

INDEPENDENCE ENTERPRISE

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INDEPENDENCE, OREGON

EXTENT OF DROUGHT

Most Prolonged Since the Bureau's Organization,

EXCEPT WEST AND SOUTHWEST

When Exceptional Precipitation Has Been Reported, It Has Been Confined to Very Small Areas.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Reports received at the weather bureau indicate that the present drought is one of the severest, most prolonged and most generally known in the United States since the bureau's organization. There are a few places which show an exception to the general rule, but in most of the country, unless perhaps the West and Southwest, there does not appear to have been a heavy rain for the past two months or more. Where there has been exceptional precipitation, it has been confined to small areas. In some parts of the country the drought began in the latter part of July, but in most sections it did not become markedly pronounced until in August.

The entire Atlantic coast, with a few exceptions, such as Charleston, S. C., and Augusta, Ga., shows a deficiency below the normal rainfall since the first of August, amounting in some instances to almost half the average precipitation. The Ohio and Mississippi valleys reported similar conditions, as has a part of the Pacific coast. The lake region has fared better than other sections east of Mississippi. In Colorado, Wyoming, Utah and Nevada, there have been excessive rains during this period, and along the Pacific coast, from San Francisco to Olympia, there were good rains in September, as there have been in places since in that section. The greatest complaints come from West Virginia, Kentucky and Western Pennsylvania.

Fortunately, in some parts of the country the drought did not set in until after the principal crops were matured, consequently the effect has not been so disastrous as if it began earlier. In some places it has had a slight effect on the planting of winter wheat, and complaints come from many quarters of the inconvenience of securing water for domestic and stock purposes, many small streams, stock ponds, springs and wells having become dry. Pastures have been injured in many states. It is also noticeable that there has been an increase of typhoid fever over the normal in many sections where drought is severe.

AN ACTIVE VOLCANO.

Professor Alexander's Report Confirmed by Two Elk Hunters.

Port Townsend, Wash., Oct. 22.—Further evidence of an active volcano in the Olympic mountains have been received, and serve to confirm the report of Professor Alexander, of the Smithsonian institute. Two young men of this city, Ben Pettigrove and Charles Sally, are just from the Olympic mountains, where they were hunting elk, and report that, after experiencing a series of slight earthquake shocks, covering a period of two weeks, flames and huge volumes of smoke were observed ascending from one of the smaller peaks. Flames would shoot spasmodically up for a few hundred feet and then dense volumes of black smoke would belch forth, winding up into the clear sky. These operations were repeated every ten minutes. Pettigrove and Sally hurried back to town for a fresh supply of provisions, and will make an effort to locate the supposed volcano. South of Port Townsend last night the sky was cleared, and volcanic phenomena were witnessed by dozens of people, who describe the eruptions of smoke in the same manner as the two elk hunters. Many navigators on the lower sound and straits saw the strange sight, and all believe it to be a small volcano.

In the Coal Region.

Dubois, Pa., Oct. 22.—Great anxiety prevails tonight in the bituminous coal region, on account of the strike situation. The labor leaders are not certain that the strike will be ordered, and if not it will be useless for a portion of the mines to remain idle. Dubois and Reynoldsville miners have been idle for months. Beech Creek and Coal Green men decided yesterday to suspend, but the whole affair hangs upon the decision of the Rochester & Pittsburgh Coal & Iron Company's miners at White miners in the Honesdale region. If the Berwind White miners quit work the strike will be general throughout the Beech Creek, Honesdale, Punxsutawney and Dubois fields. If they continue work it is the opinion that the strike will be a failure at the beginning.

The Official Figures.

Washington, Oct. 22.—The corrected official speed made by the Indiana on her trial trip last Friday has been reported to Secretary Herbert. It shows the speed to have been 15.547 knots per hour. The contract for the construction of the ship called for a speed of fifteen knots. The Cramps received a bonus of \$25,000 under the contract, for each quarter-knot made above contract requirements.

NO LAW AGAINST IT.

So Says Judge Leatherman in the Prize-Fight Case.

Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 22.—The Corbett habeas corpus brought just as everybody in Hot Springs thought it would. Governor Clarke was apparently the first to discover that there was no statutory prohibition to prize-fighting or glove contests; that the act of 1891 had not passed the house as amended by the senate; that instead of the bill as amended passing, as constitutionally provided, by roll-call, it simply passed by a viva voce vote, hence was not legally passed.

The decision of Chancellor Leatherman this afternoon was in accordance with the views expressed by Governor Clarke, and as shown by the house records. The proof produced demonstrated the fact that a glove contest was to be fought a limited number of rounds here, October 31, between Corbett and Fitzsimmons, and that five-ounce gloves were to be used. By the number of experts put on the stand it was proved that soft-glove contests are not brutal affairs, and are never attended with any serious or harmful results when engaged in by trained athletes. It is sometimes the case that amateur boxers or unskilled men injure each other in glove contests, but not knowledgably, and such a thing occurred, in the knowledge of the witnesses, when engaged in by skilled boxers, such as Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

A MUDDLE IN 'FRISCO.

Attorney Knight, of the Board of Health, Refuses to Step Out.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—When Governor Budd appointed Dennis Spencer attorney for the board of health, Spencer and his friends were glad, but Geo. A. Knight refused to give up the office, and has since been drawing the salary of \$3,000 a year. Spencer, through his attorneys, applied to the attorney-general for permission to sue in the people's name to oust Knight. A reply has been received from the attorney-general stating that in his opinion the act of the legislature amending section 32 of the political code is to abolish the office. The language of this act is not as explicit as it might have been, still it is sufficiently clear to show that such was the intention of the legislature. Your purpose, as suggested in your letter, of applying to the governor for such leave in case of my refusal to grant the permission, is entirely agreeable to me. Should the governor, as the law empowers him to do, direct me to give such leave, I will, of course, do so." Spencer's attorneys have made the necessary demand of Governor Budd, and expect that he will give them the right to sue.

Four New World's Records.

Denver, Oct. 22.—Four world's records was the mark set at the National Circuit races today. In the half-mile handicap, class B, C. M. Murphy rode from the scratch in 59 1-5 seconds, reducing Bald's time of 1:00. P. J. Becker, of Denver, went an exhibition class A mile, quad-paced, in 54 3-5, reducing the record from 1:55. B. B. Bird set a new mark in the half-mile class B, paced, doing it in 51 seconds, lowering John S. Johnson's time of 0:51 2-5 for public exhibition. Foster's time of 48 seconds not being allowed, there being a drop of eighty feet in the half mile. C. M. Murphy did the class B exhibition mile in 1:52 2-5, lowering both the class B and the professional records. The Denver quad team went a half mile, un-paced, class B, in 51 seconds. The former record was 55 seconds.

The Prairie Fires.

Topeka, Oct. 22.—During the past four days destructive prairie fires have swept over parts of four counties in Western Kansas and a large scope of country in Eastern Colorado. The fire, which has caused much damage, started in the western part of Finney county, and spread to Greeley county, burning over a strip of country four miles in width, over 200,000 acres in all. A great deal of grain, broom corn, bush and forage were destroyed, together with barns, hay in the stack and out-buildings.

In the northern part of Finney county much damage was also done. In Wichita county another fire started near Halcyon, and covered a territory three miles wide by seven miles long. Four houses were destroyed, and many haystacks and grain racks ruined.

The Spanish Minister at Washington.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Senor de Lome, Spanish minister, places no credence in reports that he is to be recalled because of alleged dissatisfaction of his government work here. He so expressed himself to a reporter today when his attention was called to the matter. Reports of his possible recall, the minister was inclined to think, originated from those who believed the cause of the insurgents would be prompted thereby. There has not been, he declared, any dissatisfaction with his course by the political government, but, on the contrary, many evidences of its approval.

The Horseless Carriage Race.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—The motorcycle horseless carriage race from Chicago to Waukegan and return, a distance of about 100 miles, will be contested Saturday, November 2. From present indications, there will be not less than forty starters in the great race. It is expected several motorcycles will make the distance in less than six hours. Contestants must pass preliminary tests, which will be held October 29, 30 and 31, at which time all impracticable vehicles will be debarred from the contest of November 2. Several motorcycles from France and Germany are entered in the race.

NORTH PACIFIC NEWS

Happenings of Interest in the Progressive Northwest.

BRIEF REPORTS OF LATE EVENTS

A Budget of Items Gathered From All Parts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

The ministers in Spokane are having lively discussions on socialism.

After many delays, block-laying on Pacific avenue in Tacoma has been resumed.

Twenty-one lumber-laden vessels left Gray's harbor, Wash., during the month of September.

The ladies of the relief society of Walla Walla have secured after many years' labor the erection of a home for the destitute and fallen.

The trial of the Brownings, father and two sons, for the Grave creek killing, which resulted in their acquittal, cost Josephine county, Or., over \$4,000.

Curry county, Or., has outstanding warrants amounting with interest, to \$34,496. There is \$649 cash on hand and the uncollected taxes amount to \$3,583.

With the year ending October, 1895, Yamhill county had paid out for the care of her indigent about \$3,000. At the October term of court last week, \$135 was added to this.

The Pullman, Wash., agricultural college will soon be supplied with 100 cadet rifles and a field piece. The infantry companies have been formed, and an artillery battery will be organized soon.

Joseph Vey, one of the sheep kings of Umatilla county, can neither read nor write, but has business ability. He has amassed a fortune, owns four miles of Butter creek, and has paid \$50,000 for range land.

Home Davenport, an Oregon boy, who has been at work in the examination of the San Francisco Examiner, has been sent by Editor Hearst to New York to work on Mr. Hearst's new purchase.

During the fiscal year ending June 30 last, 7,333 acres of land were entered in Yakima county under the homestead law and 1,930 acres under the desert land laws. During the same period 6,616 acres were homesteaded in Kittitas county.

The Rev. Father Chianale, superintendent of the Catholic mission on the Umatilla Indian reservation, has been transferred to the mission on the Flathead reservation, Montana. He will be succeeded at Umatilla by Father Neat, a priest only recently ordained.

Judge Hanna, who sentenced Charles Fiester, the wife-murderer, to be hanged in Grant's Pass, Or., November 29 next, has only passed the death sentence once before, which was upon John Justus for killing his father, some years ago. Justus' sentence was commuted to life imprisonment and he was pardoned only in a few years.

Will Langille, the Mount Hood guide, says it takes two and a half days to make the circuit of the mountain traveling below the snow level. By keeping upon the glaciers he has gone around it in nine and one-half hours. He finds it very pleasant living away up near the snows all summer, and there the weather has been delightful for the late.

John Pickrell was held in Pendleton, Or., in the sum of \$600 to appear before the United States grand jury at Portland. The charges against him are that he took from the postoffice a letter addressed to Mrs. Mary Rust; opened it and took out a draft which had been sent to her; forged the indorsing signature and appropriated the proceeds to his own use.

T. P. Hopp, editor of the Bridgeport Standard, Wash., is something of a Pooh Bah in his balliwick. He runs a furniture store, agricultural implement establishment and nursery, and is opening a commission house. He is a notary public, commissioner of the United States court, and loans money and furnishes all the home "ads" for the Standard himself.

The Columbia National bank and the German-American Safe Deposit & Savings bank, of Tacoma, have begun suit in the superior court against the city of Tacoma to have the city deposits cancelled. The city is certified with a deposit of \$112,316 on the books of the first-named bank, and with \$58,369 on the books of the second. The deposit was in the shape of warrants.

Judge Sullivan made an order recently in the superior court in Walla Walla, authorizing J. W. McGhee, receiver of the Walla Walla Savings bank, in any case where a legal creditor of the bank has a sufficient credit upon the books of the bank to offset or pay all notes and in the possession of the bank, and belonging to the creditor, to charge the notes with interest to December 9, 1893, to the account of the creditor, and to cancel the notes and deliver them to the creditor.

Washington's state fish warden, Crawford, arrested John Gade and Thomas Smith for illegally fishing in the Duwamish river. The state law makes the taking of salmon between October 1 and November 15 in any manner from any of the streams emptying into the Sound a misdemeanor with a penalty of from \$50 to \$95 for each offense. The violations of this law have become so numerous and so flagrant that the state fish warden has started out on a crusade with the determination to put a stop to them.

ENGLAND AGGRESSIVE.

Venezuela Is Arming Herself to Resist the British.

New York, Oct. 21.—That the Venezuelan question is approaching an acute stage, with possibilities of resistance by the South American government to British aggression, was signified by disclosures made in New York today, on the best of authority.

The government of Venezuela has provided itself with modern armament and arms, and among other supplies has ordered ten improved Maxim guns from the British firm that manufacture them. The order was not placed through any firm, and the English manufacturers, it is supposed do not want the destination of the guns made known. At the same time the syndicate of United States capitalists, which has secured a concession in the Venezuelan gold lands claimed by Great Britain, is preparing a trained force of prospectors miners and workmen for the field. William M. Safford, counsel for the Orinoco Company, the American syndicate, made plain today the position assumed by the Orinoco Company. He said:

"The company proposes to work its concession without delay. It will send prospectors along the line of the Imataca mountains whose foothills are supposed to be rich with gold. The territory is of course in the company's concession and has always been marked so on the map. But now that there is a prospect of gold there Great Britain claims it. The arrangements are being made to send out men there to develop the company's concession—without any intent to start a controversy—but to assert the company's rights. Besides the mines there are other properties in the concession awaiting development.

"Great Britain refers to the Schomberg line but the fact is she has gone beyond that. This line is purely imaginary. Sir Robert Schomberg visited Venezuela in 1840, and, starting at Point Barina merely drew a line southward on the map. The Venezuelan government has conclusive evidence that he made no survey.

"In 1850 Great Britain asserted it had no intention to occupy or usurp the disputed territory. So matters went until 1885. In that year rich gold fields yielding \$4,000,000 a year were discovered west of the Schomberg line between the Guiana and Parana rivers. They are known as the Barina gold fields and are fifty or sixty miles west of the Schomberg line.

MORE REFORM NEEDED.

Charges Made Against San Francisco's Superintendent of Streets.

San Francisco, Oct. 21.—Thomas Ashworth, superintendent of streets, was today charged by the grand jury with corrupt and willful misconduct in office. The foreman of the grand jury handed the accusation to the district attorney late this afternoon. A copy has been served on Ashworth, and he will be cited to appear and defend himself in the superior court, wherein the accusation be sustained, the only course of procedure, according to the statutes, will be to dismiss the official from office. A mass of evidence was presented to the jury in its investigation of the affairs of the street department. Contractors, teamsters, property-owners and inspectors were examined, and serious charges were freely made. Of this mass of evidence, there came to the jury a conviction that the deputies of Ashworth had formed a ring of dishonest contractors, who used cheap material and prevented honest bidders from having a chance in the street work.

"Fit" Doesn't Like the Change.

Corpus Christi, Tex., Oct. 18.—Martin Julian leaves here in the morning for New Orleans, whence he will go to Hot Springs, fully prepared to accompany Fitzsimmons' part of the agreement with the Florida Athletic Club. Both he and Fitzsimmons are much surprised at the statement in Tuesday's papers of the change in the original agreement to a sparring exhibition with soft gloves. He indignantly denies that Fitzsimmons would engage in any such exhibition. Fitzsimmons said:

"The proposed change of rules is a fake. Such a show would not be of any credit to either of us. They are just using us to let the Florida Athletic Club sell more tickets and the citizens of Hot Springs draw a crowd to town. Suppose the referee called the fight after Jim had landed on me or I had gotten in one of my chance blows, as they call them, who would be the champion? I came down to fight Corbett, and all I want is the time and place, without any bloody interference. In the meantime I shall train until such place and time are selected."

Japan to Do as She Pleases.

New York, Oct. 19.—A special to the Herald from St. Petersburg says: Russia at present is inclined to allow Japan a free hand in Corea in connection with the present outbreaks. As a sign of pacific intentions, the governor of the Amoor, General Doukhovsky, has been granted leave of absence to come to St. Petersburg.

The Suit Against the Gould Estate.

New York, Oct. 21.—The suit of the Soldiers' Orphan Home, of St. Louis, against Russell Sage, George J. Gould, et al., executors of the estate of the late Jay Gould, was discontinued in the supreme court by mutual agreement. The suit was brought to recover stocks and bonds valued at \$1,000,000, which, it is alleged, the defendants wrongfully diverted.

MORE LAND DECISIONS

Interior Department Takes Action Upon Appeals.

A NUMBER WERE AFFIRMED

The Cases Decided Affect Tracts of Land Located in Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Secretary Smith has affirmed the decision of the commissioner of the general land office in the case of Alfred S. Thompson for a tract of land in the La Grande district. The land office held that Thompson had abandoned the land and the secretary approved his opinions.

In the case of George W. Nelson against W. C. Griswold, for a tract in the Oregon City district, the secretary affirms the decision of the commissioner awarding the land to Griswold.

The secretary has made several decisions affecting lands in Washington. Three decisions are in the Vancouver district. In the case of Robert Mitchell, who appealed from the commissioner's decision, the secretary has affirmed the decision of the commissioner, rejecting Mitchell's application because it conflicted with the school land grant. The decision against Adolphus Gaunt is also affirmed, because it conflicts with indemnity selections for school land grant. It appears that this indemnity was for land which lies across the Columbia river in Oregon, and was lost to the state as school land. Indemnity for this was selected by the territory of Washington and the secretary holds that it belongs to the state. In deciding this case he says that the history of federal legislation in respect to common school reservations and grants, beginning with the ordinance of May 20, 1785, and running to date, leaves no room for doubt that under the law as it stood, July 31, 1863, the inhabitants present and prospective of the little fractional township of 1,871 acres of land in Klickitat county were entitled to have selected, located and reserved 320 acres of land near by, for the use of themselves and their successors to maintain public schools. The small amount of land granted is on account of the small fractional portion of the township which is cut by the Columbia river.

In the case of Charles A. Schultz against Joseph C. Morehead, in the same district, the decision is in favor of Schultz. It was a timber culture entry. Three decisions are made in the Seattle land district. Arthur B. Palmer's application for a timber land entry is rejected. In the case of John Hamilton against Elmer Jewett, Hamilton's application for a review is denied, the land going to Jewett. In the case of Lawrence Gaffney against Malachy Connelly, the appeal of Gaffney is dismissed and the land awarded to Connelly.

In the case of David Ledgerwood against the Northern Pacific railroad, the secretary holds that Ledgerwood made entry erroneously upon lands belonging to the Northern Pacific, and that he will be allowed to make another entry upon another tract. This land is in the Waterville land district. In the case of William Coghlan against Edward J. Young for a timber claim in the North Yakima district, the decision of the commissioner is affirmed and the land awarded to Young.

Secretary Smith has decided quite an interesting case in Lewiston, Idaho, district, being that of Frank C. Davis against Mrs. George Fraser. He has reversed the decision of the commissioner and given Mrs. Fraser the land. It appears that there was something of a race for the land. Davis' father wanted the land and held it until his son became of age. His son, the contestant, made his application before the clerk of the court, but two days before this application was transmitted to the office at Lewiston Mrs. Fraser had made her application, and the local officers rejected the application of Davis. The latter secured a favorable decision from the commissioner, but the secretary gallantly stood by the lady's claim.

THE BICYCLE RIDERS.

Opening Day of the National Circuit Races at Denver.

Denver, Oct. 19.—Three thousand persons attended the opening day of the National circuit, League of American Wheelmen, races held on the Denver Wheel Club track today. The track on which so many world's records were made last year was in perfect condition, and the weather favorable. C. C. Collins, in the one-mile open, class A, made a sensational finish, winning from Dalzell by only a few inches. The main event, the one-mile championship, will be run Saturday. Lee Richardson gave an excellent exhibition of trick riding. The Denver class B quad team, Stone, Swanbrough, Dickson and Combar, won a mile in 1:47 4-5, reducing the world's record from 1:54. The first third was done in 0:34 4-5, and the two-thirds in 1:10. Harry Clark went against the one mile, un-paced, world's record of 2:10 flat, held by A. B. Hughes, of Denver. He made the distance in 2:05 1-5. The fractional time was: Third of a mile, 0:40 3-5; half, 1:00 1-5; two-thirds, 1:21 1-5.

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They Shouted "Vive la France."

Paris, Oct. 19.—A dispatch to the Journal from Metz, published today, says that while the emperor and empress of Germany were on the way to the cathedral, some person shouted from a window, "Vive la France." Several arrests were made.

THE WAY TRADE GOES

Reasonable Attention Paid to the Natural Conditions.

New York, Oct. 21.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: The events of the week are promising in general, though to speculative markets they are not encouraging. The great advance in cotton has arrested exports, and so deranged exchange shipments of gold were, for a time, apprehended, but the break in the market indicates that the natural movement of the product may soon be restored. The halting of the demand and moderate yielding of prices in the great industrial markets show that a season of reasonable attention to natural conditions has arrived.

The cotton market has been particularly cornered for early delivery by New Orleans operators, as it has been two or three distant years by Liverpool operators. Spinners here and abroad, with much unanimity, refrain from buying largely at current quotations. Until the price recedes far enough to bring out a liberal supply of cotton bolls, there is a possibility of gold exports, for other merchandise exports are small from New York, for the two weeks being 10 per cent less than last year, with imports in the two weeks of October about 39 per cent larger than last year. In September, imports were 54.3 and for nine months 52.3 per cent larger than last year.

Wheat does not go out freely, as the attempt to advance prices was followed by an immediate decline. In Atlantic exports, flour included, there has been in the past three weeks 4,538,000 against 7,248,111 last year, and the big shipments from Russia and of flour from Argentina show that the world is not obliged to pay Atlantic prices for American wheat. Western receipts for the week were remarkably large, 7,738,000 bushels, and for the two weeks, 21,638,977, against 14,812,500 last year. The rush of wheat to market and the largest export of flour never known at Minneapolis, are not indications of a shortage in the yield, but the price has changed only one-eighth cent for the week.

Corn is stronger, without clear reason, for, while exports for the two weeks were 326,540 bushels, against 236,703 last year, but an insignificant fraction of the great yield can have been disposed of.

FUNERAL OF FERRY.

The Ex-Governor of Washington Buried at Seattle.

Seattle, Oct. 18.—The funeral of Governor Ferry took place today, under the auspices of the Masonic order and the Scottish Rite. Prominent people from all over the state gathered to pay last honors over the grave of Washington's foremost citizen, and the services were attended by crowds of people. The funeral service of the Episcopal church was read at Trinity church, and at the cemetery the Rose Cross order of Scottish Rite conducted the ceremonies. Most of the state officers attended the funeral, as did many of the pioneers of Puget sound. The honor guard pallbearers were:

Governor J. H. McGraw, Hon. J. P. Hoyt, Senator Watson C. Quinn, Ex-Governor Eugene Semple, Colonel H. H. Owings, of Olympia; Hon. H. G. Struve, T. M. Reed, Olympia; J. G. Furth, Thomas Barke, M. S. Drey, Colonel G. O. Haller, Hon. R. W. Greene, Colonel H. F. Garretson, Tacoma; M. R. Maddocks, J. D. Lowman, John Collins.

Want the Contract Cancelled.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 18.—The Northern Pacific Steamship Company has asked the government to cancel its contract with the company in regard to carrying deported Chinese to China. The rate allowed the company for carrying the Chinese is very low, and is not very profitable. The main reason why the company desires to be released from the contract is on account of the recent order of the treasury department that the steamship companies leave all its Chinese passengers at Port Townsend on its way to Victoria, and return there afterward to take them on their journey. The precaution is ordered taken to prevent the celebration from being taken ashore at Victoria after the ship's proceedings and releasing the attempt to return them.

A PREACHER IN TROUBLE

Alleged to Have Used Postal Cards for an Illegal Purpose.

Denver, Oct. 17.—Rev. Frank H. Smith, late of the North-avenue Baptist church, Cambridge, Mass., is quite likely to be placed under arrest and taken back to Boston as a prisoner of the federal authorities. He is in this city, as a candidate for the pastorate of the First Congregational church, of which Rev. Myron W. Row is formerly in charge. According to the warrant in the hands of the government officers, Rev. Mr. Smith charged with having written a mailed postal card bearing remarks a scandalous nature, referring to certain members of his Cambridge church, which body, it is said, is divided into two factions, with one of which clergyman seems to be very much out. While the warrant has not been served, it is stated that it will be. Rev. Mr. Smith denies in general the charges, though a few words he refuses to say a word.

He Will Go to Los Angeles.

New York, Oct. 22.—The Rev. A. B. Wilson, pastor of the Eleventh-street Methodist Episcopal church, announced today that he accepted a call to the Methodist Episcopal church of Los Angeles, Cal. Wilson has been prominent in temperance reform movements and municipal work, and has attacked Tammany Hall from the pulpit very bitterly.