

LIMIT BOMBARDING

American Delegates at Hague Offer New Plan.

SAFETY FOR ALL HOSPITAL SHIPS

Exempt From Capture but Subject to Search—Must Lend Assistance to Both Sides.

The Hague, June 27.—The text of the American proposition presented to the peace conference June 24 by General Horace Porter follows:

"The bombardment by a naval force of undefended and undefended towns, villages or buildings is forbidden, although such towns, villages or buildings are liable to damage incidental to the destruction of military or naval establishments, public depots of munitions of war or vessels of war in port, and such towns, villages or buildings are liable to bombardment when reasonable requisitions for provisions and supplies at the time essential to the naval force are withheld, in which case due notice of the bombardment must be given.

"The bombardment of undefended and undefended towns and places for the payment of ransom is forbidden."

The German proposition for adapting the Red Cross convention to naval warfare, which was presented June 24, says that hospital ships cannot be captured, not being considered as warships. Private hospital ships will enjoy the same treatment if authorized by their own government and on condition that they are certified to the other belligerent. They must assist the wounded without distinction of nationality, and must never be employed for military purposes or interfere with military operations. All hospital ships must hoist the Red Cross flag.

The protection granted hospital ships ceases if they are employed against the enemy, but the crews of such ships may employ arms in their own defense and in defense of the patients. Such ships may also carry small artillery. They are subject to search and can be ordered by either belligerent to take certain positions.

SWEEPS ASIDE OBJECTIONS.

Judge Landis Orders Heads of Standard Oil to Appear in Court.

Chicago, June 27.—High officials of the Standard Oil company were ordered today to appear before Judge Landis, of the United States District court, in Chicago, July 6. Under the court order, John D. Rockefeller, H. H. Rogers, John D. Archbold and other heads of the gigantic corporation may be summoned.

The refusal of the oil trust to answer the questions of Judge Landis relating to its financial resources and the dividends paid to its stockholders aroused the anger of the court. The clash between the judge and John S. Miller, chief counsel of the trust, came to a climax and Judge Landis met the defiance of the corporation with the announcement that he would use the power of the law to secure the information which the Standard Oil officials were attempting to keep out of court records.

PROSECUTION SCORES.

Witnesses for Defense in Haywood Case Discredited.

Boise, June 27.—Yesterday was field day for the state in the Haywood case. Four witnesses were put on the stand for the defense. Of these, two were utterly discredited and from the other two the state got far more than the defense itself. Mr. Hawley and Senator Borah went after the witnesses hammer and tongs and opened many interesting passages in which they stumbled miserably. As the net result of the day's work, the state's case was strengthened, and it is declared by all of the friends of the prosecution to have been one of the very best days of the trial from the state's standpoint.

Bomb Captures Money.

Titlis, Russia, June 27.—A bomb was exploded today in Eriwan square in the center of the city, while the place was thronged with people. The object of the bomb thrower was an attack on the treasury. A wagon containing \$125,000, escorted by Cossacks, had reached Eriwan square when the bomb exploded. Two employees of the Imperial bank were killed. The bags containing the money disappeared and no trace of them has been found. More than 50 persons were injured in the bomb outrage and \$170,000 was stolen.

Cuban Delegate Resigns.

The Hague, June 27.—Colonel Oreste Ferrera, secretary of the Cuban delegation to the peace conference, today confirmed the report that he has tendered his resignation to Governor Magoon. The latter replied that he had only acceded to this request at the colonel's insistent demand. Colonel Ferrera said that the only solution which he could see out of the difficulty which had arisen owing to the attacks upon him was withdrawal.

Will Build Biggest Steamer.

Hamburg, June 27.—The officials of the Hamburg-American Steamship company confirm the report that they are about to order a steamer which will exceed in size the Cunard's new turbine vessel. The liner will be commissioned in 1910.

NEWS FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Both Sides Claim Victory in Telegraph Operators' Strike.

San Francisco, June 26.—General Superintendent Storror, of the Postal Telegraph Company, said yesterday that the strike situation was unchanged. Quite a number of operators were at work and business was being handled without serious delay. "Conditions in our office are better today than at any time since the strike began," said Superintendent A. H. May, of the Western Union Telegraph Company. "We are handling an increased volume of business and have added to the number of our operators. The outlook is very encouraging."

The officials of both companies claim they are within a half hour of their work all the time. The government business was being handled, said Mr. Storror, without any delay at all.

A bulletin issued by the press committee from the telegraphers' headquarters last night said:

"As an evidence of the inability of the Western Union to handle the business offered by the public, they have notified customers to use the telephone whenever possible. A report reached headquarters yesterday that 2000 telegrams had 'disappeared' from the overland division of the operating room of the Western Union office in Chicago. This would indicate that business was being mailed from Chicago. The strikers discovered that public business was being handled over private wires. President Small notified the brokerage firms who have permitted outsiders to use their wires for public business that unless the practice was stopped at once their operators would become involved in the strike.

GRATIFY PERSONAL MALICE

Haywood's Witnesses Tell Orchard's Motive for Murder.

Boise, Idaho, June 26.—The first direct testimony in defense of William D. Haywood was offered yesterday and it was chiefly directed toward showing that Harry Orchard, blaming Frank Steenberg for the loss of his interest in the Hercules mine, had threatened to have revenge by killing him, and that the conduct of Orchard and K. C. Sterling, both before the independence explosion, when they were frequently seen together, and afterward, when Mr. Sterling called off a bloodhound that was following Orchard's trail, justified the inference that the mineowners inspired the crime.

The calling of the first witness for the defense was preceded by a further examination of Orchard, to permit the defense to complete its formal impeaching questions. These questions were nearly all in connection with the theory that Orchard killed Steenberg because of an alleged grudge growing out of the sale of the interest in the Hercules mine. Orchard, who came into court under protection of the same flying squadron of guards that always acts as his escort, maintained his old calmness of manner, and spoke in the same low-pitched, soft tone. He again denied that he ever threatened to kill Steenberg because of the Hercules mine, and again asserted that he sold his interest in the mine two years before the trouble that drove him out of Northern Idaho.

TEN MEN GATHERED IN.

Prominent Colorado Citizens Arrested for Land Fraud.

Denver, Colo., June 25.—Ten prominent citizens of Colorado were arrested in connection with the indictments made by the special grand jury. The charges against them is conspiracy to defraud the government under the coal and timber laws. Those who were placed under arrest are:

John J. McMillan, conspiracy in regard to coal in Routt county, Colorado, in connection with what is known as the Wisconsin Coal Company. Robert Forrester, chief geologist of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad; Otis R. Spencer, formerly clerk of the District Court; F. W. Kettel, a coal operator in Routt county; John A. Porter, formerly president of the Porter Fuel Company; Edgar M. Biggs, president, and John J. McGinnity and Charles D. McPhee, directors of the New Mexican Lumber Company; Alexander T. Sullenberger, president of the Pagosa Lumber Company and Charles H. Freeman of Pagosa.

All were arraigned before United States Commissioner Sanford C. Hinsdale and held in \$5,000 bonds.

Rebels in the War Office.

St. Petersburg, June 26.—The police last night searched a department of the War Ministry and found it to be the headquarters of one of the revolutionary groups. The building was surrounded by police during the search, but only one arrest was made. Much incendiary literature was found. The authorities have made every effort to prevent the publication and circulation of the manifesto of the Deputies of the Social Revolutionists and Group of Toil parties, but with little success. One proclamation was recently printed surreptitiously.

Flood Sweeps Stillwater Valley.

Billings, Mont., June 26.—A destructive flood in the Stillwater Valley west of Columbus, yesterday destroyed five of the several bridges which spanned the Stillwater river and also swept away piers of the Columbus Land & Irrigation Company. It was only by merest accident that the big bridge over the Yellowstone at Columbus was prevented from being swept out. Great damage was done to growing crops and a long stretch of the railroad track.

Three More Deaths from Heat.

Pittsburg, June 26.—Three more deaths from heat occurred here yesterday making a total of 14 fatalities since Sunday evening.

NEWS FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

CLOSE DOORS TO DISEASE.

Radical Order of Texas Classes Consumption With Smallpox.

Washington, June 26.—Federal officials having to do with the regulation and control of the public health were exercised today to learn that the public health officials of Texas will soon issue a proclamation of permanent quarantine against all persons affected with the advanced stages of tuberculosis. The proclamation will place tuberculosis in the same category with small pox and yellow fever, according to report, and is being issued because of the increased immigration of tuberculosis patients to the dry climate of arid Texas.

It was said here that under the Federal statutes tuberculosis is not a quarantinable disease, either under the maritime or interstate immigration law, but immigrants can now be kept out of the United States when afflicted with tuberculosis, under the new immigration law. The opinion was given that it may be difficult to sustain such a quarantine before the Supreme Court under the provision of the constitution guaranteeing the right of every citizen of the United States to go from one state to another.

In such case the state authorities will be compelled to prove absolutely that the person denied entrance to Texas is suffering from tuberculosis in the advanced stage, and the cost of such a quarantine will be large.

On the question of public policy involved in such a quarantine no opinion of officials could be obtained for publication, but it is known to be the opinion of some of the individual experts that the study of tuberculosis has progressed so far that a state of quarantine is unnecessary and that immigration of this kind might be treated at tuberculosis colonies if protective steps are necessary.

The issue raised in Texas has never been heard of before by Federal officials, although Colorado a few years ago alighted a somewhat similar step.

BUY UP SOLDIERS' CLAIMS.

Missouri Sharpers Plead Guilty to Fraudulent Transactions.

Washington, June 25.—Information was today received at the General Land Office that B. A. Jetter and C. B. Van Tress, of Butler, Mo., have pleaded guilty before the United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri and have been fined \$1,000 each and sentenced to four months in jail for conspiracy under section 5440 of the United States Revised Statutes.

These men, in conjunction with other persons, all of Butler, Mo., at the time of the opening of the Indian reservation in South Dakota last year, secured a number of soldiers' declaratory statements, which, as agents for the soldiers, they offered for filing. At the same time they secured promises of relinquishments of soldiers in case the soldiers were lucky enough to draw a number, for the idea being to secure purchasers for the soldiers' rights, and it was charged, defrauding the government by cutting out bona fide entry.

The land office has also been notified that there is a similar scheme in process of formation for the opening of the land to be capable of irrigation under the Huntley project in the Billings, Mont., district, which will soon be made available.

Lower Rate on Alcohol.

Washington, June 27.—A curious case was filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission today by the Railroad Commission of the State of Oregon against the Northwestern and Burlington Railways and several other lines. It appears that the defendant lines charge the same rates upon the denatured alcohol from Chicago to North Pacific terminal points as they charge on other alcohol. By reason of the high freight rates the price of denatured alcohol in Oregon is greatly increased, as it costs from 12 cents to 18 cents a gallon to transport it.

"Cotton Leak" Trial Resumed.

Washington, June 26.—The trial of Edwin S. Himes, former associate statistician of the Department of Agriculture, on the charge of divulging the secret information of the department, was resumed in the Criminal Court today with Dr. C. C. Clark, present assistant statistician, on the stand. He identified a letter written by Cotton Broker H. T. Prince, of New York, to the department, in June, 1905, making inquiries concerning the cotton crop report.

Abandon Fort Assinniboine.

Washington, June 27.—As a preliminary step to the gradual abandonment of Fort Assinniboine, Mont., Captain Boniface, of the Second Cavalry, was relieved of duty as Constructing Quartermaster at Fort Assinniboine and directed to turn over the property for which he is accountable to Lieutenant Howard G. Daniels.

Julius Jacobs Dend.

Washington, June 26.—The Treasury Department received a telegram announcing the death of Assistant United States Treasurer Jacobs at San Francisco. Treasurer Treat took direction of the office by wire and, pending his arrival in San Francisco, has designated Cashier Burnes to act as Assistant Treasurer.

Surveys in Idaho Forests.

Washington, June 26.—George S. Hawkins of the Geological Survey will extend triangulation over Oregon across the Snake river into Idaho, controlling the Cambridge quadrangle and the Meadows quadrangle in the Weiser forest reserve. Later Mr. Hawkins will extend triangulation over the Montpelier quadrangle in Southeastern Idaho.

SIDETRACK LAND INQUIRY.

Nothing to Be Gained by Investigation in Oregon.

Washington, June 29.—There are reasons for believing that the investigation now being made in Oregon by Assistant District Attorney Townsend will not materially help in the solution of the problem of compelling the Southern Pacific railroad company to place on the market in accordance with law the 3,000,000 acres of land remaining of the grant to the Oregon & California Railroad company. In plain language, there is strong suspicion that this investigation is a farce and that it is not going to accomplish what was intended. Unless indications are incorrect, somebody has injected a joker into this proceeding. The identity of the person who is standing behind the people of Oregon and the Southern Pacific railroad has not yet been disclosed, but he must be high up in official circles.

In the first place it is contended by men who have made a special study of this question that there is nothing to investigate in Oregon. All the records, all the laws, and all the facts behind the grant are on file in Washington and the determination of the best method of procedure must be based on the law and on the records. If, therefore, the department of justice is to crack this nut, it must make its investigations here in Washington and not in Oregon. The laws making the grant are on file in the State department. The debate preceding this legislation are on file at the capitol, and from these records may be gathered the intent of the men who secured the legislation, similar information may be gathered from reports on the various bills, and all these reports are of record here and not in Oregon.

But what is still more important, all the papers that passed between the government and the railroad company that secured the grant are of record in the Interior department in this city and cannot be found in Oregon.

Nicaragua Massing Troops.

Washington, June 28.—State department cables indicate a continuance of threatening conditions in Central America. American Minister Merry reports from San Salvador that the Nicaraguan government is massing troops at Point Coseguina. This place is upon the North Pacific border of Nicaragua, on the Gulf of Fonseca, and directly opposite the Salvadorian coast, which appears to be the storm center at this moment. American Minister Lee reports from Guatemala City that Nicaraguan forces have appeared upon the north coast of Honduras. The forts on this coast recently were occupied by the Nicaraguans as an incident to the establishment of the provisional government, but it was understood that President Zelaya had ordered the withdrawal of all the Nicaraguan troops from Honduras.

Build Dams in Forest.

Washington, June 26.—The Stanley Smith Lumber Company has been granted a permit in the Cascade National forest to construct and maintain three reservoirs, dams, and conduits to supply water required for fluming logs and lumber. Joseph R. Keep of Portland, has been granted a permit to build a dam about 10 feet high on Camas creek, Cascade National forest, to lay approximately two miles of pipe line from the dam to the head of a log chute in section 11, township 5 south, range 10 east, to provide water for a donkey engine and camp.

Japs Will Sue San Francisco

Washington, June 27.—According to private advices received here today, the proprietor of the Horseshoe restaurant, which was attacked during the recent anti-Japanese riots in San Francisco, will enter suit in the state courts of California against the city of San Francisco to recover damages done the restaurant property. District Attorney Devlin, a telegram from San Francisco says, will represent the Japanese plaintiff in the action.

More Time for Umatilla Project.

Washington, June 28.—The secretary of the interior has granted an extension of 30 days' time to Harvey & Morton, of Hermiston, Or., for completion of their contract for a portion of the distribution system of the Umatilla irrigation project. The unusual severity of the weather and the difficulty of securing labor rendered it impossible for the contractors to complete the work at the time specified in their contract.

Holmes in Own Defense.

Washington, June 28.—E. S. Holmes, Jr., ex-assistant statistician of the Agricultural department, on trial on the charge of conspiring to defraud the government by prematurely divulging information regarding the cotton crop, took the stand today in his own defense. He testified that he never had any advance reports from the field and contradicted many of Mr. Van Riper's statements.

Postal Clerks Promoted.

Washington, June 28.—The following promotions of clerks in the Astoria postoffice will be effective July 1: One from \$500 to \$600; two from \$600 to \$800. At Ellensburg, Wash., one from \$500 to \$600; one from \$600 to \$800; one from \$800 to \$900.

New Postmaster at Fernvale.

Washington, June 27.—Laurence Worley has been appointed Postmaster at Fernvale, Ore., vice Hilma Nelson, resigned.

WAR TALK ALL POLITICS.

Hostilities With United States Not Dreamed of by Japanese.

Tokio, June 25.—Public excitement over the American question has almost passed away, but agitation is still going on. It is mostly the work of the politicians of the opposition, who are employing the question as a weapon of attack upon the Ministry.

The Progressives and a coterie of politicians called the "Daido Club," will likely join hands in a combined attack on the Ministry over the American question, their principal aim being to strengthen their respective positions in the coming election of local assemblies and also in the general election next year.

Their principal watchword is the diplomatic impotency of the Salonji Cabinet, which has resulted, they say, in suffering to compatriots in America and in inability to receive treatment worthy of the subjects of a first-class power.

It is difficult to foretell how far they can succeed in stirring up the public, but whatever attempts are made in the way of agitation, actual hostilities with the United States are not even dreamed of. The war talk in some of the American press is totally ignored here.

WRECK IN CONNECTICUT.

Fast Passenger Crashes into Rear of Work Train With Fatal Results.

Hartford, Conn., June 25.—Six workmen were killed and 40 were injured when a passenger train on the Highland division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad crashed into the rear of a work train that was backing into the city from New Britain Saturday night, at the Sigourney street crossing. Of the injured, two probably will die.

In one instance, it took an hour and a half to rescue a workman, who was pinned beneath the trucks. His head was banging down backward and he suffered severely, but the rescuers encouraged him while doctors reached between the framework which held him a prisoner and treated the wounds on his face and head.

There are three unofficial versions of the cause of the wreck. One is that the passenger train from New Britain went out on a wrong track. The second is that the work train had the right of way until 7 o'clock and should have had a clear track, that the passenger train was ahead of time at the time. The third is that the work train opened a switch and failed to close it.

LIGHTNING HITS OIL TANKS.

Violent Storm Does Much Damage in Indian Territory.

Tulsa, I. T., June 25.—A violent storm swept over this section of Indian Territory early Saturday, causing damage to property estimated at nearly \$500,000. A terrific electrical storm accompanied the wind, and lightning struck oil tanks all over the mid-continent field. In Glennpool, near Tulsa, a 55,000-barrel tank of the Quaker Oil & Gas Company and a dozen other small tanks were struck by lightning and are still burning fiercely. William S. Mowry, of this city, suffered a loss at Cooly Bluff of nine 16,000-barrel tanks, and the Standard Oil Company's tanks at the same place were almost totally destroyed.

Strikebreakers En Route.

Sacramento, Cal., June 25.—Two carloads of strikebreakers, herded by Pinkerton detectives, passed through this city at 3:30 this afternoon for San Francisco. Little satisfactory information could be gleaned here. To newspapermen some of those aboard the train said they were operators, but to delegates of the Telegraphers' Union they insisted that they were streetcar men and were expected to go to work only after the present troubles at the Bay City were over. The hands of most of the men indicated that they were not laborers.

Says Orient Will Conquer.

London, June 25.—General William Booth, head of the Salvation Army, has returned to London after his trip to the Orient, greatly impressed with the potentialities from the yellow races. During the course of an interview here he declared that the Chinese and Japanese will completely capture Eastern trade and commerce. There are features about the Chinese and Japanese," he said, "that are bound to make them the conquerors of the world, but they will do it by peaceful means."

Spain to Put Up the Bars.

Madrid, June 25.—Senor Lecierva, minister of the interior. Yesterday read the immigration bill in the Cortes. The bill provides a system of inspection and gives the government power to temporarily forbid immigration. It also forbids recruiting by agencies. The government will negotiate the treaties with neighboring powers to prevent clandestine immigration.

Ask President's Co-Operation.

Kansas City, Mo., June 25.—President Roosevelt and the governors of the several states have been asked to aid the National Union of Railway Trackmen in a campaign for greater safety in railway travel.

HUNT PETTY FLAWS

Indicted Millionaires Raise Many Technical Points.

JUDGE WILL OVERRULE THEM

Play on the Part of San Francisco Grafters to Gain Time—Quibbles Enrage Henev.

San Francisco, June 25.—Six of the corporation and city officials under indictment for bribery, President Calhoun, General Manager Mullally, Chief Counsel Ford and Assistant Counsel Abbott, of the United Railroads; Vice-President Glass, of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph Company, and Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz, through their attorneys, made determined efforts to have Superior Judge Lawler set aside the indictments against them on grounds of technical errors. After two sessions of court had been consumed in the presentation of evidence in support of their contentions, the hearing was adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon, when arguments will be presented and authorities submitted.

Schmitz' attorney withdrew from the District Court of Appeals his petition for admittance to bail through writ of habeas corpus, and gave the explanation that technical omissions in the document necessitated its re-framing. It was said that a new petition will be filed.

During the hearing Messrs. Coogan and Moore amended the joint motion to set aside the indictments on grounds which they declare, establish firmly the illegality of the present grand jury and the invalidity of every act and indictment by that body performed and returned.

One of the contentions of the defense is that the name of B. P. Oliver, the foreman, was twice drawn from the box. The attorneys for the indicted officials allege that Mr. Oliver's name was improperly returned to the box after it had once been drawn by Assistant District Attorney Henev and Harrison without authority from the court. Replying to this charge, Mr. Henev angrily declared that Judge Dunne had given the necessary authority by nodding his head. Judge Lawler refused to rule in the matter until the testimony of Judge Dunne himself can be secured. He is absent from the city on his vacation.

DARROW OPENS CASE.

Statement to Jury in Defense of Haywood Is Weak Affair.

Boise, Idaho, June 25.—Clarence S. Darrow's opening statement to the jury in the Haywood case yesterday was a disappointment. Like the cross-examination of Orchard by E. F. Richardson, it seemed to lack purpose, and those who expected a strong and plausible line of defense failed to find their expectations realized.

Mr. Darrow talked three and a half hours, but, beyond entering some denials and making some charges, he accomplished very little, while his effort made a bad impression everywhere. He made the dual mistake of admitting what could not be explained and offering diaphanous explanations of those things which he declared the defense ready to prove in refutation of testimony brought out by the state.

At times he dropped into stumpy oratory to relieve the monotony, as when he launched into laudation of the Federation, when he attacked the mining companies and when he boiled over with well-simulated indignation at the work of the Pinkerton agency. In his attack on the mining companies, he sought to make it appear that these were oppressors of the miners until the Federation came along and humbled them into the dust, compelling them to give their men enough to eat and afford them proper hospital accommodations when ill. To those who know something of the provision made for miners in practically all camps where metalliferous mining is conducted, this all sounded very cheap.

'Will Appeal to Uncle Sam.

Oakland, Cal., June 25.—President Small, of the Telegraphers' Union, announced this afternoon that he would ask the aid of the United States government in the settlement of the strike. He said he would appeal to President Roosevelt and members of the Cabinet to intercede on the ground that the transaction of National business is interfered with by the strike. President Small asserts that, when investigation is made by the President and the Cabinet officials, it will be learned that the striking telegraphers are in no wise to blame.

Override Schmitz' Veto.

San Francisco, June 25.—The Board of Supervisors this evening passed the city budget over the veto of Mayor Schmitz. The budget was returned with six vetoes. The others were those appropriating \$720,000 for establishing an electric conduit railroad on Geary street and \$720,000 for the repaving of streets. A development of the session was the breaking away of Supervisors Twelmoe and O'Neil from Schmitz.

Pulajanism Ended in Island.

Manila, June 25.—Governor-General Smith has returned from a month's tour of inspection of the northern provinces. He declares that Pulajanism is ended on the islands of Samar and Leyte. He gives the entire credit for the solution of the difficult situation to Governor Curry, of Samar and Governor Deveya, of Leyte.