

Bohemia Nugget

Bohemia Nugget Pub. Co.
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NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

A member of the kaiser's cabinet is accused of grafting.

It is reported that Russian bankers will aid the revolutionists.

A St. Petersburg paper says General Treppoff is to be minister of war.

Harriman is believed to be secretly buying up St. Paul railway stock.

Heat in Chicago is oppressive. Deaths and prostrations are quite numerous.

An Italian anarchist has been captured with a quantity of dynamite intended for the king.

Sarah Bernhardt has been refused a decoration of the Legion of Honor by France because she does not pay her debts.

All South America, as represented at the Pan-American conference, is lined up for arbitration and the peace of the world.

Many witnesses are being called before the grand jury at Chicago to tell what they know of Standard Oil business methods.

Two electric cars collided head on near Vermillion, Ohio. Two persons were killed, another fatally injured and scores more or less seriously hurt.

A mutiny in all Finnish forts has been called by the Reds.

E. A. Gage, a son of Lyman Gage, committed suicide in Seattle.

Rear Admiral Train, commander in chief of the Asiatic squadron is dead.

A fund of two and a half million dollars is to be raised to build cottages for the homeless of San Francisco.

The forts at Sveaborg, Russia, are almost in total ruins as the result of fighting between mutineers and loyal troops.

San Francisco is threatened with an epidemic of typhoid, which the health board says is being carried by the common house fly.

The state law of New York restricting the labor by women and children to 10 hours a day has been declared unconstitutional.

The state auditor of Kansas says he will cancel the policies of all insurance companies who do not pay their San Francisco losses in full.

Provision contractors on the isthmus have formed a trust and raised the prices 100 per cent. The canal commission has ordered supplies of \$500 and over bought under the open bid system.

Brigadier General William Bolton is dead.

Mayor W. H. Moore, of Seattle, is seriously ill at Los Angeles.

The business of the Lewis and Clark exposition has been wound up.

T. W. Davenport, of Silverton, Oregon, father of Cartoonist Davenport, is dead.

Fifteen hundred copper miners at Calumet, Michigan, have had their wages voluntarily raised \$2 per month.

Four men were killed and two wounded in a battle between a sheriff's posse and bandits in Knott county, Kentucky.

It has been charged that General Wood is drawing two salaries, one as governor and one as his regular pay in the army. The president says this is not so.

A San Francisco woman has just secured a divorce on the ground that her husband had not spoken a word to her for eight years, although living in the same house.

A Porto Rican merchant has sued Federal Judge Hunt, of Montana, for \$100,000 damages. It is claimed that at the time the judge was governor of the island he was instrumental in ruining the merchant's business.

The National Sculpture society is to establish an old age home for its members.

The St. Paul is laying steel for its new Pacific coast extension. The work is being done in South Dakota.

Judge James F. Tracey, of the Philippine Supreme court, will likely be the next vice governor of the islands.

John D. Rockefeller says there is more good than bad in the world, and that everything is for good in the end.

Fire in a Buffalo, N. Y., planing mill destroyed \$170,000 worth of property.

THREE HUNDRED DROWN.

Italian Immigrant Ship Strikes Reef Off Coast of Spain.

Cartagena, Spain, Aug. 6.—A terrible marine disaster occurred Saturday evening off Cape Palos. The Italian steamship Sirio, from Genoa for Barcelona, Cadiz, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres with about 800 persons on board, was wrecked off Hormigas island. Three hundred immigrants, most of them Italians and Spaniards, were drowned. The captain of the steamer committed suicide.

The bishop of San Pedro, Brazil, also was lost and another bishop was for a time among the missing. The remainder of the passengers and the officers and crew got away in the ship's boats or were rescued by means of boats sent to them from the shore. A number of fishermen who made attempts at rescue were drowned.

Those rescued from the vessel are now at Cape Palos, in a pitiable condition, being without food or clothing.

The Sirio struck a reef of rocks known as Bajos Hormigas, and sank soon afterward, stern first. Hormigas island lies about two and a half miles to the eastward of Cape Palos.

The Sirio, owned by the Navigazione Italiana, left Genoa August 2. All the ship's books were lost. It is impossible at present to ascertain the full extent of the disaster. Nine-tenths of the passengers were Italians, and the remainder Spaniards. All the survivors have been landed at Cape Palos. The inhabitants provided them with clothing and nourishment. Thirty were landed at Hormigas island, about one mile from the tragedy. Fishermen brought in the first news of the foundering of the Sirio, and it created consternation here. Boatloads of the shipwrecked passengers and crew began reaching shore shortly after the news became known.

All the stokers went down with the ship. They were unable to reach the deck in time to save themselves. Among the survivors at Cape Palos are many mothers who weep and wring their hands for lost children, while there are also a number of children, who are unable to find their parents. These have been admitted to the city foundling asylum.

JONES AND POTTER TO JAIL

One Year and \$2,000, Six Months and \$500 Respectively.

Portland, Aug. 6.—Willard N. Jones and Thaddeus S. Potter, convicted at midnight October 15, 1905, under an indictment returned by the Federal grand jury charging them jointly with conspiring to defraud the government of its public lands, were given their sentences by Judge Hunt in the United States District court Saturday.

Jones received a fine of \$2,000, in addition to a term of one year at the government prison on McNeill's island. Potter fared somewhat better, as Judge Hunt took several points into consideration, which, coupled with the fact that Francis J. Heney made a strong plea for leniency in his case, prompted his sentence of six months in the Multnomah county jail and a fine of \$500. The attorneys for both were given ten days to perfect any legal action looking to an appeal, and in the meantime Jones was required to give \$8,000 bail, double the amount of his former bond, while Potter was permitted to go upon his original security.

The particular offense for which the two men were convicted consisted in inducing a large number of Grand Army men to file soldier homesteads in the Siletz Indian reservation, under agreement to transfer title to Jones. Ira Wade, county clerk of Lincoln county, was tried under the same indictment, but in his case the jury returned a verdict of acquittal, the evidence not being considered sufficient to convict. John L. Wells, adjutant general of the G. A. R., was also involved in the scheme of conspiracy, his influence being exercised in the direction of securing locators among the old soldiers. Wells confessed his share of complicity in the fraudulent undertaking before the grand jury and was made a witness for the government. A general shake-up in the local G. A. R. was the result of the exposures, and Wells was compelled to resign.

Coal Companies Merged.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 6.—It was reported today on the best authority that one of the largest deals in the history of the bituminous coal business was consummated last week, whereby a corporation known as the Pennsylvania, Beach Creek & Eastern Coal company, with a capital of \$8,000,000, acquired by a 999-year lease all the property and business of the Pennsylvania Coal & Coke company, the Beach Creek Coal & Coke company and the North River Coal & Wharf company, and a number of electric light and water companies.

Says Trust Controls Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—John Hill, Jr., has reopened his war on the owners of public warehouses in Chicago with the declaration that the grain trade is in the clutches of a trust. Mr. Hill says he now has evidence of the existence of an illegal combination among the warehouse men, and that he intends to fight it to its death. The Interstate Commerce commission will meet here next month, and Mr. Hill says he expects to see an investigation started.

Goes to Isthmus in November.

Panama, Aug. 6.—General Magoon this afternoon informed President Amador that President Roosevelt will visit the canal zone in November. Senator Amador, through Mr. Magoon, extended a formal invitation to Mr. Roosevelt to visit the city of Panama.

GENERAL STRIKE ON

Workmen in Russian Capital Responding to Call.

SIGNS POINT TO A DICTATORSHIP

Grand Duke Nicholas to Lead Fight on Reds—Disturbances and Mutinies Continue.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 4.—St. Petersburg is in darkness tonight. The employees of the electric lighting plants, always the earliest barometric record of political conditions, ceased work during the afternoon in obedience to the call for a general strike. This call already has been obeyed by 20,000 factory hands in the capital. It will be impossible, however, to predict the success of this universal political strike until Monday, as the workmen in St. Petersburg and the provinces have two holidays—Saturday, which is the fete day of the dowager empress and a great religious feast, and their regular holiday of Sunday.

The pickets of cavalry and infantry were the most conspicuous features on the streets of St. Petersburg last night. Business houses generally have boarded up their windows as they did in the days of the great October strike. Practically all of the street cars in the city have stopped running, and the cab drivers are threatening to cease work.

In the meantime the fate of the Stolypin cabinet sways in the balance and Russia is upon the verge of disorders which may lead to the reign of either the military or the proletariat. It can be stated definitely that the steps toward a dictatorship may be taken Sunday or Monday by the nomination of Grand Duke Nicholas to the chief command of all the troops in Russia. This would virtually place him in control of all the disturbed districts of the empire where martial law has been proclaimed.

Artillery in Open Revolt.

Warsaw, Poland, Aug. 4.—A portion of the troops in the Summer Rembertoff, near here, mutinied yesterday and are in open revolt today. The artillerymen have driven their officers out of their quarters. A squadron of Cosacks sent to overpower the mutineers was received with grape-shot. Details are lacking, as extraordinary precautions are being taken to prevent the facts becoming public.

Rebels Fire Big Woodyards.

Harkov, Aug. 4.—Fire broke out in several large woodyards in the vicinity of the prison today. This evidently was a device on the part of revolutionists, who hoped to free political leaders during the confusion. The authorities are apprehensive of a renewed effort to the same end.

PUT OUT OF BUSINESS.

Insurance Commissioner Gives Body Blow to Two Companies.

San Francisco, Aug. 4.—Insurance Commissioner Wolf sent notice today to the president and directors of the Fireman's Fund Insurance company and the Home Fire & Marine Insurance company, both of San Francisco, that unless they made good their deficiency in capital stock in four weeks he will request Attorney General Webb to proceed to ascertain why their licenses to do business in California be revoked.

Both companies have been known to be in financial trouble since the fire. The Home Fire & Marine has announced that it will do no more business. The Fireman's Fund has reinsured its risks to the amount of \$372,684,750, carrying premiums amounting to \$4,471,117 with the new Fireman's Fund corporation, which has been organized since the fire. Both companies have thus confessed failure.

Wolf's order, it is expected, will permanently close their doors.

Subpenas for Standard Men.

New York, Aug. 4.—Forty or more subpenas for officers and employees of the Standard Oil company have been forwarded to New York from Chicago. Several of the officials of the Standard Oil would not say whether they had received the subpenas from Illinois. Inquiries were referred to M. F. Elliott, general counsel for the company, who said so far as he knew no attempt had been made to serve any of the officials. Mr. Elliott would not say what attitude the officials would take in case the subpenas servers put in an appearance.

Investigation in Philippines.

Washington, Aug. 4.—An investigation of alleged irregularities in the Philippine islands is now being conducted by order of Major General Wood, the inquiry being in charge of Colonel Wood, inspector general. At the request of General Wood the War department has made a special detail of officers familiar with the methods of business and conditions in the Philippines to assist. No result has yet been reported to the department.

Stampede to Windy Arm.

Seattle, Aug. 4.—Rich strikes reported in Southeastern Alaska have attracted the longshoremen of Skagway, Juneau and other towns. The men who work along the front have stampeded to Windy Arm in such numbers that the sailors on the coastwise fleet have to unload their own boats.

MUTINEERS SEIZE SVEABORG

Only Four Companies of Infantry Remain Loyal to Czar.

Helsingfors, Aug. 1.—Sveaborg is entirely in the hands of the mutineers, who now have in their possession every kind of armament.

Horrible scenes occurred during last night when the fierce fighting was continued. The heaviest artillery was used during the conflict.

Several officers were killed or wounded. The wounded were transported to Helsingfors.

Colonel Nararoff was bayoneted. He begged for transportation to the hospital, promising forgiveness in exchange. Instead he was stoned and thrown into the water with a stone tied around his neck.

Helsingfors, Aug. 1.—A gigantic military conspiracy, aiming at the simultaneous capture of Russia's three great sea fortresses, Cronstadt, Sevastopol and Sveaborg, arranged by the Revolutionary Military League, was prematurely sprung here yesterday by an attempt to arrest members of a company of sappers who had mutinied on account of the death of one of their comrades, alleged to have been due to ill treatment.

The entire garrison of the fortress at Sveaborg flamed out instantly in revolt. All the artillery and sappers garrisoning the place were invoked. Only four companies of infantry remained loyal. The mutineers seized 40 machine guns and practically all the quick-firers and light artillery in the fortress, but even with this aid they were unable to hold the main fort against the loyal infantry. The fighting continued all night long. The heaviest firing was heard from 10 o'clock in the evening until 1 in the morning.

WILL OPEN DOOR.

Baron Komura Says Japan Will Keep Treaty Pledges.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 1.—Baron Komura, recently appointed Japanese ambassador to Great Britain, arrived today by the Canadian Pacific railroad steamer Empress of Japan on his way to London, via Quebec, from where he sails by the Empress of Ireland on August 9.

Baron Komura said with regard to Japanese action in Manchuria that the Japanese government would undoubtedly carry out all the pledges made before and since the war to maintain "the open door" in Manchuria. Regarding the criticism of foreign merchants, he said these were due to impatience. The terms of occupation demanded that Japan adopt the measures now in vogue, but as soon as the military occupation was ended and this would be soon, arrangements would be made to carry out the pledges regarding an "open door" policy. True, the bulk of the army had been repatriated, but there was still a large force in Manchuria. There was also Russian troops in occupation. While it was not known definitely what Russia was doing regarding the withdrawal, it was known that troops were steadily being withdrawn and it was necessary that the Japanese military administration continue to occupy the country until the withdrawal was complete.

"Has Dalny been made a free port and are other nations than Japanese restricted from trading via that port with Manchuria?"

"That I cannot tell you," replied Baron Komura. "This much I can say, though, the pledges made by Japan regarding Manchuria will be carried out in every particular as soon as the term of occupation by the military forces has expired."

Battleships in Collision.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 1.—Rear Admiral R. D. Evans, commanding the Atlantic fleet, received reports in detail today of a collision which occurred during a fog last night between the battleships Alabama and Illinois at eight miles southeast of Brenton's reef lightship. The side of the Illinois was scraped by the bow of the Alabama and several plates of the forward part of the Alabama were injured. It is also thought that one or more of the six-inch guns on the two battleships were damaged. Admiral Evans states that neither ship was damaged below the water line.

Not Bound Up in Red Tape.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The facility with which the Civil Service commission furnished inspectors to the department of Agriculture in the execution of the meat inspection law is shown in a statement issued today by the commission. Although the law was not enacted till June 30, the commission in exactly three weeks from that date conducted examinations throughout the country. Arrangements were made to examine 8,386 applicants. During the week ending July 28 2,540 sets of papers were received by the commission.

Relief Work Being Investigated.

San Francisco, Aug. 1.—The grand jury today instituted an investigation of the relief finance committee's legal right to distribute the funds contributed for the benefit of San Francisco's stricken citizens. The status of the Red Cross is also involved, and in the end some judicial opinion will doubtless have been rendered which may throw some light into the legal tangle created by the emergency and the various measures adopted to meet it.

Rain Makes Canal Zone Unhealthy.

Colon, Aug. 1.—The month of July has witnessed a series of heavy rains on the isthmus, which have hampered the work of sanitation in Colon. The conditions today are worse than ever before. Preparations are being made to pave the principal streets of Colon with brick.

MAY EXPEL EUROPE

Paris Paper Fears South American Trade May Be Lost.

CALLS ON FRANCE TO WATCH ROOT

The United States Already Dominates North America and May Secure South America.

Paris, Aug. 2.—The Liberte of Wednesday night, under the caption of "Victims of the Monroe Doctrine," printed a long and vigorous article on Secretary of State Root and the Pan-American congress. It taunts the French press for grudgingly printing a paragraph about Mr. Root's toasting South America between a list of contestants in a recent swimming match and the names of meritorious agriculturists. It ironically quotes an editor, who said that foreign politics are not sufficiently Parisian to interest the elite public and then twits the leaders of the republic with making the question of conferring the decoration of the Legion of Honor on Sarah Bernhardt the principal affair of state and facetiously asking why they should worry over South Americans, who interest Parisians only in vaudeville.

All this time, says the Liberte, Mr. Root was preparing, if he had not already made effective, the most redoubtable operation in political economics, of which the French will be dupes and with them all other Latin people, who, imitating them, try to be Parisians. The results of ten years of intrigue in Pan-America are likely to be effective soon. Europe has already been expelled from North America, and she will be expelled from South America in less than six years unless there is energetic resistance immediately.

Continuing the paper says that a few facts today are startlingly clear. Among them is the fact that Europe has no right to defend her financial and commercial interests in South America, the United States saying in effect that each nation is master of its own home within the United States at home everywhere. Against 78,000,000 Latin people stood Secretary Root and to that Yankee intruder went favors and benefits because he alone spoke, flattered and menaced. He alone acted, while Latin Europe abstained. Already distant lands have slipped into Yankee hands, while at Constantinople, St. Petersburg, Tokio and Algieras the same Root intervened at his convenience and Europe stupidly respected the Monroe doctrine. Before the conclusion of the third Pan-American congress it will have cost the Latin peoples a continent they peopled and financed.

MUTINY SPREADS TO FLEET.

Ships Go to Aid of Forts, Which May Have Given Up.

Viborg, Aug. 2.—It is reported here that the Russian fleet, stationed at Hango, Finland, has mutinied, imprisoning the officers and sailed to the assistance of the mutineers at Sveaborg.

Helsingfors, Aug. 2.—At 7 o'clock last evening the battleship Czarevitch and the cruiser Bogatyr opened fire on the mutineers at a distance of 50 cable lengths. The mutineers replied, but their shots seemed to fall short. The firing ceased at 9 o'clock and the boats were then seen leaving the islands with wounded.

Helsingfors, Aug. 2.—The latest news from the fortress tends to confirm a previous report that the mutineers have surrendered.

The mutineers had the upper hand until the battleships arrived and began to bombard them with telling effect.

The men were undoubtedly led to surrender because of their lack of big guns, their need of provisions, which they had failed to secure, and the arrival of the warships.

Reinforcements have arrived here and have been hurried to effective positions.

Jeers for Dr. Devine.

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—A banquet was given to Dr. Devine, the national Red Cross representative who had charge of the relief work here after the fire and who is about to return to his home in the East. A number of the disappointed persons who are living in the refuge camps took advantage of the occasion to work up a demonstration against the methods of the relief commission, and as a result a throng of people gathered at Union square in front of the St. Francis hotel, where the banquet was held.

Dentist a Counterfeiter.

Denver, Aug. 2.—Dr. James D. Eggleston, Jr., son of an employe of the Pacific Express company here, who has been practicing as a dentist in this city, was arrested this afternoon by Deputy United States Marshal Frank on the charge of counterfeiting. A search of his office is said to have disclosed several photographs of bills, a bogus half-dollar stamped on one side and a considerable metal array which could be used for making money.

Rebels Steal Machine Gun.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—A machine gun was stolen last night from an arms factory in the Va's'l Ostrov district of this city. It is suspected that the robbery was committed with cognizance of the sentinels on duty at the factory. At a secret meeting last night of the Putiloff works employe, a spy was discovered and killed.

LOSS BY DISASTER.

Insurance Companies Make Returns in San Francisco.

Albany, N. Y., July 31.—State Superintendent of Insurance Otto Keleny tonight made public the results of his investigation as to the losses of fire insurance companies in the San Francisco disaster.

All joint stock fire and inland marine insurance companies transacting business in the state were called on for a sworn statement as to their losses in California. The companies were asked for the gross amount of insurance involved in risks destroyed or damaged, the deduction for amounts recovered by reinsurance, the deduction for estimated salvage, the total deduction and the net amount of loss as shown by the records June 30, 1906.

The New York state companies, 47 in number, show the gross amount of insurance involved as \$41,110,069; the reinsurance to be recovered, \$10,834,195; the estimated salvage, \$7,137,183, and the actual amount of loss \$23,138,681.

Returns from other joint stock fire and fire marine insurance companies, 84 in number, show the gross amount of insurance \$80,423,704; reinsurance to be recovered, \$22,130,167; estimated salvage, \$11,358,25; actual amount of loss, \$51,983,111.

The foreign companies, 32 in number, made these returns: Gross insurance involved, \$101,430,533; reinsurance to be recovered, \$32,281,808; estimated salvage, \$153,18,859; actual loss, \$57,701,866.

The gross amount of insurance involved by all companies was \$22,836,307; reinsurance, \$65,246,771; salvage, \$33,814,468, and actual loss, \$132,823,067.

TIE-UP IS NOW COMPLETE.

Kruttschnitt Forbids More Freight Cars in San Francisco.

San Francisco, July 31.—The embargo of the Southern Pacific on lumber, lime and hay has been increased, and now includes all articles from the north. Not a pound of freight can be shipped into San Francisco from Portland or adjacent territory until the freight tie-up at San Francisco has been loosened. This is the latest edict of Julius Kruttschnitt, who has been threatening to do this for some time unless the situation speedily cleared. It has been decided by the local authorities to take no further chances but to stop at once all shipments from the north.

For the embargo there is only one remedy—to clear up the congestion in the freight yards. Efforts in this direction are being made by all the freight agents, and the missionary work among the consignees is having a salutary effect. The unloading in the yards is going on at a faster rate, but not fast enough to suit Kruttschnitt, who has taken the precaution to see that no more cars are added to the glut that is already crowding the tracks.

The tie-up is working to the detriment of the city, as many merchants throughout the state are sending East for their goods instead of patronizing the wholesalers of San Francisco, believing that they can secure their stocks just as quickly under present conditions.

ARREST CAUSES MUTINY.

Battalion of Russian Troops Attempts to Rescue Prisoners.

Poltava, July 31.—A grave outbreak occurred yesterday in the Sevsky regiment owing to the arrest of a private of the First battalion, who was discovered with some other soldiers in a shed where the revolutionists are in the habit of holding meetings. After the arrest the entire First battalion, accompanied by a large crowd, paraded the streets in defiance of the military authorities.

The soldiers proceeded to the artillery barracks, where they seized several guns and marched with them to the prison, where the political prisoners are confined. At this stage all the remainder of the Poltava garrison was called out.

The loyal troops fired on the mutineers with machine guns as they were engaged in breaking down the gate of the prison. Several men were killed or wounded. The outbreak was not suppressed until 2 o'clock this morning.

Patent Office Behind.

Washington, July 31.—Patent attorneys throughout the country are arranging to send a delegation to see President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay and request him to either remove Commissioner Allen or cause such change in methods as will place the patent office on a satisfactory basis. The work of the patent office, attorneys declare, has been running behind since the appointment of Mr. Allen, five years ago. There are now 23,000 applications for patents unacted upon, besides numerous, copyrights, trade marks, etc.

Pardo in Favor of Peace.

Lima, Peru, July 31.—The message of President Pardo to congress calls attention to the progress of the republic and to the policy of the nation, which he says is inspired by a desire to settle international differences on a basis of friendship and equity. The president declares further that a discussion of these principles, which Peru and a majority of the South American states uphold, will take place at the Pan-American congress at Rio de Janeiro.

Viborg Manifesto Seized.

Khar'kov, July 31.—The authorities have seized copies of the Viborg manifesto issued by the outlawed parliament to the weight of 400 pounds which have been surreptitiously shipped into Khar'kov.