

Polk County Observer

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OLD ADVICE.

Admitting the necessity for official vigilance and organized charitable effort to protect friendless girls who flock to the larger cities, looking for an opportunity to earn a living. A metropolitan newspaper at the same time suggests that if girls could be made to understand the desperate chances they take when they start on an adventure of this kind fewer of them would undertake the risk. Discussion of this question has been revived by the recent case of an eighteen-year-old girl who drifted to the city and was picked up by the police just in time to save her from a serious predicament. The only accomplishments claimed by the girl was an ability to "sing a little and dance a lot," which are not especially valuable qualifications for earning a living in a complex city. The best advice to such young women is to stay in their home towns until they have acquired the ability to earn a living in a big city by useful service.

It scarcely would seem necessary to offer such advice to girls for their common sense should tell them the same thing in the first place. Nevertheless, it is necessary to not only offer, but to constantly repeat such warnings, simply because a certain proportion of country girls and girls from smaller towns and cities insist on flocking to the big cities, apparently thinking that anyone can set work and make a living where work is so abundant. Perhaps this shows a lack of common sense, but this deficiency merely adds to the danger of the girls instead of offering a solution of the real question involved. And because of this condition it is essential to repeatedly impress on green and unsophisticated girls, as well as on their parents and natural protectors, that a big city is a poor place for any strange girl who has no friends to guide and advise her, and to provide a stopping place while she looks for employment. Nor should any girl go to a big city under the delusion that she can pick her work or secure a position without any special qualifications for rendering useful service. For a girl to set out with such an idea is to court disaster, yet many do it, strange as it may seem, and they often pay the almost inevitable penalty.

SPOTTING THE PLOTTERS.

It is estimated that the government authorities are "on the trail" of certain Americans suspected of aiding and abetting Huerta in the latter's alleged effort to foment a new revolutionary movement in Mexico. It is claimed that for weeks certain Mexican followers of Huerta have maintained an active organization, with headquarters at El Paso but with connections at New York and other eastern points. It further is claimed that certain American citizens are closely connected with the schemes and plans which have been discussed and arranged by this Huerta "Junta," and that American financial backing has been furnished to help along these plans. And the federal government has set about the task of ferreting out this alleged conspiracy and proposes to make an example of any citizen found guilty of violating the neutrality laws in so flagrant a manner.

It is to be hoped the government will push this investigation with vigor and thoroughness, and will thereby get at the bottom of this Huerta plot that has been frustrated by the timely arrest of Huerta before he could join the other conspirators on Mexican soil. The allegation previously has been made that American plotters, actuated by motives of self-interest, have persistently meddled in the affairs of Mexico and are largely responsible for the present conditions of strife and turmoil in that country. Not only is such conduct a plain violation of American laws, but it reveals a surprising lack of patriotism on the part of those who thus have sought to nullify and frustrate the government's efforts to restore peace and order in the neighboring republic. Hereafter it has been difficult to secure evidence against these suspected plotters, but this time the task may prove more easy. And if any American, or any ring of Americans, is found to have been guilty in the manner specified, prompt and ample punishment should be inflicted on the miscreants.

PRODUCER AND CONSUMER.

Refrigerator car service is still beyond the means of small fruit growers, says the Globe-Democrat. Only the larger producers can avail themselves of that means of shipping perishable goods to market. The progress of invention and the utilization of economies to be effected by close organization in corporation management may yet place the cost of refrigerator service within the reach of many more growers than now. In the meantime railway corporations are overlooking no means of re-

moving some of the handicaps under which the small grower labors. More than a year ago the Santa Fe line had so organized its facilities that it was able to urge smaller growers everywhere along its lines to pool their fruit and vegetable crops for shipment in carload lots. The railway company, in fact, encouraged this form of co-operation among small growers to the extent of sending out speakers to advise farmers regarding the success of such co-operative effort in securing carload rates in other lines and other sections. The effort was fairly successful in many fruits and vegetables, and, with last year's experience as a guide, the results of this year are likely to be still more gratifying.

Through such co-operation great quantities of produce which the small producer cannot afford to ship alone can become parts of carload lots at rates which small shippers can stand, and which, as parts of fast freight trains, can reach market as unspoiled, even if not as wholly fresh, as fruits or vegetables shipped in refrigerator cars. And the ultimate consumer, who is always the goat of all wasteful management, will rise up and call blessed all who have contributed toward giving him the good things of life at a smaller cost.

NEW NAVY PLAN.

A reorganization of the United States navy that creates in that service a general staff that is comparable in all essentials to the admiralty system of Great Britain, Germany and other first-class powers, has just been effected by order of Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy. This plan of reorganization is regarded as the most important step that has yet been taken by the United States to establish its navy on a modern basis. It assures the adoption of an intelligent building program and an increase in the fighting efficiency of the units of the service. It is intended to bring about, through a council composed of the secretary, the assistant secretary and heads of bureaus, that co-ordination between the department and the fleets that naval experts declare to be essential to the development of a fighting machine that will respond quickly in case of an emergency.

By order of Daniels there is established in the navy what he describes as the secretary's "advisory council." With the establishment of this council, which is composed exclusively of officers created by congress, the council of aids passes out of existence. The council of aids was improvised during the Taft administration, it never having been recognized by congress. Secretary Daniels describes the new agency as a "council," preferring that term to that of "staff" or "admiralty," which he believes smacks too much of offensive militarism. That the council will perform the work done by staff systems abroad is indicated in Daniels' orders.

The new organization takes the place of a haphazard plan of conducting the navy that has resulted in the United States navy retrograding while other naval powers have progressed. Under this system the department head will go before congress in the future with comprehensive building programs and a statement of views as to naval needs that will represent the best judgment of the service. There will thus be avoided the spectacle that was presented before the House Naval committee last winter when some officers testified that the navy was ready for any emergency while others declared that it would take years to put it in shape to cope with an enemy.

BUSINESS BEFORE WAR.

The fiscal year of the United States government closed on Wednesday, and although the complete statistics are of course not yet available the summaries are known with approximate exactness. The chief point of interest to the American people is, quite naturally, the foreign trade situation, and the figures which are given out are certainly most gratifying. We are told, for instance, that, despite the big war which greatly has disturbed world conditions and international business relations, the closing fiscal year has been the greatest year in history for American foreign trade. The grand total of exports and imports for the year will amount to fully \$4,235,000,000, and the trade balance in favor of this nation will probably top a billion dollars. In both respects new records have been established, and particularly in regard to the enormous trade balance which has been rolled up, which is of proportions never dreamed of before the big European war, and which would not have come true save for the war.

Moreover it is perfectly plain that so long as the war continues and this nation keeps out of it, American trade prosperity will continue to grow and expand, for the reason that this country is the greatest free market in the world at the present time, producing the things which the belligerent nations simply must have so long as they possess money or credit to pay for them and can find transportation facilities for their purchases. Not only this, but this country also must supply many of the still neutral nations with commodities, supplies and manufactures which ordinarily might be secured from the various fighting nations, but which cannot be secured, or can be secured only in greatly reduced quantities, on account of the war. The war therefore temporarily helps this country both ways, although of course there is an offset in the disturbance to regular and normal trade exchanges, losses in this direction, however, being more than made up by the enormous total of new trade literally forced

ed on this nation as a direct result of the war.

In spite of this advantage to American trade, however, there are few Americans who hope for a prolongation of the war, while, on the other hand, general sentiment is distinctly and sincerely hopeful that the struggle may terminate soon—the sooner the better. It is realized that ultimately every nation and land will have to stand some share of the burden of expense and losses, and this will apply to neutrals no less than to belligerents. To whatever extent the latter are impoverished, disorganized and debt burdened by the war, their productive capacity and their purchasing power will be diminished, and this will affect all other nations as well as themselves. No other nation will be so well prepared to meet this strain, however, as will the United States, which is piling up a big reserve fund of prosperity while the war is in progress.

SINKING OF THE ARMENIAN.

The sinking of the British freight steamer Armenian by a German submarine, with the loss of about thirty lives including a number of American citizens, is a matter of considerable interest to this government and the American public on account of the possible bearing it may have on the diplomatic controversy now pending between this nation and Germany over previous attacks by German submarines and the lawful use of such craft in general. In this connection it is conceded that until all the facts are known it will be impossible to draw definite conclusions as to whether this nation has ground for additional complaint to Germany. For instance, the status of the vessel herself is a matter of prime importance. If chartered by the British government and used as a transport of contraband supplies, it is plain that the Americans on board, most of whom were muleteers employed to look after the cargo of mules, assumed a risk that would remove them from the official protection of their own government. Also such points are involved as an attempt to escape capture, whether the vessel was actually armed, and whether warning was given and proper precautions taken to safeguard the lives of the crew and others before the ship was sent to the bottom.

Until all these questions are definitely settled the extent of the interest of this government in the affair cannot be determined, and further details concerning the disaster will be awaited with some anxiety. Naturally it is generally hoped in this country that the incident will not add to the already complicated dispute between Washington and Berlin over submarine operations. Yet if there has been fresh offense against international law and treaty stipulations, there is no question that the United States government will make use of this new argument to support and emphasize demands already made affecting the operations of submarines and the associated danger of overriding the rights of neutral nations and their citizens.

Recent advices from Germany have indicated that government is inclined to make favorable response to these American demands, but a suspicion exists that in doing so Germany will attach a "string" to such concessions as may be made. The cure which Germany has shown in not repeating the Lusitania offense has encouraged a belief that Germany is anxious to reasonably satisfy this government, but this confidence has somewhat been shaken by the sinking of the Armenian. As already explained, however, much will depend on the development of the facts and circumstances, and until these are known final judgment should be withheld.

The Independence Enterprise hits the nail squarely on the head when it says that opportunities in industrial lines are being sadly neglected and that we are sending our money abroad to keep alive the fires in eastern manufacturing concerns. Workmen of the Pacific northwest lack employment, while we are supporting manufacturers in cities far away. This contention has been repeatedly made by The Observer, and it believes that the commercial organizations throughout the entire coast country should bend their energies to inducing industries of a varied character to locate here. A tin snail brigade, with its contributing families, is a most valuable asset to any community, and one that not only keeps the money at home but aids materially in community building.

The busy American farmer is not paying much attention to politics or any other side issues these days. He is "saving" the crops which will give him another year's lease on Easy street, and which will add to the nation's wealth to the tune of about ten billion dollars.

Mr. Bryan says he expects to remain in politics so long as he lives. There is a widespread impression, however, that he merely will continue to swim around the edges.

Italy is preparing for a three years' war, but before three years are up the whole of Europe will be standing in the bread line, if present signs hold good.

The June bride season is a thing of the past for the present twelve-month, girls are still watchfully waiting, are still watchfully waiting.

And the burden of the nations is still burdensome, notwithstanding.

No doubt, however, a July bride will be just as happy.



TERSE TALES OF TOWN

LOCAL NEWS OF DALLAS AND THIS NEIGHBORHOOD.

Personal Paragraphs Pertaining to People and Their Movements, Gleaned by Observer.

Dr. D. G. Rempel attended the eighth annual convention of the Oregon Chiropractic association in Portland, Friday and Saturday, returning Sunday. This association has more than doubled its membership in the last year, having 78 members at present. Mainly through the efforts of this association a law was passed at the last legislature creating the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners and all chiropractors must take the state examination if they wish to practice chiropractic in Oregon. The first examination is set for July 13.

Mrs. H. J. Boyd and little daughter arrived in the city Friday morning for an extended visit with relatives. Art Hayes left Saturday morning for the Siletz basin, where he will act as a fire warden the coming summer. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sachtler are the proud parents of a baby boy, born July 1.

Miss Edith Catherwood, who has been attending the Oregon agricultural college at Corvallis the past year, has arrived home and will spend the summer vacation with her father.

The car shops were closed on Saturday and Monday, thus affording the employes opportunity to celebrate the Fourth.

Mrs. D. G. Rempel and son went to Portland Friday to make an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. H. G. Hall.

A sad message of death came on Friday to the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Simonton, informing them of the passing away of Mr. Simonton's brother's wife at Crestline, Ohio, on June 26th. The bereaved one is C. A. Simonton, well known in Polk county, having been a prominent educator of the county several years ago.

Rev. Miles, after having gotten the chautauqua well under way, departed on Monday, leaving it up to the local committee to conduct. Mrs. Wynn Johnson left the middle of last week for Walla Walla, Washington, where she was called by the serious illness of her mother.

Miss Pearl Phillips has returned from a visit with relatives and friends in Portland.

Mrs. Mable Kearns and baby of Salem are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Adams.

Miss Mary Irwin has gone to Gearhart beach, where she will spend the summer vacation. Mr. Joe Helzerson and Ernest Hoisington spent Saturday in Salem.

Mr. Ted Berg spent Saturday in Salem. Mr. A. J. Barham was a business visitor in Salem Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bill Keath were visiting in Salem Saturday.

Rev. D. A. McKenzie and family have arrived in this city from Tillamook. Mr. McKenzie is the new pastor of the local Presbyterian church. Mr. and Mrs. Lew A. Cates and Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Martin returned Sunday from a short fishing trip on the Santiam river in Marion county.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Boals and son, Ray, have returned from an outing at the Tillamook county beaches.

Miss Celia Hoffman of La Grande, Oregon, is a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. L. A. Bollman.

Mrs. P. M. Neal was a Salem visitor on Saturday.

Misses Gladys Loughary and Muriel Grant visited Miss Mamie Victor in Salem Saturday.

Mr. William Lockman of Salem visited in Dallas the week-end.

Mr. Fred Collins of Portland was in Dallas Sunday.

Miss Adah Campbell visited in Salem Saturday.

CLOSING NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that our tailoring establishments will be closed from July 11 to July 13, the purpose being to get a week's vacation. Upon reopening we hope to receive a call from old customers, as well as new ones. OTHO WILLIAMS PHIL BEGIN 35-32.

The government has just started on a fiscal year, but the average citizen will be unable to detect any change in his own fiscal affairs.

BULLETIN

ONE CENT A WORD, 'PHONE 19.

The charge for advertisements under this head is one cent per word for each insertion. No discount for successive issues. If you have anything for sale or exchange; if you want to rent or lease a house or business building; if you want help or a job of work; if you have lost or found anything; if you want publicity of any kind, try this column. You are sure to get results—others do, why not you. Telephone your "want ads." or address all communications to The Observer, Dallas, Oregon. Count the number of words to remit with order. Telephone No. 19.

FOR SALE—Six-room residence, modern, with garage, and all household goods. Sell separately or all together. Such an opportunity has never been offered before. Phone 612. 227 Jefferson street, Dallas 35-1f.

FOR SALE—Practically new 3 1/2 in. wide tire, Studebaker wagon; a bargain. J. D. Smith, Jr. Phone 1264. 712 Academy street, Dallas. 11-1f.

WANTED—To trade wood for cow or heifer. M. A. Conlee, Dallas, R. F. D. 2. 35-21-x

FOR SALE—126 acres of choice hay land, joining Wrens, on south side of railroad. About 90 acres under cultivation, balance pasture. Price, including hay crop and implements, \$5,500. A. E. Holington, Wrens, Oregon. 35-1f.

FOR SALE—A good thrasher and engine, at a bargain. F. J. Wagner, 415 Oak street. 35-6f.

ABSOLUTELY FREE—We will furnish modern bungalow plans, according to your own idea, prepared by one of the foremost architects on the coast, free to all who purchase material at our mill. Come and let us talk it over. Dallas Planing Mill, Dallas, Oregon.

FOR SALE—A chance to get some good dairy cows. My six head for sale; none reserved. John W. Orr, Dallas, Oregon.

FOR SALE—New hornless talking machine, ten double records, new. \$15. Davis & Horn. 25-1f.

FOR SALE—Sulky in good condition. \$9. Davis & Horn. 25-1f.

FOR SALE—Iron Age seeder and cultivator, \$6. Davis & Horn.

WANTED—Machine, cast and stove plate iron, brass and copper, zinc and rubber, and rags of all kinds; in fact, junk of all kinds. A. N. Halleck, Monmouth, Oregon. 81f.

FOR SALE—National cash register, \$15. Davis & Horn. 25-1f.

WANTED—Your lame horses to shoe. Williams, the horseshoer, Monmouth, Oregon. 8-1f.

WANTED—Carpet cleaning and window washing, both business and residence. Mho V. Woods, phone 1173 or 1922. 11-1f.

FOR SALE—Two saddles, \$7.50 and \$26. Davis & Horn. 25-1f.

FOR RENT—Good modern cottage, Sheldon street. Enquire at 518 Church street.

FOR SALE—Quick meal oil stove and oven, cheap. 124 Court street. 201-x

HORSE FOR SALE—An iron grey gelding, five years old and sound in every way. Weight about 1150. Well broke and gentle; a woman can drive. Price \$100 with 10 per cent discount for cash. Inquire of J. R. Ridgrod, 2 1/2 miles south of Dallas and 3 1/2 miles northwest of Monmouth. 34-1f.

SACRIFICE SALE—Two lots well located in city; must be sold by Wednesday. The best reasonable offer takes them. See Mr. Baker, Imperial hotel. 36-1f.

SCREEN DOORS—No flies to swat if you fortify with our screen doors and windows. We can serve you quickly with the galvanized or black screens in regular or special sizes. Dallas Planing Mill. 26-9f.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern, that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Tena S. J. Hastings, by the Hon. County Court of Polk County, Oregon, and has qualified. All persons holding claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same duly verified on or before six months from the date hereof, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate settlement thereof. Dated this 24th day of June, 1915. REUBEN A. HASTINGS, Administrator of estate of Tena S. J. Hastings, deceased. SIBLEY & EAKIN, Attorneys for estate. 33-5f.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.
Notice is hereby given, that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Polk County, sitting in probate, made an entered record in said Court on the 1st day of June, 1915, in the matter of the estate and guardianship of Irene Westfall, a minor, authorizing and licensing the undersigned as guardian of the Estate of said minor to sell the real property of said ward, hereinafter described, at private sale for cash, in the manner prescribed by law, the undersigned as such guardian will, from and after Wednesday, the 7th day of July, 1915, at the law office of Walter L. Tooze, Jr., Esq., in the National Bank building, in the City of Dallas, in Polk County, Oregon, proceed to sell the said real property at private sale for cash in hand on day of sale, in accordance with said license of sale and in the manner prescribed by law, subject to confirmation by said County Court; said real property being particularly described as follows, to-wit: An undivided one-ninth interest in and to the following described property, to-wit: Lots 1, 2, and the East half of Lot 3, in Block 3, in Catron's Sub-division of Out Lot No. 5, in Monmouth, Polk County, Oregon. Dated this 7th day of June, 1915. MARY F. WESTFALL, Guardian of the estate of the above named Minor. WALTER L. TOOZE, JR., Attorney for the Guardian. J.8-76

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern, that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Mary E. Halsey, deceased, by the Hon. County Court of Polk County, Oregon, and has qualified. All persons holding claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, duly verified, on or before six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate settlement thereof. Dated at Dallas, Polk County, Oregon, this 28th day of May, 1915. ALBERT TEAL, Administrator of the estate of Mary E. Halsey, deceased. SIBLEY & EAKIN, Attorneys for estate. 26-4t-x

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned by an order of the County Court of Polk County, Oregon, has been appointed as administratrix of the estate of F. J. Page, deceased. All persons having claims against such estate are required to present them within six months from the date of this notice, with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned at West Salem, Oregon. Dated this 25th day of May, 1915. ALICE E. PAGE, Administratrix. 26-15

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given that Paul Fundman, the administrator of the estate of Eliza Day, deceased, has filed his final account as such administrator in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Polk County, and that Saturday, the 26th day of June, 1915, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Courtroom of said County Court, in the Court House in the city of Dallas, Oregon, has been appointed by said Court as the time and place for the hearing of objections to the said final account and the settlement thereof. Dated and first published, May 23, 1915. PAUL FUNDMAN, Administrator aforesaid. OSCAR HAYTER, Attorney. 25-4t-x

NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT.
Notice is hereby given that the final account of U. S. Loughary, as administrator of the estate of Martha Simpson, deceased, has been filed in the County Court of Polk County, Oregon, and that the 16th day of July, 1915, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the county court house in Dallas, Oregon, has been duly fixed by such court as the time and place for the hearing of objections to said final account and the settlement thereof, at which time any person interested in said estate may appear and file objections thereto as by law provided. U. S. LOUGHARY, Administrator of the estate of Martha Simpson, deceased. J22-J20.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATRIX.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Polk, as administratrix of the estate of C. F. Littlefield, deceased, and that she has duly qualified as such administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are hereby notified and verified, to me at my home near McCoy, in Polk County, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice. Dated at McCoy, Oregon, June 19, 1915. MARTHA M. LITTLEFIELD, Administratrix of the estate of C. F. Littlefield, deceased. 6-14-7-12