

# Catarrh

## Invites Consumption

It weakens the delicate lung tissues, deranges the digestive organs, and breaks down the general health. It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, and affects the voice. Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Radically and permanently cures catarrh of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, and more delicate organs. Read the testimonials.

No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's. Be sure to get Hood's.

"I was troubled with catarrh 20 years. Reading statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla resolved to try it. Four bottles entirely cured me." WILLIAM SHERMAN, 1000 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

### Jail for Runaway Husbands.

One year in state's prison, or \$100 fine, or both, is the penalty now imposed by law upon recalcitrant New Jersey husbands who willfully desert their wives and children and go out of the state to escape the responsibility of caring for their families.

Permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free 62 Trial Bottle and Treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

### Her Idea of Identification.

"That bank clerk wouldn't give me the money. He said I'd have to identify myself."

"Did you?"

"I couldn't. None of my linen is marked except my handkerchiefs and I'd forgotten to bring one with me."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.



**For Rheumatism**

Neuralgia Sprains  
Lumbago Bruises  
Backache Soreness  
Sciatica Stiffness

Use the old reliable remedy

**St. Jacobs Oil**

Price, 25c. and 50c.

# BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often used for a medicine pleasant to take and as I have found it in Cascares. Since taking them, my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way." Miss Sallie E. Schless, Littleton, Tenn.

CANDY CATHARTIC

**Cascarets**

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. In Good, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips. 25c. Box. CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

**Watermelon Diamonds.**

Place a fine ripe watermelon on ice and when thoroughly chilled cut in rather thick slices, remove all seeds and cut in diamonds; place in a pretty glass dish and sprinkle each layer with powdered sugar. Serve on dainty plates as any other fruit.—Washington Star.

# Colds

"I had a terrible cold and could hardly breathe. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and it gave me immediate relief."

W. C. Layton, Sidell, Ill.

How will your cough be tonight? Worse, probably. For it's first a cold, then a cough, then bronchitis or pneumonia, and at last consumption. Coughs always tend downward. Stop this downward tendency by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

# OLD FAVORITES

**The Cotter's Saturday Night.**

At length his lonely cot appears in view Beneath the shelter of an aged tree: The expectant wee-things, toddlin' stacher thro' To meet their dad, wi' sichterin' noise an' glee.

His wee bit ingle, blinkin' bonnily, His clean hearth-stane, his thriftie wife's smile, The lispin' infant prattlin' on his knee, Does a' his weary, carking cares beguile, An' makes him quite forget his labor and his toil.

Belyve, the elder bairns come drappin' in, At service out, among the farmers' ous', Some ca' the plow, some herd, some tennie rin A cannie errand to a neebor town.

But now the supper crowns their simple board, The halesome parritch, chief o' Scotia's food: The soppie reit' only hawkie does afford, That 'yont the hallen snugly chows her cood;

The dame brings forth in complimental mood, To grace the lad, her well-hain'd kebbuck fell— An' aft he's prest, an' aft he ca's it guid; The frugal wife, garrulous, will tell, How 'twas a townond auld, sin' lint was 't the bell.

The cheerfu' supper done, wi' serious face, They, round the ingle, form a circle wide; The sire turns o'er, wi' patriarchal grace, The big ha' Bible, ance his father's pride:

His bonnet rev'rently is laid aside, His lyart haffets wearing thin an' bare; Those strains that once did sweet in Zion glide, He wales a portion with judicious care; And "Let us worship God!" he says, with solemn air.

The priest-like father reads the sacred page, How Abram was the friend of God on high; Or, Moses bade eternal warfare wage With Amalek's ungracious progeny; Or how the royal bard did groaning lie Beneath the stroke of Heav'n's avenging ire;

Or Job's pathetic plaint, and wailing cry; Or rapt Isaiah's wild, seraphic fire; Or other holy seers that tune the sacred lyre.

Then kneeling down to Heaven's Eternal King, The saint, the father, and the husband prays: Hope "springs exulting on triumphant wing," That thus they all shall meet in future days;

There ever bask in uncreated rays, No more to sigh, or shed the bitter tear, Together hymning their Creator's praise, In such society, yet still more dear: While circling time moves round in an eternal sphere.

Then homeward all take off their sev'ral way: The youngling cottagers retire to rest; The parent-pair their secret homage pay, And proffer up to Heaven the warm request.

That He, who stills the raven's clam'rous nest, And decks the lily fair in flow'ry pride, Would, in the way his wisdom sees the best, For them and for their little ones provide;

But, chiefly, in their hearts with grace divine preside. O Scotia! my dear, my native soil! For whom my warmest wish to Heaven is sent! Long may thy hardy sons of rustic toil Be bless'd with health, and peace, and sweet content

And, O! may Heaven their simple lives prevent From luxury's contagion, weak and vile! Then, howe'er crowns and coronets be rent, A virtuous populace may rise the while, And stand a wall of fire around their much-lov'd isle.

O Thou! who poured the patriotic tide That stream'd thro' Wallace's undaunted heart, Who dar'd to nobly stem tyrannic pride, Or nobly die, the second glorious part: (The patriot's God peculiarly thou art, His friend, his inspirer, guardian, and reward!)

O never, never, Scotia's realm desert; But still the patriot, and the patriot bard, In bright succession raise, her ornament and guard! —Robert Burns.

## AMERICAN DIAMOND CUTTERS.

Gem Industry Is Now Fully Established in New York.

Gem cutting in America has ceased to be an experiment and become a recognized industry—recognized not merely at home as one more thing that Uncle Sam can do well, but recognized abroad as one more thing in which Yankee competition is to be feared.

says the Brooklyn Eagle. Time was when the cutting of precious stones was admittedly one of the things that Europe could do better than America. America made no attempt to dispute the supremacy. And for Europe one might almost read "Holland," for Holland had practically a world's monopoly of the industry. And all this not more than a generation ago.

It was in 1873 that the first rough or uncut diamonds were imported into this country—and then a few only, valued at only \$176,425. For five years the import continued with so little success that in 1878 the imports had dropped to \$63,270. It rather looked as if Uncle Sam, jack of all trades that he is, could not master this one. But he is, could not master this one. But he is, could not master this one. But he is, could not master this one.

That was the turning point. From then

on the importations of rough diamonds increased year by year, at first gradually, but finally by leaps and bounds, until at present they are running up in the neighborhood of \$10,000,000 a year and still increasing. And the importation of uncut diamonds is, needless to say, an exact measure of the growth of the industry.

Diamonds are quoted because diamonds are recognized as the most difficult of all the gems to cut. Not merely are they the hardest gem known, but they require a more complicated cutting and a greater skill in bringing out their beauties. And with diamonds, the importations in the rough represent absolutely the quality cut, for there is practically no home production, while almost every other known gem is produced in marketable quantities somewhere in the United States. So that the increase in the rough imports is a more than fair measure of the growth of the gem-cutting industry.

Fifteen or twenty years ago there was not a gem-cutting establishment of any importance in the city. One leading firm had a cutting department which was mainly engaged in recutting. It existed, that is about all, because it was necessary to the completeness of the establishment. But like all the other jewelers in the country they imported practically all their gems ready cut. And the two or three struggling lapidaries that did manage to keep their heads above water in some dingy, obscure corner of the jeweler's district were chiefly engaged in recutting. All of them together could not have made one establishment of any reputation for solvency, although there are many such to-day on Maiden Lane and Nassau and John streets.

### FEW DICKENS HOUSES LEFT.

March of Modern Improvement Responsible for Their Demolition.

Very few of Dickens' houses remain. One after another of the quaint old buildings described in his novels or in which their scenes were laid are being torn away to give room to modern office buildings. "The Old Curiosity Shop," the home of little Nell, can still be identified in an old paper and junk warehouse in Portsmouth street, near the courts, and near by, at No. 58, is the home of Mr. Tulkinghorn, the lawyer in "Bleak House." It was occupied for a long time by John Forster, the biographer of Dickens. Oliver Goldsmith lived and died in No. 2 Brick court, Middle Temple Lane, up two flights of stairs, and is buried in the adjoining churchyard. Blackstone wrote his commentaries in the next building, and his room may be seen to-day. Thackeray and Tom Taylor lived at No. 10, and Milton spent several years in the same locality. Nearly every one of the old buildings is identified with historic characters.

Over on Holborn, one of the great arteries of trade, several of the Dickens houses may be easily found by the use of the Dickens Dictionary. Dombey & Son are real people and have a tailor shop in the city. Mr. Dombey's house, which Dickens says "stood on the shady side of a tall, dark, dreadfully genteel street," may be one of a dozen or more answering that description. Admiral Lord Nelson, Lord Byron and Turner, the celebrated painter, lived in the same block. Stry Gamp and Betsey Prigg lived in a shop in Kingsgate street which is now occupied by a barber; Furnival's Inn, formerly one of the most picturesque buildings of old London, in which Dickens wrote "The Pickwick Papers," "Sketches by Boz," "Oliver Twist" and "Nicholas Nickleby," has been torn down within the last two years, and in its place now stands a magnificent structure of red brick and terra cotta belonging to the Prudential Life Insurance Company. St. Andrews' Church, across the street, is identified with Oliver Twist and Bill Sykes, who stopped and counseled under its shadow one night on their memorable burglary excursion.—W. E. Curtis, in Chicago Record-Herald.

### The Reasoning Child.

It was in a Philadelphia public school the other day that a class in spelling was going over a lesson in words of two syllables. One of the words was "mummy." "Children," said the teacher, "how many of you know the meaning of the word 'mummy'?" After a long silence one little girl raised her hand.

"Well, Maggie?"

"It means yer mother."

The teacher pointed out her mistake, and explained fully the meaning of the word. Presently the word "poppy" had to be spelled.

"Who knows what 'poppy' means?" asked the teacher.

The same little girl raised her hand, this time brimful of confidence.

"Well, what's the answer, Maggie?"

"It means a man mummy," replied the child.

### Short of Material.

A successful merchant, whose bald head is like an ivory billiard ball, was lecturing his 14 year old son, whose tastes are becoming a little bit extravagant, according to his father's standpoint, "My boy," he said, "when I started out in life I did not have a penny to my name. I am a self-made man." The incorrigible youth whispered to his mother, who was sitting nearby: "Say ma, there must have been a corner in the hair market when pa was making himself."

The men lack one resource open to the women: they can't put a veil over their summer hat, and wear it all winter. We object to the word "winsome" straying out of a novel to be applied to any real girl.

## BOUND TO BROTHER BY COURT.

Curious Sentence Imposed by a Judge in Chicago.

"As long as you live or as long as your brother lives, you are to devote yourself to his welfare and comfort. If you should marry, your first duty will be this brother. Nothing must stand between you and this duty; failing in it, you will be arraigned and sent to the penitentiary."

This is the remarkable sentence passed upon William Windt, who, in a drunken fit, slashed his brother Charles across the eyes with a razor, blinding him for life, writes a Chicago correspondent of the Atlanta Constitution. The scene in the courtroom was dramatic. The mother of the two men and the blind man pleaded with Judge Brown for leniency. The defendant himself suggested the penalty, and after long consideration the judge agreed to the bargain. William Windt has given a heavy bond and will report regularly to the court. If he fails at any time, except through sickness or accident, to care for the blind man, the charge which was not stricken from the books, will be enforced. It is believed the case is without a precedent and meets with the general approval of the public.

This sentence, which seems to be based upon justice, recalls an attempt made some years ago to enact a law based upon these lines. It is proposed, for instance, that when a man had committed a murder, thereby depriving a woman and children of their protector, instead of being hanged or imprisoned, the criminal should be put at work where he could produce the most money, and this money was to be devoted to the support of the family he had wronged. Incendiaries who had caused loss to other men were to be imprisoned, or worked on the roads, canals, anywhere, in fact, and the proceeds of their toil used to reimburse the man who had suffered loss. As matters now stand the criminal is occasionally punished, but there is no recompense for the victims of his crime. The State absorbs the profits of the prisoner's toil, but the widow and orphans must shift for themselves. This proposed law found much favor, but for some reason never explained it was not pushed and has dropped out of sight.

### SNAILS CREAT AND SMALL.

More Than 1,500 Species Are Considered Fit for Food.

Among the foreign importations reported at the Louisville custom house a few days ago was a consignment of snails, but whether for purposes of propagation or diet was not stated. This is the first invoice of the kind ever brought to Kentucky, and, as it may mark the beginning of a new industry, a few words concerning them may not be inappropriate. Ethnologically, in the simple language of science, the snail is the common name of several genera of mollusks, and, therefore, more nearly akin to any oyster than a quadruped of an untamed spirit. It belongs to the classes of mollusks known as gasteropoda or pteropoda, and to the genus helix, from the spiral form of its shell. It is a hermaphrodite, having both sexes in one, lays thirty to one hundred eggs in natural or artificial holes in moist places, and has general distribution over the earth, from the northern limit of tree growth to Terra del Fuego; from hot and moist places to an altitude of 11,000 feet. More than 1,500 species have been described, some very destructive to vegetables and others used as human food, being, when boiled in milk, recommended for consumptives. The edible snail most commonly used as an article of food is known as the Roman or vineyard snail, helix pomatia, a large, reddish brown species with paler bands. They were eaten by the Romans, who reared them in parks and fattened them on cooked meat and flour. They are still eaten in many countries in Europe, especially during Lent, being considered as fish. They have latterly become quite a fad at the dinners of the smart set in the East, being eaten as oysters, being plucked alive from their shells and swallowed squirming.

The snail has figured in literature. Shakespeare says: "I can tell why a snail has a house."

"Why?"

"Why, to put his head in."

And again: "Dromio, thou drone, thou snail, thou slug, thou sot."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

### Revolution in Field Sports.

There has been a revolution in field sports. From conditions of no restraint, the absence of law and license, when the fields and woods were open, and the United States was as the Chicago complainant puts it, "a free country," we have proceeded to good laws and game clubs, which largely control the shooting. The Canadians have also taken a great interest in the subject of game preservation, and in a recent report their game commission has expressed the opinion that in the establishment of the game preserves lies the salvation of the game—an opinion in which that American editor and sportsman devoted to caribou and barren grounds heartily concurs.—Century.

### A Family Jar.

Mr. Snapp—Well, what are you going to do about it?

Mrs. Snapp—Oh, don't be in such a hurry. It takes some time to make up my mind.

Mr. Snapp—That's strange; you haven't much material to work with.—Philadelphia Press.

The 16-year-old girl: How sweet she is! And what a pity she must become old, and sour, and tired, and sticky!



Miss Agnes Miller, of Chicago, speaks to young women about dangers of the Menstrual Period—how to avoid pain and suffering and remove the cause by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"TO YOUNG WOMEN:—I suffered for six years with dysmenorrhea (painful periods), so much so that I dreaded every month, as I knew it meant three or four days of intense pain. The doctor said this was due to an inflamed condition of the uterine appendages caused by repeated and neglected colds.

"If young girls only realized how dangerous it is to take cold at this critical time, much suffering would be spared them. Thank God for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that was the only medicine which helped me any. Within three weeks after I started to take it, I noticed a marked improvement in my general health, and at the time of my next monthly period the pain had diminished considerably. I kept up the treatment, and was cured a month later. I am like another person since. I am in perfect health, my eyes are brighter, I have added 12 pounds to my weight, my color is good, and I feel light and happy."—MISS AGNES MILLER, 25 Polomac Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The monthly sickness reflects the condition of a woman's health. Anything unusual at that time should have prompt and proper attention. Fifty thousand letters from women prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regulates menstruation and makes these periods painless.

### READ WHAT MISS LINDBECK SAYS:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has greatly benefited me. I will tell you how I suffered. My trouble was painful menstruation. I felt as each month went by that I was getting worse. I had severe bearing-down pains in my back and abdomen. A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's medicine. I did so and am now free from all pain during my periods."—JESSIE C. LINDBECK, 1201 6th Street, Rockford, Ill.

### FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass., her advice is free and cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it. Her advice has restored to health more than one hundred thousand women. Why don't you try it, my sick sisters?

**\$5000 FORFEIT** if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

**ORDER QUICK**—Special bargain list, new goods. South Bend Steel Flows, wood beams, 14 in., \$7.50; South Bend Chilled Flows, wood beams, 14 in., \$7.50; South Bend Chilled Flows, wood beams, 8 in., \$3.50; all sizes and styles in flows. Young America Cream Separator, No. 200, \$5. Steel Wind Mill, 4-foot, \$22; Wood Wheel Wind Mill, 12-foot, \$45. Write us for prices on anything in the machinery line. Peterson Machinery Co., foot of Madison St., Portland, Or.

**Good Pills**

Ayer's Pills are good liver pills. You know that. The best family laxative you can buy. They keep the bowels regular, cure constipation.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE**

SEVENTY-SEVEN COLUMBIAN BLDG., BALTIMORE, M.D.

**VETCH SEEDS**

ALSO ALL KINDS OF GRASS AND CLOVER SEED

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Mann, the Seedman, 158 Front Street, Portland, Or.

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Simplest and most perfect made. Before you give your order for a Disk Plow be sure to examine the Sanders. For sale by the old reliable house of

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