

Bohemia Nugget

Bohemia Nugget Pub. Co.

COTTAGE GROVE... OREGON.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

A civil war is in progress in Ecuador. The trial of Annapolis hazers is in progress.

The Russian douma has been called to meet March 8.

Five men were killed near Chicago by the explosion of a ton of dynamite.

The governor of Ohio was inaugurated in a glass cage owing to delicate health.

Idaho officers are confident they are on the right track in the Steunenberg murder case.

David H. Moffat says he will extend the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific railroad to Portland.

More evidence in the Smoot case is to be taken by the senate committee on privileges and elections.

Much American money was lent abroad during 1905. Nearly \$200,000,000 went to Japan alone.

Alfred F. Norton, who has been conducting a grocery store at Indianapolis "as Christ would," has gone bankrupt.

H. H. Rogers, of the Standard Oil company, has defied the Missouri law by refusing to answer questions concerning the oil business.

As a result of a collision on the Philadelphia & Erie railroad between a fast passenger and a freight, three trainmen were killed and 20 passengers more or less seriously injured.

The Santo Domingo revolution is practically at an end.

The revolution in Russia has spoiled the Christmas festivities.

Witte is accused of nullifying the concessions to the Liberals.

No more Jamaicans will be allowed to go to Panama to work on the canal.

The house and senate are sure to clash over the appropriation of money.

Fire in the heart of Kansas City destroyed three blocks. The loss will reach \$500,000. No lives were lost.

The drydock Dewey, on its way to the Philippines, has reached Bermuda, where a stop was made for coal and provisions.

Jerome is preparing to indict big fish in insurance companies in February. The small men are expected to turn state's evidence.

Two commissioners of the Chinese emperor are on their way to this country to attend American schools and study our ways.

The Navy department has presented medals of honor to the 11 members of the Bennington's crew who survived, for bravery in rescuing more unfortunate shipmates.

The secretary of the Interior has withdrawn more than 1,000,000 acres of public land in Arizona and New Mexico from all forms of disposal except under the mineral laws for inclusion within forest reserves.

The house has received another rate bill.

A reign of terror now exists at Riga, Russia.

An immense graft by St. Louis police has been exposed.

President Morales' army has been beaten and his general killed.

From Kansas north all trains are greatly delayed by snow storms.

Both sides in the strike of printers for an eight-hour day claim gains.

Witte has ordered wholesale arrests of all opponents to the government.

Twenty-one miners were killed in an explosion at the Coaldale, W. Va., coal mines.

One of Boston's savings banks has been looted by the officers and the institution closed.

Harvard university authorities have ordered that there must be a change in football rules.

The government will investigate the recent sale of the Fort Stevens military reservation in South Dakota.

Small railroad companies of the middle west have reserved the right to issue passes, but all the larger lines will enforce the new order strictly.

The Navy department has petitioned congress for a large number of changes in the navy. One of the changes desired is the re-establishment of the rank of commodore.

Witte's cabinet is denounced as grafters.

The national debt has decreased during the past year.

Three Cheyenne, Wyoming, soldiers will die as a result of drinking a mixture of bay rum, lemon juice and hair tonic.

The production of gold and silver in the United States for 1905 shows an increase of \$6,000,000 gold and 1,000,000 ounces of silver.

HILL ON PHILIPPINES.

Occupies Attention of House Three Hours Telling What He Knows.

Washington, Jan. 6.—In a session of five hours today, the house placed on record a speech in favor of the Philippine tariff bill, one against it, and a 20 minutes' talk for tariff revision according to the Republican demand of Massachusetts. Hill, of Connecticut, occupied three hours, and was listened to with the greatest interest in detailing the knowledge he gained from two visits to the Philippines, the last as a member of the party of Secretary Taft last summer. He paid particular attention to the tobacco feature of the measure, and explained away much of the misapprehension as to the enormous products that might be expected from the islands. Their territory, he said, was small, and the fertile lands still further limited.

Mondell, of Wyoming, who has led the fight against the bill in the interest of the beet sugar industry of this country, spoke vigorously against the measure and against the policy of helping the Filipino people by granting them open markets in the United States. He said the passage of this bill would be the death knell of the beet sugar industry in the United States.

The abolition of the tariff on hides was pleaded for by Lawrence of Massachusetts, who presented the position taken by the Republicans of that state.

Information regarding immigration from Austro-Hungary contained in reports by Marcus Braun was asked for from the secretary of commerce and labor.

MAY HOLD BALANCE.

United States May Act as Arbitrator in Moroccan Conference.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The agitation in Europe over the coming Moroccan conference and the result it may bring has spread to this country and officials here are now deeply interested in the matter because of the recently developed fact that the American delegation has become the most prominent factor of the gathering.

It has been believed here that the various European governments which are so deeply interested in the conference, notably France and Germany, had agreed to a program which would be adhered to rigidly.

The possibility of a split between these two governments on some of the questions involved may throw the United States into a position where its delegates with their votes will have the power to settle the question. In that event, it is considered, the position of the United States may become embarrassing.

It is learned on good authority that the United States government will do everything in its power to bring about a peaceful settlement of the issues which will be discussed at the conference. From this it appears that President Roosevelt has again determined to use all his power in keeping the world at peace. The difficulties of the situation are great and the American mission will undoubtedly have much work to do.

Will Defeat Statehood.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The Republican "insurgents" of the house now contend they have formed a combination that will defeat the statehood bill and carry the Philippine tariff bill with it. They say they have 70 Republican votes which will be supported by a united minority, to defeat a rule prohibiting any amendment to the statehood bill. They will amend this bill, they say, by admitting Oklahoma and Indian Territory as one state and leaving Arizona and New Mexico out for the present.

Dolliver Will Fight Delay.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, will resist to the utmost any attempt of the committee on interstate commerce of which he is a member to defer action upon railroad rate legislation until the house has passed a bill. The present majority of the committee is opposed to giving the Interstate Commerce commission power to change rates. Three of the Republicans, however, stand with the Democratic members for regulation as generally defined by the president.

Hearing on Columbia Jetty.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Senators Fulton and Gearin today called on Chairman Burton, of the rivers and harbors committee and arranged with him for a hearing on the Columbia river project, when a special committee arrives from Portland. Mr. Burton promised to call his committee in special session to hear what the Portland interests have to present in the way of arguments in favor of an immediate appropriation for the continuation of a jetty.

Public Lands Withdrawn.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Withdrawals from all forms of disposal of public lands for proposed forest reserves have been ordered by the secretary of the interior, effective January 14, 1906, as follows: Nevada, Spring mountain reserve, 345,000 acres; Wyoming, Pear Lodge reserve, 107,020 acres.

California to Celebrate.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Representative Kahn, of California, introduced a bill today providing for an appropriation of \$5,000,000 for an exposition in San Francisco in 1913 to celebrate the 400th anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific ocean by Balboa.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

ONTARIO BOOMS.

Values Raise When Short Line Purchases Ten-Acre Terminals.

Ontario—The boom in Ontario real estate, on account of the announcements and predictions in railroad circles in the past few months, is here. The climax came with the announcement of purchase by the Oregon Short Line of terminal grounds here ten acres in extent.

There is only one meaning for such a purchase, in the opinion of almost everyone who hears of it, and that is that Ontario is now irrevocably decided on as the junction point of the proposed east and west line across Oregon with the Oregon Short Line and the Harriman transcontinental system.

The result of the announcement of the purchase was electrifying. Real estate prices at once went soaring. In some instances, it is stated, land has doubled in value in a few days, and there seems to be no let up in the advance as yet. High as the prices are, compared with those of a few months ago, there is still plenty of demand. New men are arriving on every train. Each seems to have some money, and each is apparently anxious to get it invested as speedily as possible.

COUNTY REPORTS SLOW.

Secretary of State Will Ask Legislature to Provide Penalty.

Salem—The summary of the tax valuation of Clackamas county just received at the office of the secretary of state, shows a total valuation of \$9,608,045 for the year 1905, as against \$9,364,000 for the year 1904.

All the counties except Lane, Malheur, Grant and Curry have filed their reports with the secretary of state for this year. According to the law all the reports of the several counties should have been filed not later than November 1, but as there is no penalty for failing to comply with the law, the secretary cannot compel the county clerks or the county clerks to send in their reports until they get ready.

It is the intention to ask the next legislature to provide a penalty to be assessed against the counties for neglect in this regard.

Prison Cost \$12,000.

Salem—Secretary Gates, of the State Prison board, has completed his report, showing the amount expended during the year for improvements at the penitentiary as \$12,185.82. Of this \$6,663.12 came from the "revolving fund" and \$5,522.70 from the general maintenance fund. What is termed the "revolving fund" is made up of the annual rental of the foundry \$2,400. This amount is used to keep the foundry and machine shops in repair. The foundry and machine shops were entirely remodeled during the summer.

Paint Factory for Salem.

Salem—At a special meeting of the Greater Salem Commercial club, D. H. Wyatt, who owns a paint mine near Walker, presented a proposition to establish a paint factory in Salem. Mr. Wyatt claims to own a mine from which first class paint material can be obtained. After the proposition had been heard a committee was appointed as follows, to investigate the matter: H. S. Gile, Professor Staley, Gideon Stolz and J. J. Graham.

Corporations Must Pay Fee.

Salem—Attorney General Crawford, in response to a query from Secretary Dunbar, holds that all corporations must pay the annual license fee from and after the date of filing their incorporation papers with the secretary of state. A number of corporations have not organized for the transaction of business after filing their articles, and they claim exemption from the annual license fee until such time as they shall organize for business.

Must Keep Roads Open.

Weston—Unless people residing on the line of a rural postoffice delivery system keep the roads leading to their places in passable condition they are likely to lose their service. The condition of the mountain roads out of Weston has at times been so bad that it was difficult for Carrier B. F. Somerville to make his trips, and a report of the matter to the authorities at Washington has brought that ultimatum to Postmaster Baker at this place.

Giant Spruce Log Cut.

Astoria—One of the largest and finest trees ever cut in the Lower Columbia river district was placed in the water a few days ago by the Gray's Bay Logging company. It was a spruce measuring 105 inches in diameter at the butt and 60 inches at the first limb, 108 feet up. The tree was cut into five logs, which contained 30,921 feet of perfectly clear lumber.

Monster Vegetables From Coos.

Coquille—The fertility of Coos county soil is proved by a turnip and radish on exhibition in this city. The radish came from the garden of J. H. James and weighed 16½ pounds. The turnip came from Fat Elk and was grown by Charles Pendleton. It tipped the scales at 10 pounds. Neither of the monsters had any more than the ordinary cultivation.

Diphtheria at Weston.

Weston—Diphtheria has made its appearance in Weston. James Killgore and a boy in his family are attacked, and Mr. Killgore's condition is reported as serious. A strict quarantine has been established by the city council.

MANY HUNTERS IN OREGON.

Report of Game Warden Baker Gives Some Interesting Statistics.

Salem—Game Warden J. W. Baker's annual report shows that 17,000 of the inhabitants of Oregon are hunters, not taking into consideration the farmers who hunt over their own lands, and are, therefore, not required to pay the yearly tax of \$1.

Fees received amounted to \$17,421, some of which came from nonresident hunters, who paid \$10 for the privilege of killing wild game in the state; \$166.40 was collected as fines for hunting without a license.

The game warden expended \$7,262.25, leaving a balance of \$10,325.15. This will be available at once for deputies as soon as necessary. From the general appropriation fund, the warden received \$1,662.78 for salary and traveling expenses and \$2,499.88 was used for salaries and expenses of deputy wardens, making a total expenditure for the year of \$11,412.91 for the protection and propagation of game.

Violations of the law have been less frequent this year than for some time, but justices of the peace are not inclined to impose severe penalties.

Eighty-four persons were convicted and fined for violation of the game laws, the fines averaging \$15.

That Woman May Vote.

Salem—Governor Chamberlain has issued a proclamation notifying the legal voters of this state that an initiative petition has been filed in the office of the secretary of state proposing an equal suffrage amendment to the constitution. The proclamation recites that the petition contains 9,904 signatures, properly certified, and that this number being sufficient, the proposed amendment will be submitted to a vote of the people at the general election on June 4, 1906.

Irrigation Promises Much.

Echo—The announcement that the government would complete the irrigation system here has stimulated business. Work is being rushed on the big Furnish ditch, which is to be taken over by the government when completed. Over 100 men are now employed and nearly as many teams. There are now 10 new buildings under construction, but progress is retarded by the inability of the two lumber companies to furnish material as fast as needed.

Snow a Boon to Willowa County.

Willowa—There has been a decided fall in temperature since early in December, but snow has fallen to sufficient depth to make sleighing very agreeable. Nearly all the farmers and many others are making good use of the sleighing privilege. The Joseph-Elgin Stage company is now carrying passengers and mail on bobbeds. Much better time is made now than by using their coaches. While the road remains frozen and no chinook occurs, sleighing will be the easiest means to bring in freight from outside points.

Weston Farmers Sell Wheat.

Weston—The following lots of wheat were recently sold to buyers representing the Pacific Coast Elevator company and the Kerr Gifford company: G. Deiraw, 7,732 bushels; Bent Winn, 4,000 bushels; Robert Jamieson, 1,500 bushels; Iley Winn, 1,739 bushels; O. M. Richmond, 5,315 bushels; G. W. Higgs, 4,865 bushels; L. T. McBride, 4,128 bushels. Competitive bidding forced up the price from 60 cents to 62½ cents a bushel.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Club, 72c; bluestem, 73½c; red, 69c; valley, 73c per bushel.

Oats—No. 1 white feed, 42c; gray, 26.50 per ton.

Barley—Feed, \$23@23.50 per ton; brewing, \$24@24.50; rolled, \$23.50@24.50.

Rye—\$1.50 per cental.

Hay—Eastern Oregon timothy, \$13.50@14.50 per ton; valley timothy, \$9@10; clover, \$9@10; cheat, \$8.50@9.50; grain hay, \$8@9.

Fruits—Apples, 75c@81.50 per box; pears, \$1.25@1.50 per box.

Vegetables—Beans, wax, 10@12½c per pound; cabbage, 1@2c per pound; cauliflower, 1@2c per dozen; celery, \$3.50 per crate; cucumbers, 50@60c per dozen; peppers, 6c per pound; pumpkins, ½@1c per pound; sprouts, 7c per pound; squash, 1½@1½c per pound; turnips, 90c@1 per sack; carrots, 65@75c per sack; beets, 85c@1 per sack.

Onions—Oregon, No. 1, \$1@1.25 per sack; No. 2, 75@90c.

Potatoes—Fancy graded Burbanks, 65@75c per sack; ordinary, 50@60c per sack; Merced sweets, 2c per pound.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 27½@30c per pound.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 30c per dozen.

Poultry—Average old hens, 12@13c per pound; young roosters, 10c; springs, 12@12½c; broilers, 12@13c; dressed chickens, 12@12½c; turkeys, live, 17@20c; turkeys, dressed, choice, 19@20c; geese, live, 9@10c; ducks, 16c.

Hops—Oregon, 1905, choice, 10@11c; prime, 8½@9½c; medium, 7@8c; olds, 5@7c.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, average best, 16@21c; valley, 24@28c; mohair, choice, 30c per pound.

Beef—Dressed bulls, 1@2c per pound; cows, 3@4c; country steers, 4@4½c.

Veal—Dressed, 8@8c per pound.

Mutton—Dressed, fancy, 6@6½c per pound; ordinary, 4@5c; lambs, 7@7½c.

Pork—Dressed, 6@7c per pound.

CONGRESS RESUMES.

House Takes Up Consideration of Philippine Tariff Bill.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The cause of the Philippine was advanced on the floor of the house by the Republican leader, Payne, for nearly four hours today. He represented the views of the majority of the ways and means committee on the Philippine tariff reducing the duties on sugar and tobacco to 25 percent of the Dingley tariff rates and admitting other products of the islands to the United States free of duty. He fore and following Mr. Payne's speech brief discussions indicated that there is to be a protracted debate on the measure, and that the Republican opponents representing the cane and beet sugar interests of this country will speak and vote against the bill.

In the Senate.

Washington, Jan. 4.—After waiting for almost a year, R. M. La Follette appeared in the senate when it reconvened today, after the holiday recess, to claim his seat as senator from Wisconsin, and the oath of office was administered to him by Vice President Fairbank. The ceremony was witnessed by a crowded gallery, which manifested much interest in the proceedings.

After La Follette had signed the oath which he had taken, he was again joined by Spooner and escorted to the seat assigned him among those Republicans who have seats on the Democratic side of the chamber.

Assignments of La Follette and Gearin to committees was made as follows:

La Follette—Potomac river front, chairman; census, civil service, claims, immigration, Indian affairs and pensions.

Gearin—Claims, pensions, forts and fortifications, industrial exhibitions, national banks and District of Columbia. Simmons resigned from the last-named committee to make room for the Oregon senator.

The senate discussed at some length a proposition to reprint a magazine article by Newlands, entitled "A Democrat in the Philippines," and also a resolution for the regulation of senate patronage. Both were adopted. A resolution calling for information concerning the status of affairs in Santo Domingo was presented by Tillman, who made an unsuccessful effort to secure immediate consideration of it.

Gallinger had expected to open the debate upon the merchant marine shipping bill today, but, when the bill was laid before the senate, he asked to be excused from talking until next Monday, when the bill will be formally taken up as the unfinished business.

After a brief executive session, the senate adjourned until Monday.

BRITAIN READY TO STRIKE.

Would Have Smashed Rojostevsky if Togo Had Lost.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 5.—The remarkable allegation that the British fleet was held in readiness to destroy the Russian fleet, if the battle of the Sea of Japan had gone in the Russians' favor, is made by Admiral Rojostevsky in a letter published in the Novoe Vremya today with the permission of the minister of marine.

Referring to the absolute secrecy of Admiral Togo in regard to the disposition of his forces, Rojostevsky declares that "this was unknown even to the admiral of the British fleet allied with the Japanese, who concentrated his forces at Wei Hai Wei, in expectation of receiving an order to annihilate the Russian fleet, if this, the final object of Great Britain, was beyond the power of the Japanese."

From Admiral Rojostevsky's account of his tactics in the battle of the Sea of Japan, the reader is almost convinced that the Russian commander outmaneuvered Admiral Togo at every point and was himself the real victor. He declares he knew Admiral Togo's exact whereabouts two days before the battle, made his disposition accordingly and entered the fight with his eyes open.

Mr. Spring-Rice, the British charge d'affaires, without waiting for instructions from his government, demanded an explanation from Foreign Minister Lamedoff this afternoon of the statements contained in the admiral's letter to the Novoe Vremya.

Great Printing Trust in East.

Cincinnati, Jan. 5.—The United States Printing company, capital \$3,376,300, one of the largest concerns of its kind in the country, will be leased to the United States Printing company, of New Jersey, if the stockholders of February 1 ratify the action of the directors announced today. The company has plants in Brooklyn, Montclair, N. J., Norwood and Cincinnati. The total output is estimated to be nearly \$2,500,000 annually. The new holding company will take over all the plants of the company.

Philippine Tariff Up.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Both branches of congress will convene at noon today after a holiday recess of two weeks. The leaders of the house have decided that the Philippine tariff bill shall be first considered. It will be reported without any rule to limit debate, and amendments may be offered ad libitum. It had been the intention to start with the statehood bill, but Mr. Hamilton, chairman of the committee, is not quite ready to report that measure.

Strikes Bankrupt Big Iron Works.

Paris, Jan. 5.—The correspondent of the Journal at St. Petersburg sends an interview with an official of the Putiloff iron works, who declares that the establishment will be closed from January 13, owing to the impossibility of carrying on the works after the losses caused by the strikes.

TROOPS ARE RECALLED

American Government Formally Breaks of Chinese Treaty

WORSE THAN THE BOXER

Three Regiments at Manila Sail—Boycott Expands Hatred of Americans

Washington, Jan. 5.—The general sentiment will not admit that it is a reprieve over the situation in China, but it is known that conditions there are improving grave concern. It is reported that three regiments at Manila have been ordered held in readiness to be sent to China at once. Every preparation is being made to protect American interests and property in the empire.

Grave reports of unrest have been received from Manila. Private advisers are not so conservative as to believe that the uprising worse than the Boxer revolution will break out before the end of the year. The boycott inflamed Chinese sentiment against the Americans. The Chinese realized their power, and the step from commercial to political hatred was but a short one.

The situation is represented by authority as much graver than the intimations by the state department.

FAVORS PHILIPPINE

Clark, of Missouri, Occupies Senate Floor for Three Hours

Washington, Jan. 5.—"Clam Democracy" was expanded to light and entertainment of the floor for three hours today by Clark of Missouri, and constituted the debate on the Philippine tariff bill.

Clark's speech took a wide range and he labeled his political beliefs as a kind of a Democrat he really became talked of the Philippines and the pending bill; he discussed the general tariff situation, and reviewed William J. Bryan's oratory to Republican leaders.

He ascribed future greatness to the United States and declared that one of his great aims was to see the United States become a "household article" in the world.

He declared that the United States can do no better than to support the Philippine tariff bill, and that the bill was made a part of the movement under the name of "progressive" policy.

He reviewed extensively the sugar beet industry and its protection against competition with the Philippines. He concluded at 5 o'clock, and the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

MAY STIR UP OLD PEKING

Chinese Students Threaten to Return En Masse From Japan

Peking, Jan. 6.—The Chinese students in Japan, who numbered some 10,000, have struck against the attempt of the government to subject them to close supervision. They are threatening to return to China as a body, unless their threat should be carried out, and to prove a disturbing element in the sympathies of the neighboring dynasties.

A notable movement has been begun here in the establishment of schools for the education of young men under the direction of several private teachers. All the schools are crowded with girls from leading families.

Seventeen Mongolian princesses have arrived at Peking for the purpose of instruction in the European language.

Eastern Roads to Submit

Washington, Jan. 6.—The committee representing the managers of the Eastern trust, which came here yesterday, has been given the Interstate commerce commission that the road indicated a desire to comply with law in respect to the granting of rates and other special privileges.

Following a conference of the traffickers with the commission, some days ago, this committee has been securing pledges to this end, and an announcement is just made.

No Retaliatory Measures

Washington, Jan. 6.—A motion picture taken by the house leaders today will assure no effort at retaliatory trade congress upon the railroads for cutting railroad passes to members.

Following a public interview by Grosvenor, of Ohio, yesterday, the cating retaliation, Speaker Cannon Chairman Overstreet, of the committee on postoffices and postroads, and leaders held a conference last night which the agreement was reached.

Wedding Day Announced

Washington, Jan. 6.—The president and Mrs. Roosevelt announced today that the wedding of Miss Alice B. Lovell to Representative Nicholas B. Worth, of Cincinnati, February 12, 12 o'clock noon, in the East room of the white house.