 wounded. Two hundred horses also were captured.

London, Sept. 9.—Lord Kitchener's report from Pretoria to the War Office covering the capture of Lotter's commando gives the figures as 19 killed, 42 wounded and 62 captured unwounded. The prisoners include Commandants Lotter and Breedt, Field Cornets J. Kruger and W. Kruger, and Lieutenant Shoeman. Among the killed were the two Vaslers, notable rebels. The casualties were 10 killed and eight wounded.

Burned to Death.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 9.—Miss Eolah Hounsom was burned to death today in her home at 132 Kline street. The origin of the fire is unknown. Murder, with robbery in view, is suspected by the police, as she was known to have had some money.

Death List is Now Sixteen.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 9.—The death list of the North Central train wreck, which occurred last week near Fairville, has been increased to 16 by the death today of Mrs. William Lee Munyon, of Port Gibson.

Garrisons at Shanghai.

Shanghai, Sept. 9.—The Rajputs have left here, reducing the British garrison in Shanghai to one native regiment. The German garrison is 800 strong and is showing great activity. The Germans have leased for three years, with the option of six, a large tract inside the general settlement. They are fencing it and building barracks and storehouses. The British community strongly objects.

Bishop Charged With Murder.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Sensational charges against Bishop Anthony Kozlowski and attendants at the St. Anthony Independent Catholic Hospital were testified to today by witnesses for the defense in the conspiracy case started on the complaint of the head of the Independent Catholic Church before Justice Martin. Dr. Stanislaus Slominski, one of the defendants, again accused Bishop Kozlowski with being responsible for the death of certain patients at St. Anthony's, and charged that these people were poisoned and their money kept.

Cloudburst in Kansas.

Kansas City, Sept. 9.—A special to the Star from Ness City, Kan., says:

A cloudburst struck Ness City last night and it is estimated that over eight inches of water fell. Bridges and sidewalks were washed out, cellars were flooded and several small business houses were undermined and ruined. No lives are reported lost. Ness City is a town of 1000 people, situated on the Santa Fe railroad in Ness County, 55 miles east of the Colorado State line.

Ptomaine Poisoning.

Cleveland, Sept. 9.—Ninety people who ate clams at a lunch at the opening of a new public building a few days ago have been ill since, suffering, it is alleged, from ptomaine poisoning. No person has died, but many are still in bed.

Clyclis. Loses a Leg.

New York, Sept. 9.—Gangrene having set in, the surgeons at Bellevue hospital have decided that John Nelson, the cyclist, must have his leg amputated in an effort to save his life.

Snowstorm in Montana.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 9.—The western portion of Montana is tonight in the grasp of a storm that began before daylight this morning. The weather is intensely cold and considerable snow has fallen. More is now coming and it is feared crops will suffer.

Ligh house is Too Low.

London, Sept. 9.—According to reports from Ottawa, an engineer of the Canadian Marine Department has visited Cape Race, N. F., where several wrecks have occurred this year. He reports that the lighthouse is in good order, but that the light is 55 feet lower than it is advertised as being, which reduces the horizon by two miles. He also suggests that the duration of the fog whistles be changed to two blasts of five seconds each.

Invitation to Prince Chun.

Berlin, Sept. 9.—A special to the Lokalanzeiger, from Dantzic, says Emperor William has invited Prince Chun to witness the autumn maneuvers.

Jockey Killed.

Carbondale, Ill., Sept. 9.—Frank McClathy, jockey, was killed late today in the last race of the Jacksonville County fair at Murphysboro. He was one of the five that were riding in a bunch. His mount fell and two other horses fell upon the boy and the horse. McClathy was buried beneath two horses, and sustained injuries from which he died two hours later.