

LABORERS BETTER CARED FOR

Injured Workmen Employed by firms who are Protected by the State Compensation Act, Will Receive 30% With No Added Cost.

Three companion bills, having for their purpose an increase of approximately 30 per cent in payments to injured workmen entitled to benefits under the workmen's compensation act, bill of a fund to be used by accident commission for the vocal rehabilitation of the injured workmen and the return to the industrial fund of \$400,000 which was set aside by an act of the last legislature for a reconstruction hospital were introduced to the house last night in the Oregon legislature by the committee on labor and industry. Under the first bill, if approved, injured worker will receive the 30 per cent increase on all compensation benefits to be paid by the industrial accident fund from December 1, 1919, to June 1921. This increase will apply to injured worker who is being paid temporary time loss as well as to those who are being paid for permanent disability. It also will apply to wives and children who are drawing compensation benefits during this period.

Employees' Rates Unchanged. The bill does not effect the rates of contribution to the industrial accident fund by employers of the state, present rates are considered adequate to take care of emergency payments.

The second bill, creating a rehabilitation fund, directs the state treasurer to transfer \$100,000 from the industrial accident fund, and provide that 2 1/2 per cent of the monthly receipts of the commission shall go into this fund. This money would be used by the commission to retain or educate men and women who have been so seriously injured that they are unable to follow their usual vocations. The purpose of this bill primarily is to assist these men in preparing to become self-supporting in spite of their handicap. Provisions also is made in this bill injured workers may be admitted to the vocational departments of public schools or the state school for the blind and the state school for deaf and dumb upon application to the commission. Under the bill the mission will defray the cost of tuition.

Transfer of Fund Asked. The third bill merely returns to the commission \$400,000 which by an act of the last legislature, was set aside for the building and equipping of a reconstruction hospital. It has been intended to establish this hospital in Portland, but the enabling act, which was submitted to the people at the ballot election in June, 1919, was defeated.

Higher institutions have less than 1000 male students. One and one per cent of all males over ten years of age.

Duganne, Dentist, over Independence National Bank.

Line Dentistry With Few Visits

Registered Dentists using the R. Parker System make a specialty of promptly fitting for out-of-town patients. Most people can't afford to waste necessary time in a dentist's office, and R. Parker System dentists believe in giving such patients all possible attention and work on in a visit, so they will not have to come in so often. This work is all done so well and fully guaranteed. You are of good dentistry and complete satisfaction. Best of all, you need not fear pain, for every safe method of overcoming pain is used. Prices are moderate and examinations and advice are free. There are twenty-four offices in Oregon cities where the E. R. Parker System is used, the nearest being at SALEM, OREGON.

COLD STORAGE PIRATES.

Every thinking person knows that cold storage warehouses are a modern necessity in order to insure a proper distribution of food and prevent enormous wastage from decay.

But well informed people also know that such is not the principal use to which they are now being placed.

They are the means by which food pirates rob and plunder the people. Stores are cornered on the market, hid away in the cold storage warehouses, and allowed to remain there until a fictitious price has been created by an apparent shortage. Then they are dribbled out and enormous profits are made therefrom.

Things run along smoothly for the pirates in this manner until some enterprising newspaper noses out the facts and begins to stir up the natives. Then some public official comes to life, lets out a few terrifying roars at nothing, and goes home and takes a stiff drink—if he can find it.

He has performed his sacred duty to the goats who elected him. He roared, and a roar makes a big noise.

Prosecute the pirates? Fiddle! They are prominent people, and have money—also votes.

Often food is kept in cold storage until it is rotten, and then it is sent out for people to eat and spread disease.

In their frantic efforts to boost prices eggs are held in storage until they rattle in their shells like dry bones, and apparently the longer they remain the higher is the price when they do break bounds.

We Americans have a queer way of doing things in the present day of enlightenment.

If a poor devil steals a slab of bacon to feed his hungry family, we call him a thief and send him to rot in jail.

But when food pirates milk the public of millions by their criminal manipulation of the cold storage warehouses we envy them in their greatness and leave them to keep right on plundering.

In other words, we curb the little thief and give the big one a free rein.

Some of the large cities of this country are rotten to their cores, and if the cores were required to stand alone they would collapse of their own decay. For it is in the cities that this wholesale piracy and plundering of the people finds its inception and protection.

Some of the country districts may not be exactly sprouting wings, but the systematic robbery which is debauching the country does not flourish where every man knows his neighbor.

The public has reached the point where it is beginning to demand that congress take adequate measures to relieve the situation—failing this, it would be quite appropriate for it to resign and go home.

The lid has a disagreeable habit of blowing off when the pressure becomes too great.

CLUBS SHOW FINANCIAL GAINS

Records Show Net Profits of \$12,000—Benefit Education and Resources of Oregon.

Oregon will reap still larger benefits from its girls' and boys' club work which netted a profit of \$12,000 in 1919, thinks George E. Farrell, national club leader.

"Oregon stands in the front rank of states in club work," Mr. Farrell says, "and I think warrants the expenditure of more federal funds in this state this year."

Great improvement in the work of last year over former years is noted by the national leader. The number of completed reports for 1918 was but eight per cent, while in 1919 it had risen to 43 per cent.

Other advantages cited by Mr. Farrell are free demonstration work that educates not only girls and boys but the general public to a better way of doing many things such as canning, baking and judging livestock. A great number of pure bred cattle have been brought into Oregon by these demonstrations, which were called especially successful.

MONEY TO LOAN—FEDERAL FARM LOANS AT 5 1/2%

If you need money this fall, file your application now. Loans made in Polk, Yamhill, Marion, Benton and Lincoln counties. For particulars write to E. K. Plasci, Secretary Treasurer.

DALLAS NATIONAL FARM LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Six millions of boys go to work each day with four to seven years of schooling.

POLK WELL REPRESENTED

OREGON COUNTIES HAVE SENT 2854 OF THE TOTAL OF 4673 LONG AND SHORT COURSE STUDENTS

Polk county is represented by 81 of the 4673 long and short course students in attendance this school year, according to the latest report from the office of the registrar, H. M. Tennant. Exclusive of short course students the enrollment of 3285 including 2878 persons of collegiate standing and vocationals is a gain of 102 per cent over registration on the corresponding date in 1917, the last normal year.

This term 366 new students have registered to date. Engineering in its various branches leads in popularity with 942 students, agriculture has 837, commerce 625, and home economics 538.

Oregon counties have sent 2854 of the total of 4673 long and short course students. From 23 other states came 787 and from 11 foreign countries 32.

Washington leads among the states with 269 while California is a close second with 231. Idaho has 104, Montana 26, the Philippine Islands 16, Texas 13, and Illinois 12. Foreign countries in the list are Canada, Denmark, India, Germany, Roumania, Scotland, South America, Netherlands, China, New Zealand and Russia.

Funds for maintenance have not increased in proportion to the student enrollment, and this fact together with high salaries offered by other institutions and advanced costs in every department has placed the college in a critical condition, say the board members.

THRIFT WILL BE TAUGHT

WASCO WON \$50 PRIZE LAST YEAR IN CONTEST NOW OPEN TO ALL.

Competition for the \$50 prize offered by the Oregon Bankers Association for the county whose children most diligently carry out the nation wide thrift program in Oregon, is now open to the children of Polk county. Thrift will be taught in all city and country schools of the county, and the thrift campaign here will be directed by the county school superintendent. The prize was won last year by Wasco.

A case of sleeping sickness in Polk county, as far as known to the Enterprise, has been reported from Ballston, where John Focht, who was a student at O. A. C. is recovering from the disease.



Americanism VS. Internationalism

"Not under any circumstances would I sacrifice the spirit, the character, the nationalism of America, or the constitution and the institutions that have bred America's manhood and womanhood. If we plunge America into the welter of internationalism we shall destroy America, and, in the name of good to the world, we shall make our country incapable of good either to the world or to ourselves."

"Free and untrammelled, with safe frontiers, America's task is to perfect America's own national life in America's own way. Only so can America—North, South, East and West—the America we all love, endure. Only so can America irradiate an even higher influence in the world."

"Internationalism would destroy us at home. Nationalism will save us at home. If there is anything through which we can do good to the world it is our Americanism. If we sacrifice that distinctive thing we destroy the hope that the world has in America. We are the salt of the earth, and for the earth 'Salt is good; but if the salt has lost its savor, wherewith shall it be seasoned? It is neither fit for the land, nor yet for the dung-hill, but men cast it out. He that hath ears to hear, let him hear.' Thus spoke the Savior of mankind, and, to paraphrase another divine expression, What will it profit America to gain the world and lose its own soul?"

—Philander Chase Knox, Attorney General under President Roosevelt. Secretary of State under President Taft. Now United States Senator from Pennsylvania.

co county and the year before by for the kiddies!

Jackson. The plan of thrift education was originated by J. A. Bexell, dean of mothers' duties. Her real work just begins when she has these things out of the way, scrubbing, cleaning, washing, ironing, cooking, baking, sewing and stretching a lean pay envelop to cover a week's of seven days.

The thrift campaign in Oregon is conducted by the treasury and agricultural department of the federal government, Oregon Bankers Association, Oregon States Teachers Association, Oregon Agricultural College and state department of education. J. A. Churchill, superintendent of education, was appointed state director by the federal treasury.

Thrift education will be made a part of the regular school work this year in all schools. Habits of thrift will be made attractive to girls and boys to teach them the value of money, strengthen the country, and better the communities in which they live.

Funds for carrying on the work are supplied by the federal government. The program covers the period from 1920 to 1925.

The thrift cards will be filled out in ink by the pupils and handed to the teacher the last Friday in each month for checking.

NINETEEN MILLIONS

HOUSEWIVES SHOULD BE LISTED IN THE CENSUS AS PRODUCERS.

There are in the United States 19,000,000 women who do their own housework, according to Mrs. Raymond Robins, president of the National Women's Trade Union League.

These 19,000,000 are not engaged in a gainful occupation, if one accepts the classification given them by the United States census bureau. Mrs. Robins refuses to agree with the census folk, and argues that there is no more gainful occupation than keeping house for father and the children.

"Housewives should be listed in the census as producers," Mrs. Robins suggests to the secretary of commerce. "The value of their output reckoned on the low rate of \$45 a month, would reach an aggregate yearly income of \$10,000,000,000," she asserts.

If anything Mrs. Robins is underestimating. Why, it is worth considerable more than \$45 a month to take care of the baby, get the children off to school, mend their clothes, darn their stockings, keep them out of trouble, bring them out of measles and mumps, get father's breakfast, his dinner on time and lunch

All that is a regular job in itself, but it represents merely a portion of mothers' duties. Her real work just begins when she has these things out of the way, scrubbing, cleaning, washing, ironing, cooking, baking, sewing and stretching a lean pay envelop to cover a week's of seven days.

The home is the foundation stone upon which is built all civilization, all progress, all industry, all everything! And home is what the house keeping mother makes it. Without her there is no home; without the home there is not much of anything worth while in life. Is there?

Then, how in the world, can these men down in the census office tell us that keeping house is not a gainful occupation?

Of course it is a gainful occupation, in the very front rank of human endeavors, and the census should so list the nineteen million.

TREES! TREES!

Let us remind you that spring planting time will soon be here and that we are in a position to furnish you all the good varieties of Fruit trees, Nut trees, Berry plants, Shade trees, Shrubbery, Roses, etc. Our list is too extensive to publish here, but if needing anything in our line, either write us or Mr. Brown, and we will take care of your requirements to the best of our ability. Do your ordering now rather than wait until time to plant. It will be to your advantage. Oregon Nursery Company, Orenco, Oregon, or Frances M. Brown, Independence, Oregon.

The undersigned will sell at Joint Auction Sale 1 mile north of Independence at end of pavement, commencing at 1 p. m. sharp on.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1920
FOUR HEAD OF HORSES—Two 6-year old Geldings, weighing 1500 lbs each; 1 Bay Gelding 4-years old, wt. 1000; 1 Percheron Colt 2-years old.
TWO 2-YEAR OLD HEIFERS, fresh in May, 1 yearling heifer.
120 HEAD OF COTSWOLD EWES.
ONE FULL BLOOD CHESTER WHITE BROOD Sow to farrow April 21st.

MACHINERY, ETC.—1 Binder nearly new; 1 Mower, 1 Disc, 1 Spring-tooth harrow, 1 clod masher, 1 four-section harrow, three 14-inch Oliver steel plows, 1 sixteen inch plow, 1 hack, 1 cream separator, 1 cultivator 1 six-foot Disc, Two 3-4 inch wagon nearly new, 1 set of heavy work harness, 1/2-set of single work harness, 6 cow stanchions, 1 scalding vat, 3 dozen hens, 30 tons baled chert and oats hay, household goods and other articles.

TERMS—Cash or bankable note. Free Lunch at noon. Millard White, Auct.

WHITNEY BROS., Owners