

No other Month has so much "Opportunity" Stored Up in it as the Great Sale Month of January.

Everything in the Store on Sale, everything REDUCED, nothing excepted. We want to clean-up our stock as thoroughly as possible before the arrival of our Spring Goods. To accomplish this we had to make Reductions that Hurt, but they mean to you a

A Carnival of Unequaled Bargains

Prices cut to HALF the former price on many Articles. Other goods will be cleaned out at COST. The Difference Between My Prices and those Elsewhere were never so Pronounced as in This SALE



We give you just a few items here. It is impossible to price everything within the limited space of this advertisement.

Furs
Here's an opportunity you can't afford to miss.
\$50.00 sets, now \$25.50
\$25.00 " " \$14.98
\$27.50 " " \$15.50
\$19.50 " " \$ 9.98

Laces, 2c, 5c, 7c, 9c, 13c and 19c.

Muslin Underwear, Gowns, Princess Slips, Combination Suits, Corset Covers, Petticoats, Drawers,—all at sweeping prices.

Ladies' Suits and Coats
Regular values, \$10 to \$25, going at \$4.98, \$6.98, \$9.98 and \$14.98

Millinery
Everything at a sweeping reduction.
\$6.00 White Beaver shapes, now \$2.98
\$5.00 colored Beaver shapes, now \$2.69
\$4.00 colored Beaver shapes, now \$1.98
\$2.50 colored Beaver shapes, now \$1.38

Silks
Regular 50c, 75c, \$1.00 to \$1.50, now 37c, 49c, 59c, 89c and 95c

Silk Waists
Now \$1.98, \$2.38 and \$2.98



Corsets
Now from 39c to \$1.98

Kid Gloves
Regular \$1.50 and \$2.00 values, now .98c and \$1.48

Ribbons
Here's a real feast for you. Ribbons selling regularly at 15c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 37c, 45c, 50c, 60c, closed out at the following prices:

Series A	9c
" B	12c
" C	14c
" D	17c
" E	19c
" F	23c
" G	27c
" H	29c

White Goods
Sale of White goods "biggest ever." Goods in this department all at your mercy. Embroideries, 2c, 4c, 6c, 9c up.



Burson & Armour Plate Hose
Now going at 15c, 18c and 23c.

Sweaters
98c, \$1.38, \$2.69, and \$3.98

No Credit and No Exchanges

THE LADIES' TOGGERY.

Mary Bartels, Proprietor.

COTTAGE GROVE LEADER

The paper that gives you what you want to read

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY
One year, \$1.50
Six months, .75
Advertising rates on Application

W. C. CONNER, Editor and Manager

Entered as second-class matter January 25, 1913, at the post office at Cottage Grove, Oregon, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

The New Currency Law.

The crowning event of the Wilson administration culminated when President Wilson signed the new Currency law on Dec. 23. Under the operation of this law it will be almost impossible to ever have another financial panic such as we had under Roosevelt in 1907, Cleveland in 1893 and President Grant in 1873. This measure brings the banks of the country into closer relation with the Government at Washington than they ever have been, and the Government control and regulation of banks in turn is more complete and thorough. In the future whenever a bank runs short of money with which to make loans to its customers, under this bill it can turn its own securities, such as first class stocks, bonds and mortgages over to the Government Regional Bank and get the money with which to supply loans and the needs of its vicinity, says the News.

At the first when the bill was introduced last summer a great many bankers did not thoroughly understand it and were at first somewhat hostile towards it, but now the banks are rejoicing over the triumph of the bill and it is regarded as a certainty that it will bring good times and the greatest era of prosperity that this country has ever known and what is more important the prosperity will be evenly dis-

tributed and not flow into the coffers of Wall street as has hitherto because the control of all money by Wall street and through it the control of the great industries of the country is now a thing of the past.

Workmen's Compensation Act

The editor has received from Carl D. Babcock, a member of the State Industrial Accident Commission, a copy of the Workmen's Compensation Act, which was passed almost unanimously by the last Legislature, held up by the referendum and approved by the people on November 4th by a vote of more than two to one. Included with the law, is the report of the commission appointed by Governor West to frame the bill. The law become effective immediately after the election in so far as the organization of the Commission was concerned. The insurance features of the Act, however, do not become operative until July 1, 1914.

The law provides for the creation of the Industrial Accident Fund, to be made up by contributions from employers, workmen and the State.

Two classes of occupations are defined in the Act and are designated as Classes A and B. In Class A, the rate of payment by the employer is 3 per cent and by the employee one-half of one per cent. In Class B, the employer pays 1 1-12 and the employee one-fourth of 1 per cent. In Class A, both the employer and workmen are entitled to exemption when the individual employer has to his credit, 3 per cent of his annual pay roll and no accidents have occurred in his plant; while under Class B, the amount required to be maintained by the employer in the accident fund is 1 1-2 per cent of the pay roll.

The law is elective, both in its application to the employer and employee, either of whom may

elect to come in or stay out, but employers in any of the hazardous occupations, who elect not to take advantage of the Act, are deprived of the common law defenses of contributory negligence, fellow servant liability and assumption of risk in any action for damages by their employees. Workmen who reject the Act lose the benefits provided.

The Oregon law provides a liberal schedule of compensation for injured workmen and for the beneficiaries of workmen who lose their lives in industrial accidents. The Act also provides for first aid to injured workmen to an amount not to exceed \$250 in any one case.

Any one interested in the subject can obtain a copy of the law by writing the Commission at Salem.

Thoughtlets.

Thoughts are the materials out of which we build palaces or prisons for our habitation.

The sport who treads the primrose path soon finds himself in the desert where the thorny cactus grows.

Even Barney Oldfield, the automobile speed king, cannot overtake a spoken word.

Without faith, civilization would topple quicker than an earthquake stricken city.

People who never get religious until they get sick, usually get sick of their religion when they get well again.

Many an individual who declares he is too tender hearted to kill a fly, thinks nothing of sandbagging with a lie his neighbor's reputation.

Nothing will queer a mortal's hearing, seeing, thinking and acting like jealousy.

A new baby that persists in keeping its parents awake at night with its crying, soon becomes an old song.

Sunshine between showers and green grass and flowers galore.

If you have any troubles, tell the governor.

A Profitable Old Biddy.

Chas. C. Levene reports a freak old biddy in his flock of chickens. She is an old Barred Plymouth Rock and only differs from other members of the flock in her laying qualities. Besides being a persistent layer, on every other day she lays an egg of enormous size, the one recently presented to the Leader by Mr. Levene, being 8 1-2 inches in circumference endwise and 7 1-2 inches the other way, and is dark brown in color. From eight of these hers Mr. Levene and wife have received enough eggs for their own use and some for the market all winter.

To Boost Loganberry.

J. O. Holt, manager of the Eugene Fruit Growers' association, was honored by the election to the presidency of a new association of northwest cannerymen, organized in Portland Tuesday night. The name of the organization is the Northwest Cannerymen's association and its objects are to boost the products of the canneries, especially the loganberry, collecting and distributing statistics of production, securing uniform standards of grade and pack and co-operating in the matter of legislation, labor regulation and freight rates.

Mr. Holt arrived home Thursday from Portland. In speaking of the new association, he said: "The principal object is to push our specialties in the markets. There is no use in the Willamette valley being dictated to in regard to the price of the loganberry. We raise more than any other spot in the world, and we ought to be able to control the price of our own specialty.

Another function of the association, said Mr. Holt, is to standardize the packs of the different canneries so that all will be up to the grade. The new asso-

ciation will probably affiliate with the national association, which will probably meet in San Francisco next year.—Guard.

Eugene Man is Murdered.

Curtis Masterson, formerly of Eugene, and John Norling, were found dead in a cabin at the head of Sucker creek, in a remote part of the Siskiyou mountains off from Grants Pass, each with a bullet hole in his head, a few days ago, the news having reached Grants Pass Friday. The men were undoubtedly murdered and the officers of Josephine county are now trying to solve the mystery as to the murderer.

The men were engaged in mining. Masterson was a brother of Mrs. George Fisher of Eugene, Mrs. J. W. Baker and Mrs. A. W. Blanton. He has two brothers, E. H. Masterson, living near Irving, and Marcellus Masterson, in British Columbia.

ALEXANDER ADMITS KILLING.

William Alexander, in whose cabin Curtis Masterson, formerly of Eugene, and John Norling, were killed a few days ago, admits to the officers that he shot Masterson in self-defense, but says he knows nothing of the shooting of Norling. Both the dead men were shot through the head, Norling's body being found lying on the bed and Masterson's on the floor near the door. Alexander says that he met the two men on the trail near his cabin Tuesday evening and that he took two drinks of whiskey with them. He refused further drinks and alleges that they later appeared at the cabin of Fred Osborn, of which he was in charge during Osborn's absence, and that it was when they were holding him down and trying to force whiskey down his throat that he shot Masterson through the head.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Lane.

Harda H. Robberson, Plaintiff,

Against

Eliza Jane Richardson; W. A. MacKenzie, Rena MacKenzie, his wife; Edward J. Enos, Elizabeth Enos, his wife; Roderick MacKenzie Anabel MacKenzie, his wife; the unknown heirs at law of said Eliza Jane Richardson or W. A. MacKenzie, if either or both are deceased; also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

To Eliza Jane Richardson; W. A. MacKenzie, Rena MacKenzie, his wife; Edward J. Enos, Elizabeth Enos, his wife; Roderick MacKenzie, Anabel MacKenzie, his wife; the unknown heirs at law of said Eliza Jane Richardson or W. A. MacKenzie, if either or both are deceased; Also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit within six weeks from the first publication of this summons, and if you fail so to answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will take judgment against you as prayed for in said complaint, namely: that his title to the lands therein described, to-wit: Commencing at the N. W. corner of the D. L. C. of Elijah Bristow and wife No. 69, in Tp. 18 S. R. 2 W. of W. M., and running thence North 50 1/2 degrees West 19.43 chs., thence North 2 1/2 degrees West 6.80 chs., thence South 80 1/2 degrees East 40.93 chs., to the West line of the John G. Mitchell and wife D. L. C. No. 70, thence North on said West line 29.31 chs., to the N. W. corner of said claim, thence East on North line thereof 31.23 chs., thence South 36.79 chains, thence South 85 degrees and 50 minutes West 47.80 chs., thence South 21 degrees and 43 minutes West 8.20 chains, and thence South 80 degrees and 43 minutes West 7.07 chs. to the place of beginning; be quieted and confirmed; that the erroneous deeds therein referred to be reformed and corrected, and that you and each of you be forever barred and estopped from having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to said lands adverse to plaintiff's title.

This summons is served by publication thereof for six successive weeks in the Cottage Grove Leader by order of Hon. L. T. Harris, Judge of said Court, made and entered December 18, 1913, and the first publication hereof was made on the 23rd day of December, 1913.

A. E. WHEELER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.