

POLK COUNTY OREGON

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY

DALLAS, POLK COUNTY, OREGON, JUNE 21, 1910.

NO. 19

VOL. XXII

SPECIAL SALE

All our entire stock of Shoes and Oxfords, all new styles, go at Sale Price.

We have too many shoes and must reduce our stock.

You can buy stylish, up-to-date shoes or oxfords at prices you never before bought them at this time of the year, right in season.

Don't overlook this opportunity to buy good shoes at very low prices.

Campbell's Store

Successor to CAMPBELL & HOLLISTER
DALLAS, OREGON

ELECTRICITY

FOR LIGHTING

Is only expensive to people who are wasteful and careless. To you who are naturally careful, it does not come high.

It is economical because it can be quickly turned off when not needed. With gas or kerosene there is the temptation to let light burn when not needed to save bother of lighting and adjusting. In some homes the electric light bills amount to only one or two dollars per month. You can probably get some kind of artificial light for less money than electric light, but does it save you anything when it limits opportunities for work and recreation—ruins your eyesight—smokes your walls—mars decorations and increases household work. You could probably save a dollar tomorrow by going without your meals but it wouldn't be economy. It is not so much what you save, but how you save that counts.

WILLAMETTE VALLEY CO. RATES—Residence on meters, per Kilowatt 16c; Residence, flat per month, 11c; 50c. **RATES FOR BUSINESS HOUSES**—25c per drop and 5c per Kilowatt up to 10 drops; over 10% per drop and 5c per Kilowatt. A drop figures 15c or less. For power rates apply at the office. We are always ready to explain the "ins and outs" of the lighting proposition to you, call on us or phone to us, we are never too busy to talk business.

Willamette Valley Company

E. W. KEARNS, Manager for Dallas.
Office on Mill street, just north of the Court House. Phone Bell 421, Mutual 1297.

FISHING SEASON

Opened April 1st and we are prepared to furnish you the right kind of tackle at the right price.

SPALDING BASE BALL GOODS

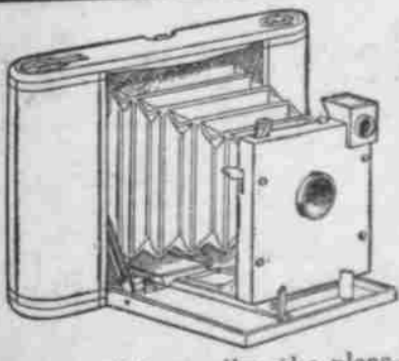
We are headquarters for the famous Spalding line and do not lie down for any others. Give us a call.

W. R. Ellis' Confectionery

Up-to-date Candy Kitchen in rear. We invite you to inspect it

Take a KODAK with You

to the Mountains or the Seashore



The little Kodak Pictures will keep alive the pleasures of the out-door days.

KODAKS - \$5 to \$40
BROWNIES - \$1 to \$9

Catalogue for asking.

CONRAD STAFRIN, Druggist

DALLAS' POPULAR GROCERY

We carry the famous DIAMOND "W" brand of Extracts, Spices, Coffee, Tea and Canned goods. Fresh bread daily. The very best of fruits and vegetables can always be found at our store.

Simonton & Scott Dallas, Oregon

HONOR GRAND OFFICER

Reception is Given Mrs. Mark Hayter at Home of Mrs. E. N. Hall.

A delightful informal reception was given at the home of Mrs. Elmer N. Hall yesterday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. Mark Hayter, who was advanced to the office of Grand Conduress at the recent session of the Grand Chapter of Eastern Star in Portland. The house was beautiful for the occasion, being decorated with a wealth of sweet peas. Mrs. Hayter was presented with an elaborate bouquet, the presentation being made by Mrs. J. C. Uglow. Mrs. J. H. Hollister and Mrs. Uglow poured tea, and dainty refreshments were served. About thirty called during the receiving hours.

Among those present were: Mrs. E. N. Hall, Mrs. Mark Hayter, Mrs. J. C. Uglow, Mrs. Arthur Phelps, Mrs. U. S. Loughery, Mrs. Otto Williams, Mrs. E. W. Fuller, Mrs. W. V. Fuller, Mrs. J. H. Hollister, Mrs. John E. Smith, Mrs. B. E. Nevel, Mrs. E. A. Hamilton, Mrs. J. L. Castle, Mrs. C. L. Barnes, Mrs. G. L. Hawkins, Mrs. W. H. McDaniel, Mrs. Theo. Farrington, Mrs. H. G. Campbell, Mrs. Willis Simonton, Mrs. Conrad Stafirin, Miss Edna Hall, Miss Merle Hall and Miss Ivy McDaniel.

OUR MARKET LETTER

Receipts and Sales at Portland Union Stock Yards.

PORTLAND, Or., June 18.—Receipts at this market for the week have been: Cattle 2142, calves 190, hogs 945, sheep 3611.

The cattle market has been slightly druggish; sheep have sold briskly on an ascending market and the hog market recovered about 20c from the low point of last week.

A good many California cattle were among the receipts, and while the cows and butcher stock sold at high prices, the steer market was slow and sellers found difficulty in disposing of their offerings. A great many more cows could have been sold without effecting prices, but the over proportion of good quality steers militated against an evenly balanced market.

There was a brisk demand for sheep, and anything that was fat brought good prices. In the offerings there were many sheep of good quality in the matter of flesh and the demand for lambs and fat mutton was only supplied in part.

Receipts from local territory has been next to nothing and prices advanced 15c to 25c over the low point registered last week.

Representative sales have been as follows: Steers, 15 to 18; cows, \$4.25 to 4.50; hogs, \$9.25 to 9.75; sheep, \$4.75; wethers, 45; lambs, 45; calves, \$5.25 to \$6.70.

JEFF MYERS IN RACE

Well-known Politician Will Be Candidate for Governor.

Jefferson Myers has announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for governor of Oregon. He is the Democratic nominee in the state to make this announcement, the first having been Charles P. Strain of Pendleton, assessor of Umatilla county. Mr. Strain made his announcement several months ago.

The entrance of Mr. Myers into the Democratic campaign for governor, besides himself and Strain, both now openly in the race, there are several possible candidates for the nomination, among them being Circuit Judge William V. Galloway of Salem, State Railroad Commissioner Oswald West of Portland.

The last two men, particularly, have been spoken of as probable candidates, but as yet have made no announcement of their intentions.

Mr. Myers says he has entered the gubernatorial race in response to the urging of many of his friends, and that he will conduct a vigorous campaign. He declares himself in favor of the direct primary, recall, corrupt practice act and Statement No. 1.

Masonic Grand Officers.

New officers, elective and appointive, of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Oregon are:

- Grand Master—Charles E. Wolverson, of Portland.
- Deputy Grand Master—Thomas M. Baldwin, of Prineville.
- Grand Senior Warden—George H. Barnett, of Salem.
- Grand Junior Warden—S. S. Spencer, of Eugene.
- Grand Treasurer—W. A. Cleland, of Portland.
- Grand Secretary—James F. Robinson, of Portland.
- Grand Chaplain—J. R. N. Bell, of Corvallis.
- Grand Senior Deacon—W. C. Bristol, of Portland.
- Grand Junior Deacon—F. J. Miller, of Albany.
- Grand Senior Steward—H. L. Pitcock, of Portland.
- Grand Junior Steward—F. S. Engle, of Ashland.
- Grand Orator—George E. Davis, of Canyon City.
- Grand Standard Bearer—M. S. Levy, of Union.
- Grand Sword Bearer—Fred Simington, of Astoria.
- Grand Marshal—T. J. Tweedy, of Pendleton.
- Grand Tyler—D. G. Tomastol, of Portland.

Mrs. W. J. Hooker and son, who have been visiting here with Mrs. Hooker's mother, Mrs. J. H. Oam, returned to Falls City, Monday, where Mr. Hooker is now located. Mrs. Oam who has been dangerously ill for some time, is reported as improving.

Mrs. J. A. Finn departed this morning for McCoy, where she will spend a week as she is visiting with friends, after which she will proceed to New York and remain there during the summer. —Newport News.

VALLEY'S GREAT NEED

IRRIGATION WOULD DOUBLE CROP PRODUCTION.

Wheat Raising Rapidly Giving Place to Intensive and Diversified Farming.

(Call of the West.)

The Willamette Valley contains perhaps the largest single body of tillable land, outside of the great Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys in California, in the Pacific Coast or Rocky Mountain States. It is also one of the oldest settled sections of the West, a large part of its prairie and bottom land having been in cultivation for more than fifty years.

In the early days and up to within the last few years grain growing in the Willamette valley has been the staple. The moist, early springs and dry summers were admirably adapted to the production of cereals, and it was but natural that the raising of grain should have been the leading industry. However, under the strain of constant cropping to wheat and with only poor, shallow cultivation the soil gradually failed to yield profitable crops of grain. As a natural result of these conditions a change in agricultural methods has been taking place within the last few years, and the wheat raising has been giving place to a more diversified farm with its crop rotation and its intensive cultivation.

But the climate is not well adapted to this new system of agriculture. Grain was ripe and ready for harvest before the dry summer months came on, while the crops now being raised—clover, vetch, hops, small fruit and vegetables—extend their growth well into or through the dry season, if given the opportunity and often suffer lack of sufficient moisture just at the time when needed to give the crop its best growth.

Bountiful Water Supply.

The dominant physical feature of the valley is its stream system. The Willamette river rises in the southern eastern corner of the water shed in the junction of the Cascades with the high Cascades. Following northward it follows the trough of the valley and empties into the Columbia at the northern extremity of the valley.

From the Cascade Range on the east, a network of tributaries leads their way toward the trunk stream. Among these are several of the larger streams of the State, such as the Middle Fork, the McKenzie, the Santiam, the Molalla and the Clackamas. There are a number of tributaries from the Coast Range on the west, but they are not so constant as that which comes from the high watershed of the Cascades. Among the principal streams entering the valley from the west are the Coast Fork, the Tualatin, the Yamhill, the Luckiamute and the Mary's rivers.

From October to March approximately 75 per cent of the rainfall of the year occurs, leaving but 25 per cent or about 10 inches of rain for the six months of the dry season, from April to September, when many crops are making their greatest demand for water. The season of 1909 illustrates this point clearly. The total amount of rainfall and its distribution were about normal. The summer rainfall came in three distinct shower periods—the first occurring in the latter part of July and the first part of July, the second occurring about the middle of August and the third toward the end of August.

Rainfall Not Well Distributed.

The character of the rainfall during the summer period must also be taken into account in considering the matter. The records show that the majority of the rains occurring in this period are little more than showers, and although their aggregate makes a considerable showing, they are of little value to growing crops.

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PLEASANT AFTERNOON

Mrs. H. B. Cosper and Mrs. B. H. Pillar Entertain.

Mrs. H. B. Cosper and Mrs. B. H. Pillar entertained the members of the Presbyterian Missionary Society and a few invited friends at the home of Mrs. Cosper last Thursday afternoon. The house was prettily decorated for the occasion, white roses in great profusion being used in the parlor, and a pink color scheme in the dining room. The table was graced with large bowls of LaFrance roses.

An interesting program was enjoyed by the guests. Readings were given by Mrs. J. C. Gaylor, Mrs. Cornwell and Miss Vera Cosper. Mrs. Cosper sang a beautiful solo, and Miss Cosper displayed remarkable skill in a piano selection. Mrs. C. G. Coed presided at the tea table. Delicious refreshments were served.

Those present were: Mrs. Cosper, Mrs. Pillar, Mrs. Reeves, Mrs. Gaylor, Mrs. Holman, Mrs. Lawrence, Mrs. Ramsey, Mrs. Muir, Mrs. Simonton, Mrs. G. C. Muir, Mrs. F. J. Coed, Mrs. Cornwell, Mrs. Loughery, Mrs. Sibley, Mrs. M. M. Ellis, Mrs. Teal, Mrs. Parrish, Mrs. Rehard, Mrs. Macdonald, Mrs. Kaseth, Miss May Austin, of Portland, and Miss Vera Cosper.

Spends 4 Cents; Collects 2.

The Valley & Coast Telephone company of Astoria yesterday remitted to the state treasurer its gross earnings tax for 1909. It was 2 cents. This sum represents 2 per cent of its gross earnings for 1909. The state treasurer had made two requests for a report from this company by mail, which cost the state 4 cents postage. It also cost an additional 2 cents to mail the receipt for the remittance, making the cost to the state of Oregon for collecting the 2 cents gross earnings tax 4 cents in all, besides the labor and material expended in writing the required notices and the receipt. It also cost the telephone company 2 cents postage to mail the tax to the state treasurer's office at Salem. —Journal.

First to Report.

J. H. Rempel, clerk of school district No. 2, Smithfield, had the honor this year of being the first clerk to send in his annual report to County Superintendent, H. C. Brynner.

Mrs. Walter Sears is visiting at the home of her parents near Bridgeport.

BACK FROM LION HUNT

COLONEL ROOSEVELT AGAIN SETS FOOT ON NATIVE SOIL.

Reception in New York Only Equalled by That Accorded General Grant.

Some Actual Results

An interesting account is given of experiments tried with irrigation in the Willamette Valley. In one case 5647 pounds of green fodder per acre were secured without irrigation, and 9866 pounds an increase of 71 per cent were obtained with two irrigations. Potatoes, unirrigated, yielded 2604 pounds per acre; with one irrigation, 4760 pounds, and with two irrigations, 7500 pounds, an increase in the latter of 180 per cent. The unirrigated potatoes yielded 83.2 per cent of marketable tubers. The potatoes which were irrigated yielded 92.2 per cent of marketable tubers. Beets yielded 2745 pounds per acre without irrigation, and 4309 pounds with one irrigation. The yield of clover increased 27.4 per cent with irrigation. The report says:

"As the result of a widespread campaign of educational advertisement, Western Oregon is experiencing today one of the greatest eras of growth and development it has ever known. From all over the Union men are coming to this region to locate their capital. Along commercial and industrial lines the development is very great, indeed. Along agricultural lines there is much investment and speculation, but on the whole, little real development is taking place outside a few of a very few especially favored localities. This backwardness in the actual development of the agricultural industry constitutes the most serious and fundamental problem confronting Western Oregon."

MEET AFTER 52 YEARS

George H. Himes Tells of Reunion of Polk County Pioneers.

George H. Himes, secretary of the Oregon Pioneer Association, relates the following interesting story of the meeting of two former well-known Polk County pioneers at last year's reunion:

"I met here, I put two people in touch with each other who had served in the Indian Wars of 1855-6. One was I. V. Mossman, who came from Indiana in 1853, and the other, Sam Tetherow, who crossed the plains from Missouri in 1846.

"It was at a pioneer reunion that I introduced these two men as Sam and Ike. The latter said to the former: 'I thought I was a pretty early settler in Oregon, but I see you are eight years ahead of me.' I noticed that they did not recognize each other, so I interrupted them by saying:

"Look here, you boys make me tired. Don't you know you both lived in Polk County in 1855; that you both responded to the call of Governor Curry for volunteers to fight the Indians, and enlisted in Captain Ben Hayden's company; that you came down the Willamette River to Portland and up the Columbia River to The Dalles the next day, then marched across the country to Walla Walla, December 7, 1855; that you saw Captain Charles Bennett killed at the head of his command and that you made a rush with a lot of other boys and presented his body from being carried off by the Indians; that you messed together, ate horse meat together, slept under the same blankets—at this juncture, Sam exclaimed: 'By grab, you must be Ike Mossman.' Thus these two men met after being separated for 52 years."

Honor From Universities.

The highest regard in which he is held by the leading educators of the world is reflected in the honors conferred on him by the various universities. The University of Cairo conferred on him the highest degree in that institution; from King Frederick's University at Christiania he received the degree of doctor of philosophy; at Berlin university he received a similar honor; Cambridge honored him with the degree of doctor of laws, and Oxford conferred the degree of doctor of civil law.

Scientific Results.

The scientific results of the expedition have exceeded all expectations. Over 1200 specimens having been gathered. Of mammals 457 specimens have been secured, ranging in size from elephants to mice. There are 4000 birds in the collection; 2000 reptiles and 500 fish, not to mention the enormous miscellaneous collection. Colonel Roosevelt alone has credited with 4 rhinoceroses, 9 elephants, 7 lions, several giraffes, 4 wild-beasts, 4 hippopotami, 8 buffaloes, 5 topi and 4 elands.

Not more than half the specimens have arrived and taxidermists are in demand at the National Museum. It was during his last term in office that Colonel Roosevelt announced his intention of hunting wild game in Africa at the close of his term.

Preparations of a most elaborate scale were made, and arrangements fully completed with the Smithsonian institution which has retained the scientific value of the expedition.

Leaves March 23, 1909.

On March 23, accompanied by his son Kermit, Major E. A. Mearns, U. S. A., Professor Edman Miller, J. A. Adams, and others, he sailed from New York on the S. S. Hamburg of the Hamburg-American line. His admirers gave him a great send-off and the vessel was escorted down the bay by a large number of gaily decorated craft, while the guns in the harbor bared their muzzles.

On April 4 the Roosevelt party reached Naples where they embarked on the steamer Admiral and proceeded via the Suez canal to Kilindini Harbor, Mombasa, in British East Africa. The party then took the Uganda railway for Nairobi, reaching their destination on April 26. On account of this place being on the direct line of the Uganda railway, the base of supplies was established here and the party proceeded into the jungle to the south of the camp. Colonel Roosevelt and his party were entertained by a number of prominent Englishmen who have estates in this section, and natives extended every possible assistance. The result was that when they returned to Nairobi in December, they had an unusually large number of specimens. During this time the general public had to be content with the news that filtered into Nairobi, where it was gobbled up greedily by the mass of newspaper men, and cabled in more or less questionable form.

Politicians Disappointed.

On December 18, the party broke camp at Nairobi and started by caravan across Uganda. Considerable hunting was done on this trip, and when the party arrived at Renk on March 11, 1910, on the White Nile, they had thousands of specimens.

Here the steamer Dal was placed at their disposal by General Sir Reginald Wingate, the British Sirdar, and the party started on the 300 mile journey up the Nile to Khartoum, where the colonel planned to meet his family. From whom he had been separated for nearly a year.

Politicians throughout the United States looked forward eagerly for some statement from the ex-president when he emerged from the jungle at Renk relative to political conditions in this country. All were anxious to know his attitude on the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy, the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill, and in fact, what he thought of the Taft administration as a whole. But they were all disappointed. The ex-president refused absolutely to discuss European and American politics, and started further than any interview purporting to come from him relative to the political situation, could be accepted as false.

Nothing of importance marked the trip down the Nile, and Colonel Roosevelt busied himself with the preparation of his European speeches. On Monday, March 12, they reached Khartoum, where Mrs. Roosevelt and her youngest daughter greeted him. The entire party was given an elaborate reception, and the Sirdar's palace on the banks of the Nile was placed at his disposal. Two days later the Roosevelts left Khartoum on a special train for Cairo, stopping off at Assuan and Luxor, for the purpose of sight seeing.

Vote Colonel a Good Fellow.

On March 24 the party reached Cairo. Here Mr. Roosevelt was given a hearty reception, not only by the native element, but by a large number of American tourists, who were stopping at Shepherd's hotel. The Colonel was entertained by the Khedive, while Mrs. Roosevelt and her daughter were the guests of the Khedivah. It was here that Oscar Straus, ambassador to Turkey, and a member of the Roosevelt Cabinet, met his former chief.

At the request of a large number of American tourists, visiting that portion of Egypt, Colonel Roosevelt held a reception on March 26 at Shepherd's hotel, where he shook hands with about 200 of his countrymen.

As the press of that section is extremely radical, Colonel Roosevelt has been subject to a great deal of criticism at the hands of various editors on account of some of his expressions in Khartoum, but on March 27 all parties "buried the hatchet," when the ex-

In Paris he delivered a lecture at the Sorbonne, emphasizing the gravity of the race suicide question. This was followed by lectures in Christiania and Berlin. The next bomb shell fell in London where, after being extended the freedom of the city at Guildhall, he criticized England's rule of Egypt, and brought down a storm of criticism from all sides. On leaving his last lecture at Oxford university on June 7, he was compelled to stop, owing to an affection of the throat.

(Continued on Page Four.)

TAKES OATH OF OFFICE

JAY BOWERMAN IS ACTING GOVERNOR OF OREGON.

Presides at Meeting of State Land Board and Performs Other Official Duties.

Jay Bowerman, President of the State Senate, arrived in Salem on the 4 o'clock electric car Thursday and went at once to the capital, where he took the oath of office as Acting Governor of Oregon. The oath was given by Justice Eakin, of the Supreme Court. The elevation of the State's President to the head of the state government was accomplished without ceremony. A few friends from the city and attaches of the different offices greeted the new Governor, who proceeded with the business of the office within a few minutes of his arrival.

His first official act was to affix his signature to the notarial commission of M. E. Fowler, of Portland. After signing a number of papers that were awaiting his attention, a meeting of the desert land board was called. In the evening, a meeting of the State Land Board was held.

While it was the general opinion of attorneys that the oath of office was unnecessary, the Attorney-General advised the formally to remove any question that might arise later.

Jay Bowerman is the first Governor to reach that position in this state by virtue of his position as President of the Senate. He is 32 years of age, and was born in Iowa. His mother lives in this city.

After cleaning up a number of routine matters that have accumulated, Acting Governor Bowerman will go next week to Eastern Oregon, to attend a session of court where he has some cases set for trial.

Discussing his probable policy in regard to public matters, Acting Governor Bowerman said:

"I did not come down here to start something. I want to do as the appointive officers and pardon all the convicts. In the main I think it may be said that I will carry out the policies of the Benson administration. However, I shall use my best judgment in all matters that require my attention and decide questions on their merits."

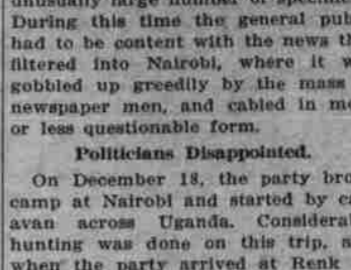
"This call came so suddenly and so recently that I have had no time to think of appointments or politics. At present I have no other thought in mind than to carry out the announced policy of Governor Benson in this matter."

Will Visit Canada.

William Parker, principal of one of the Portland public schools, and formerly principal of the Dallas school, writes the Observer that, accompanied by his family and Mrs. Robert Sutor, he will leave this week for a visit at his old home in Canada. Professor Parker and family will spend the summer at Hagerstown, Ontario. Mrs. Sutor will travel with them as far as Toronto, and will then go to Almonte, Ontario, near Ottawa, to visit her mother until September.

Keen Kutter Tools

Keen Kutter Tools—Best in the world—better made, of better materials and finished better than others. Competing with the world's best makes Keen Kutter Tools receive ONLY GOLD MEDALS. Keen Kutter Tools receive ONLY GOLD MEDALS for complete line of edged tools, for excellence of quality.



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