

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

HAPPENINGS OF TWO CONTINENTS

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Oregon expenses for 1905-1906 are estimated at \$2,000,000.

The complete election returns give Roosevelt a plurality of 2,526,470.

The members of the North sea commission are gathering in Paris to enter upon their work.

Russia is assembling a third Pacific squadron, and it is believed it will be sent to the Far East.

The Colorado supreme court has thrown out the entire vote in three Denver precincts on account of fraud.

While particulars are not obtainable, it is believed that General Sossel's latest report to the czar is conceived in a despairing tone.

Senator Mitchell and Representative Hermann are on their way to Portland to appear before the grand jury in connection with the land fraud case.

The first and second sections of the north bound Oregon express collided near Marysville, Cal. A brakeman lost his foot and five passengers were injured.

E. Morton White, chief of the department of admissions at the St. Louis fair, has declined to accept a similar position at Portland. Frank B. Davidson will be tendered the position.

The bandit Raisuli is again active.

A number of Alaskan bills will come up in the senate soon.

Carnegie has given Boston \$540,000 for an industrial school.

Both armies in Manchuria are seriously hampered by cold weather.

New York is inquiring into the matter of building a city light plant.

Kuropatkin, when he receives more troops, may try to relieve Fort Arthur.

Traffic has been considerably delayed in South Dakota and Nebraska by snow.

Stossel has again been wounded, this time by a rifle bullet, but not seriously.

Fire destroyed property at the Silver Lake mine, Silverton, Col., valued at \$100,000.

The remains of Kruger have been laid in the tomb at Pretoria with imposing ceremonies.

The crown prince of Denmark, who is very anxious to meet Roosevelt, is looking for a wife.

An American captain just home from the Orient says he saw General Kuroki in November. The general was reported killed early in October.

A Japanese cruiser is reported ashore in Yungching bay.

The Oregon land fraud case has been postponed until April.

A Japanese wing of Oyama's army driven back recently is again advancing.

The Japanese are fearful lest the Russian government buys a number of warships from Chile.

Brigadier General S. M. Whitehead is dead. He had command of the department of Santiago during the Spanish war.

Four men were scalded to death and four others badly injured by an explosion on the battleship Massachusetts.

The new Portland postoffice will not be large enough and the architect has been asked to provide for the construction of another wing.

A number of prominent rural mail carriers who were too active politically during the recent campaign, have been removed. They were all in New York and New Hampshire.

Wireless telegraph messages have been sent from Kansas City to Cleveland, Ohio, 725 miles, without relay. This is said to be the longest distance overland messages ever covered.

The suspension bridge at Charleston, W. Va., collapsed, drowning three school girls and injuring five people.

Fire destroyed an immense coal bunker at Buffalo.

The real work will not begin until early in January.

John D. Rockefeller has given Chicago University \$300,000.

A number of Boxer leaders in Northern China have been placed in prison and it is thought probable that the intended uprising has been nipped in the bud.

The international commission to inquire into the North sea incident is expected to meet in Paris December 20.

Barbed wire stretched in front of the Japanese trenches is proving the worst foe of the Russian army in Manchuria.

The nomination of Governor Brady, of Alaska, has been held up by the senate.

The national convention of Traveling Passenger agents will meet in Portland in 1905.

At the last cabinet meeting Secretary Hitchcock spoke briefly of the land fraud case, indicating that some startling developments in them might be expected in the near future.

The second trial of the Oregon land fraud case is in progress in Portland.

A Chinese capitalist declares that he knows Fort Arthur has provisions for three months.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

Monday, December 12.

The senate committee on privileges and elections has taken up the Smoot case. Three witnesses were examined and several new points brought out. Senator Stewart has introduced a bill to raise the salary of the president to \$100,000 a year, of the vice president and speaker of the house to \$20,000 each, and each senator, representative and delegate to \$10,000. It is provided that the bill shall take effect March 4, 1905.

The house passed a bill to give the agricultural department control over forest reserves.

The senate discussed the pure food and Philippine government bills.

Tuesday, December 13.

The house passed a resolution impeaching Judge Swaine, of the Northern district of Florida, for "high crimes and misdemeanors." A committee was appointed to notify the senate. The senate passed a bill to throw open for settlement 800,000 acres in the Yakima Indian reservation.

Nothing of any importance was developed in the Smoot case today. Five witnesses were examined.

The house resolution for an adjournment from December 21 to January 4 was adopted by the senate.

Senator Mitchell is sure of securing the chairmanship of the committee on canal.

Wednesday, December 14.

The senate has appointed a committee to arrange for the trial of Judge Swaine, of Florida.

A bill was passed in the senate appropriating \$25,000 for the improvement of Mount Rainier national park.

In the house the urgent deficiency bill and several other bills of a public nature were passed.

Thursday, December 15.

The senate spent practically the entire day discussing the Philippine administrative bill. A number of amendments were made. Under unanimous agreement the vote on the bill will be taken tomorrow and the disposal of all amendments will occur at the same time.

The urgent deficiency bill was passed without debate.

In the house an attempt was made to call up the bill to improve currency conditions. This matter occupied almost the entire day, only a few minor items coming before the house.

Friday, December 16.

The senate by a vote of 44 to 23 passed the Philippine government bill.

As passed it exempts from taxation all bonds issued by the Philippine and Porto Rico governments, authorizes municipalities to incur a bonded indebtedness amounting to 5 per cent of the assessed valuation of their property; authorizes the Philippine government to incur a bonded indebtedness of \$5,000,000; establishes a system for the location and patenting of mineral, coal and saline lands, and gives the civil governor the title of governor general.

The greater part of the day was put in discussing and voting on amendments to the Philippine bill.

At 5:05 p. m. the senate adjourned until Monday.

Today's session of the house was given over almost exclusively to consideration of the bills on the private calendar, a dozen or more being passed.

The senate amendments to the urgent deficiency bill were agreed to.

A resolution was adopted providing that the exercises appropriate to the reception and acceptance from the state of Kansas of the statue of the late John J. Ingalls, erected in Statuary hall, of the capitol, be made a special order for January 21.

The house adjourned until Monday.

OREGON WINS MANY PRIZES.

W. H. Wehrung Says State Made Fine Showing at St. Louis.

Portland, Dec. 17.—After several months in St. Louis, where he had charge of the Oregon exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase exhibition, W. H. Wehrung returned to Portland yesterday. He reported wide interest among Easterners in the Lewis and Clark exposition and predicted there will be heavy westward travel next year for the purpose of seeing the Western World's fair.

Mr. Wehrung speaks highly of the showing made by Oregon at the St. Louis fair, saying that the state held up well against states with much larger appropriations. He also says that he has been told that Washington's representatives bought a consignment of Oregon cherries from a dealer and exhibited them as Washington product. Thus Oregon competed in the cherry contest against her own product.

Men on Battleship Quarrel.

New York, Dec. 17.—George Washington, a negro seaman, shot and wounded two others of the Illinois crew, on the United States battleship Illinois, in the New York navy yard today. Henry More, an apprentice, received a bullet in the arm and Seaman Shap, another in the back. More and the colored man occupied adjoining hammocks and Washington was said to be ineffective until More's tantalizing antics caused Washington to lose his temper today, and he shot More. Shap interferred and was shot.

Spanish Cabinet Resigns.

Madrid, Dec. 17.—The entire cabinet has resigned. It is understood that Senor Maura refuses to take up the task of organizing a new cabinet until there is a dissolution of parliament. The king subsequently summoned Premier Ascaraga, who it is understood intended he was not prepared to organize a cabinet unless first assured of the support of Senors Maura and Silveira. It is reported that the crisis arose on the king's refusal to sign the appointment of General Lono as chief of the general staff.

To Favor Army Officers.

Washington, Dec. 17.—Senator Dietrich has introduced an amendment to the Philippine bill proposing that all officers of the United States army, naval and marine corps or consular officers of the Philippine government shall have the privilege of free entry of articles, including used household goods, uniforms and articles of equipment and service, imported for their use and benefit and not for barter or sale.

BIG EXHIBIT AT FAIR

Missouri Will Make a Fine State Display at Portland.

WILL MEAN OUTLAY OF \$300,000

Special Commissioner is Now Actively at Work—Nation Boxing Exhibits—Nebraska's Part.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 19.—"Missouri is to be splendidly represented at the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland," states M. T. Davis, president of the Missouri State World's Fair commission today.

"We will send out there an exhibit that could not be duplicated for \$300,000," he continued.

The displays for the western fair will be selected and prepared for shipment by E. S. Carver, special commissioner from Missouri to the Lewis and Clark exposition. He is now actively at work.

The work of boxing the government exhibits that are to be shipped from the World's fair to Portland for the Lewis and Clark exposition has been commenced, and by January 1 they will be ready to be sent away. They will not be shipped until March 1, however, according to the present plans. Portland is to get about 65 per cent of the government's exhibits. The remainder will be returned to Washington, D. C.

The machinery in the money coinage display will be sent as soon as possible to Denver, Colo. where it will be used to enlarge the United States mint.

The great ordnance which proved such an attractive exhibit here may be returned to the East. Its disposition has not been definitely decided upon as yet, on account of the possibility of obtaining great rifles and other guns on the Western coast so much closer to Portland.

Nebraska to Have Big Exhibit.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 19.—J. B. Dinsmore, Nebraska commissioner, and in charge of the livestock exhibit of the St. Louis fair, and ex-president of the state board of agriculture, said today that Nebraska would have a big exhibit at Portland.

MUCH FEELING AGAINST CHILE

Japan Still Feels She Will Sell Her Warships to Russia.

Tokyo, Dec. 19.—The Japanese are watching with great interest the alleged plan of the Russian government to purchase warships from the governments of Argentina and Chile. In response to a diplomatic inquiry, the government of Argentina frankly disavowed any intention to sell warships to Russia, but the answer received from Chile is said to be evasive. The correspondence on the subject is still in progress.

There is a growing feeling of resentment here against Chile. Discussing the question with the Associated Press correspondent today, an official said that in the event of Chile selling warships to Russia, Japan will unquestionably take the first opportunity to settle the score.

PROTECT FLOODED VALLEYS

Engineers Have Scheme to Redeem One Million Acres.

Siox City, Ia., Dec. 19.—A committee of distinguished engineers chosen by California to solve the problem of protecting the valleys of the San Joaquin the Sacramento rivers from regular floods made its report today. If successful their plan will redeem 1,000,000 acres.

The floods were caused primarily by deposits from hydraulic mines filling the channel. The project will cost \$1,000,000 at least. While the report is not made public, it is understood it recommends the construction of dykes to confine the water to the channel, and thereby carry out the debris.

Conservative Reforms for Russia.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 19.—A special council was held this afternoon at Tsar-koe-Selo, under Emperor Nicholas, at which President of the Ministerial council C. Witte, Minister of the Interior Sviatopolk-Mirsky and Minister of Justice Muraviev discussed the question of reforms. It is understood that the emperor advised with them on the question of a manifesto which will be published today. This document, it is believed, outlines a policy of careful conservative reforms.

Comes Home to Explain.

San Francisco, Dec. 19.—Captain Amos H. Martin, of the Fourteenth Infantry, was a passenger today on the transport Sheridan from Manila. He is under orders to proceed to Washington to explain an alleged duplication of pay accounts. Captain Martin says that the matter will be easily cleared. He made up certain accounts before going to the Philippines, he said, but paid these accounts and balances after reaching the islands, thereby causing confusion.

Arizona Will Protest.

Phoenix, Arizona, Dec. 19.—News that the joint statehood bill had been favorably reported to the senate caused excitement in this city. The Malicopol board of trade passed resolutions of protest which were wired to E. A. Fowler, at Washington, Republican candidate for congress at the recent election. Communication was established with all organized municipal and commercial bodies in the territory, asking them to make similar protests.

Federal Building for Honolulu.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Senator Perkins introduced a bill today to make an appropriation of \$1,400,000 to acquire a site to construct a Federal building at Honolulu, Hawaii. Representative Cushman, of Washington, introduced the same bill in the house.

FATAL FIRE ON SHIP.

Long Island Steamer Burns and Nine Lives are Lost.

New York, Dec. 20.—By the burning of the Starin line steamer, Glen Island, in Long Island sound today, nine lives were lost and property roughly estimated at \$250,000 was destroyed. That more lives were not sacrificed was undoubtedly due to the personal courage of the officers of the crew and the excellent discipline maintained when a horrible death for all seemed almost a certainty. When the steamer was abandoned she was flame-swept from stem to stern, and yet the only persons who lost their lives were those whose escape had been entirely cut off by the fire before the alarm reached them.

Of the 31 persons, including 10 passengers, who sailed away on the Glen Island last night, 22, including eight passengers, were brought back today.

The Glen Island had dock here last night for New Haven. The trip down through the sound was without incident. About midnight, when three miles west of Greenwich, Conn., there came a rush of stifling smoke from the hold and every electric light on board the craft went out.

Captain McAllister sent in the alarm for fire drill, and the men came tumbling out of their bunks. The men in the steering gear had been blocked, and the officers, finding themselves unable to direct the course of the steamer, hurried to the assistance of the other members of the crew in saving lives.

How and where the fire originated is a mystery, but it is believed to have started in a dynamo located below and near the center of the vessel. Nearly all the passengers were in their berths when the vessel suddenly became filled with stifling smoke and the lights went out.

GREAT WEAKNESS OF CHINA

Diplomat Shows It Is Her Lack of An Effective Army and Navy.

Philadelphia, Dec. 20.—Sir Chen Tung Liang Cheng, the Chinese minister to the United States, tonight addressed the American Academy of political and social sciences on the subject, "China's Traditional Policy." Among other things he said:

"For two thousand years China has not severed an iota from steadily pursuing a consistent policy of peace. This may be put down to the fact that all the men who have played a prominent part in Chinese affairs have invariably been true followers of Confucius.

"It may be urged that the Chinese people have brought much unnecessary suffering upon themselves by their firm adherence to the principles of peace. It is true that they have left their country practically exposed to foreign invasions. They maintain no effective army; they have no battleships. These weaknesses are patent to all, but China's strength does not lie so near the surface.

"They may be wanting in those showy qualities of mind and body which the people of the West admire and cultivate, but they are endowed to an eminent degree with those hearty virtues which tell most in the struggle for existence, namely, patience, industry and thrift."

CANNOT ADD WING.

Congress Will Have to Authorize Further Change in Postoffice.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Senator Mitchell today telegraphed Theodore B. Wilcox, chairman of the executive committee of the Portland Commercial club, explaining that it will be impossible for the supervising architect to add another wing to the Portland postoffice without the authority of congress. The appropriation made two years ago authorized the wing now under construction, and provided only enough money to complete it.

If it can be shown that the new wing will not provide all the room necessary, congress will have to make another appropriation before a second wing can be built. Senator Mitchell has asked for some showing upon which he can request congress to pass a bill making another appropriation for further additions to the postoffice building. When this is received he will join with the delegation in an effort to have provision made in the omnibus bill.

Philippine Tariff Considered.

Washington, Dec. 20.—Secretary Taft today had a long talk at the War department with Chairman Payne, of the house committee on ways and means, and Representative Dabney, the next ranking member of that committee, relative to tariff legislation for the Philippines, upon which subject the secretary of war made recommendations to congress in his annual report to the president. Colonel Edwards, chief of the Bureau of insular affairs, also was present and took an active part in the discussion.

Placed Under Civil Service.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The president issued an order today placing under civil service rules all positions in the land office. This will affect 538 employees, of whom only 25 are employed in Washington. The positions brought into the classified service are principally forest rangers, forest supervisors, superintendents and forest inspectors. Those employed in Washington are engaged principally upon clerical work incident to the protection of the forest reserve.

War Vessels for Brazil.

New York, Dec. 20.—The president has promulgated a law, cables the Rio Janeiro, Brazil, correspondent, maintaining martial law for a month, and a law authorizing the government to build 28 war vessels. The newspaper Notizia, commenting on the peace with Paraguay, says the Latin-American republics should now more than ever live in orderly fashion, so as not to give the United States cause for interference.

Russia Places Big Hay Order.

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—A secret order for several thousands tons of hay for export shipment has been placed with one of the leading firms of the city during the past few days, and circulates point to the Russian government as the purchaser.

REFORM IS DELAYED

Land Laws Will Not Be Changed At Present Session.

DELAY WAS RATHER EXPECTED

Commission Appointed by Roosevelt to Decide on Needed Changes Has Not Yet Made Final Report.

Washington, Dec. 16.—The house committee on public lands today voted to postpone indefinitely the bill to repeal the timber and stone act. This action means there will be no land-law reform this session. This result was expected, especially in view of the fact that the public lands commission has not yet made a final report. The bill passed on by far the most important of the land reform bills pending, but when it was passed by the senate last session there was a distinct understanding with the members of the house committee that it should not be reported to the house during the present congress.

The house committee turned the bill down by a vote of 10 to 4, those voting for repeal being: Chairman Lacey, of Iowa; Miller of Kansas, Neillman of California and Volstead of Minnesota.

In turning down this bill the committee stated that the repeal of the timber and stone act would shut off the source of the greater portion of the reclamation fund, and would seriously handicap irrigation work begun by the government. Furthermore, it was said that the repeal of this law would be of immeasurable benefit to railroad companies and other large holders of forest reserve lands, as it would cause a considerable rise in the value of scrip, which would be the only remaining way of getting large tracts of government timber land. There was, moreover, a general belief that the timber and stone act, if properly administered, is not a bad law.

ROOSEVELT URGES ACTION.

Anxious Interstate Commerce Commission to Have Greater Power.

Washington, Dec. 18.—President Roosevelt considered today with several friends his recommendation that increased powers be conferred by legislation upon the Interstate Commerce commission. Those to whom he talked were not only members of congress, but men in other walks of life. To all he indicated his earnest desire that action of a definite nature—action that would bring results to the people—should be taken as soon as practicable.

A day or two ago he considered the question with Judge Grosscup, of Chicago. Today he discussed it with Judge William W. Morrow, of the United States court at San Francisco.

By invitation of the president, a special committee of the Commercial Travelers' Protective Association called on him today to consider his recommendation that the powers of the Interstate Commerce commission be extended so as to enable the commission to pass upon questions of railroad freight rates, subject only to review by the courts.

MITCHELL MUCH GRATIFIED.

He Wins Important Committee Chairmanship in Face of Much Opposition.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Senator Mitchell was highly gratified today to receive the appointment as chairman of the committee on intereconomic canals, which will handle all legislation hereafter enacted affecting the Panama canal and the canal zone. He succeeds the late Senator Hanna.

A very strong fight was made to keep Senator Mitchell out of his position, and it was only with an endeavor to force Senator Platt to accept the place failed that the position was given to the Oregon senator.

Friends of Panama really wanted to make Kittredge, of South Dakota, chairman of this committee, but could not consistently jump him over Mitchell.

Senator Mitchell was fought because he was an earnest advocate of the Nicaragua route.

Dredge for Oregon Harbors.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Representative Hermann appeared before the rivers and harbors committee in support of his bill asking an appropriation of \$100,000 for a dredge to be used on Oregon coast bars. Representative Hermann has received assurances from Chairman Burton and other members of the committee which lead him to believe the committee will incorporate in the river and harbor bill a provision for the dredge. The committee is unwilling to make further appropriations for the coast projects.

Oregon Lands Withdrawn.

Washington, Dec. 16.—Commissioner Richards of the general land office has ordered the withdrawal of 46,980 acres in the Lakeview, Or., district on account of the Silver Lake irrigation project. Another withdrawal takes in 334,080 acres of public lands in the Redding, Cal., land district and 403,300 acres in the Susanville, Cal., district from all forms of disposal. These withdrawals involve 12 townships and are in connection with large government projects under consideration in those districts.

Can Hit Fortress Anywhere.

Headquarters Third Japanese Army, via Fusan, Dec. 16.—Every part of the city and harbor of Port Arthur is visible from 203-Meter hill. The streets of the city are deserted, and but few soldiers are doing patrol duty. Many buildings have been burned and others shattered. The shelters of the harbor present a strange appearance with the turrets, masts and funnels of warships showing just above the water. There is not a vessel afloat in the harbor.

Canada Will Not Come to Fair.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 16.—The Dominion government decided today not to send an exhibit to the Lewis and Clark exposition.

AMERICA LOSING FLOUR TRADE.

Show Confers With Millers Regarding Drawback on Imported Wheat.

Washington, Dec. 17.—At the request of Secretary Shaw, representatives of a number of the leading flouring mill interests of the country were at the treasury department today in conference with the secretary on the subject of the regulations now in preparation to allow drawback on exported flour made in part from imported wheat. During the conference the secretary questioned the millers present on several matters of detail in connection with the milling of wheat, the condition of the export trade and the necessity for the action asked for.

At the conclusion of the conference a statement made by Secretary Shaw was given out in which he says:

"The importance of the question will be appreciated when it is known that during October, 1903, 1,800,000 barrels of American made flour were exported, and in October, 1904, less than 800,000 barrels. In other words, the exportation of American made flour has fallen off during the present season more than one-half. If the European bakers that have been using the American made flour change, it will be most to impossible to get the trade back, and it never can be gotten back until the American farmer sells his wheat cheap enough to permit the American miller to undersell."

SLAIN BY DRUNKEN RUSSIAN

Chinaman Singled Out by Sailor and Filled with Bullets.

Shanghai, Dec. 17.—The discoverer created by the sailors of the dismantled Russian vessels Askold and Gromovoff reached their climax yesterday when one of the crew of the Askold murdered a Chinaman without the slightest provocation.

The Russian was apparently intoxicated and rushed through one of the streets of the Chinese settlement with a loaded revolver in his hand. He fired several shots at passers by, but failed to do any damage. Then he made for a Chinaman who was standing in front of his store, and, seizing him by the throat, emptied the remaining chambers of the pistol into his victim's body. A petition has been presented to the authorities here requesting that the Russian crew be excluded from the Chinese settlements, where they have been making life a burden for the residents. The matter will, in all probability, be submitted to the foreign consuls, as not a day has passed during the past month or so without some complaint being made against the Russians. So far as can be learned, the Chinese officials have kept the matter secret, but this latest episode could not be kept from the knowledge of the people in general, and united action is likely to be taken against the Russian sailors.

TO GET PHILIPPINE EXHIBIT.

1905 Fair Deal Only Awaits Approval of Insular Department.

St. Louis, Dec. 17.—The Chronicle this evening says:

The sale of a large Philippine exhibit for \$16,000 to the Lewis and Clark exposition company, is awaiting the authorization of the insular department at Washington. A careful and extensive list of displays, making a very comprehensive inanimate exhibit, was prepared by the Philippine board for the Portland company. The price of \$16,000 was accepted by the Western fair corporation, and the conclusion of the deal only awaits the approval of the Washington authorities.

The exhibit includes displays from the ethnological, agricultural, forestry and other important departments at the St. Louis fair. It is estimated that the Lewis and Clark company could not duplicate the exhibit in the islands and ship to Portland for double the sum. It will pay for the exhibit to be secured in this way.

No News of Missing Attache.

Paris, Dec. 17.—The foreign office has not received any information which it considers credible concerning the disappearance of Lieutenant Decuville, the French naval attache at Port Arthur. The statement was brought out by sensational London papers to the effect that the officials here had been advised that Japanese torpedo boats deliberately sunk a junk on board of which were the French and German naval attaches. The officials point out that the \$2,000 reward for news of its missing attache is still unclaimed.

Soldiers Let Riots Go On.

Gomel, Russia, Dec. 17.—During today's session of the court which is trying the men accused of being responsible for the rioting here in September, 1903, a new witness, a railroad employe, repeated his statement that the soldiers' attempts to stop the workmen who were rioting were almost mechanical and without manifesting interest. The witness added it needed only a few energetic orders to stop the rioting. He called the attention of several officers to this fact, but his efforts were of no avail.

Election May Be Nullified.

Batte, Mont., Dec. 17.—The Silver Bow county grand jury, called last spring to investigate various county offices, today forcibly seized upon the ballots of the last county election, despite the protests of County Clerk Weston, the custodian. Judge Harney then notified the grand jurors they were discharged. The judge says the action of the jurors may nullify the election, as the ballots must not be touched except on order of the court.

Robber Locks Cashier In.

Hibbing, Minn., Dec. 17.—A lone robber held up the bank at Chisholm during business hours today, secured \$2,000, and escaped. He forced Cashier Griener into the vault at the muzzle of a revolver and locked the door.

TO ACQUIRE CANAL

Site of Locks at Oregon City May Be Condemned.

SENATOR F