


THE BLESSED BIBLE.
Written for the Messenger.
While many are sincerely desiring, to know just what the spirit is saying to us, in the Holy Volume—it may not be uninteresting to give a brief notice of the history of that book—waiting, for the present, its history from its authors or original writers down. I will only speak now, of the circumstances connected with our present translation, or what is denominated "the authorized version." I am constrained to do this because many desire to know the truth, while perhaps others do not so desire, or for want of access to authentic history on this subject they may be laboring under excusable ignorance.

if they consent not, the difference to be compounded at the general meeting, which is to be of the chief persons of each company, at the end of the work.
11. When any place of special obsecity is doubted of, letters to be directed by authority, to send to any learned in the land for his judgment in such a place.
12. Letters to be sent from every bishop, to the rest of his clergy, admonishing them of this translation in hand, and to move and charge as many as, being skilful in the tongues, have taken pains in that kind, to send his particular observations to the company, either at Westminster, Cambridge, or Oxford.
13. The directors in each company to be the heads of Westminster and Chester for that place; and the King's professors in Hebrew and Greek in each university.
14. These translations, to be used when they agree better with the text than the Bishop's Bible itself, viz. "Hedals, Mathews, Coverdales, Whitechurch, Geneva."
The above are the "rules" prescribed by King James in the translation and revision of our present translation. If desirable might give a brief history of the New Testament from the apostles down to 1607. S. C. ADAMS, Salem, Oregon.

THINK OF ME.
Not when the bounding heart doth leap
With joy, and all thy spirits keep
A jubilee of praise;
Not when thou wouldst distract the light
That shines, in all its radiant height
Upon thy passing days.
But in the hour when sorrow's pall
Upon thy cherished hopes shall fall,
And all thy joys shall flee—
O, then attend me to thy thought
And let thy grieving soul be taught
To sympathize with me.
Then, when the throbbing, mellowed heart
Leaps up to meet the tears that start
From fountains from the eye—
O then, in that deep time of thought,
May I, not seldom, nor uncouth,
By thy power be sought.
And in the tranquil hour of night,
When all is silent, and the light
Is lifted up above—
Then, when the spirits of those hours
Steals down upon our noble powers,
To purify and love—
Then, when the pensive moonbeams fall,
In silvery splendor over all—
This lawn and every tree—
Then, when our souls, ourselves are lost
In raptures, and the starry host—
O, then, remember me.
And much below I find, there's a petan hour
When I'll invoke the memory's power,
And ask thy thought again;
Thy not among the gathered crowd,
When speech is fair and words are loud,
Of friendship sweet but vain!
But when thou silent, and alone,
Beneath the Mercy, throne,
To offer up thy prayer—
If no other else I ever find
A "come closer" to thy mind,
Remember me when there!
AND when I too, may send a prayer
And plead for pardon "Over there,"
Upon my bedded knee—
O, in that hour when mercy's sought,
And purest hour of thought,
I will remember thee!

by means of some lucky chance, which every one hopes is in store for him.
For whatever purpose they are permitted or conducted, lotteries are a tax on the community. They have, in times gone by, been used by the governments of various countries as a means of raising revenues, but being found to exert a mischievous influence upon the people, the practice has been abolished. To use the language of another, "the poor are invited by them rather than the rich. They are diverted from persistent labour and patient thrift, by the hope of sudden and splendid gains; and as it is the professed principle of all these schemes to withhold a large part of their receipts, a necessary loss falls upon a class, which of all in the community, can least afford to bear it." Some years ago the government of France suppressed lotteries, and in January of the next year 525,000, 000 francs more were deposited in the Savings Banks of Paris alone, than in the same month of the preceding year. This fact alone demonstrates their evil tendency in a more economic point of view.
Between the great majority of the community, and other species of gaming, there is a barrier, in the circumstances of the place and company, which must be more or less openly encountered to induce in them, and the loss of cast and credit, which surely follows the fact of being considered a gamester.
But lotteries offer facilities for gaming secretly, and without personal contact with doubtful characters, or persons of evil repute. The purchaser of a ticket need not be known as such. Many apparently respectable and industrious people, have kept themselves impoverished all their lives, in the pursuit of a fortune by the purchase of lottery tickets. Often, very often comparatively, the last words or message of a suicide, reveals the fact that successive delusions and disappointments, resulting in blighted hopes, beggary and a sinful death, have been the direct result of gaming in lotteries.
There is no excuse or justification for them. In all their effects and consequences they are only evil in both an economical and moral point of view. Let the law be enforced against them, before it is too late to stem or drive back the flood of evil which follows in their train.

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(Successors to J. K. Gill.)
STATE STREET, - - - - - SALEM,
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School Books,
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Sheet Music, Etc.
— A LARGE STOCK OF —
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Call and Examine our Stock.
Salem, April 11, 1871. 271f
Stoves and Tinware!
AT
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WILLIAM DAVIDSON,
Real Estate Dealer,
OFFICE NO. 64 FRONT STREET,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
REAL ESTATE in this CITY and EAST PORTLAND, in the most desirable localities, consisting of LOTS, HALF BLOCKS and BLOCKS, HOUSES and STORES; also,
IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable unimproved LANDS, located in ALL parts of the STATE, for SALE.
REAL ESTATE and other Property purchased for Correspondents, in this CITY and throughout the STATES and TERRITORIES with great care and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.
HOUSES and STORES LEASED, LOANS NEGOTIATED, and CLAIMS of ALL DESCRIPTIONS PROMPTLY COLLECTED and a GENERAL FINANCIAL and AGENCY BUSINESS transacted.
AGENTS of this OFFICE in all the CITIES and TOWNS in the STATE, will receive descriptions of FARM PROPERTY and forward the same to the above address.
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DEALER IN
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Iron and Steel, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, &c.
PORTLAND, - - - - - OREGON.
41v
GEO. BOOKER, W. K. ROBERTS,
BOOKER & ROBERTS,
Auction and Commission Dealers
HELENA, : : : : MONTANA;
In King & Gillette's Block, Main Street.
Particular attention given to commission sales. Storage solicited. - - - - - 11
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BLAIN, YOUNG & CO.,
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Dry-Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Etc.
Agents for all kinds of Agricultural Implements and Sewing Machines. Will sell low for Cash or Produce. BLAIN, YOUNG & CO., Albany, Oregon. 22v1
Wheat Wanted!
The undersigned wishes to buy (30,000) twenty thousand bushels merchantable wheat. Highest cash price paid by J. C. BELL. 121f
Dr. Waterhouse,
MONMOUTH, O'CONNOR.
For sale by all Druggists. The trade supplied on reasonable terms. Hundreds of Testimonials can be given upon application. Address 11f - - - - - DR. W. WATERHOUSE.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.
AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY
FOR 1871.
At and Below Portland Prices!!!
T. CUNNINGHAM & CO.,
SALEM, OREGON.
Offer for sale the following splendid assortment of machinery:
Sweepstake Threshers—With new improvements for 1871, which makes this the best machine ever brought to this coast.
Genuine Buckeye Reaper and Mower—Combined hand and self-rakers—three sizes. This machine stands at the very head of American Reapers, and for strength, beauty and excellence, has no equal.
New York Combined Reaper and Mower—With automatic self-raking attachment—two sizes. This machine is too well known to need special commendation here. We guarantee it in every respect.
New York Hand Reaper and Mower—Combined hand and self-rakers—three sizes. This machine will do good work under all circumstances.
Burt's Eagle Reaper and Mower—Combined, strong, excellent, and the cheapest in the market.
Easterly Reaper and Mower—Combined, Walter Wood's Reaper and Mower—Combined.
Buckeye Mower—Four sizes.
Wood's Mower—Two sizes.
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Hain's Genuine Headers—With new improvements—19 to 12 feet cut.
Burt's Clipper and Griffin's Sulky Rakes.
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Horse Powers—Corey's, Sweepstakes and Pitts—all sizes.
Endless Chain Threshers.
Scythes and Snaths, Grain Cradles, Hay and Grain Forks, Stoves, Plows and Harrows, of great variety. Hardware, Iron and Steel, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Rims, and Axles, &c., &c., &c.
WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MITCHELL WAGON
Four Seats Constantly on Hand.
We are Sole Agents for the well-known
BOWIE PREMIUM WAGON!
Which we offer at low prices and will warrant them equal, if not superior, to any wagon in this or any other market—a written guarantee furnished with each wagon.
T. CUNNINGHAM & CO.,
Salem, Oregon, June 17, 1871. 361f
F. LEVY,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.
Farmers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock. All kinds of Produce taken, and a Fair Price paid. 161f
Cheap! Cheap!
Cheaper than Ever!
BOLTER, WORTLEY & CO.,
[ELLENDALE STORE.]
HAVE REMOVED THEIR STOCK OF Goods to DALLAS, and are constantly receiving new and well selected goods, consisting of
LADIES' DRESS AND FANCY GOODS,
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES
OF EVERY STYLE AND SIZE.
A FULL STOCK OF GROCERIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
—ALSO—
HARDWARE AND CROCKERY.
Woolen-Goods, Manufactured at the Ellen Dale Mills. Such as Beavers, Cassimeres, Hard Times, Tweeds, Flannels and Blankets, which we offer at Wholesale and Retail.
Having a desire to locate permanently at Dallas, we will deal fairly and justly with all who may favor us with their patronage.
Will exchange Goods for Country Produce, for which we will pay the Highest Market Price.
Bring on your Eggs and Butter!
25m6 **BOLTER, WORTLEY & CO.**
DAVID ROHRER
WOULD INFORM HIS FRIENDS AND the public that he is still at the Old Stand in Monmouth, hammer in hand, below puffing and blowing, ready to do all kinds of work in his line—especially making, mending, and sharpening plows, ironing and repairing wagons, shoeing horses, and whatever else can be done in iron, or steel.
Terms, positively Cash or Produce. 1131f
HIMES & BACHELDER,
Book & Job Printers,
93 Front street, Portland, Oregon.
ALL KINDS OF COUNTY PRINTING and BOOK-BINDING to order, at reasonable rates. Feb. 18 - - - - - 1131f
Take Notice.
All accounts due me MUST be paid in 60 days from date. B. CLARKE, 141st July 31, 1871. 49m2

FRANKNESS.
Be frank with the world. Frankness is the child of honesty and courage. Say just what you mean to do on every occasion, and take it for granted you mean to do what is right. If a friend asks you a favor, you should grant it if it is reasonable; and if it is not, tell him plainly why you cannot. You will wrong him and wrong yourself by equivocation of any kind. Never do a wrong thing to make a friend or to keep one; the man who requires you to do so is dearly purchased, and at a sacrifice. Deal kindly and firmly with all men, and you'll find it a policy which wears best. Above all, do not appear to others what you are not. If you have any fault to find with any one, tell him, not others, of what you complain. There is no more dangerous experiment, than that of undertaking to be one thing to a man's face, and another behind his back. We should live, act and speak out of doors, as the phrases is, and say and do what we should be willing should be known and read by all men. It is not only best as a matter of principle, but as a matter of policy.

LOTTERIES.
[From the Oregon Churchman.]
Gaming of whatever kind, whether intrinsically wrong or not, in its consequences is only evil. Money—anything valuable—obtained by chance, without a consideration or just equivalent, tends ever, and in all ways, to the moral and economical injury of the recipient. A dollar obtained at gaming tends to impair the moral sense in the way, though, perhaps, in a less degree, as obtained by theft or fraud. The experience of the world is uniform upon this subject. In proportion as a people indulge in gambling, they become loafers, idlers, cheats and knaves. Of, course we do not mean to be understood as saying, that all persons who gamble are dishonest—even in gaming. But that such is the tendency of winning or losing money at games or devices of chance, or mixed skill and chance, there is no doubt. All gamesters, or persons who game, were not brought up gamblers. Many such persons are protected, in a greater or less degree, from the evil effects of gaming by the lasting influence of the wholesome nurture and education which they received in their youth. But let a generation be brought up to game for a living, or as a pursuit, or pleasure, and its baneful effects will be manifest without qualifications. Among such a people, honesty in the acquisition of wealth, or moderation, or morality in the use of it, is almost unknown.
We have been moved to make these trite remarks upon an old subject, on account of the sudden impulse which has lately been given to lotteries and kindred gambling schemes on this coast.
Now, of all the protean shapes which the demon of gambling assumes, for the purpose of securing toleration in an anti-gaming community, and seducing votaries to its shrine, the most insidious is the device of lotteries. Since the drawing of the Mercantile Library lottery, in San Francisco, this species of gambling schemes in springing up all over the country,—some of them being of sufficient magnitude and effort to aspire to be called "National." To think of such a thing as a "National Lottery," projected and managed by private persons for private ends, being openly tolerated in the Republic of the United States!
It is apparent that in the neighboring State of California, the people have already become much corrupted and demoralized on the subject of lotteries, and unless a wholesome public sentiment is aroused against them, the pestilence will soon spread over this State with impunity, although our laws expressly prohibit this form of gambling. Indeed, lottery tickets were publicly purchased here from, or through agents passing between here and San Francisco. District attorneys and grand juries, who had taken an oath to prosecute all offenders against the law, shut their eyes to this violation of it, and permit it to pass unquestioned. The bar rooms, hotels and other public places of this city, lotteries called raffles are continually being conducted for the sale or disposition of all sorts of articles of property, without let or hindrance. And so this spirit of gambling is being encouraged to the neglect of legitimate callings involving labour, with the hope of being able to live in idleness