



Devoted to the Mining, Lumbering and Farming Interests of this Community.

COTTAGE GROVE, LANE COUNTY OREGON, WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1906.

NO. 15

BOHEMIA MINING NOTES

General Mining News from Exchanges.

Spain is down from the securities property for a

ber of the mines are expected to get started before long and a showing during the

Spain expects to go back to work as soon as the well at work on the new line.

returned from the Ore mines camp on Tuesday. has been attending to a who had a severe case of

Wechter returned from the mine property Tuesday at days visit, and left the for Salem. Two men on the property and later is looking for a bright

is uncovering more rich day. New mines and ricts are being opened up with very rich deposits. is getting to have a nom- to great camps of the world grown to where it is neces- sary a big National bank.

rystad reports that every- getting along nicely at the Colorado. The work is ased right along and that looks good. The weather and it will not be long be- the summer, active work commenced with a larger

Roberts at the Vesuvius that a little snow fell last and just covered the ground had practically gotten clear the mine. Last Wednes- mail carrier got through on ack for the first time since in- ar. Skies have been the operandi most of them time.

Vesuvius mine has been steadily all winter with a ore, but, with the summer, will be commenced in earnest. rther in the tunnel has been better and more ore bodies been opened up, and Supt is looking for a good sum- work.

Win. Higgins expects to go back up to the mines within a short time and begin the summer's work.

Mining Locations

C. O. Anderson, T. J. Moon, J. R. Warner and T. G. Stephens locate "Dead Horse" mining claim, Bohemia district.

New Price for Real Estate

A new record for high prices of real estate will be established if a contemplated deal goes through. Twenty-five feet on Main street for \$700 per foot front and that too, at practically at one end of Main street. Good property costs some.

Ore Blocked Out

The term "ore blocked out," and "ore in sight" have been used so freely that investors are sometimes at a loss to know just what is meant.

Ore blocked out is supposed to be ore that has been opened on four sides ready to break down and take to the mill or the smelter. Ore in sight is supposed to be ore opened sufficiently to permit of a reasonable estimate. The mere fact that there are outcrops, does not signify that there is any ore in sight. But if a tunnel has been run into the property far enough to expose the ore bodies, and if this ore has been proved up above or below; or if a shaft has been sunk far enough into the property to open ore on several levels, that is ore in sight.

Ore blocked out is always an asset. It is beyond speculation. It is as tangible as dry goods, groceries, hardware or anything else that can be turned into cash.

Notwithstanding these facts, there are many willing and anxious to employ the terms, without regard to their meaning.—Mining Record.

Dora Jennings Found Not Guilty.

Grants Pass, Or., April 27th.—The happiest girl in Oregon this morning is Dora Jennings, who has been on trial here for the murder of her father.

At 12 o'clock last night the jury returned a verdict of acquittal, after deliberating but one hour. Dora, her mother, brothers and sisters are hysterical with joy. The outcome of the trial will be a strong factor in reversing the case of her brother, Jasper, now pending in the supreme court. Both were tried on the same indictment. If the boy is given a new trial he will be acquitted.

Rev. Ross closed his revival services at the Methodist Church Sunday night and left for his southern home on Monday. The services have done a great deal of good, but have not done as much as was expected.

TEACHERS' LOCAL INSTITUTE

Will be Held in Cottage Grove May 5th at the East Side School Building.

PROGRAM.

Forenoon Session 9:30
Singing, Institute.
Opening Exercises.
Prof. C. L. Strange, Cottage Grove.

A Lesson in History, Pres. A. L. Briggs, Dram.

The Child's Future, Prin. L. B. Gibson, Coressell

Nature Study, Pres. B. F. Mulkey, Ashland

Afternoon Session 1:30.
Lectures, Mrs. L. Richardson, Lorane.

The Relation of Directors to the School, Oliver Veatch, Chairman School Board.

The Teacher's Vacation, Supt. M. H. Arnold, Eugene.

Evening Session 8:00.
Lecture "Hamlet", Pres. B. F. Mulkey, Ashland.

All teachers, patrons and friends of education are cordially invited to attend sessions and take part in the discussion of the subjects. Day sessions will be held in the East Side School Building, while the lecture will be given in the Opera House on Main street.

Respectfully,

W. B. Dillard, Supt. Lane Co.

Woman's Suffrage.

Rev. Anna Shaw, the great lecturer of the equal suffrage campaign lectured in the Opera House Friday night to a large and interested audience. Miss Shaw was at her best and gave a great deal of good argument, along with a very witty and entertaining address. She says: "We are asking the men to live up to what they say, or quit saying it," referring to the ruling of the constitution by which men alone control, while the meaning is men and women, and that laws are made by the consent of the governed, when in reality they are made by half the governed. She asked the men how they would like it not to be allowed to vote, whether they wanted to or not. She said the need of the country is moral men in public offices; that woman's suffrage tended to put better men in office, as the question in a campaign would not be "Can our candidate control the saloon vote," but can he control the woman's vote. Her entire lecture was an able one and full of many

witticisms that kept her audience wide awake. The audience was an enthusiastic one, and gave a good collection to help the work along in the state.

PRIZE ESSAYS.

Made in Oregon.

Portland, April 28.—The Portland Ad Men's League and representatives of all commercial organizations, including the Oregon Development League, desire practical, short essays upon industries of Oregon from the school children of every county. In order to induce school boys and girls to reveal what general knowledge of a practical value they have concerning the county in which they reside, the committee is offering inducements in the form of cash. The rules of the contest were wide open. The contest will close May 22, 1906 at which time every competing essay must be in the hands of the secretary. The state superintendent of public instruction, J. H. Ackerman, has given his hearty endorsement to the educational value of the move. Successful essays are to be published. The prizes are: Ten dollars in gold for the best essay under title: "Benefits Derive from Patronizing Home Industries," limit of article 600 words. Five dollars will be paid for the best 500-word essay upon "Commodities of Oregon." Two prizes of \$2.50 each, five silver watches and 31 cash prizes of \$1 each will be presented for the next best essays from all counties on the topic: "Manufacturing Facilities of Our County." The movement is in connection with the exhibit of Oregon manufacturers to take place in Portland the week of May 19th to 26th.

Alfalfa in the Willamette Valley.

The pamphlet on the growing of alfalfa in the valley, which the Southern Pacific Company has had prepared by W. W. Colton is now complete and ready for any who desire it. All farmers should write and get this book. It will be followed by others telling of the progress made at the various experimental plants throughout the valley. We print from this pamphlet the following:

METHOD OF CULTURE ADOPTED AT THE OREGON EXPERIMENT STATION.

The Oregon Experiment Station has successfully raised alfalfa at Corvallis, Oregon, and Dr. James Withycombe, director of the Station furnishes the following short statement on the proper method of culture:

"If the land has been farmed for a number of years it is a good plan to plow under, in the fall, ten or fifteen loads of stable manure per acre, eight or ten inches deep. Allow the land to remain fallow during the winter. In the spring when the soil is in good condition to work, cut up the ground with a disc harrow and pulverize very finely. Then allow the land to lie fallow for a week or ten days so that the weed seeds on the surface of the soil will germinate. Then harrow thoroughly and sow twenty pounds of alfalfa seed, one hundred pounds of land plaster, and if the seed has not been treated with nitro cultures, put on one hundred and fifty pounds of inoculated soil per acre. Cover this with a light harrow. Permit no stock to graze the alfalfa the first year. Run a mower over the ground several times during the summer so as to subdue the weeds and at the same time keep the alfalfa clipped close to the ground. In this way strong, well rooted plants will be secured.

"In Western Oregon it is important that the seed be either treated with nitro cultures, or inoculated soil used so as to introduce the necessary bacteria to enable the plant to utilize atmospheric nitrogen.

"Alfalfa likes a fine, but solid seed bed, hence spring plowing is not usually advisable. Occasionally a soil may be too acid for the alfalfa bacteria. This may be corrected by putting on one-half ton of freshly slaked lime, or one ton of wood ashes per acre. Soils which are well drained, however, are not usually sour as the acids are soluble and readily leach out such ground."

John Harms has received the seed and plaster for his land, and has it all in shape.

OLD LAND-MARK GONE

In the Burning of the Cottage Grove Hotel Sunday Night.

Sunday night about 7:30 an alarm of fire was turned in from the west side for the Cottage Grove hotel. The building had been occupied until recently by J. R. Thompson, who moved to a new location on Main street. The present owner of the property Cal Borne has been staying in the building and went to Saginaw Saturday leaving young Ritchie to stay in the building, and he was just going to the building to go to bed when the fire broke out. The building was able from end to end before it was discovered, and it was soon seen that it could not be saved in spite of the splendid work of the firemen, who were quickly on the scene, and had several streams of water playing on the building. As soon as they saw the building could not be saved their efforts were given to save the surrounding buildings with such good success that none were lost, although at one time the Baughman feed store was afire, and even the Brumbaugh cottage within five feet of the building was hardly scorched. The fireman made a hard fight to keep the burning walls from falling on the cottage and were successful. Three lengths of new hose was burst, before one line was laid, and at one of the old red hydrants a hard time was had getting water in sufficient quantity. The hydrant was taken out Monday and overhauled.

Had there been any wind at the time of the fire instead of the perfect calm, nothing could have been done to save a lot of buildings. The boys all did splendid work, and everybody was satisfied with their work and the force of water they had to fight the fire. The force is good, but stronger hose will have to be purchased to make it safe.

The building was insured by the McMinnville Ins. Co. for \$1000 through Agent George of Eugene. The building was built in 1869 by Hez Collins, and was used as a hotel and public hall, being the first of the kind in the town. It has had a score or more of owners among whom were Harvey Hazelton, Monterg, Polander, Jack Knowlton, L. B. Horton, R. L. Shelly, Jesse Thornton, Al Goodman, and the Thompsons.

Practically the whole town was out to watch the fire, and it was a grand sight.

To Blow in Panhandle.

Spokane, Wash., April 26.—Officers of the Panhandle Smelting Company announce that the company's smelter, under construction at Sandpoint, will blow in May 15. Arrangements are being made with the Northern Pacific for laying a sidetrack to the smelter. With the exception of the sampler and crusher, the machinery is in place and was given a test last week which resulted satisfactorily. The sampler and crusher are being installed.

A large quantity of ore has been purchased by the company, 2,000 tons having been secured on Lake Pend d'Oreille. Of this quantity 900 tons are at Blacktail alone. Jeannot's Bluebird at Blacktail has a carload of \$100 ore on the dump, besides some low-grade ore. At Lakeview the Rainbow and Conjecture have a car of \$75 ore ready to ship. The Minerva has 500 tons mined at Granite creek. The Parker Mountain Mining Company at Newport has 100 tons ready for shipment and can furnish the smelter with a car of ore a day.

Outside of these lots the smelter company has bought 40,000 tons of ore at Springdale, Wash., on the Great Northern. With 100 tons capacity daily the smelter has enough ore in sight to keep it going for a long period.

Chas. H. Fisher of Boise, Idaho, and formerly of the Roseburg Review has purchased an interest in the Eugene Guard and with his coming into the paper, a number of changes and additions will be made.

Secretary Shaw on National Issues.

St. Louis, Mo., April 26, 1906. Before the Missouri League of Republican Clubs, Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, Secretary of the Treasury, speaking on National issues, this evening, in part said:

Political parties are indispensable to republics. Formulated political principles believed, in, well defined and clearly expressed political policies adhered to are essential to the perpetuity and progress of the nation. Prominent if not paramount among the political evils which confront us I count the trend toward the obliteration of party lines.

The fatal weakness of our political opponents is their incoherency. They believe nothing; they teach nothing; they have no plans, no policies, no purposes. Enough of them believe in Free-Trade so that their platform in 1892 and again in 1904 specifically declared that Protection is robbery of the many for the enrichment of the few, but a sufficient number believe in Protection, so that the Wilson-Gorman law, enacted by a Congress elected upon an out-and-out Free-Trade platform, provided ample Protection for the iron and steel industry, for circus fruits and for a score of other articles. The law as a whole was as incoherent as the party that enacted it. It was open Free-Trade here and Protection there. The pledge of the platform was kept as respects many industries which were ruined in an hour, and when some industries are ruined no amount of Protection will save others.

A tariff law to be successful must be coherent. It must protect if you please, as does the Dingley Tariff law, the man who grows barley, and it must then protect with a higher duty the one who makes malt from barley and with a yet higher duty him who makes beer from malt, with another increase of duty when bottled. A Tariff law that is not built upon principle is a legislative failure. It may be occasionally successful at the polls. It may elect its ticket once in a while. It may now and then dominate Congress. It may at long intervals place its standard bearer in the White House, but it can never successfully manage the affairs of the nation. Political principles are everything. Men are nothing.

The leaders of all political parties are honest, patriotic and high minded. The Democratic party, the Prohibition party, the Socialist party are each dominated by honorable men. A few scamps in a party and they exist in smaller number in all parties than ever before in our country's history, do not justify universal condemnation, any more than a few scamps in a church and they too exist in smaller number, thank God, than ever before in the history of the church, justify its universal condemnation. But a party that believes nothing, has no doctrine, is not built around a principle, is as worthless as a church without a belief.

I knew one such so-called church in my state. It was organized by a very reputable gentleman of the legal profession and its absence of belief was its boast. Its doors swung welcome to those who believed in the divinity of Christ, and equally wide to those who denied the miraculous conception. It invited those who denied the necessity of a Redeemer. Like certain of the opposition parties, it sprang up in protest to some admitted evils and weaknesses of the churches. It was successful for a time in attracting numbers and it built a fine edifice, but it died of incoherency, for it believed nothing, taught nothing, had no plans, no politics, no purposes. The eloquence of its founder, his sweet spirit, the influence of his blameless life did not make a church. A church presupposes a belief and a political party ought to presuppose some political principles. It requires affirmative policies, affirmative aims to carry the nation forward to higher ideals and to grander consummations.

Do not misunderstand me. I am not advocating adherence to party because of party name, regardless of the political principles which it professes, but loyalty to political principles because they are believed to be correct. The Inde-

(Continued to Fourth page.)

Mother's Attention!

We are showing a line of boys clothing creditable to Portland ranging in prices from \$1.00 to \$8.00. The new styles, single and double breasted, also the Buster Brown Hose. We have also 40 styles in Mens Suits.

Welch & Woods.