

Bohemia Nugget

Bohemia Nugget Publishing Co.

COTTAGE GROVE, OREGON

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

The French strikers are returning to work very slowly and reluctantly. The present revolt in China is believed to have been organized in Japan.

A terrorist bomb thrown at Lodz, Russia, killed two detectives and wounded five others.

The assassin who killed ex-President Barillas, of Mexico, says his cousin hounded him to it.

Three men made a balloon voyage from Washington, D. C., to Harrisburg, Pa., 200 miles, in 4 1/2 hours.

The government will soon begin suit to force Harriman to tell what he knows concerning the Alton stock deal.

An earthquake in China is reported to have killed 4,000 people and left thousands more destitute and starving.

It is said the Standard Oil Company is so busy fighting the courts and legislatures that it has no time now for politics.

Japanese residents of Tokio demand that their government take action regarding the diplomatic relation with China and the United States.

John W. Gates who has just returned to New York from the Southwest, says the damage to wheat does not exceed 5 per cent. Cotton is damaged somewhat more, on account of heavy rains.

The name of the baby Prince of Spain has been entered on the roll of a regiment, and he wears the number of it in gold pinned on his bib. A room in the barracks is reserved for him as the latest recruit. Queen Victoria is doing well.

The Honduras National Lottery Company, of Wilmington, Del., successor of the Louisiana Lottery Company, has surrendered for destruction all its books and paraphernalia, paid fines aggregating \$284,000, sold its printing plant and quit business.

Raisuli, the noted bandit has been offered a pardon on condition that he leave Morocco and live away from Tangier on a pension to be paid him by the government. A friend of Raisuli proposes that he make a tour of the British and American music halls. It is believed that Raisuli favors such a scheme.

A waterspout in Kentucky did \$50,000 damage.

Kuroki gave nearly \$500 in tips to the Chicago hotel employees where he stopped.

Harriman cannot borrow money abroad, owing to attacks on his roads at home.

Minnesota may form a league with other states to fight for state control of railroads.

After a very cold and backward spring, the Eastern States finally have warm weather.

Longshoremen to the number of 15,000 returned to work on a compromise with the steamship companies.

All linemen employed by the telephone company in San Francisco have struck in sympathy with the telephone operators.

Japanese merchants who speak both Spanish and English are steadily extending their trade in the larger cities of the west coast of South America.

In the poorer districts of Chicago, veal, pork and mutton are entirely out of the market and only the poorer cuts of beef can be reached by the consumers.

The English government has promised relief for evicted Irish tenants, and also education, in return for the rejection of the Irish bill by the Nationalist convention at Dublin.

Delegates of the French sailors have advised them to return to work, pending a promised settlement of their demands. In spite of this, however, 3,000 strikers at Havre have voted to continue the strike.

The Dutch government has forbidden a meeting of anarchists at Rotterdam. Chicago consumers are forced to pay an advance of 2 cents a pound in the price of beef.

Richard Croker, ex-boss of New York, is active in Ireland, and it is said he wants to enter Parliament.

Mobs stoned the house of a Catholic priest in Cleveland for expressing sentiments displeasing to them.

Rome is celebrating the granting of the constitution, the birthday of Pope Pius X and the death of Garibaldi.

A Texas passenger train was derailed, either by wreckers or a broken rail, and one man killed and several fatally injured.

Streetcars in San Francisco are now running almost full time.

The crews of incoming vessels are joining the strikers as soon as they enter French ports. Even river steamers are tied up.

British delegates to The Hague peace conference will not make the first move for disarmament, for fear of displeasing the Kaiser.

Portland was seized with a gambling mania and fully \$50,000 was wagered on the majority contest in the campaign just closed.

GRAINGROWERS COMBINE.

Farmers Will Hold Their Products Until Proper Price Is Paid.

Omaha, Neb., June 7.—The 200 delegates called into convention by the American Society of Equity yesterday practically completed the organization of the most formidable combine ever attempted for the purpose of controlling the prices of grain, to be known as the Grain-growers' Department of the American Society of Equity.

It adopted a constitution and set of by-laws which plainly indicated its objects. They state in so many words that the purpose of the organization is to control distribution and name a minimum price at which its members may dispose of their farm grain products, which are enumerated as being anything from wheat to broomcorn.

The matter of finances has not been overlooked, and the organization makes a pledge to its members whereby they may borrow money in any reasonable sum, which may be secured by their holdings of grain while it remains in a granary or elevator.

It was announced to the meeting that over 500 banks had pledged themselves to make loans to the members of the association when endorsements were made by properly accredited officials. The convention made itself felt in the matter of politics during the day, when Charles A. Walsh, of Ottumwa, Ia., a former secretary of the Democratic National Committee and at this time an organizer of Independence League Clubs for Hearst, was given plainly to understand that his presence in the capacity of an organizer was not required.

Mr. Walsh dropped into the city Tuesday, and it was stated that he would endeavor to get his propaganda before the convention. This idea was quietly but promptly set down on. Many of the delegates did not know of his presence at the convention until after he had left the city yesterday afternoon.

With each committee report came a revelation. When the finance committee reported it was to the effect that all convention expenses had been arranged for and that a good fund was in sight for the field work which is to begin at once. Chairman Paulsen of that committee and three other members, all bankers, were unanimous in a statement that 535 banks over the country were ready to furnish all the money necessary to carry out the objects of the association.

The plan is to make low rate loans to farmers on their grain after it is threshed and hold it in society granaries and elevators until the price demanded is available. The plan also contemplates a European agency for shipping grain direct to European markets.

A committee on crop intelligence reported a plan whereby all information is to be withheld until it is called for by the association statistician. A partial crop report was made to the convention, in which it was stated that wheat in Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and the Dakotas would average below 70 per cent of last year's crop.

BALLOONIST'S CLOSE CALL.
Lyman Beechey, Well Known at the Lewis and Clark Exposition.
Boston, June 7.—The breaking down of his motor, which allowed the airship he was navigating to be blown seaward, almost resulted in the death of Lincoln Beechey off Revere Beach yesterday. Beechey made a seven-mile journey from Revere Beach to Boston. On the return journey the motor became disabled when the aeronaut was a mile off shore, over Boston harbor, and the airship was carried some distance seaward.

Beechey managed partially to repair his engine so as to get back to the vicinity of Revere Beach. When several hundred feet off shore, the airship settled rapidly, and it looked as if Beechey would be thrown into the water. Men in rowboats and launches seized the drag-rope and towed him and his apparatus ashore before he struck the water.

Try to Burn Town.
Allentown, Pa., June 7.—What was apparently an effort of incendiaries to destroy the city of Allentown occurred here early yesterday, when firemen were called almost simultaneously to fight three fires in the business section of the city. The first fire occurred in the stockhouse of Blittner, Hunsicker & Co., one of the largest drygoods houses; the Prince Furniture Company, and the third at the furniture factory of Helrich, Bohner & Co. An effort was made to draw the firemen from the business section by turning in a false alarm.

Assassins Sentenced.
City of Mexico, June 7.—Florence Morales and Bernardo Mora were found guilty last night of murdering General Manuel Barrillas, ex-President of the republic of Guatemala, in this city, on the night of April 7 last. Upon the announcement of the verdict the two defenders of the assassins asked for clemency, citing the provision for 20 years' imprisonment. The court took the matter under advisement and in 30 minutes returned, pronouncing the death sentence.

Beef Goes Up at Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh, June 7.—A general advance in the price of meats was announced in this city. Beef is the meat mostly affected. The increase in price to the consumer is from 5 to 10 cents a pound, according to cuts.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

LABEL ALL FRUIT.

Growers Find Several Ways of Obeying New Law.

Salem.—Now that the fruit-shipping season has begun, growers are confronted with the necessity of complying with the new law, enacted by the last Legislature, requiring that every box or package of green fruit shall be marked with the name and address of the grower and packer. Here at Salem there are various methods of complying with the law, and some fruit is going out with no mark at all. The only fruit shipped thus far is strawberries, packed in small boxes, 24 in a crate. Some growers stamp their names and addresses upon each small box, so that the consumer will know by whom the fruit was grown, and so that if there is anything wrong with the dealer will know where to make the complaint. Others mark the name and address only upon the crate. In almost all instances the stamp placed upon the box or crate gives only the name and address, and does not say whether the person whose name appears is grower or packer, or both. The section of the new law bearing on the subject is as follows:

"Any person, firm, association or corporation engaged in growing, selling or packing green fruits of any kind within the State of Oregon shall be required, upon packing any such fruit for market, whether intended for sale within or without the State of Oregon, to stamp, mark or label plainly upon the outside of every box or package of green fruit so packed the name and postoffice address of the person, firm, association or corporation packing the same; provided, further, that when the grower of such fruit be other than the packer of the same, the name and postoffice of such grower shall also prominently appear upon such box or package as the grower of such fruit."

Price of Prunes Raised.
Salem.—Probably influenced by rapid advances in the price of prunes in California, packers here have been raising their offers for 1907 contracts and on June 14 cents for the 40-50 size was freely offered. This price has been refused by several growers, however. According to the latest advices from California, a 4-cent basis price was offered there several days ago, or 5 1/2 cents for the 40-50 size. Now that buyers are active and the market advancing, the growers are doing a great deal of figuring before making contracts. At the same time it is reported that quite a number of contracts have been made. W. C. Tillson & Co. report having made contracts for about 45 cars.

Contract Spuds at \$10.
Salem.—The largest deal in potatoes ever made in Oregon was closed here when Lachmund & Pincus contracted 35,000 bushels of the growing crop at \$10 per hundred. The buyer is George Burtt, representing L. Scateno, of San Francisco. Lachmund & Pincus are well-known hop dealers, and growers, but this year they have 142 acres of spuds. The short crop in California has turned buyers to this state, resulting in the remarkably high price named in the contract made today. The figures are net, the buyers furnishing the sacks. The contract calls for September and October delivery. This is the first potato contract reported in this vicinity this year.

Astoria Regatta.
Astoria.—A mass meeting of citizens was held Saturday night and it was decided to hold the annual regatta during the coming August in connection with the singing societies of the Pacific Coast. A committee of nine was appointed to select a chairman and secretary of the regatta and to request the Congressional delegation to ask the Navy Department to send one or more warships to Astoria at that time.

Salmon Prices Up.
Astoria.—At a meeting of the Columbia River canners the selling prices for canned salmon were fixed at the following rates per dozen: Tails, \$1.65; flats, \$1.75; halves, \$1.05; plain ovals, \$2.30; key ovals, \$2.35; nominal, \$2.50; squabs, \$1.75. Compared with last season's prices these figures are an advance of 15 cents on tails and flats, 5 cents on halves and 10 cents on ovals and nominal.

Arc Lights for Medford.
Medford.—Dr. Roy, manager of the Condon Power Co., who recently purchased the Medford lighting plant, tendered a banquet to the Commercial Club last evening, and today began the installation of a modern arc system of street lighting. For the first time in its history, Medford is using arc lights for street lighting.

New Railway Corporations.
Salem.—The Portland Eastern Railway Company was incorporated today by E. P. Clark, Arthur H. Fleming, E. B. Colwell, Robert T. Linney and C. W. Miller, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000. The company proposes to build a railroad from Portland to Clear Lake, Wasco County, by Salmon River and Troy Lake Pass.

\$500 An Acre.
Oregon City.—State Treasurer Geo. A. Steel has sold his 32-acre farm near Medford station, on the line of the O. W. P. division of the Portland Railway, Light & Power Company, to an Eastern man for \$16,000.

New Carrier at Holbrook.
Washington.—Herman W. Gaus has been appointed regular Oscar Folkenberg substitute, rural free delivery carrier, route one, at Holbrook, Oregon.

Hood River Berries at \$3.
Hood River.—Strawberry receipts today were 1500 crates. The berries went at \$2 per crate, one carload shipment being made.

WANTS BETTER SERVICE.

Attorney Files Formal Complaint Against Southern Pacific.

Salem.—John F. Logan, a prominent Portland attorney, has filed in the office of the Oregon Railroad Commission a vigorous complaint against the Southern Pacific because of its irregular and uncertain passenger train service northward. There is no complaint concerning south-bound trains.

Mr. Logan sets forth the incidents of a recent effort to catch a train from a Valley town to Portland. He says the train was reported several hours late, but that station agents were not kept advised as to the time the train would arrive, with the result that he and many others were caused much inconvenience and loss of time. He wants the commission to compel the railroad to establish a schedule it can follow and then keep its agents advised of the time of trains that are delayed.

The afternoon trains going north through the Willamette Valley have not been regular for nearly three months. Farmers near Heppner have filed a complaint against the O. R. & N., asserting that the freight rates on wheat between Heppner and Portland, 198 miles, is 18 cents per hundred, while the rate from Pendleton to Portland, 231 miles, is 15 1/2 cents per hundred. On other commodities the same difference prevails.

400 Fire Wardens.
Salem.—The Oregon Forestry Commission met here and elected Governor Chamberlain chairman and E. P. Sheldon secretary. The other members present were: S. C. Bartrum, Roseburg; L. S. Hill, Eugene; J. W. Baker, Cottage Grove; H. B. Van Dusen, Astoria and E. R. Lake, Corvallis.

It was decided that about 400 men interested in the protection of forests from fire will be appointed fire wardens without pay from the state, though most of them will be in the employ of timber owners. Fire hundred copies of the new forest fire law will be printed for the information of wardens.

Dairying in Marion.
Oregon City.—E. M. and Chambers Howell have purchased a 100-acre dairy farm in Marion county at Jefferson, and the place will be operated as a dairy ranch. The land is valued at \$10,000.

Lane Timber Land.
Eugene.—John W. Blodgett, of Grand Rapids, Mich., has just sold to the Booth Kelly Lumber Company 18,199 acres of timberland lying in townships 20, 21, 22 and 23.

First Wool Pool Sold.
Salem.—William Brown & Co., of this city, have bought the Seio wool pool, 20,000 pounds, at 21 1/2 cents. This is the first pool of Valley wool sold this year.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Millstuffs—Bran, city, \$17; country, \$18 per ton; middlings, \$24.50@25.50; shorts, city, \$19; country, \$20 per ton; U. S. Mills, dairy chop, \$15.50 per ton; Wheat—Club, \$6@6 1/2; bluestem, \$8@9; Valley, \$6@6 1/2; red, \$5 1/2; Oats—No. 1 white, \$28@30; gray, nominal.

Flour—Patent, \$4.80; straight, \$4.25; clears, \$4.25; Valley, \$4.30@4.40; Graham flour, \$4@4.50; whole wheat flour, \$4.25@4.75.

Barley—Feed, \$22@23.50 per ton; brewing, nominal; rolled, \$23.50@24.50.

Corn—Whole, \$26; cracked, \$27 per ton; Hay—Valley timothy, No. 1, \$17@18 per ton; Eastern Oregon timothy, \$21@23; clover, \$9; cheat, \$9@10; grain hay, \$9@10; alfalfa, \$13@14.

Domestic Fruits—Strawberries, \$1@10c per pound; cherries, \$1.65 per box; apples, \$1@2.50 per box; gooseberries, 60¢ per pound; cantaloupes, \$2.50@3.00 per crate; apricots, \$1.50@1.75 per crate.

Root Vegetables—Turnips, \$2.00 per sack; carrots, \$2.50 per sack; beets, \$1.25@1.50 per sack; garlic, 7¢@10¢ per pound; horseradish, 7¢@8¢ per pound; chicory 30¢.

Fresh Vegetables—Cabbage, California, 3¢@3 1/2¢ per pound; cauliflower, \$1@1.25 per dozen; lettuce, head, \$3@4.50 dozen; onions, 10¢@12¢ per dozen; tomatoes, \$2.25@4.50 crate; parsley, 25¢@30¢; artichokes, 65¢@75¢ dozen; radishes, 20¢ dozen; peas, 6¢@7¢; green beans, 30¢@35¢ per pound; bell peppers, 30¢@35¢ per pound; rhubarb, 4¢ per pound; cucumbers, 50¢@1.50; spinach, \$1.50 per crate; beans, 12¢@15¢ per pound; squash, 50¢@1 per box.

Onions—Oregon, \$2@2.50 per hundred; Texas, 4¢ per pound.

Potatoes—Jobbing price: Oregon and Eastern, \$2.25 per sack; new potatoes, 5¢@6¢ per pound; sweet potatoes, 6¢ per pound.

Butter—City creameries: Extra creamery, 24¢@25¢ per pound. State creameries: Fancy creamery, 24¢; store butter, 17¢@17 1/2¢.

Cheese—Oregon full cream twins, 16¢; Young America, 17¢ per pound.

Poultry—Average old hens, 14¢; mixed chickens, 13¢; spring fryers and broilers, 18¢@20¢; old roosters, 9¢@10¢; dressed chickens, 16¢@17¢; turkeys, live, 10¢@12¢; turkeys, dressed, choice, nominal; geese, live, 10¢ per pound, 8¢; young ducks, 17¢@18¢; old ducks, 13¢; pigeons, \$1@1.50; squabs, \$2@3.

Eggs—17¢@18¢ per dozen.

Veal—Dressed, 75¢@1.25 pounds, 8¢@8 1/2¢; 125¢@150 pounds, 7¢; 150¢@200 pounds, 6¢; 200 pounds and up, 5¢@6¢.

Beef—Dressed bulls, 4¢@4 1/2¢ per pound; cows, 6¢@7¢; country steers, 7¢@8¢.

Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 9¢ per pound; ordinary, 8¢@8 1/2¢; spring lambs, 10¢@10 1/2¢.

Pork—Dressed, 100¢@130 pounds, 8¢@9¢; 150¢@200 pounds, 7¢@7 1/2¢; 200 pounds and up, 6¢@6 1/2¢.

SAN FRANCISCO SHAKEN.

Two Hard Jolts Are Felt on All Sides of the Bay.

San Francisco, June 5.—A 12:26 this morning San Francisco and the cities about the bay were shaken by a severe earthquake. The shock was the severest since the disastrous tremor of April, 1906. The shock was not violent enough to sever electrical connections, and although the entire fire department was placed in readiness to fight any fires that might follow, there was no blaze of any consequence.

As far as can be learned at this hour the damage was limited to the breaking of dishes on the shelves and the destruction of a few tottering walls in the burned district.

In the residence district a number of people ran into the streets in their night clothes. Along Golden Gate avenue a genuine panic prevailed. Several hundred women rushed to the street in their night clothes. Three women were treated for nervous shock, but no one suffered injury, as far as reported.

The earthquake was in the form of two sharp shocks, the second following while the earth still trembled from the first. The coming of the shake was announced by the rattling of windows and the swinging of chandeliers. Then came an abrupt jolt and then a lessening tremble, to be followed by another quick jolt and a gradual lessening of motion.

Oakland, Berkeley, Alameda and other bay cities reported a shock exactly like that felt here.

Reports so far received indicate that the shake was felt at least as far south as Santa Cruz, 133 miles down the coast.

HIRED ASSASSINS.

Prosecution Charges Conspiracy to Rule by Terror.

Boise, Idaho, June 5.—Through James H. Hawley, senior of the group of prosecutors, the State of Idaho today made the opening statement against William D. Haywood, whom it charges with the murder of Frank Steunenberg, and then began the presentation of the testimony by which it hopes to prove the indictment laid against him. The opening statement was a broad, sweeping arraignment of the leaders of the Western Federation of Miners, who were charged with plotting wholesale murder and hiring assassins, all in a gigantic conspiracy of vengeance upon those who obstructed their way to destroy opposition by terrorism, to control the political destinies of the communities covered by their organization and to perpetrate their own power within the organization.

It charged a widespread conspiracy dating in inception from the North Idaho disturbances 15 years ago, reaching down to the murder of Frank Steunenberg, and whose murdered victims by bullet and bomb numbered scores. Hawley declared that wherever in the mining sections of the Coast States the federation had been in control there had been a trail of blood to mark its operations. Of the hired assassins he cried:

"To them murder became a trade and assassination a means of living."

JURY COMPLETED.

Men to Try Schmitz Will Be Kept Under Lock and Key.

San Francisco, June 5.—The jury was completed this afternoon for the trial of Mayor Eugene F. Schmitz on the first of the five indictments returned against him by the Oliver Gordon jury by which he is accused jointly with Abraham Reuf of having extorted from Joseph Malfanti \$1175 as the first installment of a \$5000 annual bribe to secure the French restaurant keepers of San Francisco their license to sell liquor.

Judge Dunne, upon motion of the prosecution, and over the determined and spirited objections of the defense, formally disqualified Sheriff Thomas O'Neil and Coroner William Walsh as unimpaired by personal bias to perform any functions in connection with the trial, and appointed William J. Biggy an elisor to have charge of the jury until a verdict has been rendered or a disagreement reached. Shortly after adjournment Mr. Biggy, who for some months past has been Abraham Reuf's jailer, marched the jury to the St. Francis Hotel, where the "twelve tried men and true" will be kept under lock and key during all the time that they are not sitting in the trial.

Linemen Help Telephone Girls.

San Francisco, June 5.—All the linemen in the employ of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph Company quit work today in sympathy with the girl operators, who have been out on strike for over three weeks for the purpose of forcing the recognition of their union. This action was taken after the executive committee had made an ineffectual call at the company's office this morning for the purpose of seeing President Scott. Last night the union in mass meeting voted to walk out unless the company granted the demands.

Will Examine More Baggage.

Mexico City, June 5.—In railroad circles here today it is announced that the United States customs officials have decided to make the examination of baggage crossing the Mexican border into the United States much more rigid than heretofore. According to railroad officials, the United States Customs Department has been lenient in its examinations, the working rule being that only 10 per cent of the trunks should be thoroughly searched for dutiable articles.

Strikes Grows at Havre.

Havre, June 5.—Disturbances took place Sunday afternoon between striking fishermen and fishermen who had not ceased work. Eventually, however, the latter joined the movement.

Winegrowers Protest.

Nimes, France, June 5.—A gigantic demonstration of winegrowers was held here as a protest against the adulteration of wine. Nine thousand persons marched in the procession.

HARRIMAN GETS OFF

Testifies Before Commission and Receives Immunity.

ALTON DEAL MAY BE ANNULLED

Conference on Other Trusts—Prosecution of Others Left to Discretion of Bonaparte.

Washington, May 8.—That E. H. Harriman, the railroad magnate, is immune from criminal prosecution as the result of his testimony before the Interstate Commerce Commission in New York recently; that the question of the prosecution, of bituminous coal-carrying railroads for discriminating against independent operators should be left in the hands of the Attorney-General, and that prosecution of the anthracite coal roads for maintaining a trust will begin in Philadelphia, probably next week, were conclusions reached at a notable conference held at the White House last night.

The Harriman case and the cases of the coal-carrying roads were discussed for three hours by President Roosevelt, five members of the Cabinet, two members of the Interstate Commerce Commission and special counsel for the government.

Following the general conference, Attorney-General Bonaparte remained with the President to discuss the harvest trust. It is thought not unlikely that the question of prosecution of that organization will be left in the Attorney-General's hands.

The roads involved include the Delaware, Susquehanna & Schuylkill, the Philadelphia & Reading, the Lehigh Valley, the Delaware & Hudson, the New York, Susquehanna & Western, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, the Central Railroad of New Jersey, and the Erie. The Pennsylvania and one or two others may become involved as the suit progresses, but at this time no formal complaint will be filed against them.

Those who participated in the conference were: The President, Secretary of State Root, Secretary of War Taft, Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou, Secretary of the Interior Garfield, Attorney-General Bonaparte, Interstate Commerce Commissioners Knapp and Lane, and Frank B. Kellogg, of Minnesota, special counsel for the government. The conference began shortly after 9 o'clock. Secretary Loeb was present. The conference adjourned a few minutes before midnight.

BUILDING MOTOR CARS.

Union Pacific Will Equip Branch Lines Rapidly As Possible.

Omaha, June 8.—The Union Pacific is putting the finishing touches on 10 new motor cars which will be put into service about July 1. They are to be put on branches and will replace accommodation trains. At least two will be sent to Salt Lake and two will probably go to the Coast.

These cars are of full length, have a side door and are of steel construction. They will seat about 125 people and have a maximum speed of about 65 miles.

The success of the motor cars has already been greater than dreamed of by the promoters, and machinery and additional shoproom are being arranged by the Union Pacific whereby 19 cars a month may be turned out.

Increased Output of Steel.

Pittsburg, June 8.—Despite rumors in the iron and steel market abroad as well as in this country a canvass of the industry warrants the statement that the last half of 1907 and the first half of the year 1908 will witness the largest producing capacity in the history of the United States and Canada. It is estimated that new furnace construction will add at least 2,000,000 tons to the prospective capacity. Last year the local output was 25,307,000 tons. A corresponding stimulus will be given the coke trade.

Miners Win Eight Hours.

Deadwood, S. D., June 8.—The strike of miners which has practically tied up business in the Black Hills for more than five months was settled last night at a meeting of the Terry Peak Miners' Union. This strike was called on January 1, on the refusal of the mine operators to grant the eight-hour day. The proposition that the eight-hour day be granted, but that the miners consent to a reduction of 25 cents a day for a period of three months was accepted by the union.

Voliva Temporary Head.

Chicago, June 8.—John A. Lewis, was formally recognized by Federal Judge K. M. Landis, as the rightful head of the Christian Catholic Church in Zion City, founded by John Alexander Dowle, and the Judge declared that Wilbur Glenn Voliva was elected overseer of the church as a temporary arrangement to tide over the church until permanent action could be taken.

Favors Public Ownership.

Madison, Wis., June 8.—The State Assembly today passed the public utilities bill by a vote of 77 to 10. The bill provides for the control by the State Railway Commission of all public service corporations except telegraph and telephone companies. The Commission has power over service and rates.