



Devoted to the Mining, Lumbering and Farming Interests of this Community.

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NO. 51

## News of Bohemia

### GREAT EASTERN MEETING

At the meeting of stockholders and board of directors of the Great Eastern Mining Company held at the first National Bank, Corvallis, the evening of Jan. 3d. The following were elected directors for the year 1905:

F. J. Hard, manager of the Vesuvius, Oregon-Colorado and Riverside Mining Companies in the Bohemia District, Lewis Hartly, a well known mining man residing in Corvallis, August Fischer, manager of the Corvallis Flour Mills, A. K. Miller and T. H. Weisler, merchants in Corvallis.

F. J. Hard was elected president; August Fischer, vice president; G. E. Lilly, cashier; First National Bank, secretary and treasurer; Horace Lilly, assistant secretary.

F. J. Hard was not present at the meeting and had requested the gentlemen not to place him on the board, owing to his time and strength being fully required on the properties he has long been connected with and has the entire management of. Mr. Hard does not state that he intends to decline the presidency of the company, but for his inability to be of service to them now, he feels that a man should occupy the position who can personally identify himself with the workings.

He states that the Great Eastern Company owns splendid property, have free milling ore in sight in at least two veins, the Belcher and Mineral Springs, good work was done the past season and another year should place the company well nigh the producing stage.

The Corvallis members of the board are all business men and safe men to manage the affairs of the company.

### THE OLD AND NEW

W. W. HAWLEY, now a resident of Star called at the Nugget office recently. Mr. Hawley came to Oregon in 1867 and was in Bohemia as early as 1868. He says his faith never wavered in the future outcome of the district which was at that date 175 miles from the nearest railway.

Mr. Hawley tells an interesting story of the getting the first mill into the district. It was first used on the old Nott mine and came from San Francisco via Portland by water and brought up the Willamette river by boat to Eugene, thence by wagon and pack train to Grouse mountain, Bohemia. He is of the opinion it was the first stamp mill set up in Oregon. That being a fact, Bohemia can claim at the present time the oldest as well as the newest stamp mills in the state

of Oregon,—a further coincident is that both mills are on the same property and owned by the Vesuvius Gold Mining Company.

### CRYSTAL CONSOLIDATED

MONDAY, news was received from the workmen at the Crystal consolidated in Bohemia, of a good strike in the upper tunnel.

The tunnel referred to has been driven a distance of some four hundred feet and has gained a depth of about two hundred feet.

The workings have been in ore the most of the way but the report now is it is much better than at any previous time.

There is about three feet of a milling ore and now located by the side of this ledge has appeared an ore of a base nature, which has all the appearance of ores heretofore found in the other large properties. While it is known there is quite a body of this base ore the full width is not determined as the men have not yet cross-cut to the wall. The officers of the company are very much pleased with the improvement recently shown in the deeper workings.

### Eastern Oregon Notes.

Sumpter starts off the new year with new mayor and council and a cash balance of 3856.49 cents in its treasury.

The Highland Mining Company is planning to have a 200 ton plant in the near future.

An injunction has been granted by the court, restraining the directors of the Golconda mine from selling the property.

The big ore body recently found in Platt's group, has been proven to be 180 feet in length and 30 feet wide.

A little over one year ago H. M. White, an Eastener, bought the "Maid of the Mist," on Thompson creek, paying \$450 for it. The prospector who sold it had taken out several hundred dollars from the surface ores, and he believed he was getting rid of a pinched out proposition when he sold. But Mr. White went bravely to work, ran new and deeper tunnels and in due time uncovered the main ledge. One shipment of ore netted him a clean \$7000 and now he is negotiating to sell for \$15,000. This is one way to make money in the mining business in Southern Oregon.—Mineral Monthly.

### LEGITIMATE MINING.

LEGITIMATE mining is the investment of money and brains in the development and equipment of promising prospects, whether these ventures be profitable or not. Because a mining venture fails is no reason to class it as illegitimate if the business has been carefully and honestly conducted. If goes without saying that the management of the operation must be in experienced hands, though unfortunately for the industry this is not always the case. Illegitimate mining is that class of mining where other people's money is obtained through the medium of misrepresentation and expended usually in an extravagant manner on a worthless proposition, and by men who have little knowledge of practical mining or just enough to enable them to hoodwink their dupes into the belief that their great expectations are just about to be realized.—Mining and Scientific Press.

### GOOD SHOWING

RECEIPTS of gold and silver in 1904 at Denver Mint:

Gold, Jan. 1 to Nov. 1... \$13,636,883.91  
Silver, Jan. 1 to Nov. 1... 45,867,870

Total... \$18,504,753.92  
Estimated gold and silver for December... \$1,500,000.00

Total receipts for 1904... \$18,182,753.92

Estimates of the amount of gold and silver purchased at the Denver mint and made into bullion during the 11 months of the year up to December 1 have been completed by Chief Clerk Edward P. Leech and show an increase of over \$1,500,000 over the amount purchased in 1903.

Although this is not quite as large as in some former years, the record is considered very good considering the general business and mining conditions of the state. The amount purchased last year was \$13,606,625.13.

The first of the new coinage machinery for the mint has arrived from St. Louis and will be put in place immediately. Machinery from St. Louis will continue to arrive for the next two or three weeks, and it is believed that the entire exhibit at the fair is now on its road to Denver. That part of the coinage machinery which will be shipped direct from the East has not been completed, and final shipment of it will not be made until spring.

Al Churehill went to Bohemia Tuesday to resume work on the Big Four group.

### GAME WARDEN'S REPORT

STATE Game and Forestry Warden J. W. Baker, has made his annual report to the Governor for the years 1903 and 1904 which have been printed and a large number distributed. The reports are very complete containing many valuable suggestions and recommendations. There are a number of fine cuts, showing some Oregon scenery, also of game birds, etc.

The following are some of the suggestions made by the Warden:

**ELK**  
The law protecting the killing of elk expires September 15, 1904, and should be re-enacted as soon as possible. Many persons have applied at this office for information as to when the season opens for killing elk and if the law is not re-enacted only a few years will pass by when the elk of Oregon will be an animal of the past.

**DEER**  
The law prohibiting the sale of deer meat has done more to protect them than all the deputy game wardens in Oregon could do. Deer in Oregon are on the increase, their slaughter in Southern Oregon is not as extensive as in years past.

**MONGOLIAN OR CHINA PHEASANTS**  
In some localities these birds are

## Of Interest to Miners

ized for one million shares with a par value of one dollar a share. value of one dollar when in reality the stock has a par value of one or ten cents a share. The mining publications of the country should compel advertisers to give, in their advertisements, the capitalization, par value of stock and number of shares of every company advertised. This would, to a certain extent, protect the investor against this fraudulent practice.—Bonds and Mortgages.

### CAPITALIZATION PARVALUE

THERE is a class of promoters who are constantly taking advantage of the fact that the average investor knows little or nothing about capitalization and par value of company shares. These promoters will advertise stock of companies with five or ten million shares at two, three or four dollars per thousand shares, and by inference lead the ignorant investor to believe that he is getting a valuable interest in the company at a trifling figure. It is only the foolish investor the man or woman who never investigates before investing, who is a victim of the "catch-who" schemes of these modern "financiers." If a company is capitalized for one million shares, a block of one thousand shares repre-

can be hoisted for the next 25 years. The Tucson, belonging to the same company, will be developed during 1905 and will open the Moyer shoot to the east. The New Monarch Company has opened up an immense body of low-grade gold ore, which will be worked at the mine in a mill to be erected for the purpose.

One of the greatest improvements of the past year was the installation of an electric plant at the Yak tunnel, enabling the company to more than double the output. With the improved methods now employed the company is in position to ship 12,000 tons of mineral monthly from the great ore channels in the Silver Cord, Tankerstown, Bob Ingersoll, Mike and Starr and other mines. Other properties along the trend of the tunnel on Iron, Breech and Johnny hills will be worked during the coming year by the owners. In addition to this then company is completing one of the most modern concentrating mills in the state, at a cost of \$180,000.

### LEADVILL'S PROMISE.

IT is now some 25 years since Leadville surprised the mining world with its carbonate discoveries and drew to its confines the enterprising miners and capitalists from the ends of the earth. During 1904, in a series of marvelous ore strikes, the carbonate era has been revived, the ore in sight in such properties as the Iron Silver group, the Yak Tunnel group, the Coronado and the Reindeer consolidations challenging belief. Yet the ore is there. From each and all of these properties it is being hoisted daily, and each is paying handsome dividends to the owners of the shares.

Leadville today, after 27 years of active mining, is producing more ore than at any time in her wonderful history. In 1890 the daily tonnage was 800 tons; today it is 2,400 tons. In the year just closed new discoveries of mineral have been made that insure the permanency of the camp, for another quarter of a century. The most important of the new discoveries are to be found at the Coronado and Penrose, in the downtown section, opening a body of lead silicious ore that is 100 feet deep by 145 feet wide, extending from East Tenth street to East Fourth street, Leadville. Then comes the Reindeer on Rock hill, with a body of old-fashioned lead carbonate ore that has been opened for 100 feet in thickness and over 600 feet long, with two other distinct ore shoots being developed. The drill holes on the Mike and Little Sister claims, on lower Rock hill, prove the existence of the Leadville formation and of mineral, opening up an immense territory for future development. The Sunday mine, at the head of California gulch, a neglected district, opened up a ten-foot vein of gold lead ore running 64 per cent lead and from two to five ounces gold per ton. The Moyer ore shoot of the Iron Silver Mining Company has developed the ore channel to such an extent that the management makes the statement that 750 tons daily

in the outlying districts, Sugar Loaf St. Kevin, Mosquito range, Half Moon, Alicante, Lake Park creek and Twin Lakes, a number of mines have been added to the shipping list during the year, and more work has been accomplished than for many years. The result of this work is visible in the large number of men employed in all of the districts and the extra tonnage that is being shipped.

In Leadville proper a number of new enterprises are mapped out for 1905, especially in the downtown section—Rock hill, Iron, Breech and Jonny hills and Big South Evans gulches. The outlook for the prosperity of the camp never was brighter. The output for 1904 amounted in value to over \$11,000,000, an increase of a little over \$1,000,000 as compared to that of the preceding year. This brings the grand total up to a little over \$316,000,000.—Rocky Mountain News.

Those who returned from Portland Monday where he was called to the bedside of his brother-in-law, who is dangerously ill. Mr. Segel's condition remains unchanged.

It seems to the Nugget man that perhaps it would not be out of place for the people of Cottage Grove to provide some place for the loggers and miners to sit and read if they so desire on Sundays. Until recently they had the use of the back rooms of the saloons where they could keep warm by the stoves, but now that the saloons are closed on Sunday many have no place where they can comfortably spend the day. Is this matter worthy the attention of the citizens?

## EASTERN MONEY

BOSTON, Mass., January 3d, 1905.

MR. WM. B. ROOT,

Editor and Manager,

BOHEMIA NUGGET,

COTTAGE GROVE, ORE.

DEAR SIR:—I cannot resist the impulse to compliment you on the very interesting number of the "NUGGET" which came to hand this morning.

There has been a MARKED IMPROVEMENT in the whole "get-up" of the paper within the past few weeks and it is now much more valuable to those in the East who have friends and money interests in the FAR WEST.

When your people complain that too much space is given to the mining interests they should be reminded that considerable of the money which goes to build up Cottage Grove, the District and State comes from the East and is greatly influenced to seek investment therein through the INFORMATION GAINED FROM YOUR COLUMNS.

Very truly yours,

GEO. B. FRENCH,

Boston, Mass.

plentiful; in others they have been slaughtered in great numbers. Many farmers in the Willamette Valley are becoming interested in their protection and will not allow hunters and dogs on their farms. They have also rendered good assistance in furnishing evidence in a few cases of violations. The number of China pheasants shipped out of this State since July 1, 1903, is very small, a list of which is hereto attached.

### GROUSE

The Oregon grouse are largely on the decrease. As soon as the young ones are old enough the shotgun and the dog, backed by a good shot, are great destroyers of Oregon's upland birds.

### OREGON PHEASANT

The native pheasants of this State are fast passing away.

### QUAIL

This bird is largely on the increase in most parts of the State. The Bob White quail will soon be plentiful if the sportsmen will guard them in the future as they have in the past.

### DUCKS AND GESE

In southeastern Oregon the ducks and geese are abundant. I am glad to report the fact that Deputy Game Warden Hutchinson, of Klamath Falls, has been very vigilant in watching violators of the game law in that locality; he has warned the California hunters to "keep off." Ducks and geese are plentiful on the Columbia River also. Some hunters are in the habit of shooting geese on islands in the Columbia River contrary to law. One violator was arrested by a county deputy at Arlington and fined. The limit of each hunter is I think too great. What use can one man have with

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