

Cottage Grove Leader.

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COTTAGE GROVE, OREGON.

WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenings of the Past Week in Brief and Comprehensive Form.

M. Combe, the French premier, is to resign.

Rosland, B. C., has been visited by a \$75,000 fire.

Third district California Republicans have renominated Coombs for congress.

King Edward has gone on a cruise to Scotland. The time of his return is indefinite.

Parcels post arrangements have been concluded between this country and England.

John C. Bullitt, a prominent Philadelphia attorney, closely identified with public affairs, is dead.

Great veins of rich iron ore are reported to have been discovered at Vadsø, in the province of Tromsøe, Norway.

Experiments in wireless telephoning have been successfully carried on between Sassnitz and Kolberg, Germany, a distance of 105 miles.

The funeral of General Franz Sigel was held in New York Sunday. For three hours the body lay in state, and fully 10,000 people filed past and viewed the remains.

The Ohio legislature has convened in special session to enact laws to provide for the government of municipalities and to restore lost jurisdiction to the supreme court, these matters having been rendered chaotic by the action of that court during the early summer.

An edict has been issued in China ordering that the murder of an English missionary named Lewis and an Australian missionary named Bruce, be punished. The government expresses great regret at the occurrences and promises to make reparation.

Practically all the coronation visitors have left London.

Insurgents are reported to be still making progress in Colombia.

The American Can company will erect a great plant in Portland.

Professor Jenks, the special commissioner, says our trade standing in the Orient is excellent.

The rumor that Archbishop Ireland will be made a cardinal in the near future has been revived.

Five gubernatorial candidates are striving for favor of the Republican state convention of California.

The sultan has issued an imperial order commanding that the demands made by the United States be conceded.

In the naval maneuvers off the Massachusetts coast the attacking squadron was "destroyed" by the defending fleet.

Charles L. Fay has been arrested at Portland and taken to Wisconsin, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses.

Chicago messenger boys are on a strike.

A thousand more Boer prisoners have just sailed from St. Helena to South Africa.

E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific road, is to be elected president of the Wells Fargo Express company.

Reports from Simla, British India, state that the plague mortality in that country is increasing at the rate of 1,000 weekly.

The Staakburger Zeitung says General Von Gossler, Prussian minister of war, has resigned his post. He was appointed in 1896.

Nine men were killed at Wilmington, Del., by a pulp mill explosion.

The anthracite coal mine operators declare they will not give in or make any concessions.

Five non-union workmen were shot from ambush at Scranton, Pa. No one was fatally hurt.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, in a speech at Morrisville, Vt., alleged that he was not opposed to tariff revision in moderation.

Judge Jackson of Parkersburg, W. Va., has released John I. Gehr of Colorado, the last of the miners serving sentences for contempt of court.

Japan will not claim the Midway islands, but will turn them over to the United States. She disclaims any interest further than the protection of Japanese inhabitants.

Vancouver, B. C., is having a sugar war, the beet sugar people of Germany having put sugar on the market in competition with the local refinery, and cut the price nearly half a cent.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria has just celebrated his 72d birthday.

BEEF TO BE CHEAPER.

Banner Corn Crop of Country Will Lower Prices, Wilson Thinks.

Washington, Aug. 27.—"If no damaging frost occurs during the next 30 days," said Secretary Wilson of the agricultural department, "there will be the greatest corn crop harvested this country ever saw. With this crop matured within the next month, and feeding to begin about the first of September, I feel confident that within three months you will see some reduction in the price of beef." Secretary Wilson explains that the loss of Australian mutton has increased the demand for American beef, and that the Americans themselves are becoming the greatest beef eaters in the world. He adds: "Despite this increased consumption and foreign demand, I still believe that our large corn crop turned into beef will bring down the price of that article of food."

VISIT PORTLAND NEXT FALL.

Preparations Now Under Way for Presidential Trip to the Coast.

San Francisco, Aug. 27.—United States Senator A. G. Foster, of Washington, who is in this city, is authority for the statement that President Roosevelt and family will visit the Coast next fall, and will remain in San Francisco for at least three days. Senator Foster is here on his way to Honolulu, where he will meet other members of a committee appointed to look into affairs of the crown lands. He expects the arrival of Senator Mitchell today.

In speaking of the intended visit of the president to San Francisco and the coast in general, Senator Foster stated that affairs are at present being arranged for the proposed trip. The president will visit, during his tour, all cities by the way of Washington and Montana, and will return via the Union Pacific.

Hunt Bear in North Carolina.

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 27.—When President Roosevelt visits Asheville in September he will be given a bear hunt in the mountains under the leadership of "Big Tom" Wilson, who is said to be the champion bear hunter of the state.

OUR ARMY BEST IN THE WORLD.

Lord Wolseley, of England, Compliments American Boys in Blue.

London, Aug. 27.—Replying to a correspondent who asks Field Marshal Lord Wolseley if the report was correct that he had described "the American army as the best in the world," the Field Marshal writes that he believes the quotation accurately describes that army.

Trying to Quit the Trust.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 27.—A committee of lead mine owners has been appointed to investigate the practicability of erecting independent smelters at Spokane and Denver. It is said the Western lead miners have been unable to get fair dealing from the lead trust, and now propose to manufacture their own product and market it. The men in the new deal produce 45 per cent of the lead mined in the United States. The Spokane smelter would use ores from Republic and the Coner d'Alenes.

Will Name Archbishops.

Rome, Aug. 27.—Cardinal Gotti, the new prefect of the propaganda, has convoked the congregation of the propaganda for Sept. 1, when among other business to come up will be the appointment of a coadjutor with the right of succession to the Archbishop of San Francisco, and the nomination of an Archbishop of New York.

The Molineux Case Again.

New York, Aug. 27.—General Edward Molineux, father of young Molineux, who was convicted of the murder of Mrs. Kate Adams, says he has absolute proof of the innocence of his son. The general declines to say what his detective work to save his son from the gallows has brought forth.

Successor to Cambon.

Paris, Aug. 25.—The correspondent of the Associated Press was informed at the foreign office that the successor of Jules Cambon as French ambassador at Washington has not yet been appointed, but that M. Jusserand, the French minister at Copenhagen, has been selected for the place.

Pelee in Action Again.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, Aug. 25.—Officers of the steamer Dahome, which has just arrived here, report a severe eruption of Mount Pelee at noon Friday. The eruption was followed by total darkness five miles away from the volcano. It was 20 minutes before it again became light.

To Kill Abdul Hamid.

Vienna, Aug. 25.—A newspaper published in Bucharest, Roumania, alleges it has learned that M. Savaroff, ex-leader of the Macedonian revolutionary committee, has organized another committee, the object of which is to effect the assassination of the sultan of Turkey.

NEWS OF OREGON

Items of Interest Gathered from All Parts of the State.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL DOINGS

A Brief Review of Improvements, Growth and Development Along All Lines Throughout Our State.

Andrew White, charged with the killing of eter Beauchene at Portland, has been arrested at Vancouver.

Several heavy shipments of sheep are being sent from the vicinity of Baker City to California for the winter.

A tract of land comprising 60,000 acres in Benton and Lincoln counties has been purchased by an Eastern syndicate. The price paid is not known.

The supreme court has decided that the State of Oregon has no right to the water it is using at the penitentiary, so that different arrangements will be necessary.

State Senator John L. Rand, of Baker City, will make an effort to have a bill passed at the next session of the Oregon legislature giving Baker county a separate judicial district.

A contract has been let at Baker City for 1,000,000 feet of lumber by the Oregon Electric Power company. The lumber is to be used in constructing a flume and power plant on Eagle creek.

Charles S. Wilkinson, who was arrested at Ashland two weeks ago for stealing horses in Minnesota, has been taken back to that state by Deputy Sheriff C. F. Hurst, of Polk county, Minn.

The Iowa Lumber company, which has purchased 1,500 acres of pine timber land near Medford, is making preparations to put in a large mill and box factory at that place. The first carload of machinery has already arrived.

Negotiations are pending between the Portland City Railway company and the City and Suburban Railway company with a view of the purchase of the latter by the former, and the consolidation of both systems under one head.

Near Huntington, Malheur county, a ledge of gold-bearing ore has been discovered that assays as high as \$2,000 per ton. The ledge averages about eight feet in width and croppings have been traced on both sides of the mountain on which the find is located.

The Willamette Valley Land Co. has shipped a large box of grasses, grains and fruits to be exhibited at the Nebraska state fair.

A decision of considerable interest has been received at the United States land office at Oregon City in the case of George L. Derrick against Arthur T. Merwin, involving a tract in section 3, township 9 south, range 8 west. The decision knocks out both parties on the ground that the entry conflicts with the Corvallis & Yaquina Bay wagon road grant.

The Rev. J. J. Walter, formerly Methodist bishop of Alaska and recently in the service of the leading Methodist church at Spokane, has been appointed colonization agent of the Great Central railroad, projected between Coos Bay and Salt Lake City. He will at once enter upon his duties, which are to arrange the settlement of colonies along the projected line.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 60@61c; bluestem, 62@63c; valley, 63@64c.

Barley—Feed, \$19.00 per ton.

Flour—Best grades, \$3.05@3.60 per barrel; graham, \$2.95@3.20.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$16@17 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$18; chop, \$17.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.00@1.05; gray, 95c@1.00.

Hay—Timothy, \$11@12; clover, \$7.50@10; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 60@70c per cental; ordinary, 50@75c per cental, growers prices; sweets, \$2.00 per cental; new potatoes, 50@60c for Oregon; \$1.00 for California.

Butter—Creamery, 22½@25c; dairy 16@18½c; store, 12½@15c.

Eggs—19@20c for Oregon. Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12½@13c; Young America, 13½@14½c; factory prices, 1@1¼c less.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@4.50; hens, \$4.00@5.50 per dozen, 11@11½c per pound; springs, 11@11½c per pound, \$2.50@4.00 per dozen; ducks, \$2.50@3.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13@14c, dressed, 15@16c per pound; geese, \$4.00@6.00 per dozen.

Mutton—Gross, 2½@3c per pound; dressed, 6c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, 6½c; dressed, 7@7½c per pound.

Veal—7@8c per pound.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3@3½c; steers, 3½@4½c; dressed, 7@8c per pound.

Hops—16@17c; new crop 17@18c.

Wool—Valley, 12½@15; Eastern Oregon, 8@14½c; mohair, 25@26c pound.

TRUST QUESTION UP.

Hot-Tempered Debate in Trans-Mississippi Congress at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Aug. 23.—The trust question was openly precipitated in the Trans-Mississippi congress at the morning session, when William Henry Eustis of Minneapolis, moved that the address of F. B. Thurber be expunged from the records. Eustis charged Thurber with coming here as an agent of the meat trust, and that his address was an effort to get the trust's side of the case before the public at the expense of the congress, seemingly with its endorsement. The question was hotly debated for an hour. Thurber was sharply criticised both for his present action and for his connection with the senate sugar scandal. Finally the whole matter of trusts was left to the resolutions committee.

Seattle gets the next meeting of the congress.

KEEP TRUSTS IN CHECK

Roosevelt Thinks Publicity Would Help Desired End.

Providence, R. I., Aug. 26.—President Roosevelt spoke here to an immense throng. His principal topic was the trusts. Among other things he said:

There is in our country a peculiar difficulty in the way of exercising such supervision and control, because of the peculiar division of governmental power. When the industrial conditions were simple, very little control was needed and no trouble was caused by the doubt as to where power was lodged under the constitution. New conditions are complicated, and we find it difficult to frame national legislation which shall be adequate, while as a matter of practical experience state action has proved entirely insufficient, and in all human probability cannot or will not be made sufficient to meet the needs of the case. I believe that the nation must assume this power of control by legislation, and if it becomes evident that the constitution will not permit needed legislation, then by constitutional amendment.

The immediate need in dealing with trusts is to place them under the real, not nominal control of some sovereign, to which, as its creature, the trusts shall owe allegiance, and in whose courts the sovereign's orders may with certainty be enforced. In my judgment this sovereign must be the national government. When it has been given full power, then this full power can be used to control any evil influence, exactly as the government is now using the full power conferred upon it under the Sherman anti-trust law. Even when the full power has been conferred, it would be highly undesirable to attempt too much, or to begin by stringent legislation. The mechanism of the modern business is as delicate and complicated as it is vast, and nothing would be more productive of evil to all of us, and especially to those least well off in this world's goods, than ignorant meddling with this mechanism, and above all if the meddling was done in a spirit of sectional or class rancor.

It is desirable that this power should be possessed by the nation, but it is quite as desirable that the power should be exercised with moderation and self-restraint. The first exercise of that power should be the securing of publicity among all the great corporations doing an interstate business. The publicity, though non-inquisitorial, should be real and thorough as to all important facts with which the public has concern. The full light of day is a great discourager of evil. Such publicity would by itself tend to correct the evils of which there is just complaint, and where the alleged evils are imaginary it would tend to show that such is the case.

When publicity is attained it would then be possible to see what further should be done in the way of regulation. Above all, it behooves us to remember not only that we ought to try to do what we can, but that our success in doing it depends very much upon our neither attempting nor executing the impossible.

Death of Kang Yu Wei Ordered.

London, Aug. 23.—"From quite a trustworthy authority," cables the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, "I learn that the Dowager Empress has sent secret instructions to Wang Chi Chua, the new governor of Kwang Si province, to use every endeavor to compass the death of the reformer, Kang Yu Wei." Continuing, the correspondent says an official telegram from Hankow reports anti-Christian rioting at Chen Chou, and refers to an unconfirmed report that two inland missionaries have been killed.

Automobilists Nearly Lynched.

Berlin, Aug. 23.—Several Belgian automobilists, including a count, while automobiling in the Rhine province, killed an old man and two children. The populace became so enraged they attacked the party, determined to lynch them. The tourists were rescued with difficulty by the police.

TO END STRIKE

President Will Be Asked to Call a Special Session.

NO POSSIBLE HOPE FOR ARBITRATION

Representatives of Over 250,000 Striking Workmen Take the Lead—Other Labor Unions Will Assist.

New York, Aug. 26.—President Roosevelt will be asked to call a special session of congress to take action to end the coal strike. This was decided at a meeting of the Central Federated Union, representing 250,000 workmen.

A mass meeting under the auspices of labor unions of New York city and vicinity will be held, at which resolutions will be adopted urging President Roosevelt to convene congress immediately and decide upon plans which will bring the strike to a speedy termination.

HANNA IS DISCOURAGED.

Believes Coal Operators Should Meet the Workmen in Arbitration.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Senator Hanna stopped off here on his way to Cleveland from Niagara Falls. For the first time Senator Hanna stated an abandonment finally of efforts to end the coal strike. He believes that the operators should meet the miners in arbitration.

"I have exhausted my efforts," said Senator Hanna. "I have done all in my power, and can do no more. I will make no further attempts, for it would be useless."

He said there was no chance of arbitration so long as only one side, the miners, was willing to arbitrate. He gave it as his opinion that the miners will not give in so long as they are able to fight.

"It will not be a short fight," said he. "It will be prolonged, and such prolongation will mean not only hardships for the miners and the women and children dependent upon them, but it will have its effect on the American people. The longer the struggle continues the greater will be the increase in the price of coal."

He said he considered the refusal of the operators to arbitrate as final.

"I talked with Mr. Morgan before he went to Europe," continued the senator, "and before the strike was fully under way. He deplored the situation, but would take no active part toward a settlement. His attitude, in my opinion, is unchanged."

IDAHO REPUBLICANS.

John T. Morrison for Governor, Frank for Congress—The Platform.

Boise, Idaho, Aug. 23.—The Republican state convention has nominated the following ticket:

Representative in Congress—Burton L. French, Latah.

Supreme Justice—J. F. Allehe, O. Idaho.

Governor—John T. Morrison, Canyon.

Lieutenant Governor—James M. Stevens, of Bingham.

Secretary of State—Will H. Gibbon, of Fremont.

State Auditor—Theodore Turner, of Bannock.

State Treasurer—H. N. Coffin, of Ada.

Attorney General—John A. Eagles, of Bear Lake.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Miss Mary L. Scott, of Bingham.

Inspector of Mines—Robert Bell, of Custer.

Raph T. Morgan, of Kootenai, was nominated Judge of the First district; Judge E. C. Steele, for the Second (renominated); Judge George H. Stearns, for the Third (renominated); Alvin Budge for the Fifth. No nomination was made for the Fourth, it being left to the central committee. Though there had been a very sharp contest over the principal places, all the nominations were made by acclamation.

Following are the principal things the platform favors:

Revision of the tariff without unreasonable delay; an amendment to the constitution for suppression of trusts; opening of reserve lands more valuable for agricultural than for other purposes; present two-mile limit law for sheep, with slight modifications.

FRANZ SIGEL DEAD.

Noted Figure in Civil War Passes Away in New York City.

New York, Aug. 23.—General Franz Sigel is dead at his home in this city. He was in his 78th year. General Sigel took part in the Baden revolution in 1848 and was one of the notable figures of the American civil war.

An Apple Trust.

St. Louis, Aug. 23.—About 25 prominent apple growers of Kansas, Nebraska, Indiana, Missouri, Arkansas and Illinois, have held a meeting here for the purpose, it is said, of uniting the commercial apple growers of the United States and Canada into an organization to regulate the price of the fruit.