

# LANE COUNTY LEADER

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COTTAGE GROVE... OREGON.

## WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenings of the Past Week in Brief and Comprehensive Form.

The report that General Matos, the revolutionary leader, has landed in Venezuela from Curacao, is confirmed.

An association for the protection of Germans in the enforcement of the laws of Argentina has been formed at Buenos Ayres.

Physicians of Ira D. Sankey, the singer evangelist, now acknowledge the failure of the operation for the restoration of his sight.

Attempts to wreck two trains at Stamford, Conn., are charged to traps, and the police are now in pursuit of seven men.

Robbers wrecked the safe of the Bank of Assaria, Kan., and escaped on a hand car. It is not known how much money they secured.

Indiana has had another severe frost which it is believed will practically kill the strawberry crop, plums and other tender early fruits.

Edwin C. Kelley, treasurer and general manager of the Enamel Brick company, of Cleveland, O., is charged with the embezzlement of \$25,000 of the funds of the concern. Kelley declares he will be able to prove his innocence.

Rivalry among the associations of engineers in this country may nullify an offer of Andrew Carnegie to give \$1,000,000 or more to establish a National center for engineers in New York. A high official in one of the bodies says it is doubtful if all can live in peace in one room.

Portland laundrymen have locked out their employes.

Russia expects war with China and is preparing for it.

Nearly 500 tenants were evicted in the New York tenement district May 1.

Fifty half-naked Doukhobors are on a "search for Jesus," near Saskatoon, N. W. T.

The Merchants state bank at Freeman, S. D., was raided by robbers. They secured about \$3,000 and escaped.

The sixtieth anniversary of the founding of civil government on the Pacific coast was celebrated at Champeog, Oregon, May 2.

John Firman, 25 years old, living at Paterson, N. J., has two hearts beating in his own breast. He is a fine specimen of physical manhood and constantly enjoys good health.

A bell cast by Paul Revere, that had been in constant use since its making is being recast at Troy N. Y. The Leominster Congregational church, in the belfry of which it hung, was burned a short time ago.

Turkey has proclaimed martial law in Salonica.

An earthquake in Chile caused heavy property loss.

Postmaster General Payne has unearthed a scandal in the Washington office.

Labor troubles are seriously affecting business in many of the cities throughout the United States.

Six passengers were injured in a collision between an electric car and a Lake Shore train in Chicago.

Fruit and garden truck in the Arkansas valley, Colorado, have been seriously damaged by frost. The loss is estimated at more than \$500,000.

W. J. Peters, an experienced geographer and scientist, will be sent by the National geographical society with the Zeigler Arctic expedition.

Forty persons have been arrested following the robbery of the Wells, Fargo express company at Silao, Mexico, of \$42,000. All but \$11,000 was recovered.

Over two blocks of buildings in West Point, Va., the York river terminus of the Southern railway, are in ashes as the result of a fire of unknown origin. The loss is \$125,000.

Regulations in regard to matches in New York now provide that no one without a license can sell or give them away. Retailers may not sell more than 1,000 in a box. The splints must be strong, and the heads must not fly off.

A train on the Panhandle railroad was derailed at the crossing of the Baltimore & Ohio near Columbus, O. Baggage-master John Gallagher, of Xenia, James Moran, fireman, of Cincinnati, and Charles Keck, engineer, also of Cincinnati, were severely injured.

Rebels in Turkey are fighting with bombs, blowing up everything within their reach.

Secretary of the Navy Moody will visit the coast with President Roosevelt and inspect naval stations.

Two masked robbers secured a package containing \$10,000 from the United States express agent at Britt, Iowa, near Des Moines.

The powder works at Hollidaysburg, Pa., was wrecked by an explosion. Nine persons were killed outright and 20 others injured, several fatally.

Between 70 and 80 naval recruits have placed in double irons at Boston as the result of a mutiny which broke out on the receiving ship Wabash.

### COLLIDE AT SEA.

Ocean Liners Meet in a Dense Fog, and Twenty Lives are Lost.

Norfolk, Va., May 7.—A collision at sea that cost the lives of 20 or more people and the sinking of the Clyde steamship Saginaw by the Old Dominion steamship Hamilton occurred between Winter quarters lightship and Fenwick island lightship, on the Virginia coast at 4:40 o'clock this morning.

A dense fog settled along the shore shortly after nightfall, and while going through the fog at reduced speed the Hamilton crashed into the Saginaw's side about 20 feet from the stern.

The fog whistles of both vessels were distinctly heard by each other for several minutes before the collision occurred. According to Captain Poaz, of the Hamilton, his ship was making about nine miles an hour, and the Saginaw about ten. The fog was so thick that objects a ship's length away were invisible, and when the two crafts were in sight of each other, bow on, there was but a moment's interim before they met.

The rushing water caused the Saginaw to settle rapidly at the stern, and the impetus of the Hamilton took her out of sight of the crippled vessel.

The engines, already reversed, were put full steam to the rear, and the Hamilton circled the scene of the wreck, at the same time lowering two lifeboats. There was consternation among the passengers of the Old Dominion ship, and the first thought was for their safety, but as soon as it was discovered that the ship was uninjured save that some bow plates were stove in all efforts were directed to the rescue of those on the Saginaw.

### COMPILATION OF INDIAN TREATIES.

Work Also Covers Laws, Executive Orders and Proclamations.

Washington, May 6.—The government printing office has just issued two quarto volumes entitled, "Indian Affairs, Law and Treaties," compiled by direction of congress by Charles L. Kappler, a clerk in the senate committee on Indian affairs. The volumes contain every treaty made by the United States with the Indians, and all the laws, executive orders and proclamations relating to the Indians up to December 1, 1902, together with statistics of tribes, trust funds, etc.

The commissioner of Indian affairs, in his annual reports, has urged for some years that such a compilation be made for the reason that the laws and orders relating to the Indians were scattered through a great number of documents, making it exceedingly difficult to be sure that one had before it all legislation on any given question relative to the Indians. The present compilation is indexed carefully, and in its general arrangement follows the form of the statutes at large.

### PEAK OVERHANGS TOWN.

People Warned to Keep Away From Turtle Mountain.

Vancouver, B. C., May 6.—A committee of the board of trade examined Turtle mountain this morning and decided to warn people to keep at a safe distance for at least a week so that the town will be absolutely deserted for a time at least. The reason for this conclusion is that an immense peak of Turtle mountain is now overhanging the southern part of the town. Its fall might destroy the remaining buildings in the town, although experienced mining men believe that another slide would spread over the valley, destroying the buildings of the coal company at the base of the mountain but not overwhelming the town proper.

### Irish Immigration Increasing.

New York, May 7.—Great increase in immigration from Ireland is shown by the record of the first four months of this year, compared with the same period of other recent years. Statistics given out today show the arrival of 8,206 Irish immigrants for the four months ending April 30, against 4,002 for the same time last year. All other nationalities which come here show a larger per centage of males than females, but of the Irish coming this year about 70 per cent are females. Many are girls in their teens.

### Closing of Convent Causes Outbreak.

Paris, May 7.—An outbreak occurred today in the vicinity of Nancy, where the authorities, upon proceeding to close the convent of the Oblate Fathers, met with lively resistance from the crowd, which received them with the usual hostile manifestations. A strong force of gendarmes and cavalry was called in, and was obliged to carry two barricades before it could force an entrance to the building. During the fighting a number were injured.

### Monitor Leaves St. Louis.

Washington, May 7.—The navy department was informed today of the departure from St. Louis for Cairo, Ill., of the monitor Arkansas, which was present at the exposition dedicatory exercises. The vessel will make fast time down stream, and reports received at the department show the depth of the river to be entirely sufficient for the monitor.

# OREGON NEWS OF INTEREST

## WANT HIGH PRICES.

Marion County Fruit and Wool Men Organize Unions for Mutual Benefit.

Union among producers to compel competition among buyers was the watchword at the meetings of fruit-growers and woolgrowers in Salem last Saturday. The producers propose to stand together for their mutual benefit and to compel buyers to bid against each other for the produce they have to sell. To secure the highest price the market will warrant is the purpose, and those who are identified with the unions feel confident of a successful outcome of the co-operative movement.

About 50 owners of sheep met and organized the Marion county woolgrowers' association. A sales committee was appointed. Committees were also appointed to draft resolutions as a basis for the organization and to prepare a constitution. A large committee, composed of residents of different parts of the county, will be appointed to solicit membership.

The Salem fruitgrowers' union, which was organized last year, held a meeting to discuss the methods of disposing of this year's crop of berries and cherries. It was the general opinion that competition must govern the prices, but after the early fruit has been disposed of the Salem cannery will be given the preference at the same price that shall be offered by shippers.

The growers were a unit in voicing their loyalty to the cannery and asserted their intention to give the cannery their patronage, provided that the proprietor would meet the prices of shippers. Some of the early fruit will be shipped fresh, while the prices are high, but after that the fruit will be offered to the cannery in preference to shipping fresh, the price being the same or better. An earnest desire for the success of the cannery was expressed by many, for the reason that this enterprise furnishes a market for the fruit and prevents a glut in the local market. A determination to produce a better quality of fruit was also expressed.

## POWER FROM SISKIYOU.

Harnessed Streams Will Give Light and Motion to Southern Oregon Cities.

An agreement for the sale of the entire plant and equipment of the Ashland electric power and light company to the Siskiyou electric power and light company has been entered into between representatives of the two companies.

The California company, it is understood, takes over the entire stock of the local company and pays a substantial premium over the face value for it.

The California company is developing extensive power on Fall creek and Klamath river on the south side of the Siskiyou mountains which will be transmitted across the mountains to the valley, supplying mines and small towns on the way with light and power, including the towns of Klamath and Hornbrook and a number of quartz mills in that vicinity.

The Churchill Bros., bankers, of Siskiyou county, and Alex. Rosenborough, of Oakland, Cal., are the controlling influences in the new company, and they claim to have available in the waters of Fall creek and Klamath river total horsepower resources of 22,000 which it is proposed to develop and with it promote electric railways and manufacturing enterprises throughout Southern Oregon and Northern California.

## Bids Opened on Land.

The state land board Tuesday opened bids for the purchase of sections 16 and 36, in township 31 south, range 9 west, and section 16, in township 31 south, range 10 west, which townships were recently surveyed. There were several bids, ranging from \$2.50 to \$4.25, the land being sold at the latter figure. It is understood that there are several homesteaders on the land and that the purchasers from the state will have a contest.

## Desire Better Train Service.

The matter of train service, which has been agitated considerably by Corvallis, Independence, Amity, McCoy, McMinnville and Monmouth, is again being taken up. The matter will be brought before the officers at San Francisco.

## Strike in Bohemia Mine.

The Crystal consolidated mining company, of Cottage Grove, is in receipt of information from Bohemia that a four foot vein of base ore has just been struck in its lower tunnel.

## Outfitting at Eugene.

Colonel A. B. French, of the coast geodetic and geographical survey, is now in Eugene making preparations and outfitting for a trip to the regions of the Blue river and Bohemia mines, where he will make some surveys for the government. He will have 20 to 25 men in his party.

## River Strikers Won at La Grande.

The striking river drivers have again gone to work, having won their terms from Manager Murphy, of the Grande Ronde lumber company. They are to have \$3.50 per day and board and lose no time. They will also receive wages and expenses for the six days of the strike spent in town.

## FOR A GREAT STATE FAIR.

Larger Appropriations for Agricultural Premiums—Interest Increasing.

The state fair this fall will mean more to Oregon as an advertising medium than it ever has before. The large immigration now coming to this state gives the people of the different sections of Oregon an opportunity to represent their resources and advantages to a large number of new-comers at comparatively little cost. A majority of those who come to the coast seeking new homes do not invest until after they have spent several weeks or even months looking around. Their desire is to find the locality that will suit their individual preferences and occupations best. Through the annual state fair it will be possible to present, in an attractive form, information regarding the industries of every county in the state, and by visiting the fair, strangers will learn more about the different localities than they could in any other way at the same expense.

The last legislature increased the state fair appropriation from \$5,000 a year to \$10,000, and it is provided that all this sum must be offered and awarded as premiums for agricultural and other industrial products. The increase in the appropriation for premiums is sufficient to make it certain that if the season be favorable to crops, this year's fair will be ahead of anything yet had.

## Big Mills Start Up.

The big planing mill and sash and door factory of Williams Bros. & Kendall, in Grants Pass, have begun operations. While not all of the machinery has been installed, enough is in place to allow work to begin that the owners of the mills may make a start on the long list of orders for building material they have on hand. These mills are the second in size of their class on the Pacific coast. They contain over 30 machines of various kinds, up-to-date and of the best pattern, for cutting and finishing all grades.

## Government Surveyors at Albany.

A government surveying party, consisting of C. H. Semler, C. P. Jones, A. D. Patterson, Frank Neel and Ray Telford, is in Albany preparing to make a survey of that part of the valley. The survey is for a general topographical map, and lines will be run out from Albany in all directions 224 feet above the sea level.

## Fast Cutting the Timber.

Van Houten & Messenger have received the machinery for a new sawmill, to be erected in the timber east of Union with a capacity of 20,000 feet per day. A number of other mills are going in, and within a month it is estimated there will be eight sawmills in operation near that city.

## Varney Cannot Be President.

Rev. George R. Varney has sent a note to the board of trustees of the McMinnville college, refusing to allow his name to be used as a successor of President Boardman. Mr. Varney had previously been elected pastor of the New Whatcom Baptist church, which refused to release him.

## PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 70¢@71¢; blue-stem, 75¢@76¢; valley, 75¢@76¢.

Barley—Feed, \$21.50 per ton; brewing, \$23.

Floor—Best grade, \$3.95@4.25; graham, \$3.45@3.55.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$19 per ton; middlings, \$24; shorts, \$19.50@20. chop, \$18.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.15 @ 1.20; gray, \$1.12@1.15 per cental.

Hay—Timothy, \$13@13.50; clover, \$10@11; cheat, \$11@12 per ton.

Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 50¢ per sack; ordinary, 25¢@40¢ per cental.

Growers' prices; Merced sweets, \$3@3.50 per cental.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 11¢@12¢; young, 13¢@14¢; hens, 12¢; turkeys, live, 16¢@17¢; dressed, 20¢@22¢; ducks, \$7@7.50 per dozen; geese, \$6@6.50.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 16¢@17¢; Young America, 17¢@17¢; factory prices, 16¢@16¢ less.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 22¢ per pound; extras, 21¢; dairy, 20¢@22¢; store, 16¢@15¢.

Eggs—16¢@17¢ per dozen.

Hops—Choice, 18¢@20¢ per pound.

Wool—Valley, 12¢@15¢; Eastern Oregon, 8¢@14¢; mohair, 35¢@36¢.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3¼¢@4¢ per pound; steers, 4¼¢@5¢; dressed, 7¼¢.

Veal—8¢@8½¢.

Mutton—Gross, 7¢@7½¢ per pound; dressed, 8¢@9¢.

Lamb—Gross, 4¢ per pound; dressed, 7¼¢.

Hogs—Gross, 7¢@7½¢ per pound; dressed, 8¢@8½¢.

## BIG COAL POOL FORMING.

Gates and Frick are After Lands of the Choctaw Indians.

South McAlester, I. T., May 6.—Big financiers of the East, headed by H. C. Frick, of Pittsburgh, and John W. Gates, of Chicago, are forming a pool to get possession of all the coal lands in the Choctaw nation. There are 440,000 acres in the Choctaw nation, which will be sold at public auction and the proceeds divided among the Choctaws according to the act of congress. The price agreed upon by the Frick-Gates syndicate is \$25 per acre.

It is not the intention of the syndicate to disturb the present mining companies, either large or small, or their coal leases. All that the Eastern financiers want is the undeveloped coal lands. They will let the companies now mining coal buy the land covered by their leases, but no more. If some of the independent mining concerns are not able to buy the land which they now have leased the syndicate will buy it for them and allow them to operate it on a royalty of 8 cents a ton, as they are now paying the Indians.

Some of the men in the syndicate will purchase the land for development, while others will hold it for speculative purposes. Frick is to get the land along the Fort Smith & Western railroad, which he owns. Gates wants a tract of land in the eastern part of the Choctaw country, which carries a quality of coal especially suited for coking purposes. George Gould is to get a large tract in the vicinity of South McAlester.

## HAWAII IS CRITICISED.

Expert on Leprosy Holds Its Treatment of Disease All Wrong.

Honolulu, May 6.—The legislative committee which visited the leper settlement has made its report, submitting with its own findings a long and sensational statement made by Dr. A. L. Alvarez, a physician, who went to Molokai with the committee as expert. The doctor very severely criticises Hawaii's system of segregation and makes the statement that out of 21 supposed lepers examined by him some time ago 16 were entirely free from the disease and should be at liberty. The segregation system, the report says, leads those who have leprosy and their relatives to conceal the fact, in order that they may avoid being sent to Molokai. Dr. Alvarez approves the system of segregation in vogue in Norway.

The legislative committee recommends the establishment of a large hospital on the island of Oahu, and the employment of Dr. Alvarez as physician in charge. It is also recommended that a medical commission be secured to go to the settlement and examine all the doubtful cases, releasing those who have not the disease.

## POLICE TO SCENE OF STRIKE.

Italian Workmen on New York Subway Become Demonstrative.

New York, May 6.—The strike of Italian rock drillers and diggers took a more serious turn in the Bronx today, 50 policemen being sent to keep order along the excavation for water mains where men are working in the strikers' places. The police were picketed along the excavation and all Italians near it and not working were ordered to move. Bands of Italians, however, marched by and shouted harshly at the men in their places.

Agent Landau, of the Italian labor union, said there were 15,000 men on strike in this city, and that all work in the Bronx would be stopped.

A big box of explosives, which was in a shanty for the excavating work in the Bronx, was ordered buried by the police, and two squads were stationed near to watch it.

Encouraged by the action of the Central Federated union in endorsing their demands, the laborers employed on the subway remained on strike today and the tie-up of work was complete.

## TURTLE MOUNTAIN SLIDING.

River Completely Dammed by Rocks and Flood is Feared.

Blairmore, N. W. T., May 6.—Small slides have been coming down from Turtle mountain at intervals during the past 36 hours. This morning at daybreak the largest rock slide since the first disastrous one occurred and caused much uneasiness among the handful of officials left in Frank. Those who had portable property began to remove it this morning, but when the big slide came they fled precipitately. Government engineers went to the mountain this afternoon to mark out blasting spots and clear off the loose rock.

Renewed fears of a flood have been caused by the unexpected rise of the river. Rain is predicted, and with the river still practically dammed by rocks, a flood now would be disastrous.

## No Coup by Russia.

Washington, May 6.—The Chinese minister called upon Secretary Hay today and discussed the Manchurian situation. There is good reason to believe that the negotiations have taken a more favorable turn, and that the Russian coup which was expected has either been abandoned or been indefinitely postponed. It is understood that this involves no retreat on the part of the Russian government from any position officially taken.

## Shanghai Negotiations Suspended.

Pekin, May 6.—The negotiations at Shanghai for American and Japanese commercial treaties have been suspended. They will be continued here in a fortnight. The principal question still remaining to be settled is the tariff. The Japanese treaty, like the American treaty, provides for the opening of trade of Manchurian towns.

# CITY SURPRISE

Macedonian Rebels Caught Garrison Off Guard.

GAS MAIN DESTROYED BY BOMB.

City of Salonica Left in Darkness Killed in Ensuing Fight—Active in Use of Bombs.

London, May 6.—Except a number killed, which is now exceeded 100, the latest telegraphic mail advices from Salonica confirm the previous reports of the nature of the outbreak there. The age seems to have been taken as a fact that the Turks had taken precautions, and the garrison was seriously depleted, amounting to 500 soldiers. The first mine that exploded cut the principal gas pipes, plunged the city in darkness, the Ottoman bank and other buildings were attacked with bombs, as has been described. Soldiers were roused up to the scene of the fire. They fired wild volleys, but their attackers were killed or wounded by the explosion of their own bombs.

Attempts at throwing bombs being dealt with summarily. Sunday a man disguised as a priest tried to throw a bomb in the telegraph office at Salonica. He was apprehended and executed on the spot. The authorities continue to arrest, and many Bulgarians and Turkish officers are being arrested. Among those arrested are a Bulgarian school, who are to have been at the head of the revolutionary movement.

Edib Pasha, who arrived in Salonica Saturday to carry out the martial law, has issued a proclamation stating that the sultan has ordered to deal severely with all persons guilty of outrages.

At Uskub, European Turkey, the police have seized stores of dynamite, the houses of the Bulgarian settlement. The news that Germany has withdrawn its support from the Bulgarian warship to Salonica has led the Berlin and Vienna, however, official statements have been issued explaining that the object of sending ships of war is solely the protection of foreign subjects, and that the fleet will be withdrawn as soon as the war is over.

## MORE TIME IN BUTTE STRIKE.

Continuance in Hearing of Injunction Granted Western Union.

Butte, May 6.—A continuance was granted by the Federal court of the American labor union hearing on the injunction granted by the Western Union telegraph company straining all members of the union from interfering in any way with the business of the company. The hearing has been continued until May 11, which time the court will decide whether the order shall be allowed to stand and be made permanent or drawn. Attorneys have been asked by the Trades and Labor assembly to fight the matter out in the courts.

It was announced at the office of the American labor union today that further action is to be taken in an affair until after the court has made a decision. Since the injunction issued the messengers of the Western Union company have been unharmed and there has been no attempt to intimidate them or persuade them to desert.

The "unfair" banner which was placed in the street in front of the Western Union office for several days has been taken away.

## Road Across Andes.

Washington, May 6.—In a report to the state department, Consul Marín at Valparaiso, says that during the session of the Chilean congress adjourned in February, a bill was passed which provided for the construction of a railway over the Andes to connect Buenos Ayres, Santiago and Valparaiso. This is the first line to cross the continent of South America. The Argentine government is building a railway from Buenos Ayres, which is connected with the line from Valparaiso.

## London Objects to American Scheme.

London, May 6.—The Yerkes scheme for the consolidation of the underground railways of London is meeting with much opposition. Newspapers protest against such "Americanism" and monopoly and urge the government not to submit thereto. The parliamentary committee of the London county council will submit its report to the council tomorrow. This report insists upon a further investigation of the consolidation scheme, which committee contends will raise large sums of money.

## Colombians May Migrate to Mexico.

Kingston, Jamaica, May 6.—Camach Uribe and several other prominent Colombian Liberals arrived today from Bogota on their way to Mexico. They report that large numbers of Colombian Liberals have decided to emigrate to Mexico, having confidence in the government of Colombia. They say also that a majority of Conservatives have determined on the rejection of the canal treaty, and a great sum of money is forthcoming.

## Chicago Fire Loss.

Chicago, May 6.—Fire tonight destroyed the five-story building at 153 Wabash avenue, causing a loss of \$150,000. The building was owned by several mercantile firms, whose stock was completely destroyed.