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F. S. POWELL J. B. STUMP I. M. SIMPSON

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Is to provide such goods as will meet the test under all circumstances. This is what we have endeavored to do, and the result is an increased trade, rapid sales, and a clean, fresh stock on hand at all times. If you have not tried our grocery department, do so and become one of our many satisfied customers.

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OFFICIALS

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C. W. IRVINE, Cashier

The Independence National Bank

INCORPORATED 1889

Transacts a General Banking Business

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When in pursuit of Dress Goods, don't fail to look over our line. We are prepared to make the city bargain sale a shady feature in merchandising.

AND IN SHOES we also have bargains that will surprise you; this is our strong hold and we can show an immense line at bargain prices every day.

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BRIEF REPORT OF THE DAILY WORK OF NATION'S LAWMAKERS

Washington, June 2.—Senator Lorimer, of Illinois, faces another investigation at the hands of his colleagues.

The inquiry will be conducted by a committee composed of four Republicans and four Democrats. The method selected is regarded as the latest thing in jury trials.

It took seven hours' debate to agree upon the system, and it was finally adopted by a vote of 48 to 20, being substituted for the plan urged by La Follette of turning the case over to five senators who were not members when the case was voted upon before, and therefore were supposed to be unbiased.

Before the vote was taken, Briarow, who favored the La Follette plan, accused Dillingham, chairman of the elections committee, of having capitulated in the interest of a Democratic proposal of turning the investigation over to a sub-committee. This was based upon the fact that the author of the resolution adopted was Martin, the Democratic leader. It was said that the old guard of Republicans had formed an alliance with the Democrats, and that they had placed the mantle of Aldrich "on the shoulders of Martin."

That the committee on privileges and elections had shirked its duty in the former investigation was charged unreservedly by the supporters of the La Follette resolution. Lea, of Tennessee, said he would no more turn the case over to the elections committee for another trial than he would submit to a second operation for appendicitis by a surgeon who had failed on the first operation to locate the trouble.

Washington, June 2.—Offering to lay bare all the facts concerning the United States Steel corporation and to "stand or fall on the record," denying that he is planning to form a trust to control steel products and prices of the entire world, and admitting that the Steel corporation has absolute domination of the subsidiary companies, Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors, appeared today as the second witness in the inquiry being conducted by a house committee into the steel trust.

Mr. Gary surprised the committee with the statement that the Tennessee Coal & Iron company, before its absorption, while nominally independent "of all other companies," was "very dependent so far as getting a livelihood was concerned," a remark which he quickly asked to have expunged from the records, and which he said he had no "business to make."

This remark, however, served to forecast the possibility that Mr. Gary tomorrow might make statements not in accord with the testimony given by John W. Gates to the highly prosperous condition of the Tennessee Coal & Iron company at the time of the "forced sale" to the steel corporation. Mr. Gary told the committee that the Tennessee Coal & Iron company still owes the steel corporation \$10,167,700 for money advanced.

Washington, June 1.—Public hearings on the Canadian reciprocity bill were practically completed by the senate finance committee today, and next Wednesday was fixed for a vote on the measure by the committee.

No amendments other than that offered by Root on the paper clause will have any chance of consideration, it was said by a member of the committee. The Root amendment, it was added, will have to be materially modified before it can be accepted.

It was decided to request officers of the Associated Publishers' association to appear to answer some questions regarding the matters under consideration.

Joseph H. Allen, of the firm of Allen & Graham, of New York, employed to conduct the fight being made against reciprocity by the national grange, acknowledged that M. Wood, president of the American Woolen company; Arthur C. Hastings, president of the American Paper & Pulp association; Chester W. Lyman, assistant to the president of the International Paper company, and Leonard Bronson, general manager of the National Lumber Manufacturers' association, had volunteered contributions to the fight.

W. L. Graham, of this firm, while he admitted he was not connected with a law firm at all, notwithstanding the statement of W. M. Hull, master of the Michigan grange, that it was employed as the farmers' legal advisers, was asked if any interests other than the national grange contributed.

"We have been promised nothing," he replied, "but we do expect that any manufacturer who is interested in this matter and who appreciates what we are doing, will pay us for our work; if they do, we will be glad to take it."

Democrats Unite for Duty.

Washington, D. C.—The proposed Democratic revision of the wool tariff, the Underwood bill, was unanimously approved by a Democratic caucus at midnight, 12 hours after it had been made public by the ways and means committee. Its endorsement followed some rapid maneuvering by Democratic house leaders who devised a scheme which effectually disposed of the free wool advocates. The final vote was made unanimous.

Policy on Wool Attacked.

Washington, D. C.—William Jennings Bryan took exceptions to the program of his party in the house and criticised sharply the majority of the Democrats, who have agreed to support the revised tariff schedule on wool and woolen goods.

SPEAKS OF PEACE AND WAR.

Taft Pays Tribute to Dead Heroes at Arlington Cemetery.

Washington—Under the shaded arches of the Washington National Cemetery Tuesday, President Taft spoke not so much as the friend of peace, but as the enemy of war. Thousands of veterans tramped the hot asphalt of the street, crossed the Potomac and trudged dusty roads to Arlington to hear the president speak.

Thousands of others came in automobiles and by street cars, and President Taft, with Secretary of War Stimson, came up to the vine covered amphitheater and saw fully 10,000 persons crowded about the speakers' stand. It probably was the most largely attended Memorial day ceremony Washington has seen.

"Far be it from me," said the president, "to minimize in any way the debt we owe to the men buried here who carried on the successful struggle that resulted in the abolition of the cancer of slavery, which seemed ineradicable save by such an awful slaughter of the brightest and bravest and best of the Nation's youth and manhood."

"I shall not discuss whether it might have been possible to accomplish the same reform by milder methods. Whether that be true or not, the supreme sacrifice of these men who lie about us, in the cause of advancing humanity cannot be lessened or obscured by such a suggestion."

"But the thought at which I would but hint this morning, is that, even the hallowed presence of these dead, whose ideals of patriotism and love of their countrymen it needed a war to make everlastingly evident, we should abate no effort and strain every nerve and avail ourselves of every honorable device to avoid war in the future."

"I am not blind to the aid in creating sturdy manhood that the military discipline we see in the standing armies of Europe and in the regular army of this country, nor do I deny the incidental benefits that may grow out of the exigencies and sequelae of war. But when the books are balanced, the awful horrors of either international or internal strife far outweigh the benefits that may be attained in it."

Washington, May 30.—The house was in session 10 minutes today. A handful of members who had not been drafted for memorial day addresses were present. After routine business adjournment was taken until Friday.

A resolution was introduced by Representative Harrison of New York, directing the secretary of state to inform the house whether Russia has ordered any overtures looking to its modification of the discrimination against the American passport in the hands of the American Jew.

"My fear is," said Mr. Harrison, "that the reported policy at St. Petersburg is put forth only to quiet the just indignation of the American people at Russia's treatment of our Jewish citizens."

That congress will not conduct an investigation into the arrest and extradition to California, in connection with the Los Angeles dynamiting case, of J. J. McNamara, the Indianapolis labor leader, was indicated today when the house committee on rules decided to take no action on the Berger resolution providing for such an inquiry.

Washington, May 31.—Bryan's defiance today of the party leaders in the house, his warning to the Democratic members that the voters are yet to pass on the wool schedules they are to ratify and his appeal to them not to add hypocrisy to the sin of voting for a revenue on wool, have caused intense feeling in the party.

Notwithstanding, Underwood, as chairman of the house committee on ways and means, tonight was insistent in the prediction that the revenue bill will be approved by a big majority.

"In my judgment," Underwood said in answer to Bryan, "his statement is unjust and unfair to the members of the ways and means committee and to the Democratic representatives in congress who will support the bill."

"The ways and means committee has cut in half the whole wool schedule. They have reduced the duties on manufactured goods as low as they were under the Wilson bill that Mr. Bryan voted for when raw wool was placed on the free list. In that reduction they have fallen short of the \$40,000,000 now raised by wool by \$13,000,000, and it is necessary in order to secure this revenue to place a revenue tax on raw wool imported into the United States."

Taft Sticks to Beverley.

Washington, D. C.—President Taft will stick to Beverley as a hot weather playground, unless congress selects a site and appropriates the money for an official Summer White house elsewhere. In a letter to Governor Eberhart, of Minnesota, declining with thanks the offer of a site for a Presidential summer home at Wayzata, the president explained that congress alone had the authority to designate an official summer White House.

Taft May Visit Coast.

Washington, D. C.—As having a probable bearing on his nomination in 1912, President Taft's plans for the coming fall are attracting unusual attention. The president told Senator Smoot, of Utah, that he expected to accept an invitation to visit Salt Lake City in September. This trip may also take the president as far as the Pacific Coast.

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Big fir, 4 ft, per cord - - \$4.50
Second growth per cord, - 4.00
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Put in your season's supply now.

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1911

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	Fares		Fares
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Omaha		Minneapolis, via C. Bluffs	65.85
Kansas City	61.95	Duluth, direct	68.85
St. Joseph		Duluth, via Council Bluffs	69.45
St. Paul		St. Louis	71.95

SALE DATES

May 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28 and 29.
June 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 16, 17, 21, 22, 28, 29 and 30.
July 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 19, 20, 26, 27 and 28.
August 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29 and 30.
September 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7.

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