"PROSPERITY SUITS ME!"



deny or refute it.

promptly passed.

lican legislation was responsible, di

rectly or indirectly, for the latter can

WHY ROOSEVELT BOLTED.

Taft was fairly nominated by the

Republican national convention at

Chicago and is the rightful nominee

of his party. Had Roosevelt been the

nominee, it would have been the duty

of Republicans who affiliated with the

party to support him. Taft stands in

his failure to get the nomination.

Republican nominee for United States

U'Ren, A. D. Cridge, H. D. Wagnon

and other advocates of single tax.

with the right of individual ownership

of land. Mr. Selling announced his

remained silent on this question. His

opponents in the pending campaign

are equally silent. The voters of the

state have a right to know where can-

didates for United States Senator

stand on this issue which so vitally

complishing his ends.

with Roosevelt.

From Clay Center, Kan., Republican:

not be successfully maintained,

Two Kinds of Panics.

THE PANICS OF

DEMOCRATIC PARTY RESPON-SIBLE FOR THE DISTRESS WHICH MARKED ITS AD-MINISTRATION.

CLEARLY SHOWN

The Financial Disturbance of Five Years Ago Not Due to Adverse Republican Legislation Nor to Any Cause for Which the Republican Party Must Answer.

With an audacity which can only be explained by the desperate situation which makes a resort to even the most improbable of theories a political necessity, the Democratic campaign text book charges the Republican party with responsibility for the ensued. "The Republicans have been says the text book, "that the papic of 1893 was brought about by the Democratic bill which was passed in 1894." And then the text book writer proceeds to make merry over the absurdity of charging an effect in one year to a cause that did not transpire until the year after.

Well, here are the facts: The last year of the Harrison administration 1892, was the most prosperous the country had enjoyed up to that time Labor was fully employed, capital was actively seeking investment, and the farmers were getting a good price for a big crop. So far as industrial and commercial conditions were concerned, there was not a cloud in the sky. Republican speakers and newspapers tried to persuade the people that they should let well enough alone and that Democratic success might bring disaster. But they would not listen. The prices of some things were pretty high. The Democrats declared it was because of the high tariff and promised that if put into power they would revise the tariff "in the interest of the plain people." There was little expectation throughout the country that Harrison would be defeated, and business boomed right up to election day But Harrison was defeated.

How the Panic Came. And then what happened? Why, instantly, men who had money which they were about to invest locked it ur in the vaults and said "We will just wait a while to see what happens." Manufacturers engaged in producing protected articles, realizing that as soon as the Democratic congress could get at it their protection would be reduced, immediately began to cut their output to current demands. Who could blame them for refusing to go ahead and pile their warehouses full of goods which might have to be sold in competition with similar products made in countries where the factory wage scale was one-half or one-fourth of the factory wage scale which they had been paying? Jobbers and whole salers cut their orders to the manu facturers in the same way and for the same reason. Retailers all over the country bought their supplies from day to day, fearing to be caught with high-priced goods when the low-prices flood came.

And so it happened that although the Wilson bill was not actually pass ed until late in 1894 the panic began the day after the election of 1892. I was not what the Democratic presi dent and congress had done, bu what everybody knew they intended to do that wrought the havoc. Indeed passed the day Cleveland was inaugu What is more, Mr. Selling is still continuation of the Republican policy of popular legislation: Australian rated the damage to the country woul- against single tax and any other of protection. have been far less than that which measure that proposes to do away actually occurred

The Danger of Uncertainty. This country is hig enough and rich unqualified opposition to single tax enough and resourceful enough to ad- at the beginning of the primary camjust itself to nearly any tariff law, no paign. His opponents in that contest matter how bad it may be, if it only knows what it is. But during all the long months of debate over the bill the business of the country was, as it were, hung up in the air. If mun had known that the duty on articles in which they were interested was to be reduced ten per cent they could have concerns the homeowner. Are Mr. figured accordingly. If they had Selling's opponents afraid to take the known the duty was to be reduced 50 people into their confidence?

FARMER'S FRIEND IS PROTECTION

RECORD OF MORE THAN A CEN-TURY PROVES THIS BEYOND ALL POSSIBLE DOUBT.

HOME MARKET ASSURED

Fallacies of Professor Wilson's Argument and of Democratic Free Trade Exposed by Facts-American Farmers Have Always Benefited by a Protectice Tariff.

****************** The Democratic Tariff bill, courageously vetoed by President Taft, PLACED CEREALS ON THE FREE LIST.

A vote for President Taft, and the Republican ticket is the safeguard of the farmer against the entry into the United States, duty free, of the products of the great fields of Canada and other graingrowing countries.

mers over and over again, that they have never been protected-that they do not need protection. Then in this connection the professor adds: "But everything you use on the farm, everything that you wear, and a great deal of what you eat, but do not proper cent or 100 per cent they would duce yourself, including meats, bears have had some basis upon which to a heavy duty, which brings about the adjust themselves. But they did not interesting result that you are paying know what the reduction would be, for the wealth of the United States so they had absolutely no basis upon and getting nothing, or equivalent to which to do their figuring. They sim- nothing, so far as the tariff is conply had to wait and wait and wait, cerned. Now that hasn't just begun keeping just as close to shore as they to be true. It has always been true." possibly could until the long agony It is not true. The protective tariff was over. That is the analysis of the does benefit the farmers. American panic from 1893 to 1897, and no mat- farmers know this fact, and by their ter how vigorously the Democratic votes have helped to maintain the text book may dispute it, it cannot policy of protection. Without their votes the party of protection could not have won a single presidential There is some reason, of course, election in the last forty years. Have why the unthinking should charge the the farmers been mistaken through responsibility for the panic of 1907 all these years? They have not. Has upon the Republican party, because protection been of no value to them?

that party was in power when the It certainly has. All history and all fact dispute the panic occurred. But it is to be remembered that there are two kinds of academic free trade contention that panics, one due to loss of confidence the farmer has no share in the benen measures and the other due to loss fits of protection. In every period of of confidence in men. A political industrial depression, resulting from party is justly chargeable with a busi- the destruction of the tariff duties beness disturbance due to bad measures low the protective point, the farmers or the fear of bad measures; but it is of this country have been heavy not chargeable with responsibility for losers, because of diminished demand

a disturbance brought about by the and lower prices for their products. conduct of men. It was the fear of | In the most recent period of Demo-Injurious legislation that brought upon cratic free trade legislation-1894-97. are the true progressives in Oregon. the country the disaster of 1893-7. the farmers of the United States lost panic of 1893 and the hard times that And therefore these disasters are fully five billion dollars in reduced to guess as to my progressive work. chargeable to the Democratic party. prices of farm products, and dimin- It is an open book. It is recorded on trying to make the country believe," But the money stringency of 1907 was ished value of farm property. In the statute books of this state. Judge says the text book "that the panic of due absolutely to the frenzied financlering of a group of men operating the farmers have reaped the benefits they have done, by their records as entirely outside of politics and have of a greater demand and -increased ing no connection whatever with the prices. There has been no exception government. It was nowhere charged to the rule of prosperity for American that the panic of 1907 was brought farmers, when American labor is fully about either by legislation which the employed.

Republican party had enacted or that Here are some proofs of that fact. it was threatening to pass. Neither In a recent statement by Senator then nor at any time since then has Smoot printed in the Congressional Opponent in Primary Supports Him as any Republican measure been charged Record of August 26, 1912, it is shown with having brought it about, and the that in December, 1896, after two only new legislation which was de years of free trade tariff revision unmanded as the outcome of it was the der the Wilson law of 1894, the price emergency currency law, the need of of corn was twenty-three cents a which had never before been demon- bushel, while in December, 1911, after strated so plainly, and which was fourteen years of restored protection, the price of corn was sixty-nine cents in the primary election, said recently: These are the facts in relation to a bushel; or an advance over 1896 of

the panics of 1893-7 and of 1907. That | 200 per cent. Democratic legislation was directly parison with December, 1911, it is tical contests and is entitled, under all responsible for the former cannot be successfully denied. That Repubfound that under a protective tariff:

Corn advanced 200 per cent. Wheat advanced 67 per cent. Cotton advanced 28 per cent. Oats advanced 166 per cent. Rye advanced 137 per cent. Barley advanced 308 per cent. Hay advanced 138 per cent. Hops advanced 286 per cent. Potatoes advanced 282 per cent. Flaxseed advanced 149 per cent. Fat cattle advanced 62 per cent. Fat hogs advanced 96 per cent. Dairy Butter advanced 86 per cent.

Eggs advanced 90 per cent. that same relation and logically While the price of farm products should command the support of all who claim to be Republicans. Roosehas increased, the price of articles which the farmer purchases has not velt bolted his party; not because Taft was not the rightful nominee, but because of disappointed ambition and farm than he could in 1896. For ex bitter desire for revenge because of

A bolter and ingrate and a traitor are synonymous terms in his case and pounds in 1896. the people will see to it that he is Ten bushels of corn paid for 31

properly punished for his treachery. yards of bleached sheeting in 1911, No traitor ever succeeded in acand only 13 yards in 1896. Ten bushels of corn in 1911 paid for History has never recorded an in

stance where a traitor did not mee' two pairs of shoes, and only one pair his just deserts. It will be the same in 1896. Professor Wilson and other Demo cratic speakers and writers assert the popular system of election." SINGLE TAX IS OPPOSED what is abolutely untrue when they say, that the protective tariff robs. and in no way benefits the American Selling Against Any Measure Doing Away With Individual Ownership Of course, Ben Selling, progressive

Senator, is being opposed by W. S. has been so great as the share of the American farmer. If the farmers rightly understand But the real reason is not difficult to their interests, they will vote against sistent progressive. As a member of ascertain. In the primary campaign the party of free trade, They will gast Mr. Selling came out fearlessly six million votes for President Taft not only advocated but assisted in the if the Wilson bill could have beer against Mr. U'Ren's pet tax measure, and Vice President Sherman and a enactment of the following measures

> Strong Cards. Alice-Which of his letters did you save for your breach of promise suit? Kate-The ones he told me to burn --Boston Transcript.

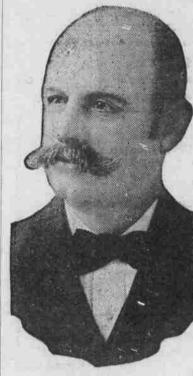
poises can be converted into recurser record. It began 16 years ago. by those who have no mill sultable for grinding them by placing the bones in layers and covering them with wood ashes, keeping the mass moist. In husband to give up cigars? He-Is about two months the bones will be that so? Well, I've known him for reduced so that they can be enally seven years, and I never saw him give broken.

BEN SELLING'S

While a Legislator Aided in Placing Upon Statute Books Many Popular Measures.

Referring to his record as a progressive, Ben Selling, progressive Republican nominee for United States Senator, in a recent interview, said: "I am proud to say that as a Re-

publican I have been in the Oregon Legislature on and off for about 16 years. During that time it was my pleasure and duty to aid in originating and writing upon the statute books of this state such progressive measures as the Australian ballot law. the initiative and referendum, recall, the Presidential preference primary law and many other reform measures which have given to the people their rights. These measures have taken Oregon from under machine control and placed the nominating machinery in the hands of the people where it at this work for 16 years, laboring consistently for everything that would bring about the present Oregon sys-Professor Wilson is telling the far-



BEN SELLING

Progressive Republican Candidate for United States Senator.

This being true and a matter of record, my contention is that myself and others who worked with me, "The people of Oregon do not have progressives, and I shall be perfectly

LOWELL FAVORS SELLING

by the people next November."

satisfied with the verdict expressed

Regular Party Nominee.

In giving his unqualified indorse progressive Republican nominee for United States Senator, Judge Stephen A. Lowell, an opponent of Mr. Selling "Senator Selling is the regular con-

stituted nominee of the party. He has Using 1896 as the basis of com been a burden bearer in the past polirules of the game, to his reward. He is a progressive Republican, not only today, but was such when it took some courage to occupy advanced ground. He is a substantial business man, with a home and interests in the state. Why should any honest man who believes in fair play in politics, as well as in every day affairs, refuse to support his candidacy. I am with him to the end and he ought to win by 10,000 plurality in November."

Persistent Advocate of Popular Rights Editor Davey, of the Harney County News, says of the progressive record increased in proportion. He can buy of Ben Selling, progressive Republican more today with the products of his nominee for United States Senator:

"Ben Selling was an earnest and persistent advocate of popular rights Ten bushels of corn in 1911 paid for and privileges when the men who are 125 pounds of sugar, and only 56 now leading the noisy band of Roosevelt shouters were among the most hide-bound stand-patters, some of them going so far as openly to refuse as members of the Legislature to vote for the successful candidate of their own party for United States Senator, just to emphasize their opposition to

Performance Only Reliable Test Performance, rather than promise, farmer. As a matter of fact, there is the only reliable test of the conprobably no class of American prosistency of any man with relation to ducers whose share in the benefits of the cause he advocates. Measured by protection in the past fifteen years. this test, Ben Selling, progressive Republican nominee for United States Senator, qualified years ago as a conthe Oregon Legislature, Mr. Selling ballot law, direct primary law, initiative and referendum, recall and Presidential preference primary law.

> If you doubt that Bes Selling, progressive Republican nominee for United States Senator, was not a pleaseer in the progressive cause, consult his

She-Do you know I've induced my sp one.-Illustrated Bits.

WHY

RECORD PROGRESSIVE Congressman W. C. Hawley Should Be Re-elected to Congress.

Because in point of ability, experi-ence and qualifications no opposing candidate can favorably compare

Because to large abilities and efficiency is added his known honesty, manhood and a character without

Because born in Oregon he knows her needs and has already secured millions of dollars for public improvements in the First District.

miles over his district annually conferring with his constituents and learning their needs.

Because it has been proven that he is industrious, able, efficient and successful in serving all the people and

Because he has been a faithful public servant, working up to a position of influence in national affairs so that Presidents Taft and Roosevelt, his associates of all parties and constitubelongs. Bear in mind I have been ents generally, praise him in terms similar to those used by Governor West, after a visit to the National Capital when he said in an interview: "In intellect, oratorical ability and devotion to the interests of the people, Hawley stands head and shoulders above the great majority of the members of the National House of Representatives."

(Paid Adv. Congressional Commit-

G. A. WELLS

Republican Candidate for

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

If elected I will do all that is in

me to do justice to all parts of Polk County

> Respectfully, G. A. WELLS.

(Paid Adv.)

LODGE DIRECTORY

REBEKAHS-Almira Lodge No. 20 meets first and third Wednesday of each month at Odd Fellows' Hall. ORA COSPER, Secretary.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD-Dallas Camp No. 209 meets in W. O. W. Hall on Tuesday evening of each week. TRACY STAATS, Consul Com.

W. A. AYRES, Clerk. A. F. & A. M .- Jennings Lodge, No.

9, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month, in Masonic hall on Main street. Visiting brethren wel-

W. L. SOEHREN, W. M. WALTER S. MUIR, Secretary.

ment of the candidacy of Ben Selling, UNITED ARTISANS-Dallas Assembly, No. 46, meets on first and third Mondays of each month at Woodman hall. Visiting members made

MRS. EMMA B. MILLER, M. A. WILLIS SIMONTON, Secretary.

WOMEN OF WOODCRAFT-Mistletoe Circle, No. 33, Women of Woodcraft, meets in Woodman Hall second and fourth Wednesday nights in each month. EMMA JOST, Guardian Neighbor, SADIE LYNN, Clerk.

West Side Marble Works

G. L. HAWKINS, Proprietor. MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES AND

CURBING.

A Complete Line of All Latest Designs Hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.; other hours by appointment. Phone 1414.

DR. D. G. REMPEL CHIROPRACTOR

Nerve Specialist and Spinal Adjuster

114 Court St., Dallas, Oregon.

support of Agricultural College and Uni-Regents, thus solving the problems of the co-operation, devision of the co-operation of the co-o courses and economy of management.

It repeals the \$500,000 University appropriation bill.

By L. R. Alderman, State Superintendent Public Instruction: "Experience LEAVING DALLAS in other states shows millage bill principle to be correct."

State Federation of Labor: "Ne argument can successfully combat the benefit to the state that will follow the adoption of the millage tax plan." Endorsed by Portland Tax Pay-

ers League. Bill prepared by committee of Governor's Commission, Boards of Regents, and administrative officers of the two LEAVING AIRLIE

W. K. NEWELL CRAIRMAN OF GOVERNOR'S COMMISSION LEAVING INDEPENDENCE

WALTER L. TOOZE, Jr.

Republican Candidate For

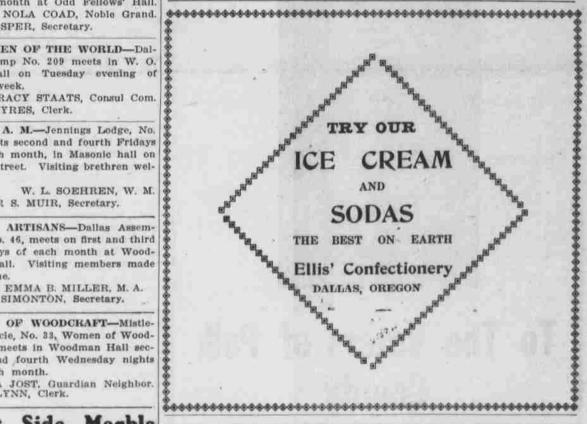
Joint Representative

For the counties of Polk and Lincoln

"Stands for Rigid Economy in the disbursement of Public funds; opposed to the Creation of Useless Salaried Offices and Commissions; will give this District an active and aggressive representation; Justice to all---special privileges to none."

No. 68 on Official Ballot

(Paid Advertisement.)



DALLAS STATION TIME CARD

SOUTHERN PACIFIC .

ARRIVING DALLAS LEAVING DALLAS-Passenger No. 74 7.05 a. m.Passenger No. 77 11:10 a. m. Passenger No. 76 2:15 p. m. Passenger No. 75 7:15 p. m. SALEM, FALLS CITY & WESTERN RY, CO.

West Bound. East Bourd. TRAIN NO 2. TRAIN NO. 1.

Vote for Millage Bill Lv. Falls City 2:40 p. m. Ev. Dallas 3:10 p. m. Ar. West Salem 3:40 p. m. Lv. West Salem 4:45 p. m. TRAIN NO. 8.

Lv. West Salem 1:20 p. m. Lv. Dallas 2:00 p. m. Ar. Falls City 2:30 p. m. TRAIN NO. 5. Lv. Dallas 5:30 p. m. Ar. Falls City 6:00 p. m.

TRAIN NO. 11. (Sunday Only.) TRAIN NO. 13. (Sunday Only.) Lv. Falls City 11:55 a.m. Lv. West Salem 1:20 p.m. Ar. West Salem 1:10 p. m. Lv. Falls City 2:25 p. m. TRAIN NO. 14. (Sunday Only.) Ar. Black Rock 2:55 p. m. Lv. Black Rock4:00 p. m. TRAIN NO. 15. (Sunday Only.)

INDEPENDENCE & MONMOUTH RY. No. 65 8:30 a. m. No. 64 6:45 a. m. No. 69 1:00 p. m. No. 68 11:30 a. m. No. 71 7:20 p. m. No. 70 6:55 p. m. LEAVING INDEPENDENCE ARRIVING INDEPENDENCE No. 64 6:00 p. m. No. 65 9:15 a. m. No 68 19:50 a. m. No. 69 1:40 p. m. No. 66 2:30 p. m. No. 71 \$:05 p. m.

No. 70 6:15 p. m. No. 68 11:30 a. m. Airlie Division No. 62 7:20 a. m. No. 61 7:20 a. m. No. 72 5:00 p. m. No. 73 4:45 p. m. ARRIVING INDEPENDENCE (Paid Adv. by Millage Bill Commis- No. 61 \$:30 p. m. No. 62 \$:15 a. m. No. 73 5:45 p. m. No. 72 5:45 p. m.