

COTTAGE GROVE AND LEMATI

THE LEADER.

Devoted to the Best Interests of Cottage Grove, Lemati and Bohemia Gold Mining District.

LEADER BUILDING

E. P. THORP,

EDITOR AND BUSINESS MANAGER

Rates of Subscription.

These rates are strictly in advance. Subscribers wishing a change in their address should give their old as well as new address.

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CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Sunday school, 10 a. m. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Free and third Sunday in each month. Prayer meeting, each Wednesday at 7 p. m. in the hall. In his home from 10 to 11 p. m. on Wednesdays.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—SERVICES AT 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. on Sunday school at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m. on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. on Wednesday at 7 p. m. on Thursday at 7 p. m. on Friday at 7 p. m. on Saturday at 7 p. m.

METHODIST CHURCH—SUNDAY SCHOOL at 10 a. m. on Sunday at 11 a. m. on Sunday at 7 p. m. on Wednesday at 7 p. m. on Thursday at 7 p. m. on Friday at 7 p. m. on Saturday at 7 p. m.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

EPITOME OF THE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS OF THE WORLD.

An interesting collection of items from the two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form—A Large Amount of Information in a Small Space.

The president has nominated Leo Bergholm, of New York, as consul at Erzerum, Armenia.

Rich placer grounds have been found in Washoe valley, near Carson, Nev., and there is considerable excitement in consequence.

Charles Voorhes, formerly a lay judge of Bergen county, N. J., and an ex-member of congress, committed suicide in New York.

Five men were injured, reported by an explosion of fire during a fire in the Red Ash vein of the Woodward mine in Wilkesbarre, Pa.

John Jones, colored, aged 19, who committed an assault upon a 13-year-old white girl near Mormon Springs, Miss., was hanged by a mob. Jones confessed his crime.

A cable message from Cape Town, South Africa, reports the killing of three engineers near Bulawayo.

Names of two of the victims are given as Hammond and Palmer.

An explosion occurred in the colliery at Wellington, S. C. Eight miners are known to have been killed, and it is believed eighteen persons will lose their lives through the disaster.

A dispatch from Bulawayo, South Africa, says: The whole country is in the hands of rebellious natives, and they are moving in great force northward. It will require a large force of troops to dislodge them.

Chairman Aldace Walker, of the Atchison, in an interview stated that Judge Collier's decree in the foreclosure case of the United States Trust Company against the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, was a preliminary step toward the foreclosure sale of the line. The decree covers the property in New Mexico, but no decree in Arizona has yet been given. Similar proceedings will be taken in other sections of the company's territory.

In the suit of the London Times against the Central News, which furnished dispatches to a news agency in the United States, demanding the return of sums of money which had been paid by the Times to the Central News for telegrams alleged to have been fabricated or exaggerated for the news agency submitted to a verdict imposing upon it nominal damages and costs, the Times withdrawing its charges of fraud.

While brooding over the idea that his family would suffer from want, John Lehman of Chicago, who had killed his three children. After committing this terrible deed, Lehman attempted to end his own life by hanging, but, falling in this, he turned the revolver upon himself, and sent a bullet through his heart, killing himself instantly.

Messenger reports from the lower Brule agency in South Dakota, state that Handsome Elk, an Indian belonging to that agency, shot two Indian police who were trying to arrest him. Indian Commissioner Browning and United States Marshal Pennington have been notified, and deputy marshals are going to the scene of the difficulty. More trouble is feared.

The house committee on ways and means has decided to report favorably the bill introduced by C. W. Stone, to repeal that section of the Wilson act which gives free alcohol for the use in arts and manufactures. The internal revenue officials acknowledge their inability to carry out the provisions of the law. Great frauds are said to be possible under the law, and many large claims have piled up against the government.

Antin Abbott, LL. D., died at his late residence, 16 East Fifty-first street, New York city, after an illness of ten weeks.

A postoffice has been established at Chase, in Yamhill county, Or. William O. Chase is the postmaster and the office is a special one from McMinnville.

The young ladies' club of the univer-

THE SUPREME COURT

AN IMPORTANT OPINION DELIVERED BY JUSTICE BROWN.

State Entitled to Levy Taxes on Patented and Surveyed Lands—The Mormon Church Property to be Restored—Other Cases Dismissed.

Washington, April 22.—Justice Brown delivered the opinion of the supreme court today in the case of the Central Pacific Railway Company vs. the State of Nevada, involving the right of the state to tax the lands of the railroad company. The case was argued by the people of the Nevada supreme court from the Nevada supreme court on a writ of error, sued out by the railroad company.

The state courts held that the state was entitled to levy taxes upon patented lands, and also for lands which had not been patented, but which had been surveyed and on which the cost of surveying had not been paid. Justice Brown's opinion affirms this decision.

"If," he said, "the railroad had a possessory claim to the lands, they are taxable under the state of Nevada." Referring upon the plea that the land could not be taxed where the government reserved mineral lands from the grant, he said:

"If the state has no possessory claim, because the lands are mineral, it certainly cannot be injured by a sale of the lands to the state."

He did not think it possible that the railroad company's enormous land grant should remain untaxed until the character of the lands, as to minerals, could be determined.

Justice Field dissented on the ground that the reservation of mineral lands from the grant made it impossible to determine what lands could be properly taxed against the railroad company.

The cases involving the Mormon church property, which was confiscated under the Edmunds' act, were sent back to the supreme court of Utah for final disposal in conformity with the joint resolution of congress, approved March 26 last, restoring this property to the church. The decision of the court below was reversed for this purpose.

Three cases from the supreme court of Oregon, the Oregon Short Line & Utah Northern Railway Company against J. T. Mullan, Jane Skattowe and Francis Collin, were decided by the supreme court, all being dismissed with costs.

WASHED AWAY.

Great Damage to Railroad Property by a Nebraska Flood.

Moorefield, Neb., April 22.—Details of the flood which occurred in this section of the state on Saturday night show that it did great damage. The scene of the greatest damage is on the Burlington & Missouri, four miles west of here. The damage to railroad property far exceeded any other sustained before the full effects of the extent of the storm were realized.

Where the greatest damage occurred, the track follows a deep cut, starting at the end of Plum creek canyon. The current of water came through the canyon with frightful velocity. When it reached the point where the canyon intersects the railroad track, the current was diverted through the deep cut.

The railroad track, ties and roadbed were swept down the stream like so much driftwood. At the west end of the cut, the topography of the country changes abruptly, and instead of a deep cut, there is a fill of 75 feet high and 200 feet long. The embankment was washed completely away. The rails were bent and twisted by the violence of the flood, as if they were so many pieces of lead, and big drainage tiles, weighing 1000 pounds, were torn out of the ground in which they were originally buried 75 feet deep, and washed down the canyon for a distance of 400 yards.

All traffic is suspended. Wrecking crews are at work on both ends of the washout. About half a mile of the roadbed has been washed away, but the wrecking crew will construct a temporary track for immediate use. The westbound trains are stopped at Curtis, and those eastbound stop at Estis. The danger to property of farmers in the valley cannot yet be ascertained. No lives were lost, so far as known.

The Indiana Success.

New York, April 22.—The battleship Indiana, the biggest United States warship, steamed from Hampton Roads up the coast on Saturday, with the naval board of inspection. She has appeared off the Highlands. This is the Indiana's first visit to this port.

The inspection board came ashore and took the first train for Washington. The board is to determine and report on the advisability of having the turbines on the new warships as they are on the Indiana, the 8-inch guns are the 13-inch guns or to place them as they are on the Kearsarge and Kentucky. Naval sharpshooters claim there is a saving of weight in placing one turret above another, but the firing of the upper guns is liable to stun the men in the turret below. Two shots were fired on the way up. Lieutenant Henderson was in the hold below the 8-inch guns aft, and experienced no bad effects.

Lieutenant-Commander Wm. Swift says that the Indiana has shown herself to be a very able fighting ship, and that she was the finest sea boat he has ever aboard. The battleship will be on a six weeks' port. Her decks are to be caulked and some repairs made to the machinery.

Important Geological Survey.

Washington, April 22.—Many important papers of an economic nature are embodied in part of the 16th annual report of the geological survey of the United States for the year. These relate mainly to geology and water supply problems, and are all written by authors of national reputation. The report comprises the following: Geology and mining industries of the Cripple Creek district, Colorado; a geological reconnaissance across Idaho; the geology of the road-building stones of Massachusetts, with some consideration of similar materials from other parts of the United States; economic geology of the Mercury mining district of Utah; the public lands and their water supply; water resources of a portion of the great plains. The bulk of the report will be delivered to congress.

More Time for Durrant.

San Francisco, April 20.—Judge Murphy today granted another stay of execution in the Durrant case, this time until May 7. All parties are not agreed upon the proposed amendments to the bill of exception, and consequently that document is not ready for setting.

A MANIAC IN CHURCH.

An Armed Lunatic Created a Sensation in Oakland.

Oakland, Cal., April 21.—Wildly firing a revolver, a pistol over his head, Lewis F. Pastor shouted: "When the anarchists throw the bomb in the French assembly," as he stood in front of the pulpit of the First Unitarian church this morning. There was a stampede in the crowded and silent sanctuary, and a rush of men and women to get out of range of the weapon. A panic was averted by the call for order from cooler heads.

That was the very sensational interruption that occurred almost immediately after the organ prelude at the Unitarian church, which gave the signal for the commencement of the morning service. A roughly-dressed man walked up the aisle with his hat on, and flourishing his revolver, commenced to shout. But the wildly disclaiming speaker was suddenly cut off. From the front of the church four men rushed toward him. They were John V. John, P. Irish, Sam Hall and David Bush. Each instinctively seized the flourishing arm and grappled for the pistol. Some of the audience watched the struggle, and a few others were attracted to the church door. The man was taken to jail, where he gave the name of Lewis Pastor. He said he was a laborer, homeless, and in need of assistance. Chief Lusk ordered him charged with carrying a concealed weapon and disturbing a religious meeting. The pistol was loaded in every chamber. City Physician Mayne examined Pastor and pronounced him insane.

GERMS KILLED BY "X" RAYS

Positive Announcement Made by Two Chicago Physicians.

Chicago, April 20.—Professor H. P. Pratt and Professor Hugh Hightman announced today that they had discovered that "X" rays, and typhoid are absolutely killed by the Roentgen rays. This statement is made without reserve. The decision was reached this evening, when the last of the germs which had been exposed to the rays failed to show signs of life. The experiment was made by placing a culture of typhoid in the midst of the best and most tempting imitation of human tissues. The decision was reached this evening, when the last of the germs which had been exposed to the rays failed to show signs of life. The experiment was made by placing a culture of typhoid in the midst of the best and most tempting imitation of human tissues.

Four new colonies of epidemic-broaders, labeled as cholera, tuberculosis, hog cholera and diphtheria, were taken to the laboratory of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Professor Pratt turned the rays into the group of bacilli. The magic agency was allowed to work two minutes. The two physicians are risking their professional reputation by the proposition that the four germs are absolutely killed by the Roentgen rays. They are certain of the effect of the Roentgen rays, and are confident concerning the other three.

Robbed by Servants.

London, April 20.—William Danlap, described as a valet, and William Turner, said to be footman, have been arrested here. They stated that they left the employ of a gentleman in New York recently, and that they had pocketed the police found diamonds valued at \$15,000, believed to have been stolen, and a search of the room occupied by the couple revealed bracelets, earrings, diamonds and other jewelry of great value. There is no doubt that these men robbed the house of Mrs. Burden, of New York, in December last, of jewelry to the value of about \$60,000. The officials of the United States embassy have cabled Secretary Olney to this effect, and have asked for extradition papers. Streeter, the Bond street jeweler, called at the United States embassy today in reference to the Burden jewels. He said the prisoners called on him last Wednesday, and he saw that many of the stones were missing. He had been told that the stones had been taken from the house, and he had been told that the stones had been taken from the house, and he had been told that the stones had been taken from the house.

The Pacific Cable.

Honolulu, April 21.—Colonel Spaulding's friends here are not pleased with the report of the senate committee of foreign relations on the cable bill. They take it for granted that the present congress is not disposed to aid the company of which Spaulding is the head. The Hawaiian government will hold Spaulding 18 months in which to launch his scheme; the option will not expire for nearly one year, and in the meantime the hands of this government can be entertained from any other company. If congress should refuse to grant a subsidy to the New Jersey company, this government is assured that Spaulding will assign his contract and option to any company that might be able to secure the desired aid. Cable supporters here would be glad to have the New York and New Jersey companies combine, if such a combination would insure the building of the cable.

Washington, April 22.—Ex-United States Consul Walter in Washington.

Washington, April 22.—Ex-United States Consul Walter in Washington. He is here today in connection with the department today in connection with Paul Bray, his stepson. He had a short interview with Assistant Secretary Ade and another with Chief Chifton, of the consulate bureau. He has gone to Baltimore to arrange for a course of lectures on Madagascar.

Montana Mining News.

The license law as passed by the late legislature of Montana has finally been declared constitutional by the supreme court.

The Montana Ore Purchasing Company has declared its usual dividend of \$1 per share. This dividend is at the rate of 48 per cent.

An accident occurred at the Alice mine last week that was a most miraculous, inasmuch that no one was injured. The ground beneath the machine shop suddenly dropped, leaving a hole about twelve feet deep and forty feet in diameter.

An assay office has been started up at McCreese under the supervision of M. D. Fleming, a well-known chemist of Butte. Mr. Fleming was in Butte this time checks and it will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

The Butte owners in the War Eagle Company at Rosland received word that at a meeting of directors at Spokane a dividend of five cents per share was declared on the 500,000 shares of stock of that company, making \$25,000.

Another dividend has been declared by the Boston & Montana Company at the main office in Boston of \$2.00 per share. This dividend is payable on May 20. This makes a total of \$4,025,000 up to date.

It is understood that the Montana road will be built and completed during the coming summer. It is said it will be completed to Castle by June 15. Beginning with April 1 the employees will be paid in cash instead of time checks and it will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible, reaching the famous mining camp of Castle not later than the 15th of June.

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THE PACIFIC STATES

INTERESTING NEWS NOTES FROM VARIOUS PLACES.

The Great Northwest Furnishes Some News of More Than General Interest—Development and Progress in All Industries—Oregon.

A number of valuable dogs have been poisoned in The Dalles recently, and the owners are after the poisoner, who has thus far escaped punishment.

At the close of the East Oregon presidency a resolution was adopted offering a vote of thanks to the people of La Grande for the hospitality extended to the visitors.

Mosier has a monstrosity in the shape of a calf with two mouths, one immediately underneath the other. The calf, to all appearances, is perfectly formed otherwise.

Sheriff Knight, of Marion county, has turned into the county treasury his fourth annual installment of taxes collected for the year 1895. The amount was \$3,188.53.

Crook county has three candidates for sheriff, L. W. Woods, who was defeated for nomination in the recent Democratic convention, having announced himself an independent candidate.

Mrs. Angeline Frazier, the wife of William Frazier, died at her home in Cove, Union county, April 4, 1896. Mrs. Frazier was one of the earliest pioneers of Eastern Oregon, and had been a resident of Union county for many years.

Mr. Perard, a sheepraiser of Esno, is preparing to drive his sheep to the Cascades. The animals have been shorn and the wool sold for 8 cents per pound. The clip realized six tons from 1,600, an average of eight pounds to the fleece.

Five crook county babies, Fred Smith, one Bailey at E. E. Miesner, met in Prineville recently and some enthusiastic friend took them down to the hay scales and tipped them at 825 pounds. Pretty good for a cow country, the review thinks.

The Republican, of Union, says it is now generally conceded that Kelsey Porter, who was convicted of murder in the first degree for killing Ben Macho on New Year's day, will escape the gallows. Porter was to have been hanged last week, but an appeal was taken and execution stayed.

For these years every person within the corporate limits of Florence who was liable to road tax has been in doubt as to whether he should work it out under the city marshal or the county supervisor appointed by the board of directors, and the uncertainty of the law has been perplexing this year as never before.

The owners of floating fishwheels near the falls, have had much trouble in the river, and are catching some fish, but so far the catch has been very light, owing, no doubt, to the low water. The fishwheels are still high and dry and are doing nothing, and will not until the water has risen ten or fifteen feet.

The Corvallis Times confirms the report of a new flouring mill for Monroe. Orders for \$600 worth of new machinery have been placed in Portland. The mill is to be located on the farm of E. Maude, one and a half miles north of Monroe. It is to be a roller process, with steam power, and the capacity to be fifty or sixty barrels per day. Work is to begin in about ten days.

The miners at the coal mine east of the mine at narrow escape last week. L. P. Maury, one of the miners, while working, hit what he supposed to be a tree knot, which on examination, proved to be two sticks of giant powder, both with cap and fuse. It seemed almost a wonder the charge did not explode, the cap being slightly indented from the blow of the pick—and a serious accident happen. It is thought that the charge was placed by the negroes, who previously worked the mine, and who neglected to remove it.

The Long Creek Eagle says that Hugh Arbuckle recently found the skeleton of a human being in an alkali lick on the middle fork of the John Day, near the mouth of Granite creek. While looking after some stock, Mr. Arbuckle was attracted to the lick by a peculiar formation caused by the incessant licking of the animals and the action of the elements for years past. What appeared to be a knee joint protruding above the surface, led "buckie" to vigorous efforts, and with the aid of a pick and shovel what proved to be the remains of a man were soon unearthed. Notwithstanding the fact that they must have lain for many years in this alkali formation, the bones were all well preserved.

There will be a one day teachers' institute in Whatcom, Saturday, May 2.

George Lee is planting fruit trees in sixty acres of land in the Kennewick valley.

The opening of the reservation has given quite an impulse to trade at Colville.

The directors of the Tekoa schools have teachers who now constitute the educational staff in that city.

A burglar succeeded in making off with \$280, taken from the house of Charles Gustavson, a floor and feed dealer of Anburn.

Six families of Hollanders were located in the Yakima valley last week. Another party of these people is expected there in July.

Seattle now has a law library association. Nearly all of the attorneys over 300—have subscribed and promised hearty support.

Judge Fritchard of Pierce county, holds that a chattel mortgage in Washington is a mere lien upon the chattels, and does not affect the ownership of the goods mortgaged.

An effort is being made to reorganize the Centralia Water Works Company, so as to fund the present indebtedness and secure money to extend the plant and build a power-house.

John Cleman last week moved 10,000 head of sheep from the Columbia river bottoms to his ranch in the

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS

ROUTINE WORK OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH SESSION.

Substance of the Bills and Resolutions Introduced in the Senate and House—Condensed Record of the Doings of the National Lawmakers—Senate.

Washington, April 18.—The resolution for an investigation of the recent bond issues was taken up in the senate today and Hill made a sensational and dramatic speech in opposition. The New York senator defended the Secretary of the Interior, and his administration, and treasury against loose insinuations of irregularities, and showed the prevalence of charges of this character by presenting and reading in full the charges made by Senator Chandler against the Secretary of the Interior. A great deal of money was being made on private industries in behalf of McKinley's candidacy for the presidency. As a further evidence of the prevalence of the charges, Hill spoke of the senatorial investigation, where, he said, one senator referring to the Secretary of the Interior admitted that he had bought sugar stock and had a right to buy it, and today that senator was the favorite son of the leading republican state as a candidate for the presidency.

Washington, April 18.—To avoid a struggle for precedence, the senate, on motion of Cannon, took up the resolution directing the secretary of the interior to open the Uncompahgre reservation without further delay, the understanding being that the bond investigation resolution should come up at 2 o'clock as unfinished business. After Brown had spoken for the resolution he sought to secure a vote. Gorman asked that action be deferred owing to the absence of Vilas, who desired to be heard. Aldrich said it must be clear that there was "something behind" these efforts at delay, and this persistence in putting off the vote. Gorman responded that it was the first intimation coming from the distinguished senator on the other side of the chamber that delays in public business were occurring.

Washington, April 22.—With the romancer standing at 80 degrees, less than 20 degrees below the floor, when the president pro tem, Frye, called the hour house to order. During the morning hour the joint resolution for the appointment of General Franklin Representative Steele, General Bondron and General B. E. as members of the board of managers of the National Soldiers' Home, was adopted without debate. Cannon introduced a bill for the construction, near Washington, of a ground map of the United States on the scale of one inch to a mile. Mitchell of Oregon gave notice that he would introduce a bill to take up the bill pensioning veterans of the Indian wars. Allsen followed with a report of the sundry civil appropriation bill and he would seek to take it up at the earliest day.

Idaho Mining Notes.

The Duddy mine, at Murray, is said to have produced 200,000 tons of ore during the year 1895.

A preliminary estimate places the output of concentrates from the Coeur d'Alene mills at 10,000 tons per month.

The building of boats in Lewiston is assuming considerable importance. Several boats are being constructed at that point.

F. A. Bauer of Elk City writes advising men and prospectors, who contemplate going into that country, to wait a few weeks longer, as there is considerable snow, which will interfere with prospecting and inspection of properties.

Considerable prospecting is being done in the hills between Wallace and Murray, and quite a number of the claims have a good showing of ore, says the Wallace News. It is strange that old prospectors should find any satisfaction in leaving Idaho for British Columbia to hunt for new mines, when there is such a good field here. There is plenty of undeveloped ground in this section and there is no reason why it should not be opened up.

The Standard Mining Company have completed their new dam on the Canyon creek. It is a very substantial piece of work. Lumber is expected about the end of the present week, and when it arrives work will be resumed on the flume and pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

The electric plant previously mentioned, to be used for the tramway at the Standard mine, will transmit power a distance of about six miles, and it will undoubtedly be one of the most complete in the Coeur d'Alene.

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