

# SLAUGHTER POLICE

## Reds Throughout Poland Start Attack on Enemies.

### WARSAW IS CENTER OF TROUBLE

#### Slaughter in Polish Capital Calls Forth Effective Volleys—Police Meet Simultaneous Assaults.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 16.—Acting apparently with a definite plan and a signal the terrorists and revolutionists today inaugurated a carnival of murderous attacks with bombs and revolvers on the police and troops in various cities in Poland, echoes of which are heard from Samara, Ufa, Yalta, Kiev and even far away Chita, where the acting chief of police was slain almost on his own doorstep.

The revolutionist campaign flamed out with special violence at Warsaw, where over a score were killed in the streets, and many more were wounded. Among the killed, according to the latest official advice, were two sergeants of police, eight patrolmen, three gendarmes, five soldiers, a Hebrew merchant and a woman. The returns are not all in.

Policemen and soldiers were shot down like rabbits in the streets. Their assailants, who traveled in small bands, almost all escaped among the terrorized but sympathetic populace. The only considerable capture was a band of three men who had invaded a grog shop and killed a soldier. These were taken by a passing patrol.

Bombs were employed in an attack on the police station at Warsaw, where a sergeant, two patrolmen and a soldier were wounded.

Other Polish cities singled out by the terrorists were Lodz, where six soldiers, three patrolmen and the wife of a police captain were wounded by the explosion of bombs in the police station and two soldiers and two terrorists killed in the streets; Radom, where a bomb was thrown in the police station, killing the wife and child of the police captain; Votlask, where a captain was slain, and Plock, where at a given signal the policemen on all the posts were simultaneously attacked and several of them wounded.

On account of the agrarian disorders, especially several attacks on post trains, the railway between Samara and Zlatoust, which was already carrying guards on all its trains, was today placed under martial law. Two of these attacks occurred today near Ufa, revolutionists in each case flagging the train, bursting open the doors of the cars with bombs and rifling the registered pouches. The booty in one case amounted to \$15,000; in the other case the amount is not known.

### FIRST PURCHASE OF SILVER.

#### Shaw Buys 50,000 Ounces at 66.62 Cents an Ounce.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Pursuant to the announcement of the secretary of the treasury that he desired to receive tenders of silver yesterday, four bids were made to Director Roberts of the mint.

The bids were opened yesterday afternoon, and after being submitted to Secretary Shaw, it was announced that the government had purchased 50,000 ounces of silver, 999 fine, at 66.62 cents an ounce.

It is not the custom to announce the name of the individual or corporation through whom the silver is obtained. It is expected the government will require from 50,000 to 100,000 ounces of silver a week for an indefinite time. It is the purpose, therefore, of Secretary Shaw and Director Roberts to receive bids Wednesday of each week until further notice.

### Bodies Hurlled a Mile.

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 16.—It is reported here that between 30 and 50 Mexican laborers and bystanders were killed this afternoon at 4:30 in Chihuahua, Mexico, by the explosion of a carload of dynamite on the Mexican Central railroad. The car was being transferred for transportation to the Robinson mine at Santa Fulalia. Bodies and pieces of human flesh were hurled into the air and picked up a mile distant. Windows were broken in almost every house in town and many walls were cracked. Several Americans are reported killed.

### Strikers Charged With Rioting.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—A number of former tracklayers of the United Railway company, who are on a strike, after following a number of cars which they supposed were carrying nonunion workmen, boarded a car on Devisadero street and attacked two men. They dragged them from the car and marched them down to Fillmore street, where they were met by two policemen. A fight ensued. The policemen dispersed the crowd and returned the men.

### Gives Up Polar Trip.

London, Aug. 16.—A dispatch from Christiania to the Daily Mail says that private letters received there from Spitzbergen state that owing to the lateness of the season Walter Wellman, chief of the Chicago Record-Herald Arctic expedition, has abandoned the project of ballooning to the north pole this year.

### MOB IS SUPREME.

#### Russian Terrorists Wreak Vengeance on Hated Police.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 15.—Advice received from Liban state that the riotous demonstrations that began there Saturday night still continue and that the Hooligan element absolutely holds sway in the city, the police being powerless to check it. Law abiding citizens are unable to traverse the streets and a reign of robbery and rapine is in progress that will not be checked until troops are sent to aid the police.

So far all appeals to the government at St. Petersburg have fallen apparently upon deaf ears and this fact has emboldened the disturbing element to add murder to its other crimes. Five storekeepers have been murdered during the past 12 hours and hundreds of shops have been looted. The rioters raided the alcohol depot, and after filling themselves up on the fiery fluid, paraded the streets, shouting threats against the Jews and factory owners and storekeepers.

Three police officers have been murdered since Tuesday morning, the Terrorists apparently having seized upon the confusion as offering a magnificent opportunity to eliminate the hated members of the police who have been active in working against them.

There is one regiment of infantry in the local barracks at Liban, but it is mutinous and the officers some days ago took from the men all their ammunition, as it was feared that they intended to mutiny.

### FIRST INSURANCE TRIAL.

#### Test Case Upon Earthquake Clause Set for Trial.

San Francisco, Aug. 15.—The first of the insurance cases involving the earthquake clause was set for trial today by Superior Judge Hebbard. The case is that of the Rosenthal Shoe company against the Williamsburg City Fire Insurance company. The attorney for the insurance people asked that the case be not set for trial until opportunity could be given the judges mutually to arrange with the insurance companies for a test case. He said that the insurance companies would demand a jury trial in each case, and unless proper arrangements were made for a test case the courts would be occupied for years in hearing insurance litigation.

The attorney for the plaintiff declared that there were points of fact in this connection that could not be settled by a test case. The court then asked the insurance attorney if he waived a jury trial, and was answered, "No." The judge then asked, "Do you demand a jury trial?" but could not get a direct answer.

The attorney for the shoe company then announced that to save time he would formally demand a jury trial. The case was set for August 27.

### HAD PREPARED FOR FLIGHT.

#### Stensland Took House Furnishings and a Woman With Him.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Testimony indicating that extensive preparations for flight were made by Paul Stensland, president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank, and that a woman entered into these preparations, were secured by Assistant State's Attorney Olson today, through the cross examination of Miss Allen McCracken, housekeeper for Stensland. It was learned that Stensland took with him in trunks and boxes sheets and other bedding, towels, window curtains, carpets, rugs and a silver dinner set. Some of this is said to have been traced to Baraboo, Wisconsin. The large trunk that is being traced is said to be three feet high and bound with iron. The box traced to Wisconsin weighed 375 pounds when it was placed on an express wagon at the Stensland home on the day of the flight. Telegrams have been sent all over the world to trainmen to look for the big trunk.

Another warrant charging Cashier Hering with forging a note for \$10,000 in the name of Marius S. Kirby was issued today.

### Car Service Stopped.

New York, Aug. 15.—Following the arrest tonight of three division inspectors of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company on charges of assault, the company shut off entirely all of its surface lines leading to Coney island, taking the position that this was the only way to stop the rioting which has been in progress since Sunday morning at the points where a second fare was demanded by the company's employees. The elevated and express trains to the seashore were augmented. The inspectors were released on bail.

### Come From the Antipodes.

San Francisco, Aug. 17.—The cry for labor sent out from San Francisco has been heard around the world. Forty skilled mechanics arrived yesterday from Australia, where they were paid \$3 a day. They will receive at least twice that pay here. Every day sees rapid progress in the work of rehabilitation. Already \$400,000 has been subscribed to construct the Young Men's Christian association building, and \$100,000 more is assured.

### Freight Tunnels Under Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—The freight bores of the Illinois Tunnel company will carry merchandise of all kinds in carload lots for the first time today. This movement will mark the practical completion of the Illinois Tunnel company's system of underground freight railroads, construction of which was begun five years ago, and which has cost its owners about \$30,000,000.

# RAILROADS TO HELP

## Immunity for Testifying Against Standard Oil Company.

### EVIDENCE INSURES INDICTMENT

#### Railroad Men Have No Hesitancy in Uncovering All Transactions With Oil Octopus.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Immunity to different railroad officials from prosecution for violating interstate commerce laws in giving rebates to the Standard Oil company is the price which the Federal authorities are paying for testimony upon which they will try to secure the conviction of the Standard Oil company and some of its officials. It was announced today by local railroad men that they will have no hesitancy in uncovering all the transactions between the roads and the oil combine to the local Federal grand jury, because they are sure that by so doing they will be themselves exempt from prosecution.

When the oil combine prosecution was first launched, it was found by the Federal authorities that railroad officials familiar with the facts declined to come forward. An inquiry addressed to such officials brought forth an announcement of the railroad men's position by the different general counsel of the roads. Open notice was served that the officials of the roads would not give information because in so doing they would be placing themselves and their own railroads in danger of indictment and prosecution. After consultation between counsel for the railroads and the government the silence of the railroad men was broken and proof is now forthcoming upon which indictments will be voted by the grand jury. It was explained by one of the leading local railroad attorneys today that the definite understanding has been reached between their clients and the department of justice that, in return for proof upon which to indict and convict the oil combine and its officials, the railroads will not be molested with any prosecution, so far as the giving of rebates to the Standard Oil company is concerned.

### EVEN STOLE COLLATERAL.

#### Limit to Stensland's Crimes Not Yet Found by Inspectors.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—The belief that large amounts of collateral given as security for notes in the Milwaukee Avenue bank have been stolen practically became a certainty last night, when a note for \$9,000, known to be genuine, was found in Stensland's house at Byron street and Lawdale avenue. Search was made for the collateral security, but it could not be found.

The discovery opened up a field for almost unlimited speculation as to how far the looting proceeded before Stensland disappeared. If the real estate and other securities in the bank have been stolen or are found to be worthless, the amount of money left to pay the depositors probably will be reduced as low as 25 per cent.

Assistant State's Attorney Olson was informed yesterday afternoon that President Stensland has large land holdings in Mexico, and that he may be in the Southern republic now. The information came in the shape of a letter from an acquaintance of Stensland. Mr. Olson said that it will take only 24 hours to run down the clue.

### Government May Complete Work.

Washington, Aug. 14.—As soon as inventories have been taken of the contractors' outfits seized by the Geological survey at Corbett tunnel and Shoshone dam, on irrigation projects of Northern Wyoming, consideration will be given to plans for completing those great contracts. The failure of the contractors is being investigated. It is likely the Geological survey will continue the works with the equipment and supplies seized, rather than let a new contract. More than \$1,000,000 is involved in the projects.

### Railroads Offer Bribe.

St. Paul, Aug. 14.—A meeting of the State Warehouse and Railroad commissioners was held today for the purpose, it is stated, of acting on a proposition from the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Soo Line railroads, which agree to reduce the freight rate on wheat 1 cent a hundred pounds provided the commission will call off the present investigation and agitation of freight rates on commodities. The proposition was rejected.

### More Damage by Texas Flood.

Houston, Tex., Aug. 14.—The work of repairing the Southern Pacific tracks at Sanderson is proceeding rapidly, and unless there are further rains traffic will be resumed Thursday evening. The cloudburst of yesterday washed away 6,000 feet of track and 1,000 feet of bridges in Meyers and Willow Springs canyons, near Langtry, in addition to the six miles already gone. One Mexican fell into a swollen stream and was drowned yesterday.

### Custom Houses for Manchuria.

Pekin, Aug. 14.—The Japanese minister has informed China that Japan is ready to establish a customs service at Port Dalny and urges China to make similar arrangements at the frontier stations in Northern Manchuria, so as to place the traffic on the Japanese and Russian railways on an equality.

### INSURANCE MONEY HELPS.

#### Rebuilding Operations in San Francisco Begin With Vigor.

San Francisco, Aug. 14.—The rebuilding of San Francisco has begun in earnest. There is little talk, there is little boasting, but there is a vast amount of work. It may be observed on every hand. It has suddenly grown to large proportions, due to increased payments by the insurance companies. These payments now total \$50,000,000—enough to warrant a decided step in advance in reconstruction. But still the \$50,000,000 represents only 20 cents on the dollar of the amount due the policy holders of the city. The thirty days' grace allowed by law, after the three months allotted for the filing of proofs of loss, have elapsed and the insurance corporations must now pay or flatly refuse.

The \$50,000,000 has not been paid with the same cheerfulness with which the premiums were collected, in fact, it is not an exaggeration to say that a very large part of the amount has been "wrung" from the companies. It is still a question as to the sum which the policy holders will collect in the end. It is organization that has carried them to the point already attained, and it will be organization that will carry them further. There is very little single handed fighting against the companies. Most of the individual suits filed are test cases to determine the validity of certain doubtful clauses and to decide how far the "earthquake clause" will prevail. The policy holders have been merged into a gigantic organization, which has employed a corps of lawyers and will either force the companies to do the "square thing" or else announce their privity to the world.

### DOES NOT COVET TASK.

#### Nicholas Declines Post of Commander of Russian Army.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 14.—Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch, the Associated Press is informed by a member of his entourage, has declined to accept the post of commander in chief of all the troops of the empire, "where martial law exists," which was tendered to him August 4.

Whether this was decided before or after the attempt on the life of the grand duke at Krasnoye-Selo on August 10 is not known, but the ostensible reason is that Grand Duke Nicholas believes that such a post should not be given to a grand duke, but merely a military man. He advocates the appointment of General Linievitch, formerly commander in chief of the Manchurian army, but the emperor has not finally decided the matter.

The activity of the Terrorists in the provinces included, beside the usual harvest of assassinations in Warsaw, an attempt on the life of General Karateleff, chief of the gendarmerie of Samara province, and the wounding of Captain of Police Ivanoff, of Liban, by a youth who fired thrice at him on the street.

### WILL TALK IRRIGATION.

#### Expert Engineers Meet in Conference at Boise September 3.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The fourth annual conference of the engineers of the United States Reclamation service will be held at Boise, Idaho, September 3 to 8, the fourteenth irrigation congress also being in session at Boise at that time.

This conference is in continuation of the general policy of holding annually a meeting of the principal engineers of the Reclamation service for the purpose of discussing matters of administration and economics of work. The bringing together of these engineers and prominent citizens of the West makes possible an interchange of views and a discussion of data leading to results of very great value in the furtherance of the purposes of the reclamation act.

Each of the engineers, experts and specialists in the various lines will submit a brief paper embracing some point of general interest, such as detailed methods of cost, keeping, of designing, construction, maintenance, or operation. Owing to the advanced condition of many of the irrigation projects now under construction it is expected that this conference will be of more than usual interest and importance.

### Seven Mutineers Condemned.

Helsingfors, Finland, Aug. 14.—The trial by court martial of the Sveaborg mutineers commenced Saturday, and Lieutenant Kochanovsky and Emilianoff, aged respectively 20 and 21 years, and five soldiers were at the first sitting found guilty and condemned to death. All were shot and buried in a common grave without ceremony. Kochanovsky's father is a colonel of the guards at St. Petersburg. Emilianoff's mother appealed by the telegraph to the emperor for a reprieve, but unsuccessfully.

### Sultan Not in Danger.

Constantinople, Aug. 14.—Officials inform callers at the palace that the sultan was suffering from the effects of a chill during the past week, but that he has now completely recovered. His physicians, however, advised his majesty not to risk exposure to the open air, and hence the abandonment of the selamluk Friday. The local press is forbidden to publish anything concerning the state of the sultan's health or of the abandonment of the selamluk.

### Are Granted Hearings.

Washington, Aug. 14.—In order that the food manufacturers of the country may have opportunity to make suggestions concerning regulations for the enforcement of the new pure food law, hearings will be held at the department of Agriculture from September 17 to 23.



## Science AND Invention

Lead wool, a new British product for packing water pipes, consists of very small ribbons of lead, cut by patented machinery in lengths of three feet. Hemp or yarn is first pressed into the socket, and then the strand of lead wool is twisted in and well caulked at each turn until the whole space is tightly packed with a mass of lead. It is claimed that the joint is stronger and more satisfactory than when closed by the usual troublesome method of running in molten lead.

In the tests recently made over country roads between New York and New Haven to determine how far two gallons of gasoline are capable of driving an automobile, sixty-five machines of many sizes and types were used. The best performance was by a four-cylinder machine of twelve horse power, which ran eighty-seven miles. Another machine of the same make and pattern ran only fifty-eight miles. The Iron Age points out that a weight of 1,500 pounds was moved eighty-seven miles on two pounds of gasoline, which means a ton mile for half a cent.

One of the queerest of odd creatures is the mud skipper or jumping fish of the large rivers of India and the neighboring sea coasts. At ebb tide these little fishes leave the water to hunt for tiny crabs, flies, etc., and their strong pectoral and ventral fins, aided by their tail, enable them to move about easily and to climb upon trees, grass and leaves. With their huge eyes, seeming to project far out of the sockets, they can see as well on the land as in the water. They progress in short, quick leaps, effected by sharply bending the rear third of the body to the left and suddenly straightening it. In color they are usually light brown with dark bands, though they sometimes appear light green. They are easily caught and are much used in Burma for live bait.

Asbestos porcelain, the new material of Garros, a European chemist, is claimed to have the desirable properties of true porcelain and certain advantages in addition. Asbestos fibers are very thin, with diameters between one one hundred thousandth and one two hundred thousandth of an inch, they can be crushed to an exceedingly fine powder; this is made into a paste with water, and after repeated kneadings the mass is poured into molds. When the objects thus shaped are heated in a crucible to 1700 C., a transparent product like ordinary porcelain is obtained. If the powder has been washed with sulphuric acid, a porous asbestos porcelain of pale yellowish or white color results when the molded articles are kept for eighteen hours at 1200 C.

It occurred to Prof. R. W. Wood recently to try to represent by underwater photography the appearance of the out-of-water world as viewed by the eyes of fish. The results are very curious, depending on the refraction of light by water. For instance, with a box filled with water, having a photographic plate at the back and a pinhole covered with glass at the front, the situation of a fish looking out of the side of an aquarium is imitated. With such an arrangement Prof. Wood found that all three sides and the complete ceiling and floor of a room could be photographed at one view. Placed at a point where three streets meet at a right angle, it gave a view looking down all three streets, including the ground up to the base of the tripod, and the sky from the horizon to the zenith. From a balloon such a camera would photograph the whole visible surface of the earth out to the horizon on all sides.

### Always in Season.

When Hiram Bassett went down on the Cape to pay a visit, his friends provided him with every sort of fish they could muster, and for five days he was treated to mackerel, halibut, oysters, clams, scallops, and many other varieties, in the best possible condition.

"Well, Hiram," said his host, on the day of Mr. Bassett's return to his home, "I'd like to see what you'll get Hannah to cook for you first thing when you reach home. I reckon you've had fish enough to last you for one while."

"Pooh!" said Mr. Bassett. "I guess you don't know anything about it. You haven't lived in Massachusetts long enough. Hannah'll get me some thing she always does when I've been away from home for a spell—a real good mess o' codfish an' potato hash. That's what Hannah'll get me!"

### A Happy Afterthought.

The story of a proposal by telephone is recorded by a writer in the Philadelphia Public Ledger. Pete, a colored youth, was very bashful, and having decided, first, that he wanted Miss Johnson for his wife, and second, that he dared not ask her in person, he had recourse to the telephone. He rang her up at the house of her employer, and inquired:

"Is dat you, Miss Johnson?"  
"Yaas," came the reply.  
"Well, Miss Johnson, I's got a mos' important question to ask you."  
"Yaas."  
"Will you marry me, Miss Johnson?"  
"Yaas. Who is it, please?"

### A Good Example.

"Why do they call these two fellows 'Cause and Effect'?"  
"One is a doctor and the other an undertaker."—New York Press.

### THE LATE LADY CURZON.

#### American Girl Who Was the First Lady of India.

The death recently at her beautiful home in England of Lady Curzon, of Kedleston, brought grief to three nations. England, where she had endeavored herself by her charming simplicity and womanly sweetness, and India, where for so many years she reigned as the wife of the viceroy, unite with the United States in mourning the demise of an American girl whose elevation to British aristocratic and official circles had not caused her to forget the republic in which she was born and for which she retained the deepest affection.

Lady Curzon's health failed while in India, but it was supposed that her return to England would speedily restore her strength and activity. The extreme heat, however, increased the general debility from which she suffered and death resulted from heart failure.

Mary Victoria Leiter was born in Chicago, daughter of Levi Z. Leiter, a millionaire business man. Some years ago the family moved to Washington



LADY CURZON.

and resided in a magnificent home, entertaining largely and with a lavishness such as only great wealth permits. While on a visit to England Miss Leiter met Lord George Nathaniel Curzon, since made Baron Kedleston, and his lordship followed her to Washington. The wedding took place in April, 1885, one of the guests being Mrs. Cleveland, of whom the bride was a close personal friend.

The beautiful American girl was welcomed to the most exclusive inner circles of English society and at once set herself the task of mastering British politics in order to be an aid to her able and ambitious husband. In 1898 Lord Curzon was made viceroy of India, retaining the office until August 10 of last year. His success and popularity as viceroy was largely attributed to the good judgment, graciousness and womanly worth of his American wife. Her court at Bombay, Calcutta, and Simla was among the most magnificent in the world and the Indian potentates accepted her social sway as they would that of the Empress of the empire. It is no exaggeration to say that no English-speaking woman ever equaled her in the influence she wielded in India or in the affection which the millions of that continental peninsula showered upon her.

At one time there was talk that Lord Curzon would be made governor general of Canada, in which case an American girl would have been the lady of Rideau Hall.

Lady Curzon was left \$3,000,000 in her own right on the death of her father. An equally liberal provision was made for her sister, the Countess of Suffolk and Berkshire. She leaves three children, the youngest but a few months old.

### How May Sutton Felt.

Miss May Sutton, the tennis champion, was talking one day in Boston about an early defeat.

"I had been so sure of winning," she said, "and that made my disappointment all the greater when I failed."

"I was as disappointed," she said, "as a huckster who used to live in Los Angeles."

"This huckster, coming out of a patron's house one day, saw a little boy feeding apples to his horse. Pleased to see the animal getting an excellent meal at no cost to himself, the man patted the boy on the head and said: 'That's right; always be good to animals. And where did you buy those pretty apples?'"

"I didn't buy them," the boy answered. "I took them out of your wagon."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

### Damages Sufficient.

An old colored woman was seriously injured in a railway accident. One and all her friends urged the necessity of suing the wealthy railroad corporation for damages.

"I 'clar to gracious," she scornfully replied to their advice, "ef I ain't done git more'n nuff o' damages! What I see wantin' now and what I see done gwine to sue dat company for is repairs."—Cleveland Leader.

### A Strong Line.

Judge—With what instrument or article did your wife inflict those wounds on your face and head?

Micky—With a motty, yer honor.

Judge—A what?

Micky—A motty—wan av thim frames wid "God Bilas Our Home" in it.—Judge.

When a boy likes to go swimming and hunting, his mother's season for worry lasts all the year 'round.

If you deliver the goods, a well-paying job is always gaping open for you.