

FASHION STABLES



CHRISMAN & BANGS, Props.
GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS
TRANSACTION
COTTAGE GROVE, BOHEMIA
STAGE LINE Carrying Passengers
and U. S. Mail

ARE YOU DEAF? ANY HEAD NOISES?



ALL CASES OF
DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING
ARE NOW CURABLE
by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.
HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.
F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:
Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.
About five years ago my right ear began to ring, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.
I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.
I then saw your advertisement, accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and a few days after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain Very truly yours,
F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.
Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.
Examination and advice free. YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME at a nominal cost.
INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

EAST AND SOUTH
—VIA—
The Shasta Route
—OF THE—
SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

Trains leave COTTAGE GROVE for Portland and way stations at 2:14 a.m. 12:55 p.m.

Lv Portland	8:30 a.m.	8:30 p.m.
Lv Cottage Grove	2:57 p.m.	2:06 p.m.
Ar Ashland	12:55 a.m.	12:35 p.m.
Ar Sacramento	6:00 p.m.	4:35 a.m.
Ar San Francisco	7:55 p.m.	8:55 a.m.

Pullman and Tourist Cars
on both trains. CHAIR CARS, Sacramento to Ogden and El Paso and
Tourist Cars
to Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans
and Washington.
Connecting at San Francisco, with several
Steamship lines for Honolulu, Japan, China,
Philippines, Central and South America.
At Albany and Corvallis connection is made
with C & E Ry. trains.
Independence Passenger daily, except Sunday.
1:30 A. M. Lv. Portland. 5:50 P. M.
10:30 A. M. Ar. McMinnville. 3:06 P. M.
11:45 A. M. Ar. Independence. 12:05 P. M.
11:45 A. M. Ar. Corvallis. 1:20 P. M.
See Agent Mr. D. T. Awbrey at Cottage Grove
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W. E. COMAN,
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PORTLAND, - OREGON.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the
digestants and digests all kinds of
food. It gives instant relief and never
fails to cure. It allows you to eat all
the food you want. The most sensitive
stomachs can take it. By its use many
thousands of dyspeptics have been
cured after everything else failed. It
prevents formation of gas on the stom-
ach, relieving all distress after eating.
Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.
It can't help but do you good
Prepared only by E. C. De Witt & Co., Chicago.
The 31. bottle contains 2 1/2 times the 50c. size.
E. C. De Witt
This signature is on every box of the genuine
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in one day
For Over Sixty Years.

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY.—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by Druggists in every part of the World. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

RESUME OF THE YEAR
1902'S RECORD OF PROSPERITY
AND DISASTER.

There Have Been Volcanic Eruptions, Wars, Conflagration and Explosions—Large Death Lists—And Still Times Have Been Good.

Though most of the civilized world has enjoyed a continuance of the reign of mutual prosperity which began in 1901, it is undeniable that the year 1902 has made a woful record in the way of disaster and destruction of human life. The eruption of Mount Hee, Martinique, May 8, may be given pre-eminence as the most disastrous occurrence of several decades, and its destructive work was supplemented by many costly conflagrations, especially during the early months of the year, and a number of deadly explosions.

Many noted persons have passed into the beyond since Jan. 1, 1902, among them being Cecil Rhodes, Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, Gen. Wade Hampton, Frank R. Stockton, J. Sterling Morton, Sol Smith Russell, Bret Harte, Rear Admiral William T. Sampson, Lord Paunceforte, Gen. Franz Sigel, Edward Eggleston, Justice Horace Gray, Marie Henriette, Queen of Belgium; Emile Zola, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Herr Knapp, Thomas B. Reed and Mrs. U. S. Grant.

- Events of the Year.
- JANUARY.
1. Thomas Estrada Palma elected President of Cuba. President Roosevelt holds brilliant reception.
 2. Passenger steamer Walla sunk off Cape Mendocino by unknown bark; 27 lives lost.
 3. White House ball on occasion of Miss Alice Roosevelt's debut.
 4. Nineteen men lost in marine collision off Aveiro, Portugal.
 5. Congress reassembles.
 6. Seventeen men killed by cave-in in mine at Negaunee, Mich.
 7. Tunnel accident to New York Central train in New York City causes 15 deaths.
 8. Failure of Euclid Avenue Trust and Savings Co. of Cleveland.
 9. Seven lives lost in fire in Buffalo, N. Y.
 10. Second failure of George H. Phillips, formerly called the Chicago "corn king."
 11. J. B. Foraker elected Senator from Ohio.
 12. Arthur P. Gorman from Maryland and J. B. McCreary from Kentucky.
 13. A. B. Cummins inaugurated Governor of Iowa. Earthquake kills 300 people at Chilpancingo, Mexico.
 14. Death of Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, English political leader.
 15. Four buildings collapse in Detroit's business center.
 16. Columbian insurgents win battle in Panama harbor. Death of Camilla Urso, violinist.
 17. Treaty ceding Danish West Indies to United States signed. Dust explosion kills 29 miners at Lost Creek, Iowa.
 18. Peace proposals made to England in Boers' behalf by Holland.
 19. Ten lives lost in tenement house fire in Boston.

- FEBRUARY.
1. Dust explosion in Hondo, Mexico, mines; 87 men die.
 2. \$2,500,000 fire in Waterbury, Conn. Gale on Atlantic coast does considerable damage.
 3. Keeley liquor cure plant at Dwight, Ill., burns. Six firemen killed by falling walls in St. Louis.
 4. \$100,000 fire in Paterson, N. J.
 5. Smaller fires in Jersey City, Brooklyn and Chicago. Eleven lives lost in lodging house fire in St. Louis.
 6. Twelve manufacturing plants burned at Springfield, O.
 7. Death of Marquês of Dufferin.
 8. House passes war tax reduction bill.
 9. Miss Ellen Stone's ransom paid to Bulgarian brigands.
 10. President Roosevelt's decision on Schley appeal given out.
 11. Revolutionary riots in Barcelona, Spain.
 12. Park Avenue Hotel and 71st Regiment Armory in New York burned; \$1,000,000 loss and 50 lives destroyed. Senators Tillman and McLauren of South Carolina fight in Senate.
 13. Miss Ellen Stone released by Bulgarian bandits.
 14. Philippine bill passed by Senate.
 15. McKinley memorial services in Congress.
 16. Fourteen miners killed by snowslide at Telluride, Col.

- MARCH.
1. Prince Henry of Prussia visits Chicago and other western cities.
 2. Wreck on Southern Pacific railway in Texas; 15 persons killed and 30 injured. Gen. Methuen captured by Boers.
 3. Secretary of Treasury Long resigns; W. L. Moody of Massachusetts appointed his successor.
 4. Death of Former Governor John P. Alford of Indiana. Packet overturned in Mississippi River and 22 persons drowned.
 5. Boers release Gen. Methuen.
 6. Strike of Boston teamsters ends.
 7. Severe blizzard over Canadian Northwest, the Dakotas and Lake States.
 8. Ship subsidy bill passes Senate.
 9. Hooker docks burn, with large vessels; less, \$1,000,000 and two lives.
 10. Neely, Rathbone and Reeves convicted of postal frauds at Havana.
 11. Order issued for evacuation of Cuba May 20.
 12. Death of Cecil Rhodes.
 13. 29-30. Storm and flood cause damage East and South.
 14. Mine explosion at Dayton, Tenn., kills 21 men.

- APRIL.
1. Death of Thos. Duan English.
 2. \$1,000,000 fire at Atlantic City, N. J.
 3. Many persons killed and injured by falling grandstand at Glasgow, Scotland.
 4. Boers accept terms of peace. Death of Gen. Wade Hampton.
 5. Death of Rev. T. De Witt Talmage.
 6. Russian Minister of the Interior, M. Sipiagin, slain by student.
 7. House passes Cuban reciprocity bill.
 8. Great ocean steamship lines merged.
 9. Sixty lives lost in burning of steamer City of Pittsburgh on Ohio River. Frank R. Stockton, novelist, dies.
 10. Severe windstorm in Missouri Valley.
 11. Death of ex-Secretary of Agriculture J. Sterling Morton.
 12. Death of Sol Smith Russell.

- MAY.
1. Tornado destroyed over 400 lives around Dacca, British India. Wm. H. Moody becomes Secretary of Navy.
 2. Death of Potter Palmer of Chicago.
 3. Death of Archbishop Corrigan. Bret Harte dies in London.
 4. Death of Rear-Admiral William T. Sampson.
 5. Town of St. Pierre, Martinique, destroyed by volcano. Paul Leicester Ford, author, slain by brother, Malcolm Ford, who then kills himself.
 6. Strike ordered in anthracite coal region.
 7. Death of Lieutenant Governor Stone of Wisconsin.
 8. Maria Christina resigns regency of Spain. Twenty-five persons killed by oil explosion near Pittsburgh.
 9. Alfonso XIII crowned king of Spain.
 10. Hurricane devastated Texas Gulf coast, blotting out town of Galveston.
 11. Explosion in coal mine at Coal Creek, Tenn., kills 154 miners.

20. Cuba becomes an independent nation. Waterspout at Cincinnati and suburbs kills six persons and destroys property valued at \$200,000.
 21. Decorah, Iowa, overwhelmed by cloudburst.
 22. Explosion in mine at Fernie, B. C., kills 109 miners.
 23. Death of British Ambassador, Lord Paunceforte.
 24. Boer leaders sign article of surrender. Retalbulen, Guatemala, overwhelmed by volcano, 1,000 lives lost.
- JUNE.
1. Teamsters' strike causes riots in Chicago. Death of Rev. Dr. J. H. Barrows at Oberlin, O.
 2. Strike riots in Chicago.
 3. Teamsters' strike in Chicago settled.
 4. Street car riots in Providence, R. I.
 5. Tornado and cloudbursts in Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Illinois, South Dakota.
 6. St. Luke's Sanitarium in Chicago burns, 10 lives being lost.
 7. Tornado causes damage and death in Illinois, Iowa and Minnesota.
 8. President sends to Congress special message on Cuban reciprocity.
 9. Senate passes Panama canal bill. Death of King Albert of Saxony.
 10. Wyeth wins American Derby in Chicago. Town Marshal of Jefferson, Iowa, killed by half-witted man, who is then slain by mob.
 11. \$500,000 fire in Portland, Ore.
 12. St. James Hotel collapses at Dallas, Texas.
 13. King Edward VII submits to operation for peritphilitis. Coronation is postponed.
 14. Senator Bailey of Texas makes violent attack on Senator Beveridge of Indiana in Senate.

- JULY.
1. Adjournment of Congress.
 2. President issues peace and amnesty proclamation for Philippines. Rock Island and fast train held up near Dupont, Ill.
 3. Trolley wreck near Gloversville, N. Y., kills 15 persons.
 4. Swift's market in Chicago stockyards burned.
 5. 9,000 Chicago freight handlers strike.
 6. Storms and floods in Iowa and the West.
 7. Explosion in mine at Johnstown, Pa., kills 125 miners.
 8. Lord Salisbury resigns as premier of England; succeeded by Mr. Arthur Balfour.
 9. Death of Archbishop Feehan of Chicago.
 10. Sir Liang Cheng appointed Chinese Minister to United States to succeed Mr. Wu.
 11. Express train held up and robbed near Marshall's Pass, Colorado.
 12. Cyclone destroys Emerald and Thompson, N. D., and Borup, Minn.
 13. End of freight handlers' strike in Chicago. Fifty killed in mine explosion at Park City, Utah. General Jacob H. Smith retired with censure.
 14. Murder of Minnie Mitchell in Chicago.
 15. Earthquake in Santa Barbara County, Cal.

- AUGUST.
1. Burlington express train robbed near Savannah, Ill.
 2. Train wreck near Collins, Iowa, kills 13 people.
 3. Coronation of King Edward of England. Body of Mrs. Ann Bartholin found in Chicago.
 4. Death of Senator McMillan of Michigan. Seven persons burned to death in hotel near San Antonio, Texas.
 5. Culiacan, Mexico, swept by tidal wave. \$28,000 express robbery at Fordville, Ky.
 6. Autumn naval maneuvers begin off Massachusetts coast.
 7. Death of General Franz Sigel.
 8. President Roosevelt on trip through New England.
 9. Earthquakes in East Turkestan kill 1,000 persons.
 10. Death of ex-Governor George Hoadley of Ohio.
 11. Seizure of Mont Pelée destroys Morne Rouge, with 200 lives.

- SEPTEMBER.
1. Thirty killed and 70 wounded in train wreck near Berry, Ala.
 2. President Roosevelt hurt in trolley accident near Pittsfield, Mass. Death of Edward Eggleston, novelist. Third great eruption of Mount Pelée, Martinique.
 3. Body of Wm. J. Bartholin found near Lowther, Iowa.
 4. Haytian gunboat Crete-a-Pierrot sunk by German gunboat Panther.
 5. Battleship Wisconsin and cruiser Cincinnati ordered to Panama.
 6. Great fire in Beaumont, Texas, oil fields. Killing frost in Northwest. Mrs. Senator Stewart of Nevada killed in automobile accident.
 7. Death of ex-Supreme Court Justice Horace Gray.
 8. Peary Arctic expedition returns.
 9. Panle in negro Baptist convention at Birmingham, Ala., causes death of 50 persons and injury of 100. Death of Marie Henriette, queen of the Belgians.
 10. Operation for abscess on President Roosevelt's leg at Indianapolis.
 11. Four hundred persons killed by cyclone and waterspout in Eastern Sicily.
 12. Second operation on President Roosevelt's leg. Tidal wave on coast of Japan.
 13. Death of Emile Zola.

- OCTOBER.
1. Conference of coal operators and miners at White House in Washington.
 2. Greco-Turkish war. China.
 3. Governor Stone of Pennsylvania orders State Militia to coal fields.
 4. Burlington train held up near Lincoln, Neb.
 5. Street railway strike in New Orleans ends.
 6. Coal operators ask President to end strike.
 7. President appoints commission to arbitrate coal strike.
 8. Anthracite workers vote to accept arbitration.
 9. Work in anthracite coal mines resumed.
 10. Earthquakes in Italy.
 11. Death of Elizabeth Cady Stanton.
 12. "Mitchell" day in anthracite regions.

- NOVEMBER.
1. St. Pierre, Miquelon, destroyed by fire.
 2. General election. Fire works explosion in New York kills 12 persons and injures 80.
 3. Fire does great damage on new East River bridge in New York.
 4. Roland Mollineux acquitted in New York.
 5. Armour & Co.'s packing plant in Sioux City burns. Death of G. A. Henty.
 6. Suicide of James Younger.
 7. James Moore, colored, hanged by mob near Louisville, Ind.
 8. Rock Island train held up by express robbers at Davenport, Iowa.
 9. Death of Friedrich Krupp, German gunmaker. Big ore dock at Ashland, Wis., burns.
 10. Death of Sep. Winner, composer.
 11. Death of Colonel Thos. P. Oehlirre.
 12. Fourteen killed by boiler explosion in Chicago stockyards. Several vessels and 29 lives lost in gale on Great Lakes.

- DECEMBER.
1. Congress convenes for short session.
 2. Fourteen lives lost in fire in Lincoln Hotel, Chicago. Naval maneuvers in Caribbean Sea begin.
 3. Cleveland's great water tunnel completed.
 4. Death of Thomas B. Reed in Washington. Cartoonist Thomas Nast dies at Guayaquil, Ecuador.
 5. Great Nile dam at Assouan opened.
 6. German and English fleets seize Venezuelan warship in harbor of La Guaira.
 7. President Castro of Venezuela issues appeal to arms. Cuban Reciprocity Treaty signed in Havana.
 8. \$1,000,000 fire in steel plant at Canal Dover, Ohio. English and German warships reduce defenses of Puerto Cabello, Venezuela.
 9. Death of Mrs. U. S. Grant.
 10. 1,000 killed by earthquake at Andijan, Asiatic Russia.
 11. Venezuela asks for arbitration.

PETS OF LITTLE ROYALTIES.

How Little Princes and Princesses Amuse Themselves.

The oldest and wisest among us may learn at least one lesson from "the unsullied page of childhood" and that is an unvarying kindness toward dumb animals. As regards dogs, children are, perhaps, their best friends. The relations between them are on a different plane to that established by "grown ups." In the one case they are "chums;" in the other, they always remain master and dog. A stroll in any slum will generally reveal the picture of some poor wail sitting in a doorway nursing an outcast dog as miserable and draggled as himself. He is no less kind to his four-footed derelict than is the better-circumstanced child to the pampered dachshund or "chow" that wears sandals in winter and gem-studded collars all the year round.

Although the dog is the favorite pet with children of highly placed parents, it by no means enjoys a monopoly. The Princess Victoria Louise and Prince Joachim, the younger children of the German Emperor, had, like Mary of the nursery rhyme, a little lamb. That lamb, however, in the natural course of growth, developed into a more commonplace sheep and great was the tribulation in the imperial nursery, when the fat went forth that it was time the no longer fluffy little pet was converted into schops-fleish.

Another son of the kaiser goes in for more manly pets. He has a pony and an English terrier. The latter he has taught a variety of tricks, which are frequently performed in a corner at Potsdam, with only the young master and pony as audience. The pony has conceived a great jealousy of the canine interloper from England, and there is a story that on one occasion he deliberately interfered by means of his hind hoofs with one item of the rival's acrobatic performance.

The children of the czar have a donkey each, which they delight to ride about the grounds of the palace of Peterhof. A juvenile "Derby" is arranged occasionally, the lady jockeys riding their not always willing "mounts" to a more or less close "finish."

Prince Edward of York, the prince of Wales' little son, has a collection of toys that would delight the heart of any child. At one time his father never returned from an out-of-town visit without bringing back some addition to the stock of playthings.

Prince Edward, however, appears to manifest greater interest in living pets than in these inanimate objects. Midget in earlier days was his favorite pony, and Rover his pet terrier. At Sandringham he is never so happy as when astride of his pony, which he sits with an aplomb worthy of an older equestrian. He has a predilection for military make-believe. Before the termination of the war he asked a visitor to act the part of Dewet, while he assumed the character of Lord Kitchener.

"But," said the boy prince, "you will have to run very fast, for Dewet is a very difficult person to catch."

Mounted on his pony Prince Edward likes to "review" imaginary armies, which, numerically speaking, are not very formidable, as they are generally represented by only his brother and sister.

No doubt he would like to emulate the youthful king of Spain, who when younger, commanded a boyish regiment numbering 450, drawn from children of San Sebastian. These juvenile marriars wore especial uniforms and marched with the king at their head to the strains of martial music. The liking for mimic warfare which Alfonso so early displayed afforded keen satisfaction to the Spaniards.

The German Emperor appears to be desirous of making his sons good sailors. On the lakes of Potsdam are large models of sailing ships and men-of-war, on which the younger sons spend several hours each week. Blue-jackets are in attendance to instruct the youths in maneuvering the vessels and discharging miniature quick-firers.

All the Emperor's sons swim and dive well, says the London Daily Mail. One day a canoe was introduced at Potsdam. The empress regarded it as a dangerous kind of toy for the children.

"But the Emperor has given his consent," pleaded the maker.

"Perhaps so," was the reply. "He may be Emperor of Germany, but I am emperor of the nursery." So the canoe went back.

Well Educated.

News Editor.—What makes you think the new reporter is a college graduate?

Proofreader.—Because you never find any foreign phrases or big words in what he writes.—Somerville Journal.

It is easy to prove that the gun isn't loaded immediately after the accident.

If a man is satisfied with himself he is usually disappointed in other people.