SCOVITES LOSE 1,000 MEN

Advance on the Stronghold Is Made Under Heavy Fire and Success Is Only trained by Two Days' Fighting.

okio, July 25 .- General Kuroki, a severe fight, occupied Kiao Tung uly 19. The place had been fortiby the Russians, who defended it dy. In the fighting General Kurotroops drove the Russians from strongly fortified position on the Pass and east of An Pin, inflicting the enemy more serious losses they sustained themselves. The began on the 18th and ended on ed and wounded. The Russian es are estmated at 1,000. peral Kuroki began his advance

win the morning of the 18th. s, but were repulsed in each case. d to the south of the Russian po-

flank and another to watch the

ny's left flank. after these positions had been taken ighting ceased for a time, but it med at dawn. The Russians 32 gans in action, and they vigor shelled the Japanese. To this be Japanese replied, and the bomthis time the Japanese infantry ded in scaling the heights on the ian right by 3 o'clock in the aftern, at which hour the main force dered to storm the Russian cen-The Japanese artillery protected movement splendidly, but the inmet with a severe fire and lost

y in gaining the beights. The final successful charge was delivd at 5:30 in the afternoon. The the Russian retreat, and this soon ne a rout. The enemy retired in ed included, in addition to the lery, seven battalions of infantry nd a regiment of Cossacks.

NO MORE RAIDS.

#### ussia Will Release Malacca and Put End to Red Sea Incident.

St. Petersburg, July 25 .- The steam-Malacca is at Suda Bay, Island of by the Consuls of the two countries and released unless palpable contrahand of war intended for the Japanese shall be found, in which case the contraand only will be held. British govment stores aboard the vessel will ot-be examind.

ertakes that no incident similar to his will occur in the future.

A claim for damages as a result of delaying the steamer will be presented course of time through the Britsh embassy.

fests of his cargo.

### Torpedoed by Accident.

Tientsin, July 25 .- A letter was eceived here today from Nin Chang aying that the commander of a Rusecidently torpedoed a British steamer. werdue from Nu Chang. The Hipsang is reported here that a heavy bombardment of Port Arthur occurred yes-Niu Chuang the same day.

Case of Senator Burton Up.

Washington, July 25 - Justice Brewer, of the United States supreme court the United States supreme court, probably in the fall.

### Panama Now Gold Standard.

Washington, July 25 .- The Panama canal commission today received information from the government of Panasystem of the new government in ac now a gold-standard country.

ALARM IS KEEN.

British Press Sees Peace Hanging in the Balance.

London, July 23 .- The authoritative assurances that the Malacca will be released, cabled by the Associated Press from St. Petersburg to the United morning papers. Special dispatches to a somewhat similar effect from St. Petersburg do not allay the alarmist views of the leading organs which con-strue Premier Balfour's post-midnight announcement that the government had received no confirmation of the report-

the incident remains unsettled. river, which is northwest of Mo least, so far as British official and puband bitterness almost without pieceby the Daily Telegraph, which, under a large heading, "An Acute Affair," declares that "relations between Great Britain and Russia have reached the large heading and Russia head reached heading and Russia head reached heading and Russia head reached heading and Russia heading and th. The Japanese lost 424 men state of an acute crisis, but behind the into the Transvaal war, tonight frankvolunteer fleet.

"It has, we believe, been made clear tack on British commerce. to the czar's government that the transinto some neutral port where her cargo the government itself can ed to attack the Russian center, carried were intended for the use of the Russia and insisted publicly and all detachment sent toward the British China squadron.

TRY TO DRAW TOGO AWAY.

#### Vladivostok Fleet Hopes to Weaken Squadron at Port Arthur.

St. Peterbsurg, July 23.—The news of the first appearance of the Vladivo-Tokio, causes no surprise at the admimiral Skrydioff purposely has not notiin order to prevent the possibility of the information leaking out.

giving the slip to Vice Admiral Kamimura and passing Is gar straits is regarded as evidence of the insufficiency inal successful charge was delivt 5:30 in the afternoon. The
se succeeded in partially cutting
the succeeded in partial cutting
the s naval demonstration off Yokohama, odirections, to the northward and and generally create a panic among the looking to the settlement of all important questions now outstanding be-Admiral Togo to reinforce Admiral Kamimura, and thus weaken the fleet off Port Arthur.

The idea that Admiral Bezobrazoff would seriously attack large ports of Japan is, however, rejected, owing to the danger from submarine mines, torpedo boats and shore batter-

The report is current that the Vladite, where, under an agreement the first division of Vice Admiral Roached by Great Britain and Russia, jestvensky's Baltic squadron, which is the will be perfunctorily inspected joint- ready to go out on a trial trip in the Baltic.

### ON TO MUKDEN.

#### Japanese Break Into the Enemy's Left Plank.

### Confirms Japanese Victory.

The captain of the St. Petersburg, in London, July 23.—According to a special dispatch from Moscow, the Rusmarily making a prize of the Malacca sky Listok of that city confirms the Ashe fact that the British master of the sociated Press report from Liao Yang Malacca declined to produce the mani-fests of his cargo. that the Japanese have broken through the Russian left flank and are marching on Mukden.

More Men Charged With Outrage.

Cripple Creek, July 23.—Informa-tion charging Pearl Skelton with muran torpedo-boat had reported that der and complicity with the Independwhile in the gulf of Pe Chi Li he had ence depot outrage on June 3 was filed in the district court today. It was an It is surmised here that the vessel 1e- nounced that information making simferred to is the Hipsang, now five days overdue from Nu Chang. The Hipsang liam A. Akreman, F. H. Mulaney, A. L. Nugent and William Gaffney later. Frank J. Hangs, local attorney for the Western Federation of Miners, said terday and heavy gun-fire was heard at today that none of the men arrested for the killing of Roxie Magee on June 6, in the Victor street riots, was guilty.

### Increase of Capital Stock.

Louisville, July 23 .- At the stockhas granted a writ of error to the holders' meeting of the Southern Pa-United States district court for the cific held at Beechmont today, 1,520,eastern district of Missouri in the case 000 of the 1,978,000 shares of stock of Senator Joseph B. Burton, convicted were represented by proxies in the in St. Louis of accepting a fee for serv- hands of Judge E. P. Humphrey, who ing before the postoffice department acted as chairman. A resolution inwhile a member of the United States creasing the capital stock of the com-The case will be reviewed by pany \$100,000,000 by the issue of preferred stock was adopted. Attorney J. B. Weaver acted as secretary. None of the other stockholders was present.

Hears She Will Release Ships.

Paris, July 23 .- Information reachma of the ratification of the money officials to believe that Russia will release the British and German merchby the joint commission. Panama is means of averting international complying Japan with all sinds of provis-

# THIRST FOR WAR

British People Favor Using Force With Russia.

Ministry Is in a Dilemma-It Realizes That the Policy Fostered by the King Will Be Repudiated by the Masses.

received no confirmation of the report-ed release of the Malacca to mean that the incident remains unsattled.

London, July 22.—The Associated on other British ships will be stopped by the Russians after the British cruis nent persons connected and in close ers reach the scene. Another cause for great apprehension touch with the government relative to is the broader question of Russia's right to send vessels of her volunteer steamers of the Russian volunteer fleet fleet through the Dardanelles. A strik- in the Red sea. As a result of these sels shall be free to navigate Eastern ing evidence that the danger of the inquiries, there is shown to be a hossituation has not been mitigated in the tile feeling against Russia, of a strength ships of any other power, or the right lic opinion is entertained, is afforded dent. The most conservative men, incident of the Malacca is the far larger question of the status of the so-called against what is regarded as Russia's violations of treaty and her piratical at-

The warlike tone of such papers be fighting continued until dark, formation of merchant vessels passing like the Times, the Standard, the the Russians to give up their prize, although the Dardanelles into armed Morning Post, and the Daily Telecruisers cannot be recognized under any graph, which in national crises hither. It is carefully guarded, and laymen can graph, which in national crises hither. pretext whatever as justifying Russia's to almost invariably have advised cauinterference with British shipping. It tion, has had its inevitable effect. languese renewed the attack at is not impossible that as a concession There has been stirred up a storm of night, posting their artillery in to Russian dignity, the government indignation among all classes in the such action can be confidently expected, valley below and on the high into some period over where her case of the first some period over the confidently expected, and they are for the most part now disscarcely The main Japanese body was may be examined and the statement gauge. Those who deplored the outvately that Great Britain, crippled fi-nancially, after her South African experiences, must not, at all costs, drawn into the Far Eastern struggle, are among the most outspoken champions of a physical force that will prevent the repetition of the Malacca incident in the Red sea.

Those few officials at the foreign stok squadron in the Pacific since the office who are in full possession of all outbreak of the war, telegraphed from details of Great Britain's desire to arrive at an entente with Russia are in the forward and the flankers had ralty here, although it is said Vice Addespair. They realize that the policy Its destination is unknown, but it is so carefully fostered by King Edward fied them of the squadron's departure and Foreign Minister Landsdowne will now be indignanty repudiated by all vice A miral Bezobrazoff's action in parties in the house of commons, and involve with the public the downfall of junction with the Port Arthur fleet. any ministry advocating it.

Every nerve will be strained, howgarded as evidence of the insufficiency ever, by the foreign office to secure of the Japanese naval forces. It is from Russia an explanation that will dice subsequent diplomatic negotiations portant questions now outstanding between Russia and Great Britain.

### BIG STRIKE ENDS.

#### Packers and Union Have Agreed to Settle Trouble by Arbitration.

packing-house employes begun nine days ago, and which has demoralized vostok squadron is homeward bound the packing industry through the coununder orders to effect a juncture with try, was settled here tonight at a conference between representatives of the packers, officials of the Meatcutters' union and representatives of all the allied trades employed at the stockyards. The whole controversy will be submitted to a board of arbitration, both sides agreeing to abide by what-

ever decision this board may raech.

Pending the decision of the arbitration board, the men will be taken Liao Yaang, July 23.—News was re-ceived from Ta Tche Kaio yesterday the packers, and it is agreed by the with the Russians east of Hai Cheng, tration board for settlement.

The strikers will return to work as passes is slow. soon as they can be notified of the peaceable adjustment of the trouble, and it is expected that by tomorrow morning everything will be in normal shape at all the plants in the different cities where the employes were on

### Japs Retreat After Hot Fight.

St. Petresburg, July 22.—The czar has received the following dispatch in the situation since July 17. Japanese advance forces of considerable anchored. strength were observed in the direction of Sikseyann, on the Liao Yang-Sainfateza road, moving against a detachment of our troops. After two days' fighting. the latter force is retreating toward the village of Houtsiateze, east of Anping."

### Shoot Japanese from Trees.

Ta Tche Kiao, July 22.—All quiet in this region. Neither side moving. The only activity is at the The Russian sharpshooters are having good practice sniping the Japanese from the mountain sides. Small detachments creep out at night, steal up to the Japanese pickets in the darkness, hide themselves in treetops and there await sunrise. So soon as the light is strong they get fine shots before the pickets can get away.

## May Intercept American Steamers.

Paris, July 22.-The Temps, discussing the passage of the Vladivostok squadron through the Straits of Tsuring government quarters here leads the garu, says its purpose is either to attack the unprotected cities on the eastern coast of Japan, or to intercept Americordance with the agreement reached antmen seized in the Red sea, as a can merchant steamers, which are supions through the port of Yoko.

LION LIES IN WAIT.

#### Warships Will Compel Russia to Give Up Oriental Liner.

London, July 21 .- It is believed by leading naval officials here, who are cognizant of certain sweeping orders is States, do not appear in the British press is WITH THE PUBLIC sucd yesterday by the admiralty, that the British government intends to commorning papears. pel Russia to surrender the Peninsular & Oriental liner Malacca, seized as a prize of war by the Russian cruiser St. Petersburg, and en route to Libau under a prize crew. It is also generally understood in naval circles that no other British ships will be stopped

The orders to commanders of the lat-

One of the developments yesterday is at the northern end of the Suez cathe Malacca, and be there when the latter emerges from the canal. It is considered likely that they will compeonly conjecture and reason from the attitude of the naval chiefs.

Naval officers generally agree that cussing the probable attitude of Russia Those who deplored the out- when the Malacca is taken by force.

#### FLEET ON RAID.

#### Vladivostok Ships Enter Pacific and Take Japanese Steamer.

Tokio, July 21.-The Vladivostok squadron has overhauled a Japane steamer eastward of Tsugar straits. The name of the vessel captured and her fate has not yet been learned.

The Vladivostok squadron, unac-companied by torpedo boats, entered Pacific ocean today at 7 o'clock suggested it possibly plans to raid the east coast of Japan and then either turn to Vladivostok, escaping to the southward, or attempting to form a

The squadron was discovered in the straits of Tsugar at 3 o'clock this morning, steaming rapidly eastward.

At 3:30 A. M. it was reported off Tappicape, and at 7 A. M. observers at along the eastern coast of Japan and merchantmen are hurriedly seeking cover. It is expected that most of the Russian ships can inflict serious damage, if a raid is intended.

Ordinarily, a lack of ecal would pre-vent an extended cruse, but it is possible that the Russians possess a collier Chicago, July 22.-The strike of the at a rendezvous in the Pacific ocean.

### ARMIES MEET NEAR TONG SCHU.

#### Russian Losses Put at 2,100, Japanese Losses at 1,200.

Chicago, July 21 .- A special to the Daily News from Niu Chwang says: Hard fighting has been going on for everal days in the neighborhood Tong Schu, eight miles east of Ta Tche Kiao. It is rumored that the Russian loss in last nght's engagement was 2,-190 and the Japnaese 1,200. The Japanese also have been in active contact

The rumors to this effect are persistent, but there is no official confirmation of submitting their cases to the arbialong the muddy roads and mountain breath of wind caught it and blew it

### Liao Said to Be Sealed.

London, July 21.—The Times' Tokio correspondent, cabling under date of "Japanese military critics anticipate renewed efforts by General Kuropatkin to recover the Mo spondent adds that it is rumored in from General Kuropatkin, dated July Tokio that three Japanese torpedo boat 19: "There has been no special change destroyers have sealed the Liao river, 5 where the Russian gunboat Sivoutch o'clock in the afternoon of July 18, and a Russian torpedo destroyer are

### Forty-Six Clerks Employed.

Yankton, S. D., July 21 .- Seven thousand people registered for Rosebud land here today, and the rush tomorrow will be still greater. The Milwankee road divided its morning train into six sections and the evening train into two. The total registration at Yankton alone is now over 40,000, and will reach the 60 000 mark before closing Saturday. Forty-six clerks are now employed, and this force will be increased indefinitely

### Russia Is Pleased.

St. Petersburg, July 21.—The United States has informed Russia that she will be glad to join Great Britain in the protection of the seals at the Kommander islands. This act will doubtless make the best impression. It is understood that Russia will communicate her answer in a few days.

### Another Russian Cruiser Passes.

Constantinople, July 21.—A Russian cruiser has just passed through from Odessa with several guns covered with canvas on her deck. She also carried torpedo tubes.

### SHOT AS SPIES.



An eye-witness of the execution of the two Japanese officers, Colonel Ukoko and Captain Otti, at Kharbin, has furnished an artist-correspondent of London Graphic with an illustrated account of the scene. The two officers were caught attempting to blow up the railway bridge over the river None, in Manchuria, and were brought before a court-martial, which sentenced them to be hanged as spies. General Kuropatkin, however, ordered that they should be shot. Throughout their trial and the preliminaries to the execu tion the two men displayed the utmost courage. On the execution ground both officers requested that their arms should not be tied to the boards behind them, and Captain Otti asked that his eyes should not be bandaged. Colonel Ukoko, who was a Christian, received the holy communion from a Russian priest, and made a will leaving a sum of a thousand roubles to be devoted to Red Cross work. "Both of the officers," writes the correspondent, "died like heroes."

### HOW EDISON SUCCEEDED.

Few true stories of merited commercial success illustrate the value of pluck and perseverance more clearly than that of Thomas A. Edison and the incandescent electric light. It was on October 16, 1879, says Cassier's shipping will be warned before the Magazine, that Mr. Edison decided he had reached conditions under which a carbon filament might be made into a lamp. Accordingly a cotton thread was laid in a hairpin-shaped groove in a nickel plate, put in a nickel mold and covered with charcoal and cooked five hours. it was then thoroughly carbonized, but unhappily it broke to to take it from the mold.

Repeated experiments brought similar failures, until late at night on the 18th one was rescued intact; but it broke while being fastened to the conducting wire. Neither Mr. Edison nor his assistant, Charles Bachelor, had had any sleep since beginning work two days before; but they determined to keep at work and make a lamp before they slept.

On the 19th they made several fila-

Mr. Bachelor was dismayed and disgusted. Both men were exhausted and almost discouraged, but they kept at work. At last, on the morning of the 21st, the fifth day since they had slept, they had the happiness of seeing a lamp finally completed and lighted. The two men then went to bed the security of his army if it remains in the present position." The corre-Edison increased the current, and the pate. It was the first modern incandescent lamp. Mr. Edison believed it was a successful one, but it lasted only two days, and then burned out.

At once a host of employes went to work carbonizing every available subsance in search of a better filament In the midst of the work a passage in one of Humboldt's books, describing a certain kind of bamboo fiber, suddenly occurred to Mr. Edison, and suggested to him that the vegetable strand would be just the thing. At once he hunted up the passage and reread it. Then he began a search for the proper bamboo

A corps of trained investigators was sent out all over the world on this search, and scarcely a region of the known surface of the globe was left unvisited. A hundred thousand dollars were spent in this way before William Moore found the propen bamboo in Northern Japan. To Insure a good supply, he bought a tract of land and put it in charge of two native

Then with the bamboo fiber began new experiments, and in the spring of 1881 the first really successful incandescent lamp was made. It burned at sixteen-candle-power for nearly sixteen hundred hours, and its success was thus assured.

In the following year a hundred sky-scraper."-Philadelphia Ledger.

the shape and construction being gradually modified as improvements suggested themselves, until the present common style of lamp was the result. Ten years from its first construction four million lamps a year were being made, and eleven years later, in 1903, America alone required forty-five million to fill its needs.

Western America vs. Eastern Asia. That great changes are taking place in the currents of Pacific ocean commerce, to be followed fast by still greater, is rapidly becoming manifest. Increasing production in our own Pacific States requires Oriental markets. and is finding them. Railroad development both in America and Asia, and pieces when the inventor attempted increasing use of steam on the ocean, are effecting great changes in the courses of the trade of all countries in touch with the Pacific. More than fifty steamships now sail regularly from the ports of California, Oregon and Washington to ports in Asia or in the great Pacific Islands, and of "tramp" steamers and sail vessels a continually growing fleet. Between ports of British Columbia and ports of Asia, Australia and New Zealand there is similar movement. It in-The Russian reply to the Brittish protest was handed to Ambassador Hardinge in the afternoon. Russia agrees that the Malacca shall not be brought before a prize court, and undertakes that no incident similar to celved from Ia Tche Kalo yesterday the packers, and it is agreed by the packers that all the old employes are tions.

All along Kuropatkin's flank and from the Japanese are moving into possible to be reinstated within 45 days from the date work is resumed. All along Kuropatkin's flank and from the Japanese are moving into possible the form the Japanese are moving into possible the flank between Lieuten-and the packers, and it is agreed by the lieuten-and the packers that all the old employes are tions.

All along Kuropatkin's flank and from the Japanese are moving into possible the flank between the packers, and it is agreed by the lieuten-and the packers that all the old employes are tions.

All along Kuropatkin's flank and the flank between the packers, and it is agreed by the learning that the packers that all the old employes are tions.

All along Kuropatkin's flank and the packers that all the to East over the Atlantic.

Everything favors the growth of this commerce to very large proportions. There is promise of development of an international commerce on the Pacific which, within the next half century, may rival that on the Atlantic. For the active theater of the world's new effort is now eastern Asia and western America. The two hemispheres, heretofore scarcely at all in communication except across the Atlantic, are now rapidly developing an intercourse over the Pacific, which is to effect large transformation or at least to become a great additional factor in the commerce of the world.

### A Hard Problem.

"Is this Mme. Pompon?" breathlessly inquired a man who had climbed everal flights of stairs and been admitted into a darkened parlor. "It is." replied the stately person-

age whom he addressed. "The famous clairvoyant and for-

tune teller?" "The same."

"Do you read the mind?" "With perfect ease."

"Can you foretell the future?" "The future holds no mysteries that

cannot unravel." "Can you unfold the past?"

"The record of all things past is to me an open book."
"Then," said the caller, feverishly

taking from his pocket a handful of silver, "I wish you would tell me what it is that my wife wanted me to bring home without fall this evening and name your price. Money is no ob-

### Odd.

"That's Brightley; he raised quite a fortune on a patent neud-scraper."

"He doesn't look very prosperous." "No, he afterward sunk it all in a