RECIPES FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Honey Gingerbread.

Heat one cupful of honey and half a cupful of butter together; just before it begins to boil, remove from the fire and add half a cupful of sour milk, two well-beaten eggs, two cupfuls of flour, half a teaspoonful each of cinnamon, salt and ginger, and one and three-fourths teaspoonfuls of soda,-

Log Cabin Sandwiches.

bottom crust, then slice in thin even slices along that side of loaf. Now place together two slices at a time. and trim off all crust evenly, spread and one-half inches wide, place in log cabin fashion on plates.

Mexican Chowder.

One pint boiled Mexican beans, two quarts beef stock, one-fourth pound noodles, one-half cup diced celery, one tablespoon minced parsley, one-fourth cup mineed onions, salt and pepper. Cook the noodles, celery and onions in the beef stock. Add beans, let become very hot, season to taste, and serve with corn bread .- I. C. B. Allen.

Honey Muffins.

Sift two cupfuls of flour with two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder and half a teaspoonful of salt. Rub in two level tablespoonfuls of butter, add two well-beaten eggs, two-thirds of a cupful of honey and five tablespoonfuls of milk. Mix well and pour into well-buttered muffin pans, filling half full, and bake in a moderate oven .-Elma Iona Locke.

Favorite Cake,

Sift 1 cupful of sugar, 2 teaspoon fuls of baking powder, 116 cups of flour, and 34 teaspoonful salt in a bowl. Add 34 cupful of shortening and work into the ingredients as i making pie crust. Beat 2 eggs and add gradually with 1 cupful of milk Make into a stiff batter, Spread about inch deep in buttered pan sprinkle with granulated sugar, Bake one-half hour in moderate oven. I desired may be iced with chocolate or orange and nut leing. Makes delicious cake.-Miss Tille Haremski De Pue, Ill.

Tried and True Cookie Recipe.

Two-thirds cup butter or lard mixed, 1 cup sugar, 2 eggs, 1/2 cup sweet milk, 2 teaspoonfuls baking powder, flavor with vanilla, lemon or nutmeg. Flour enough to make stiff bat ter-just as stiff as can be stirred with a spoon. Flour the board well. Pour out half the dough on board, sprinkle flour on top of dough and roll one-eighth inch thick. Cut out, place doubled, as these cookies keep well .-

Cranberry and Raisin Pie.

Seed a cupful of raisins and chop them fine. Cut into halves 2 cupfuls of cranberries, and mix them with the minced raisins, add 2 even cupfuls of sugar, a cupful of water, 2 tablespoonfuls of flour and a few drops of lemon juice, Line deep pie plate with puff paste, fill each with the mixture, put on a thin upper crust and cut, slits in this for the escape of the steam. Bake until a golden brown. When cold serve with sugar sprinkled lightly over crust.—Mrs. Bessie Og. Mothers Will den, 26 South Kline street, Oklahom

The Real Culprit.

The Duke of Sutherland, at a dinner in New York, praised ardently the icy and delicious watermelon. "I better understand now," he said, "a story that I heard on the voyage

ored preacher in his town cried vehemently one August Sunday in the course of his sermon. course of his sermon:

"'Breddern and sistern, Ah warns yo' against de heinous sin o' shootin' craps. Ah charges yo' against de brack rascality o' liftin' pullets. But above all else, breddern an' sistern, Ah demonishes yo' at disher season against de crime of melon stealin'.'

"A brother in a back seat made an down again with an abashed look.

"'Whuffo, mah frien',' said the preacher sternly, 'does yo' r'ar up an' snap yo' fingahs when Ah speaks o' melon stealin'?"

'Yo, jes reminds me, pahson,' the man in the back seat answered quickly, 'whar Ah lef' mah knife," -- Conn Gentleman.

Dry Farming in the Great Basin

Problems Vary With the Location and Results From Scientific Application of Known Principles Bring Wonderful Results

erto considered essential, and to in- reality. particularly referred to was the sage- all of the great dry farm states and top will give the farmer the advantage

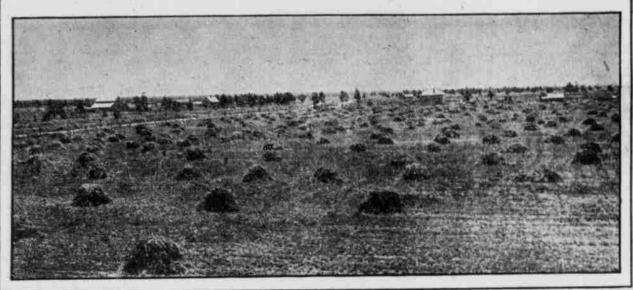
were taught that between the Mis- on an irrigated tract for several to the soil that experiments are now souri river and the Rocky moun years with excellent results. In the being carried on, So well has wheat tains there stretched a mighty plain summer of 1855 the water failed, and adapted itself to these districts that Select large loaves of bread, cut off peopled only by wandering herds of the farmers were confronted with the instances are on record where a stool buffale and the smaller animals of the possibility of no crop. An attempt to of wheat had roots six feet long. Thus prairie. School histories of that period raise wheat on the irrigated land does Nature, when properly encourtreated this country as the great failed and some was planted on the aged, provide the necessities of its American desert, and pictured the adjoining tract where water had creatures. waste that never would be brought to never been used. To the great sur- Experiments in these states have then cut across into strips about one use. And while that same idea still prise of the farmers, the wheat on proven that the continuous cultivation prevails in the minds of a few who the dry land drew rank and healthy of these dry lands has had little efhave not seen the wonders developed while that on the irrigated piece feet upon the quantity of humus and on the sagebrush plains, the govern- was wilted and stunted. The continu- nitrogen in the soil. Many tracts have ment has seen fit to send its ex- ous watering of the soil had destroyed been examined where cultivation has perts into this vast country to deter- its water-retaining power and the been carried on continuously for 45 mine the best means of producing a moisture evaporated too rapidly. From years without any appreciable decrease erop without the aid of rainfall, hith- then on dry farming was a successful in the amount of these essential

land. While much of the country that the states began to take up the summer fallow every fourth year, howwest of the Missouri river was in- matter of experiments in dry farm ever, has been declared by experts to cluded in the old conception of the ing. Colorado leading in 1894. Now be necessary, while fall plowing and great American desert, the part most experimental farms are to be found in a careful attention to the mulch on

Students of history 25 years ago this instance wheat had been grown | find plants that will adapt themselves

elements in crop production. In fact, duce settlers to enter and possess the It was not until the '90s, however, an increase is noted in many cases. A

Field of Alfalfa, Showing Abundant Yield Under the Dry-Farming Process



barren appearance gave anything but that by a proper method of tillage great depth of the soil in most of the the assurance of productivity, and practically three-fourths of the moist districts. whose tillage now is a matter of won- ure can be retained and a large per. The soil is not uniform, either in derment to the average man of the centage of it earried over from one depth or productivity, in the entire rain-soaked East.

rush into California in 1847. Men who cereals. crossed the plains during those days

brush lands of the great basin, whose | they have successfully demonstrated of three farms in one, owing to the season to the next. The area of dry dry farming area of the West. In

of meager transportation facilities of methods to be employed in the eral application to the entire dry knew well the nature of the country handling of dry land lies in the depth farm area of the country," Depth and through which they passed and some of the soil and the subsoil. It has composition of the soil have been of them were observant enough to been found that in the sagebrush found widely at variance in several blue sugar on top. The recipe can be a crop without water. The extent to while in the Mississippi Valley a de be followed with success. But with which dry farming was carried on, cided line of demarkation is noted be- the facilities now at hand in almost however, was not great, for the set- tween the top soil and the subsoil, every section, advice is available that tler, quick to realize the value of It is a general rule that the roots do will guide the settler in the proper water, siezed upon the stream most not penetrate beyond the subsoil, handling of his particular piece of available, diverting its waters to his beace the necessity of long-rooted land. The ability of plants to absorb fields by means of canals and product plants in the dry farming areas, where water and resist ing astonishing results. Such, too, was no line of demarkation is apparent, tally important to the dry farming the experience of the Mormon im- The roots of the sagebrush are problem. The percentage of clay and migrant in the early '50s. Indeed, found to extend to great depths and, sand in the soil will have much to do the truth about dry farming is re- because of their woody fiber, do not with its capillary powers. For this

The practice of dry farming proba- farming is being annually extended by fact, so varied is it that government bly had its inception with the gold the introduction of drouth-resisting experts have sent out a warning that 'no definite system of dry farming The chief basis for the difference has been established that is of genlated to have been discovered in the decay readily. Herein lies the secret reason each individual section must Malad river case in Utah in 1855. In of the dry farming plant, and it is to receive its own individual study.

Be Pensioned

(Continued from page one)

open to welcome the woman driven to desperation by the pangs of hunger and cold. And if she is employed for the major portion of the day she teresting Southerner. He said a col- is hardly in condition to accept the

not confined to the poorer classes. Statistics in England show that among the well-to-do, thrifty class of artizans, taking 10,000 members of this class as a basis, the number of births fell from 2472 in 1880 to 1165 in 1904, while among the extremely wealthy families the average number of children to each family was 5.2 odd sound with his lips, rose and prior to 1870 and only 3.08 since that snapped his fingers. Then he sat year, Very much the same ratio exists migratory disposition of the wealthy tending to interfere with the raising of a family. In fact, the size of wealthy families is far less than that of the poor. And why! Mother love is not obsolete, nor are paternal instincts dead. There can be but one answer; the poor man gives less

thought to the family conditions than does the wealthy. He suddenly finds An Open River himself with a large family and with insufficient means of supporting them and his only remedy is to put them t) work. The child thus robbed of its childhood becomes dwarfed in mind and body under the life sapping toil prise, since both are vitally interested

France stands as the one prominent example of this great national men- be furnished at the very low figure ace. That once conquering nation is, of \$9 per horse power per annum, less more than any other, threatened with than one-tenth of the present cost of extinction. Millions of dollars have power in the City of Portland. Albeen spent to make perfect highways, yet the traveler marvels as he motors rendy the plan has been communicated ver the peerless roadway at the in- to European capitalists with the rerequency of children along the way, sult that a coproration for the manu-The change has been very rapid dur- facture of fertilizer is ready to take births over deaths was \$4,000; in 1906 ing recent years. In 1902 the excess of it was 27,000; the following year the per horse power. The balance would death rate passed the birth rate, and find a ready market in the Northin 1908 the latter fell 20,000 short. west. The shortage is increasing annually, the population is growing by leaps project can be had from the fact that while across the border in Germany and bounds. So startling is this dis- 300,000 horse power is approximately tiuction that it is freely predicted one-tenth of the developed water power that unless the other nations awaken in the United States. At present the to their condition, the world will fall largest project in operation is that into control of the German and the on the Mississippi at Keekuk with a Slav. Lincoln prophesied that by capacity of 200,000 horse power. What this time the population of the United that project has done for the people States would be 200,000,000. But he of the Mississippi valley the proposed ily have fulfilled Mr. Lincoln's hopes to imagine great transcontinental rail taken in the last generation.

came alarmed at the apparent tenhigher ratio than the means of subism of England unless the enormous stopped, warning the nation against power plant there is no limit. over-population conditions such as prevail in India.

keep a nation from decay?

for the Northwest

(Continued from page one)

in stuffy sweatshop or damp coal in its development. With the plant completed it is estimated power can

An idea of the enormity of this was basing his prophecy on the birth project will do for the Northwest. It rate and increase in population as he is not difficult to picture a gigantic knew it. We have not reached the power plant that would furnish power 100,000,000 mark. Yet we would east for an interstate railway. It is easy but for the turn the birth rate has ways terminating at the power plant, from which point ocean-going vessels At the opening of the nineteenth would carry their cargoes to the ports century Thomas Robert Malthus be of the Orient, while inland-bound boats would distribute the products of the dency of population to increase in a world to the farthest confines of the great Northwest, And as for the

sistence. He prophesied the pauper limit to the number and varieties of products that could be turned out increase in birth rate should be from a single great factory at the The people of the Northwest must rise up as one man in behalf of these And why should not the British projects. The heritage of the North-

government undertake to repair con- west lies in a successful carrying out ditions that tend to make her a van of these schemes. It is to the interishing race. Societies are formed for est of the states that feed into the the protection and preservation of great basin of the Columbia to provanishing species of animals. Is the vide for their future welfare and that human species less important that of their posterity. The wealth is here, some steps should not be taken to the power is here, the resources are here. They must be developed.

Soda Crackers are extremely sensitive to moisture.

Before the advent of Uneeda Biscuit the only persons who ever tasted fresh, crisp soda crackers were the people in the bakeries.

Now that we have Uneeda Biscuit-we have perfectly baked soda crackers-perfectly kept.

No moisture can reach them-no contaminating influences can effect their flavor-their goodness is imprisoned only to be liberated by you, for you, when you open the package. Five cents.

> NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Natural Flesh Tints

There is no improving on Nature. When art essays to depict beauty, the nearer to Nature's own coloring it gets with its flesh tints, the more successful is the realization. This shows that only natural beauty is really effective. This was the prompting idea in the invention of

Pears' Soap

a hundred and twenty years ago. It is a soap composed wholly of such pure emollient and detergent ingredients as the skin naturally and freely responds to.

Pears never spoils the natural flesh tints. It improves them, by keeping the skin soft, fine and pure. Its influence is so kind, beneficial and refining that its use means the preservation of the dainty pink and white of a perfect complexion from infancy to old age. Pears is in accord with Nature first and last.

The skin is kept soft and the complexion beautiful by using Pears, which maintains the soft refined daintiness which is Nature's alone.

The Great English Complexion Soap

The Call of the Bell

It is music to Johnny's ears if he starts the day with a warm, nourishing breakfast of SHREDDED WHEAT -and it's so easy to get him off to school without fuss or worry because it's ready-cooked and has in it everything he needs for study or play. It's the whole wheat, cooked, shredded and baked to a crisp, golden brown.

Simply heat the biscuits in the oven a few moments to restore crispness, then pour hot milk over them, adding a little cream, and salt or sweeten to suit the taste. A muscle-making, brain-building food for children and grown-ups, for athletes and invalids, for outdoor men and indoor men, for workers with hand or brain.

The Only Breakfast Cereal Made in Biscuit Form

Made only by

The Shredded Wheat Company NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y

Shake

this space into your memory and watch

Develop