How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BREEDING THE BERKSHIRES.

A successful breeder of swine says of the Berkshires:

"No farmer who is on the lookout for profitable swine will make a mistake in selecting the Berkshires. On the contrary, if given proper care and attention they will prove a revelation to the man who has been handling scrub stock. While, to be fair, this might also be said of a number of other high class breeds, having bred the Berkshires so successfully for many years, I naturally prefer them and cannot recommend them too highly."

"We have never had a Berkshire sow eat a pig," says another breeder of these swine. "Neither have we ever bred a cross Berkshire sow nor bred or owned a cross Berkshire boar. The Berkshire is not the undersized hog that it once was. The champion boar at St. Louis weighed over 1,000 pounds. The second prize boar weighed 936 pounds. The sows weighed 800 pounds. We have a yearling boar that weighs 700 pounds, and a full brother to a couple of our brood sows weighed 606 pounds at eleven months and twenty days old. Their ability to put on this weight with the best possible feed has not been affected by this improvement.

"In summer the mature animals are maintained almost wholly upon pasture, with only a small ration of whole oats or wheat middlings at night. The pasture is clover, rye, rape and permanent pasture. Our best success has been with rye pasture. We put in two pieces last year, Aug. 26, and commenced pasturing it as soon as it got a fair start. During summer months the little fellows run on pasture and are fed twice a day. They get a slop composed of corn, middlings, oats and digester tankage, a byproduct of the packing houses, containing about 4 per cent protein, and we prefer it to oilmeal.

"For two or three years we had our troubles when weaning pigs. Some of each litter and frequently the best ones would have white scours. Lately we have started them when on the dam by giving a side dish of wheat middlings fed dry in a creep. From the time they are weaned they should be fed twice a day just what they will

GRAND CHAMPION BERKSHIRE BARROW.

clean up greedily and no more. If we find one with thumps he is taken away from the sow and put in a pen by himself till he gets good and hungry and runs around squealing a bit several times a day for a day or so.

"The Berkshires have great constitutional vigor, are easy feeders and produce a pound of meat at a minimum cost. Both breeder and feeder desire a rapid and economical flesh producer. The Berkshire meets this demand. For this reason many feeders use pure bred Berkshire sires. The prepotency of the sire is shown in a herd of striking uniformity of conformation and quality, such as finds a ready sale on the market. The pigs also fatten easily and produce a very superior class of meat. The meat of the Berkshire is firm, of fine grain, with the fat interlaid with the lean, and is of prime quality. No better ham or bacon goes to market than that from a 250 pound Berkshire."

Training the Colt.

An old horseman remarked recently, "If a man wants to learn about horses he must learn fro[m] horses." A man to be successful [mu]st be with horses and be a close o[bser]ver of their moods, manners and [make]up. A colt should be trained fr[om] the first chance it that be is helped [to lift h]is feet. If taught to yield early t[o] man's restraint and guidance he [will n]ever need "breaking." To follo[w] [m]aster's wishes will be a second [nature.] Never speed a colt too young, and wa[tch] [h]e is given speed permit it for [sh]orts spurts only and as he can bear it.

Regular Feeding.

Experienced dairymen understand what regularity in feed and attention to stock mean. To run your animal to its full capacity no overfeeding or underfeeding must be indulged in. Animals left to themselves will take food and water at regular hours and intervals, and the wise feeder will give his rations in the same manner.

Points For the Horseman.

Never make your colts or horses face a blank, dark wall all the time while in the barn. Give them plenty of light. It is better for their eyes.

The growing colts, especially the roadsters, should have a lot of exercise. They should under no circumstances be kept in the stables.

Take care to avoid shoulder galls and saddle sores. Lift the collar from the horse's neck occasionally and allow it to cool, and be careful to see that the harness does not rub.

An overworked mare or one that is poorly fed cannot be expected to produce a colt that will have the vitality or the constitution of one that came of a mare that was well fed and only moderately used.

VALUE OF DRAFTERS.

Why They Are the Most Profitable Horses For Farmers to Breed.

Replying to a correspondent regarding the value of drafters for farmers, the Breeder's Gazette, Chicago, says:

"This journal has contended for more than a quarter of a century that the drafter is the most profitable horse for the farmer to breed. Reasons for this have often been set forth. Draft bred animals are salable for cash from weaning time to maturity. There is a good demand for them at all ages, and the return for the grain fed is much larger than when the same amount of feed is used to make beef, mutton or pork. Not only is this true, but the mare earns her keep by her labor in the harness. The whole thing may be stated in abbreviated form thus: A well bred draft foal five or six or seven months old will sell at weaning time for from $60 to $75 or more. Up to that time he has eaten only a very little grain. A steer that will bring the same gross price will take twenty months or more to make the weight, and it takes quite an investment at present prices of grain to make a

A CHAMPION GELDING.

steer that will sell for from $60 to $75. The advantage gained by the colt during his first six months is never lost.

"Farm horses of the 1,450 to 1,500 pound variety are assuredly very handy on the land or on the road and strong enough for many agricultural uses. They are, however, much harder to breed uniformly than drafters are, and we have known but few instances in which a quite large breeding district could supply any number of them. Perhaps the most general way in which they are produced is by mixing draft and coach blood on a native foundation, but that entails crossing to an extent that is apt to result in disappointment.

"We believe it will pay far better to use heavy mares on the farm and by piling cross upon cross of one breed attain a point where the stock is practically pure bred. When this is done and due attention is paid to mating sire and dam a degree of uniformity may be achieved which will be realizable in dollars and cents. There is an added profit nowadays in using good big drafty mares on the farm. Tillage cannot be too thorough. Most of the implement makers are putting out lines of heavy farm machinery, and it takes a lot of horseflesh to handle it properly. Add to this that competent labor is both scarce and dear, and it pays always to have team power enough on hand so that one man may do at one riding what formerly was accomplished by two or three men with little horses and the lighter type of farm machinery formerly in use."

Packing and Shipping Wool.

In preparing wool for shipment always put it up in a good, clean condition, says a Kansas sheep breeder. Use wool twine and wrap the fleece carefully. Reject all undue dirt. Don't attempt to sell refuse for wool. Use a [goo]d box. This gives a fleece a com[pact] and tidy appearance. I have [learned th]at some object to the wool [illegible] cannot understand why. [illegible] side of the fleece in, and when [illegible] is tied let it appear to be tidy wrapp[ed].

Always [illegible] tags carefully fastened to the package containing the wool. Let the [illegible] give the name of the party [illegible] ship, but also your name as shipper. [Sen]d a letter at the time of shipment stating the number of packages of wool you ship and the weight of same.

If one will go into a large wool house and see the condition of some fleeces and note the trouble arising from improper shipping he would appreciate the wisdom of the few suggestions that I have made.

Breeding Up Stock.

A western stock breeder advises farmers to breed up stock rather than buy all pure breds. He says that to establish a herd of pure breds costs more money than the average farmer can afford when the progeny is to be sold to the packers or the butchers. Good females of pure bred beef stock bring high prices, and the farmer would need a considerable number to make a good start. But with a pure bred bull he can in a few years have a herd of cows that will make it possible to market beeves of high grade.

Feeding Foals Cow's Milk.

Cow's milk is often used with advantage in feeding foals. Foals suffering from distemper cannot always take solid food satisfactorily and may be nurtured on cow's milk. The foal may be taught to drink by pouring it upon the grain feed. The young thing eats the moistened feed, and by tipping the pan it soon learns to drink the separated milk.

Results of Testing.

By carefully testing and weeding out their poorest cows the people of Denmark in five years have succeeded in raising the producing capacity of each cow annually more than forty pounds of butter fat, or an increased profit from each cow of over $12.

THE DAIRYMAN.

After separation the greatest care should be given to the milk and cream in order that both may be kept in good shape.

The Hand Separator

When running the hand separator the handle should be turned steadily, care being taken to keep a constant, even pressure upon all the way around, not pushing down hard and pulling up hard while for a moment when the crank is down and again at the top there is no pressure upon it. Turn at the speed the directions call for, or if it is found by testing the skimmilk that it is not skimming clean an increased speed of from three to five turns per minute will help matters.

Weighing Milk Regularly.

A farmer with one or two cows kept merely to supply the family with milk and butter cannot afford to weigh each cow's milk all the time or even twice a month perhaps. But the man who is giving a large part of his time to dairying cannot afford not to weigh the milk. It will quickly show him when a cow is dropping off in milk and that something is needed to get the best results she is capable of, even if it is no more than a dose of physic. Besides, the dairyman will know which cows to keep and which to dispose of.

Skimmilk Calves.

I feed the calf the mother's milk for seven or eight days, and then I take one-half pint of oilmeal stirred in one pint of cold water, add to this one and one-half pints boiling water, stir well, then add about four quarts slightly scalded sweet skimmilk, says a dairyman. My calves seem to thrive and grow well on it. I have raised several calves this way with good results. As they get older I increase the amount of oilmeal to one pint and give them a little more milk. A teaspoonful of salt morning and evening in the feed is relished by the calves. I give them a little clover hay and wheat middlings, and they do fine.

SANITARY DAIRY METHODS.

While many dairymen cannot afford expensive buildings in which to carry on their work, they can adopt with profit many of the sanitary methods of the big dairies. Much can be done by keeping the bacteria from getting into the milk at milking time by adhering to strict rules and following sanitary methods about the dairy barn and separating room.

These should be well lighted and ventilated. All floors, mangers and gutters should be, if possible, of cement, so they can be scrupulously cleaned daily and washed as often as once a week. If these precautions are followed few germs can develop about the barn. Many germs, however, live about the body of the cow and drop into the milk while it is being drawn. For this reason the cow should be well groomed daily, and her udder and [illegible] should be washed and dried with [illegible] cloths before each milking. Care should be taken that particles of dust do [not fa]ll from the clothes while milking, a[nd th]e milker must have clean, dry hands.

The manager of one of the largest dairies in the country writes of his methods as follows:

"Most of our [illegible] in milk are kept in a stable about [illegible] feet long and 40 feet wide. This stable runs nearly north and south, with a row of stanchions on each side. There are plenty of windows on the east and west sides, so that there are always good air and sunshine. There is a wide driveway between the stanchions. These are of the swing pattern, all connected overhead with a lever by which all of the cows can be let loose at one pull. This is a great feature, especially in case of fire.

"The cows stand on a plank flooring, with a gutter behind. At the present time they are bedded with sawdust, not because this is considered the best

A WELL KEPT DAIRY BARN.

bedding (when the manure is taken into account), but because we can get it at very small expense. In addition to the sawdust, we sprinkle phosphate rock in the gutters. The phosphate rock takes up nearly all of the liquid and, we believe, adds more than one-third to the value of the manure. The surplus liquid that is not taken up runs underneath through a trough to a cement cistern, from which it is taken out and poured on the land as occasion requires.

"The day's work begins about 4 o'clock by feeding the cows their grain. This consists of 100 parts bran, 100 parts gluten and 100 parts cotton seed. This is fed to each cow in proportion to the milk she is giving. Occasionally some cornmeal is added if we find that the cow needs it. While the cows are eating their grain the gutters are cleaned and the cows brushed off and wiped ready for the milking, which begins at 4:30.

"Once a week we use a disinfectant for spraying the gutters, the walls and back parts of the cows. After milking the cows are fed ensilage or green feed, about twenty pounds to a cow. This feed consists of green rye, wheat, oats, peas or sweet corn in season. In the winter in place of green feed we use about thirty pounds of ensilage and eight pounds of hay.

"After the green feed the cows are turned out to pasture at about 8 o'clock, where they remain until 2:30. They are then watered, put in the stable and fed grain about 3:30. The milking is begun at 4:30 p. m. In winter the water is warmed to about 60 degrees.

"Every cow's milk at each milking is weighed, and a record is made. The milk is then taken immediately to the creamery, a separate building, where it is run over a cooler and bottled at once."

Charcoal For Hogs.

In feeding charcoal to hogs I make up the following mixture: Five bushels of charcoal, one bushel of wood ashes, eight pounds of salt, two quarts of air slaked lime, two pounds of sulphur and one pound of copperas. I break up the charcoal, mix all thoroughly together, put the mixture into self feeding boxes and place where the hogs can have free access to it. This combination furnishes a good percentage of ash for bone building, destroys worms and keeps the hogs in a thrifty condition.—W. H. Underwood.

Summer Care of the Calf.

I have found that young calves never do well unless protected from the heat of the scorching sun, says a breeder. The skin becomes lifeless, the hair dead, the surest indication of unthriftiness. They need protection from the hot sun in summer as well as protection from the cold wind and rains of the winter. Late in the summer, when the days get hotter and the flies troublesome, I stable them during the day and give them the grass lot during the night.

Foley's Honey and Tar is especially recommended for chronic throat and lung troubles and many sufferers from bronchitis, asthma and consumption have found comfort and relief by using Foley's Honey and Tar. C. Stafrin, Dallas; M. L. Thompson Falls City.

A Milton man had one-fourth of an acre of berries, from which he picked 34 crates.

Colds that hang on weaken the constitution and develop into consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar cures persistent coughs that refuse to yield to other treatment. Do not experiment with untried remedies as delay may result in your cold settling on your lungs. C. Stafrin, Dallas; M. L. Thompson, Falls City.

Many of our citizens are drifting towards Bright's disease by neglecting symptoms of kidney and bladder trouble which Foley's Kidney Remedy will quickly cure. C. Stafrin, Dallas; M. L. Thompson, Falls City.

Medford merchants have formed an association.

To avoid serious results take Foley's Kidney Remedy at the first sign of kidney or bladder disorder such as backache, urinary irregularities, exhaustion, and you will soon be well. Commence taking Foley's Remedy today. C. Stafrin, Dallas; M. L. Thompson, Falls City.

A man who purchased a ranch below Milton in 1905 for $1525, last week sold the same place for $3500.

Everyone would be benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation, stomach and liver trouble, as it sweetens the stomach and breath, gently stimulates the liver and regulates the bowels and is much superior to pills and ordinary laxatives. Why not try Foley's Orino Laxative today? C. Stafrin, Dallas; M. L. Thompson, Falls City.

Big box factory and finishing mills at Grants Pass, have resumed work.

Trouble Makers Ousted.

When a sufferer from stomach trouble takes Dr. King's New Life Pills he's mighty glad to see his Dyspepsia and Indigestion fly, but more he's tickled over his new, fine appetite, strong nerves, healthy vigor all because stomach, liver and kidneys now work right. 25c at Belt & Cherrington's drug store.

A Baker county farm, purchased nine years ago for $5000, sold the other day for $17,000.

Could Not Be Better.

No one has ever made a salve, ointment, lotion or balm to compare with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Its the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Sores, Er[uptions], Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Eczema, Salt Rheum. For Sore Eyes, Cold Sores, Chapped Hands its supreme. Infallible for Piles. 25c at Belt & Cherrington's drug store.

A yard near Eugene will soon turn out 1,000,000 bricks.

Women Who Are Envied.

Those attractive women who are lovely in face, form and temper are the envy of many, who might be like them. A weak sickly women will be nervous and irritable. Constipation or kidney poisons show in pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. For all such, Electric Bitters work wonders. They regulate Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood, give strong nerves bright eyes, pure breath, smooth, velvety skin, lovely complexion. Many charming women owe their health and beauty to them. 50c at Belt & Cherrington's drug store.

One Crook county man received $77,000 for his wool.

Men Past Fifty in Danger.

Men past middle life have found comfort and relief in Foley's Kidney Remedy, especially for enlarged prostate gland, which is very common among elderly men. L. E. Morris, Dexter, Ky., writes: "Up to a year ago my father suffered from kidney and bladder trouble and several physicians pronounced it enlargement of the prostate gland and advised an operation. On account of his age we were afraid he could not stand it and I recommended Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the first bottle relieved him, and after taking the second bottle he was no longer troubled with this complaint." C. Stafrin, Dallas; M. L. Thompson, Falls City.

A single branch near The Dalles has 50 full grown apricots on it.

A Thrilling Rescue.

How Bert R. Lean, of Cheny, Wash., was saved from a frightful death is a story to thrill the world. "A hard cold," he writes, "brought on a desperate lung trouble that baffled an expert doctor here. Then I paid $10 to $15 a visit to a lung specialist in Spokane, who did not help me. Then I went to California, but without benefit. At last I used Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me and now I am as well as ever." For Lung Trouble, Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds, Asthma, Croup and Whooping Cough its supreme. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Belt & Cherrington's drug store.

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Even our Grandfathers knew what BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT will do.

A CONVINCING PROOF

of the worth of a medicine is the cures it can effect. Every one who has used Ballard's Snow Liniment knows that it will CURE RHEUMATISM, CUTS, SPRAINS, STIFF JOINTS, BURNS, NEURALGIA, CONTRACTED MUSCLES AND ALL PAINS.

USED SNOW LINIMENT 10 YEARS.

V. L. Settle, Richmond, Mo., writes:- "This is to certify that I have used your Snow Liniment for ten years for rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, etc., and in every case it has rendered immediate relief and satisfaction."

Avoid all Substitutes. Three Sizes 25c, 50c, $1.00

BALLARD SNOW LINIMENT CO.
500-502 North Second Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Sold and Recommended by
STAFRIN DRUG COMPANY

YOU GET WHAT WE GET AND WE PROVE IT

VEAL HOGS CHICKENS

Our books are open for your inspection. Buyers name given if wanted. We not only get top prices, but you can satisfy yourself absolutely at any time that you get what we get. PROMPT CASH RETURNS Ship your produce to us. Write to us now for coops, tags, etc.

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The Secret of a Beautiful Face lies in keeping the skin protected as well as cleansed. Just washing is not enough—that only leaves the delicate surface more exposed to the irritation of dust and germs; to merciless attacks of sun and weather. After washing, apply Robertine and experience its delightful refreshment. You will admire the line-less softness it imparts to face, neck and arms. It not only stimulates a radiant glow, but protects the skin from becoming coarse. Prevents burning, tan and freckles.

Ask your Druggist for a free sample and—TRY

ROBERTINE

THE PENALTY OF OVERWORK

Many Dallas Readers Find Toil A Burden.

The heavy tax of overwork—the strain upon the back that is so common to many trades and occupations, is too great. The kidneys begin to fail in their work, and there is a double danger to health. The poisonous matter collects in the system, and the kidneys themselves begin to break down. Pain in the back is only a warning of trouble in the kidneys. An inflammation has set in, and a disordered condition of the urine soon becomes apparent. Too much or too little urine, with a constant desire to void the secretions; any noticeable deviation from the normal color, the appearance of a sandy sediment; proves a disordered condition of the kidneys that needs quick attention. If your work seems hard for you, if you have a lame, weak or aching back, if you seem tired and listless, and seem to be running down without apparent cause, begin at once with Doan's Kidney Pills, the great kidney remedy that has cured so many of your neighbors. It has given thousands of working men and women strong, sound backs for their daily work.

Home proof is convincing evidence of the efficiency of this remedy. Call at Belt & Cherrington's drug store and ask to see the statements of Dallas people who have used this remedy.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

INDEPENDENCE & MONMOUTH Railway.

FROM INDEPENDENCE.
FOR DALLAS.

Train No. 64. Leave Independence daily, 6:00 a. m.; lv. Monmouth, 6:15 a. m.; ar. Dallas, 6:40 a. m.

Train No. 66. Leave Independence, daily, 10:50 a. m.; lv. Monmouth, 11:05 a. m.; ar. Dallas, 11:2[illegible]

Train No. [illegible] Leave Independence, daily, 6:15 p. m.; lv. Monmouth, 6:30 p. m.; ar. Dallas, 6:5[illegible] p. m.

FOR AIRLIE.

Train No. 67. Leave Independence, daily, 7:20 a. m.; lv. Monmouth, [illegible] a. m.; ar. Airlie, 8:12 a. m.

Train No. 73. Leave Independence, daily, 3:30 p. m.; lv. Monmouth, [illegible] ar. Airlie, 4:25 p. m.

FROM DALLAS.
FOR INDEPENDENCE.

Train No. 65. Leave Dallas [illegible] ex. Sunday, 8:30 a. m.; lv. Monmouth, [illegible] ; ar. Independence, 9:15 a. m.

Train No. 69. Leave Dallas, daily [illegible] p. m.; lv. Monmouth, 1:25 p. m.; ar. Independence, 1:40 p. m. (This train connects at Monmouth for Airlie.)

Train No. 71. Leave Dallas, daily [illegible] p. m.; lv. Monmouth, [illegible] ar. Independence, 8:15 p. m.

FROM AIRLIE.

Train No. 66. Leave Airlie, daily [illegible]; lv. Monmouth, 9:05 a. m.; ar. [illegible] a. m. (This train connects at [illegible] for Dallas.)

Train No. 72. Leave Airlie, daily [illegible]; lv. Monmouth, 5:40 p. m.; ar. [illegible] 5:55 p. m.

Train No. 100 leaves Airlie [illegible] p. m. ONLY arrives Monmouth 5:25 p. m. arrives Independence 5:30 p. m.

FROM MONMOUTH ONLY.

Leaves Monmouth for Independence, daily at 2:00 p. m.

Calls promptly answered day or night.
R. L. CHAPMAN
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER
DALLAS, - OREGON
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Electric Bitters

[illegible] everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, [illegible]

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

FOR COUGHS KING OF CURES FOR COLDS

THE WONDER WORKER

FOR THROAT DR. KING'S AND LUNGS

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I had the most debilitating cough a mortal was ever afflicted with, and my friends expected that when I left my bed it would surely be for my grave. Our doctor pronounced my case incurable, but thanks be to God, four bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me so completely that I am all sound and well.—MRS. EVA UNCAPHER, Grovertown, Ind.

Price 50c and $1.00 ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED! Trial Bottle Free

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BELT & CHERRINGTON, Dallas, Oregon

THE NEW IDEA KENNEDY'S Moves the Bowels THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE LAXATIVE Best for Children COUGH SYRUP HONEY AND TAR Red Clover Blossom on Every Bottle

For Sale by Druggists.

Cures Biliousness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Torpid Liver and Chronic Constipation. Pleasant to take

ORINO
Laxative Fruit Syrup

Cleanses the system thoroughly and clears sallow complexions of pimples and blotches. It is guaranteed

For Sale by STAFRIN DRUG CO. Dallas, and M. THOMPSON, Falls City.