

## COTTAGE GROVE LEADER

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When you attempt to throw dust in the other fellow's eyes, be sure that the wind is in the right direction, lest it blow back and blind you instead.

If you can't laugh at the story your friend has told, at least don't say, "Well, I heard it this way."

If brain fag was the only way of dying, we know a lot of people who would be classed with the immortals.

All cats imagine they can sing—and in that respect they are like men.

A woman may marry a man for his money and then find that she is getting less than the minimum wage.

Humility is all right for the other fellow to have.

We are afraid that some of these suffragettes, if woman's suffrage becomes universal, will try to take the right of suffrage away from the men.

It is easy to fool a woman—if it wasn't, how would the men get married?

Probably more than half the people in the world will hoe more diligently on the other fellow's row than on their own.

Sometimes young folks have to be switched to get them on the right track.

The young lad without a ticket to the circus who wouldn't crawl under the tent if he got a chance, is lacking in some of the fundamentals of a normal boy.

The married man knows there is not the slightest truth in the old saying about a woman not having birthday anniversaries after she passes 15. He knows that he has to buy a present for her every year just the same.

A girl's castle in the air is sometimes built of bricks of ice cream.

A tablet supposed to have been engraved a thousand years before the writing of the book of genesis, has been unearthed and translated. The translator claims (and few will dispute him) that the book says that it was Noah and

not Eve who plucked the forbidden fruit. That's about the way it usually turns out when man tries to blame anything of this sort onto woman.

No matter how angelic a man may appear before marriage, after the wedding the wife will learn that a man's a man for a' that.

One Oregon paper tells a harrowing tale of an automobilist who ran over a skunk and another paper asks: "How did he know it?" We suggest that some motion picture corporation offer a substantial prize for the most plausible solution.

The young man who is courting a girl and means business, doesn't care for competition.

After a girl has been wishing for several months that he would pop the question, she can act just as surprised as if such a thing had never entered her head.

The \$10-a-week clerk away on his vacation wants folks to believe he is a millionaire's son—and sometimes he gets away with it.

The man honest enough to admit in an argument that his opponent has made a point, falls an easy prey to the book agent.

A knocker usually makes enough noise to be heard above most any uproar.

"There is no place like home" applies just as forcibly to the man who finds it impossible to stay there.

One reason the wise keep their mouths shut is so they will get paid for imparting what they know.

The man whose dying request was that all of the money he left be spent on his funeral, tried to beat the oft-made remark that you can't take your money with you when you leave this old world.

What's the use of man being good when woman will be called his better half anyway.

## STOLEN GARMENTS RECOVERED

It will be remembered that the clothes lines at Bolden's, Prophet's and McClure's were raided in the latter part of May and a lot of women's and children's garments taken. No clue was left by the thief and what became of the clothes remained a mystery until last Thursday Mr. Hull, assisted by Mr. Anderson was hunting for a corner stake on his ranch. They ran across a big pile of clothing of that description in the brush. Mr. Hull did not come to town to notify Marshal Pitcher until Saturday and in the meantime part of the clothing had been sneaked away. The garments which were recovered were rendered worthless by mildew and the action of the elements.

Last week this paper mentioned that Mr. Cruzen's clothes line had been robbed of a washing. Yesterday the garments were found in the Frank Woolley building near the fruit drier building. They gave abundant evidence of having been worn. The identity of the thief has not been established but the method indicates that all is the work of the same person.

## UNBRIDLED CRITICISM

Teddy Swings the Big Stick on Wilson's Foreign Policy.

Col. Roosevelt in a speech at Pittsburg recently took occasion to rip the administration up the back for its foreign policy and Secretary Garrison has reprimanded General Leonard Wood for allowing such a speech to be made on such an occasion. What Teddy said is as follows, and is hot stuff as usual: "Free citizens should be allowed to do their own fighting. The professional pacifist is as much out of place in a democracy as is the poltroon himself, and he is no better citizen than the poltroon. Probably no body of citizens in the United States during the last five years have wrought so efficiently for national decadence and international degradation as the professional pacifists, the peace-at-any-price men, who have tried to teach our people that silly all-inclusive arbitration treaties and the utterances of fatuous platitudes at peace congresses are substitutes for adequate military preparedness.

"Camps like this are the best possible antidotes to hyphenated Americanism. The events of the past year have shown us that in any crisis the hyphenated American is an active force against America, an active force for wrong doing. The effort to hoist two flags on the same flag pole always means that one flag is hoisted underneath, and the hyphenated American invariably hoists the flag of the United States underneath. We must all be Americans and nothing else.

"There exists no finer body of Americans citizens in this country than those citizens of German birth or descent who are in good faith Americans and nothing else. The professional German-American has shown himself in the last twelve months an enemy to this country as well as to humanity.

"The recent exposure of the way in which these German-Americans have worked together with the emissaries of the German government—often by direct corruption—against the integrity of American institutions and against America doing its international duty, should arouse scornful indignation in every American worth calling such.

"The leaders among the professional German-Americans have preached and practiced what comes perilously near to treason against the United States.

"For thirteen months America has played an ignoble part among the nations. We have tamely submitted to seeing the weak, whom we had covenanted to protect, wronged. We have seen our own men, women and children murdered on the high seas without action on our part. Inasmuch as we as a nation have done nothing whatever for national defense during the past thirteen months, it is well that private individuals should have tried, however insufficiently, to provide some kind of substitute for proper governmental action. The army officers and enlisted men have put all good Americans under a fresh debt by what they have done in connection with this camp; and we owe much to the private citizens who have advanced the money without which the camp could not have been held."

Shaving Through a Fence.

Innsbruck, Austrian Tyrol, Aug. 7.—The Swiss-Austrian frontier is carefully marked off and closed by barbed wire fences, but that does not at all prevent fairly free intercourse between the Swiss and the Austrian soldiers. Soldiers of both countries are grouped along the Engadine border and in the Swiss ranks is a barber, the only one of his profession on either side. A recent visitor to this front who desired to have a shave found it was easily obtainable by the simple expedient of sitting in a chair on the Austrian side, and allowing the Swiss soldier to extend his arms through the wire meshes. The shave was not the equal of one in a regular barber shop, a bit ragged and rough in spots, but it was far better than none and was accomplished without any break of neutrality. Austrian officers, it is stated, resort almost daily to the odd expedient.

S. L. Goddard, Grover and Steve Boughton went to Eugene today by automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bosserman of Roseburg visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Groom in this city Wednesday. Mr. Bosserman is day ticket man for the S. P. at Roseburg. They had been attending a picnic of railroad employees at Salem.

Hon. W. Al Jones of Salem, secretary of the state fair, accompanied by Hon. W. B. Dillar of Eugene, were in Cottage Grove yesterday advertising the state fair and calling on friends. Potatoes used instead of soap will keep the hands clean and the skin soft. The water in which potatoes have been boiled is a good wash for table silver, and keeps it bright with little or no exertion on the part of the housewife.

JAMES WITTHYCOMBE, Governor.

FOR SALE—Baby go-cart. Originally cost \$12.00; goes at \$1.00. Mrs. Elbert Bede, 1335 East Jefferson street.

# ARCADÉ Wednesday, Sept. 1

# SEA WOLF

BY JACK LONDON—FEATURING HOBART BOSWORTH

Matinee starts at 2:30. Two shows at night—7:30 and 9:20. If you want the best out of this wonderland picture be here at the beginning of one of the shows.

## SATURDAY FOR HER PEOPLE

Four Big Acts

ADMISSION Adults 25c—Children 10c

A Big Story of Capital and Labor. Many Thrilling Mob Scenes—5c, 10c.

## TAFT'S PEACE PLAN

Portland, Or., Aug. 23.—With distinguished jurists present from all parts of the northwest, the Oregon and Washington Bar Association met here in joint session today and were addressed by Former President William Howard Taft.

At the opening of the joint session this afternoon, Mayor H. R. Albee of Portland, and Governor James Withycombe of Oregon delivered brief addresses of welcome to the delegates. Frank Reeves, president of the Washington Bar Association, responded, and then Mr. Taft, whose subject was "Law and Government," was introduced.

Mr. Taft, in the course of his address, which was largely of a technical nature, took up the question of what is a justiciable issue. He discussed this regarding disputes between states and between nations. Justiciable questions, he said, were only such as were capable of a judicial solution. He declared that what could be done in the way of settling disputes between states without resorting to war could be done in the same way between nations.

"Will not the exhaustion in which all the belligerents, whether victors or vanquished, find themselves after this awful sacrifice of life and wealth make them wish to make the recurrence of such a war less probable?" asked Mr. Taft.

"Will they not be in a mood to entertain any reasonable plan for the settlement of international disputes by peaceful means? Can we not devise such a plan? I think we can."

"To constitute an effective league of peace, we do not need all the nations. The successful establishment of a peace league among the great powers would draw into it very quickly the less powerful nations."

"What should be the fundamental plan of the league? It seems to me that it ought to contain four provisions. In the first place, it ought to provide for the formation of a court, which would be given jurisdiction by the consent of all the members of the league to consider and decide justiciable questions between them."

"A commission of conciliation for the consideration and recommendation of a solution of all nonjusticiable questions that may arise between the members of the league should be created."

"Periodical conference should be held between the members of the league for the declaration of principles of international law. This is really a provision for something in the nature of legislative action by the nations concerned in respect to international law."

"The fourth suggestion is one that brings in the idea of force. In the league proposed, all members are to agree that if any one member violates its obligations and begins war against any other member, without submitting its cause for war to the arbitral court, if it is a justiciable question, or to the commission of conciliation, if it is otherwise, all the members of the league should unite to defend the member attacked against a war waged in breach of pledged faith."

General Plan for the Oregon California Land Grant Conference.

The Conference will be held at the Capital, Salem, in the hall of representatives, commencing on the morning of Thursday, September 16, 1915.

Invitations to take part in the proceedings have been issued to the following:

Members of Congress and of the Legislature.

Heads of Federal departments.

The County Court of every county embracing Oregon-California lands has been invited to appoint five representatives, one of whom shall represent the court, one at least shall be chosen as a representative of an accredited taxpayer's organization, and one at least of a community or commercial organization.

The County Court of every county having no O. C. grant lands has been asked to appoint one representative.

The State Federation of Labor, the State Grange and the Farmers' Union have each been invited to appoint ten delegates to be selected from counties embracing O. C. lands.

State Banking Association and the State Press Association have each been asked to appoint three delegates, to be chosen from counties embracing O. C. lands. Any other state-wide accredited organization having direct interest in the questions involved may be eligible for representation, at the discretion of the Committee on Procedure.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company has been asked to be represented to state its case as it sees fit and to offer such suggestions as seem desirable.

All details for the conference, such as preparing preliminary program, will be in the hands of a Committee on Procedure, consisting of nine members, who shall be chosen by the Governor from (1st) the Legislature; (2nd) the Portland Chamber of Commerce; (3rd) the State Grange; (4th) the State Federation of Labor; (5th) the Oregon Conservation Commission; and four representatives selected from the counties containing O. C. lands.

JAMES WITTHYCOMBE, Governor.

FOR SALE—Baby go-cart. Originally cost \$12.00; goes at \$1.00. Mrs. Elbert Bede, 1335 East Jefferson street.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO TAX COLLECTORS

Aug. 19, 1915—On February 26, 1915, this commission sent instructions to each County Treasurer (then Tax Collector) advising on certain matters of procedure in tax collections of the current year. Such instructions are here repeated, in substance, with additional advice which now appears in order:

1. Where one-half of the 1914 taxes on any property was paid before April 1, 1915, the second-half may be paid any time before October 1, 1915, without penalty or interest; if the second half is not paid it will become delinquent on October 1 and be then subject to a penalty of 10 per cent and interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from said date.

2. Where one-half was not paid before April 1, 1915, a penalty of one per cent for each calendar month or part thereof, on the total amount unpaid, cumulates during the period beginning April 1 and ending August 31, 1915. For illustration, if a tax bill as charged on the roll totals \$100.00 and the full amount is paid in the month of August, a penalty of 5 per cent (\$5.00) is to be added thereto. These cumulative penalties are not to be collected on or after September 1, 1915, being superseded on that date by the penalties and interest applicable to delinquent taxes.

3. Where one-half of the 1914 taxes on any property was not paid before April 1, 1915, the entire amount unpaid will become delinquent on September 1, 1915, and be then subject to a penalty of 10 per cent and interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum. For instance, the taxes as originally charged on a certain property amount to \$100.00; if paid in full on September 15, 1915, the total amount required would be \$110.50, a penalty of 10 per cent (\$10.00) and interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum for 15 days (\$0.50) being added to the original tax.

4. Section 1 of Chapter 156, Laws of 1915, amending Section 3682, Lord's Oregon Laws, and providing in part that "The first half of all taxes legally levied and charged shall be paid on or before the fifth day of April following, and the second half on or before the fifth day of October following," has no application whatever to taxes charged on tax rolls of the year 1914. Said section will become effective in 1916 and apply in the payment of taxes to be charged on the 1915 rolls.

5. Sections 2 and 3 of Chapter 156, Laws of 1915, amending Sections 3682 and 3687, Lord's Oregon Laws, are now in effect. Therefore, the Tax Collector is to make his annual statement and tax return, also proceed to collect taxes on personality, on or immediately after October 5, 1915, instead of September 1 as heretofore.

STATE TAX COMMISSION,  
Frank K. Lovell, Sec.

## TAXES MAY BE MET IN TWO PAYMENTS

The unusual circumstances that there are two dates on which taxes become delinquent this year has given rise to many misunderstandings among the taxpayers. Charles V. Galloway, of the state tax commission, states that the law may be summed up as follows:

If one-half of the taxes are paid before April 1, the taxpayer may pay the balance any time before October 1, without penalty or interest charged. If the balance is not paid before October 1, that date the second half of the taxes becomes delinquent, and to it may be added a penalty of 10 per cent and interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum. If the taxpayer does not pay one-half of his taxes before April 1, 1915, the entire amount becomes delinquent September 1, and the penalty and interest as above specified begins September 1.

By the enactment of house bill No. 471, the recent legislative assembly provided for certain changes in the manner of tax payments, to become effective in 1916. This act has nothing whatever to do with tax payments in the present year.

## N. Y. WOMEN PLAN ONE DAY'S STRIKE AS SUFFRAGE MOVE

New York, Aug. 20.—New York, externally, will be womanless one day soon, if the plan fostered by Mrs. Norman Whitehouse is carried to a successful conclusion.

It is planned to refute the old charge that "woman's place is in the home" by carrying out the idea to the letter—on one day every woman in New York will stay home, whether she be professional woman, scrub woman, working girl or just plain woman.

This, the suffragists contend, will prove to voters just how valuable woman is outside the home.

Visiting cards—The Sentinel.

## EACH year this Bank publishes in the local papers

Five sworn statements called by the Comptroller of the currency, submits to two examinations by National Bank Examiners.

## It Also Has

A Board of Directors that directs and it is a member of the Federal Reserve Board.

## The First National Bank

Capital.....\$25,000  
Surplus and Undivided Profits.....\$60,000


## "Safety First"

## Everything Kept Neat and Clean

Bologna, Sausage, Hamburger and Lard, all home made. Fresh and salt meats and fish in season. Prices Most Reasonable. Our home cured meats are far superior to the custom cured article and cheaper. Have you tried them?

DRESSED CHICKEN EVERY SATURDAY or at any other time on order

CULVER BROTHERS  
People's Meat Market Pure Home Made Lard Our Specialty



### THE "GREATER OREGON"

With new buildings, better equipment, enlarged grounds, and many additions to its faculty, the University of Oregon will begin its fortieth year, Tuesday, September 14, 1915. Special training in Commerce, Journalism, Architecture, Law, Medicine, Teaching, Library Work, Music, Physical Training and Fine Arts. Large and strong departments of Liberal Education. Library of more than 55,000 volumes, thirteen buildings fully equipped, two splendid gymnasiums. Tuition Free. Dormitories for men and for women. Expenses Lowest. Write for free catalogs, addressing Registrar UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, EUGENE, OREGON

## THE SEA WOLF

By Jack London, as to be shown at The Arcade Next Wednesday.

Wolf Larsen, captain of the Ghost, a sealer bound for the waters north of Japan, is notorious, even among sealers, for his cruelty and wanton disregard for others. Humphrey Van Weyden is a gentleman of leisure, a literate and erudite of prominence. Nothing could seem further apart than the lives of these two. Yet Fate brings them swiftly together.

As Larsen is preparing to sail from San Francisco on what proves his last voyage, there is a collision in the fog between two ferry boats, the Martinez and the Sausalito, in which the former sinks, with nearly all its passengers lost. Among the few saved is Van Weyden, who is borne out to sea by the tide.

He is rescued by the Ghost, and is brought face to face with the Sea Wolf. At first the latter sees in him only a puny weakling, whom he overcomes by the slightest display of force, and compels to act as cabin-boy for the rest of the voyage. To Van Weyden, Larsen's enormous physical strength and ruthless cruelty are appalling, and his drastic treatment of the sailors is sickening. Later he sees in him the strange paradox—the Sea Wolf who reads and tears, and Larsen, the eager student and embittered dreamer, a man so weary of life that he longs to end it, yet has no hope of life hereafter. Between the two, so different in every way, springs up an odd companionship. They read poetry and philosophy together, and Humphrey tends him whenever Larsen is stricken with the torturing headaches and temporary blindness which at times overwhelm him.

But his crew both fear and hate him with a murderous hate, and matters go from bad to worse. Leach, a green hand, whom Larsen has treated with special cruelty, tries to kill Wolf by throwing a knife at him, but misses. Desperate, Leach runs to Johnson, another sailor. "I missed him and he's got my knife. We've got to do it now." They creep upon Larsen as he stands by the rail with Johnson; and in the struggle both Larsen and Johnson are thrown overboard. The latter is drowned, but Larsen seizes the log line and climbs aboard. With characteristic disregard of consequences he goes directly to the fore-castle, to find who assisted Leach in the attack. Larsen tries "the pulse test for feigned sleep." As he bends over French Louis Leach gives the signal and the entire crew obeys. There is a terrific struggle in the dark, and it is only by superhuman effort that Larsen shakes himself free and makes his way up the ladder, from which he emerges, cut and bleeding profusely, but victor.

Nothing can save Leach and Johnson from him now but fight, and while Humphrey, promoted to first mate, dresses Larsen's wounds, the two make their escape in on of the ship's boats. It is during Larsen's search for them that the third and most surprising element enters into the story.

An open boat containing the survivors of the shipwrecked City of Tokio is picked up. One of them is a woman. With the advent of Maud Brewster, interest centers in the love story which quickly develops.

Maud and Humphrey have much in common and are insensibly drawn the closer together because of their common fear of Larsen's power over them. It is soon after Maud's arrival that the two following incidents occur: Leach and Johnson are sighted and, to the surprise of all, signal to be taken on board. The Ghost approaches very near and the Wolf grimly promises Humphrey not to lay hands on them.

The other: Mudge, the cook, is too slovenly to be longer endured, and with Larsen's permission, he is tied to a rope and thrown overboard for a ducking. The men's enjoyment is changed to horror as a shark's fin cuts the wake of the ship. Wolf is first at the rope, hauling in, but in spite of their efforts Mudge's foot is bitten off. Later the shark is caught and hung up in the rigging—to Maud's disgust.

Every day adds to her fear of Larsen, and she begs him to put her ashore at Yokohama. To her terror and Humphrey's rage, Larsen shows all too plainly his intention to keep her in his power. Soon after he seizes her in his arms. Humphreys tries to save her. Both are powerless against his great strength; but one of the blinding seizures to which Larsen is subject, overcomes him, and he falls fainting. They are secure for the present. There is no real safety for them, however, on board. But so as not to tell too much of the story, we will leave the rest for you to see at The Arcade next Wednesday, Sept. 1.

## BRING ON YOUR BERRIES, SAYS SUPERINTENDENT

Cannery Will Run Only Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday Next Week and Close for Season.

Superintendent Bales notifies the public that from now on, including next week, the cannery will run only on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturdays. Those having pears or berries to can should govern themselves accordingly as after next week it is probable that business will not justify further operation of the cannery this season.