Catarrh

Whether it is of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or more delicate organs, catarrh is always debilitating and should never fail of attention.

It is a discharge from the mucous membrane when kept in a state of inflammation by an impure, commonly scrofulous, condition of the blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all forms of catarrh, radically and permanently — it removes the cause and overcomes all the effects. Get Hood's.

Got the Tune All Right.

A new Irish porter was put at work on an English train. The head porter, says Household Words, directed the new man to imitate him closely, and thereby learn his duties.

When the first train came into the station the head porter shouted, "Feryhill; change for Hartlepool, Stockton and Middlesborough; change for Spennymoor, Coxhoe and Trimdon; keep your seats going north."

Barney strode after him and shouted in a louder voice: "Fareyhill; change for Dahore, Umphump, Tootaboral, Dilderham; change for Coxcomb, Morrhom, Fiddham, Coldham; kape your seats where you are."

The station-master called him aside and showed him the right names on the time table.

Barney removed his cap and said politely, "Thank you, sor. I got hold of the music, but I couldn't catch the words."

SAVED CHILD'S LIFE.

A Remarkable Cure of Dropsy by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sedgwick, Ark., July 11.—The case of W. S. Taylor's little son is looked upon by those interested in medical matters as one of the most wonderful on record. In this connection his father makes the following statement:

"Last September, my little boy had dropsy; his feet and limbs were swollen to such an extent that he could not walk or put his shoes on. The treatment that the doctors were giving him seemed to do him no good and two or three people said his days were short, even the doctors, two of the best in the country told me he would not get better. I stopped their medicine and at once sent for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I gave him three pills a day, one morning, noon and night for eight days; at the end of the eighth day the swelling was all gone, but to give the medicine justice, I gave him eleven more pills. I used thirty-five pills in all and he was entirely cured. I consider your medicine saved my child's life. When the thirty-five pills were given him, he could run, dance and sing, whereas before he was an invalid in his mother's arms from morning until night."

It Wasn't Strange.

Old Jilson (in the hotel lobby)—Well, well; if there isn't young Slicker I never expected to see him again on this earth, and here he is alive and well.

Jobkins—What's been the matter with him?

Old Jilson—Went to the hospital for an operation.—Cleveland Leader.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

Knew the Sex.

"Your wife is a very sick woman," said the grave old physician, "and while I do not wish to alarm you, I have my doubts as to her recovery."

"Oh, she'll pull through all right, doctor," replied the wise husband. "Her dressmaker sent home a new gown yesterday and she hasn't tried it on."

President Roosevelt has delivered 370 speeches within two and a half years. It is said he has broken the record.

Miss M. Cartledge gives some helpful advice to young girls. Her letter is but one of thousands which prove that nothing is so helpful to young girls who are just arriving at the period of womanhood as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** too highly, for it is the only medicine I ever tried which cured me. I suffered much from my first menstrual period, I felt so weak and dizzy at times I could not pursue my studies with the usual interest. My thoughts became sluggish, I had headaches, backaches and sinking spells, also pains in the back and lower limbs. In fact, I was sick all over.

"Finally, after many other remedies had been tried, we were advised to get **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and I am pleased to say that after taking it only two weeks, a wonderful change for the better took place, and in a short time I was in perfect health. I felt buoyant, full of life, and found all work a pastime. I am indeed glad to tell my experience with **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** for it made a different girl of me. Yours very truly, MISS M. CARTLEDGE, 533 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga."—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

TRAVELING KITCHEN USED BY RUSSIANS.

Russia's soldiers in Manchuria are supplied with what is called a traveling kitchen. It consists of a cylindrical boiler having a capacity of forty gallons and has a collapsible chimney. The boiler is mounted on a cart and a mule or pony draws it about with the troops. The soldiers pick up fowls, pigs and other edibles on the march. These are thrown into the boiler to simmer as the column proceeds. Tea and soup are always ready to be served. Thus it will be seen that troops that are successful in foraging can always have plenty of fresh meat in actual warfare.

DO HENS "SIT" OR "SET?"

Disputant Who Favors the Latter Theory.

Country doctors may not know everything, particularly in the estimation of urban specialists, but what they do know about a vast number of things, being usually based on experience and common sense, is very apt to be useful. Therefore we are not at all surprised to have received from a medicine man in New Milford, Conn., whom we will call Dr. Wrong because he didn't want his name used, and "Wrong" is just as far from his true name as it would be possible to get, a most illuminating letter on the vexed question whether hens "sit" or "set"—a letter vastly better than anything recently written on the matter by amateur philologists, including ourselves. Dr. Wrong begins his defense of "setting" hens by calling attention to the fact that the sun and other celestial bodies are allowed to "set" as often as they choose, without complaint from anybody, and he thinks that this is justification for letting hens do the same on the mere authority, as he explains, "of common usage among those interested in the subject." There is something in that, perhaps, but not much, in our opinion, and the doctor does much better with his case when he says: "Another reason for the use of 'set' in talking about hens is that it is a necessary word, without a synonym. A 'setting hen' on an empty nest or one containing only artificial or sterile eggs is not 'incubating' anything, but she is 'setting' for all that. 'Sitting' expresses an idea altogether different. All fowls, without distinction of sex or age, 'sit' occasionally—in the dust on a hot day, for instance—but only adult females ever 'set.' Moreover, a hen is 'setting' whether, at a given moment, she is on her nest or walking about in search of something to eat. I have seen three hens 'sitting' in one nest and only one of them was 'setting,' the otehr two having gone there to lay. How can I express this idea without using the word forbidden by the purists?" That, now, is a good letter, written from large knowledge of its subject, and based, too, on accurate theories of language. It doesn't convince us, indeed, that we should fall in with rustic usage, but it nearly, if not quite, persuades us that the word sharps are all wrong in their condemnation of "setting" as applied to hens. It would be far from the first or the thousandth time that they have corrected what Mr. Bryan calls the "common people" when the latter were right, but, until the experts and the eminent ones who follow—or precede—the experts realize their error and reform, the rest of us must humbly submit.—New York Times.

NEW OUTFITS FOR BURGLARS.

Science Has Furnished Them New Means for Getting Into Safes.

It appears that Germans of known bad character are allowed to escape on condition of leaving the country. England is practically the only refuge open to them, so they flock here, and among them the expert German burglar visits us in ever-increasing numbers, says the Westminster Review. It is said that Germany is the country of specialists, and the criminal but intelligent Teuton makes a specialty of his business, to which he applies the latest scientific methods. The extent to which the art of burglary has been developed is evidenced by the fact that ingenious house-breaking tools are manufactured, such as portable ladders, portable phosphorus and electric lamps, ratchet drills, sheet iron cutters, adjustable jimmies, pick locks and various kinds of skeleton keys. Some of these are, of course, legitimate and necessary tools, not necessarily nor mainly used for felonious purposes.

Any given house once entered, the scientific German can open the strongest cast iron safe by means of an oxy-hydrogen blowpipe, which produces a heat so intense as to melt any metal against which it is directed. The following plan is also practiced: A recent chemical discovery has produced a preparation known as thermite. If a portion of this is placed on the top of a safe a heat is generated so powerful that the toughest steel cannot withstand it, and a hole is burned in any desired portion of the receptacle. Doubtless these are the men who are now crowding into England in such numbers under the designation of German workmen; at the same time those who have been already convicted in Germany often adopt an English name so as to conceal their identity as far as possible.

EVERY HOUR HAS ITS USES.

How a Lawyer Utilizes His Time from Early Morn to Dewy Eve.

I know a prominent New York corporation lawyer who is out of bed at 5 o'clock in the morning and after taking exercise is ready for breakfast at 6:30. He is at his office in Wall street at 8 o'clock. His secretary and his stenographer await him. Dictation begins at once of the rough outline of a brief to be prepared. He follows this with dictating memoranda for his clerks, specifying certain questions of law and of fact which he desires looked into during the day.

At 9 o'clock he reads and answers important letters which his secretary has sorted out for his attention. At 9:30 he is ready for consultations with clients. From that time until 4 or 5 o'clock in the afternoon he is in continuous attendance either before courts (generally of appellate jurisdiction), at meetings of boards of directors or in consultation.

At perhaps 4:30 o'clock the lawyer is ready to receive reports from his clerks. They are required to report solely upon the point intrusted to them. Little or nothing is left to their judgment or discretion. It is merely desired to know what the law and the cases are upon some particular point. They are expected to report accurately, concisely and quickly. This miscellaneous work continues until perhaps 6:30 o'clock, when the day's labor downtown is at an end.

Some lawyers even make use of the time consumed in going home. During the summer months William Nelson Cromwell spends his nights on the New Jersey coast. He goes down by boat each afternoon, but a large stateroom on that vessel is equipped with desk and typewriter and stenographer, that full use may be made of the precious hour devoted to the trip. During the winter he will probably be ready for dinner at 7:30 o'clock. An office boy has gone ahead of him carrying a green bag full of books and papers which are to be considered during the evening.—World's Work.

LIGHTS FOR THE MARINER.

United States Have 9,000 Such Signals on Coast and Water Ways.

There are 9,000 burning lights and signals stretched along the American coasts, forming a perfect link, so that the navigator never need be beyond sight of one of the beacons. One thousand of these are located on the Atlantic coast, 1,500 are scattered along the rivers and inland waterways, 500 on the great lakes and 200 on the Pacific coast.

Of the grand total, including lighthouses of different classes, buoys, beacons and danger signals 3,000 are lighted, giving forth their warnings at night time. Of these a score or more throw a beam of 100,000 candle power. To maintain the light house service a corps of over 4,000 men is constantly employed and a fleet of more than fifty vessels. No service in the world exceeds in completeness and efficiency that of the United States.

A modern American lighthouse of the first class cost between $100,000 and $200,000, and of this about one-third is spent for the electric light and apparatus alone. Beside one of them Egyptian Canopus or Rhodes' "perfect idol, with profulgent brows," whose rays streamed down the purple seas to Mizraim, would shine as tapers in the Mediterranean night, with no place among the seven wonders of the world and hardly worth noticing.

Any one can name the three graces, but the disgraces are too numerous to mention.

Occasionally a man declines a nomination for office—if there is no chance for his election.

Girls may not convert young men, but they at least draw them to church.

Ayer's

Bald? Scalp shiny and thin? Then it's probably too late. You neglected dandruff. If you had only taken our advice, you would have cured

Hair Vigor

the dandruff, saved your hair, and added much to it. If not entirely bald, now is your opportunity. Improve it.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over 40 years. I am now 61 years old and have a heavy growth of rich brown hair, due, I think, entirely to Ayer's Hair Vigor."
MRS. M. A. KEITH, Belleville, Ill.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Good Hair

Whyness of the Wherefore.

"I suppose," said the scanty haired man, "you have never given marriage a thought."

"Oh, yes I have," replied the bachelor.

"Then why are you still single?" asked the other.

"Because I gave marriage a thought," answered the advocate of single blessedness.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE.

Write Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for a free sample of Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures sweating, hot swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. All druggists sell it. 25c. Don't accept any substitute.

Mistake Somewhere.

"Mr. Millyuns," said the poor but aristocratic widow, "allow me to present my three charming daughters."

"Good heavens, madam!" exclaimed young Millyuns, "there must be a mistake somewhere. I'm not a senator from Utah."

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

A Delicate Point.

Magistrate—You are charged with hugging and kissing women against their will.

Prisoner—I was so drunk, your honor, that I couldn't tell a pretty woman from an ugly one.

"That is no excuse."

"No, but it explains why they objected."

FITS Permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Merely a Reminder

"Yes," remarked young DeBorem as the clock chimed the hour of 11 p. m., "I'm—aw—very absent minded, doncher know? I'm always forgetting something that I—aw—should wemember."

"I have noticed that," rejoined Miss Caustique. "You even forget how to tell time by the clock."

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Next to the Greatest.

Knobbins—Oh, I suppose you think your father the greatest man that ever was.

Billings—I'll not go so far as that; but he certainly was the greatest before I came upon the stage.—Boston Transcript.

For bronchial troubles try Piso's Cure for Consumption. It is a good cough medicine. At druggists, price 25 cents.

Desperate Youth.

On the thirtieth floor of the office building Percy Pen leaned out of the window.

"Refuse me," he cried, "and in ten minutes I will be found on that sidewalk far below."

Agnes, the beautiful stenographer, shuddered and accepted him. After the wedding she said, softly:

"And would you really have jumped out of the window?"

Percy Pen grinned.

"No, darling; I intended taking the elevator down."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of *Brent Good*

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

P. N. U. No. 29—1904.

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

One Hundred Years Ago.

A famous robber of Europe, known as the "Great Devil," was executed at Genoa.

Great changes were anticipated in lower Italy, which were to be of advantage to the French Emperor.

The King of England had completely recovered from a severe illness, and the project of a regency was abandoned.

The Dutch governor of the colony at the Cape of Good Hope ordered all English to leave the cape within two months.

It was reported that the position of high admiral of France would be reserved for Jerome Bonaparte and his American marriage canceled, as it had not been approved by his brother, the Emperor.

Bonaparte, in an address to the continental sovereigns, called them all cousins.

Seventy-five Years Ago.

The "Union Emigrant Society" was founded in New York, the object of which was to afford assistance to all foreigners arriving in that city.

Figured muslin was first woven on a power loom at Central Falls, Mass.

The first steam fire engine used in Cleveland, Ohio, was purchased.

The emancipation act, prohibiting convents and religious communities in Great Britain, was declared a dead letter.

The London metropolitan police force was organized.

There was a great depression in all business interests, especially in the New England States, where there were many failures among the manufacturers, money being scarce.

Fifty Years Ago.

Cholera was raging in Italy and Sicily.

The United States consul at Turk's Island was released from prison, where he had been confined by the local judiciary.

Cleveland and Ohio City were united.

The old "watch," which had existed in Boston since 1631, was abolished and a police department established.

A terrific hurricane from six to eight miles in width swept through the town of Manteno, Ill., doing great damage.

A new seal was adopted for the city of Chicago.

Forty Years Ago.

General Grant withdrew with considerable loss from his position in the first intrenchments around Petersburg, Va.

Twenty persons, mostly girls, were killed and a score of others were injured in an explosion in the arsenal at Washington, D. C.

A convention between France and Japan was signed by Japanese ambassadors at Paris.

The Confederate steamer Alabama attacked and sunk the United States corvette Kearsarge near Cherbourg, France.

Gold in New York went up to $2.30 because of the anti-gold gambling law which had gone into effect, and a meeting of brokers sent a committee to Washington, D. C., to get the law modified.

The ceremony of driving the last spike in the Atlantic and Great Western Railway occurred at Dayton, Ohio, completing a through line from New York to St. Louis.

Thirty Years Ago.

The Porte prohibited the circulation of copies of the Bible in Turkey.

The Pope, in an address to the college of cardinals, declared that any reconciliation between the Vatican and the Italian Government must come in the way of concessions from Italy.

The treaty of 1858 (trade and commerce) between the United States and the King of the Belgians was annulled.

A Turkish vessel, the Kars, was sunk in a collision in the Sea of Marmora and 320 persons drowned.

Congress directed the Secretary of State to purchase from its possessor and restore to the family of Marquis Lafayette the watch given the French nobleman by George Washington.

Twenty Years Ago.

There was such a scarcity of small coins in Mexico that coins of larger values were cut up to represent those of less value.

The Republican National Committee at Augusta, Me., officially notified James G. Blaine of his nomination for the presidency.

Over half a million bushels of grain were shipped by vessel from Chicago to Buffalo and lake ports.

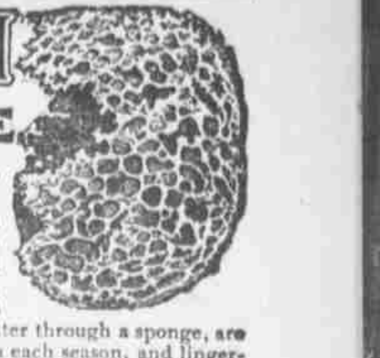
Ten Years Ago.

Captain Mahan, American naval historian, was given the degree of LL. D. at Cambridge University. He received a similar honor from Oxford two days later.

Sixteen race horses en route from the Hawthorne (Chicago) track to St. Paul were killed in a railway wreck at Stillman Valley, Ill. Three stables were practically wiped out.

Frances E. Willard, returned from a year abroad, was given a monster reception in New York.

THE SKIN LIKE A SPONGE.



Some of the most stubborn diseases enter into the system through the pores of the skin. Like a sponge, it absorbs poisons of various kinds, which are taken up by the little blood-vessels beneath the surface of the body, and emptied into the great current of the blood. The juices of **poison oak** and other noxious wild plants percolate through the skin like water through a sponge, are taken into the circulation, breaking out afresh each season, and lingering on for years unless antidoted and driven out of the system.

Dye Poisoning among the employes of dye houses, and from wearing colored under-clothing and hosiery, is of frequent occurrence and dangerous to health, causing boils and sores and other eruptions.

Workers in lead, brass and other metals are often poisoned by the chemicals and acids used in polishing, and the dust and filings settling upon the skin, and which find their way through the pores into the blood, followed by inflammation, swelling and the most obstinate sores.

POISON OAK AND ITS EFFECTS.

Over fifteen years ago I was poisoned with Poison Oak. I tried remedy after remedy without getting relief. Sores broke out over my body and on my tongue, affecting the lining of my mouth. Finally, about a year ago my doctor told me to try S. S. S., which I did. After taking three bottles all the sores disappeared, and I have not been bothered since, and I feel much indebted to your valuable medicine for so prompt and complete a cure. I am certain that S. S. S. will do all that is claimed for it in blood diseases.

Danville, Ky. CON. O'BRYAN.

Blood Poison, the vilest of all human diseases, is often contracted through shaking the hand or handling the clothing or other articles used by one infected with this dangerous poison. The deadly virus finding its way through the pores of the skin, contaminates the blood and produces fearful ulcers, eruptions and blotches.

SSS

The diseases that enter the system by absorption or through the pores are as deep-seated and dangerous as any brought on by internal causes, and cannot be reached by washes, salves, soaps or other external remedies. The blood must be purified and a healthy circulation established before getting permanently rid of the disease. **S. S. S.** acts upon the blood, ridding it of the original poison and restoring it to a healthy, normal condition.

S. S. S. is guaranteed entirely vegetable, an unrivaled blood purifier and the best of all tonics. With all impurities removed from the blood, the sores and eruptions disappear from the skin. Write us should you desire medical advice or any information about your case; this will cost you nothing.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

No Doubt About It.

"Uncle," said the high school young man, "is 'politics' singular or plural?"

"Sonny," was the reply, "in de pahl of de country whah I come f'um dey's sing'lar, mighty sing'lar."—Washington Star.

Keeley Cure LIQUOR-MORPHINE-TOBACCO HABITS PERMANENTLY CURED. FOR FULL PARTICULARS ADDRESS THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, PORTLAND, ORE.

Then They Dined.

"You are sweet enough to eat," said the very young man who imagined he had the love market cornered.

"Thanks," rejoined the matter-of-fact maid. "There's a small restaurant just around the corner."

BUY SOLID SHOES

FROM YOUR DEALER

The Romans had a god of boundaries, Terminus. His statue was a post set in the ground to mark the limits of fields.

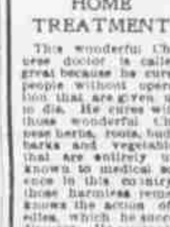
PRICES THAT TALK.

Threshermen and Sawmill Men Note! 150 ft. Endless Linen Stitched, Heavy Canvas, 4 ply, 7 inch Belting, $27.90. 100 ft. 8 inch wide, same as above, $22.90. Tank Pumps complete, with 18 ft. 2 inch Suction Hose, 10 ft. Discharge Hose, with nozzel and strainer, $10.50. Belting, Hose and Packing at wholesale prices. General agency for Parsons Hawkeye Self Feeder. Lane shingle mill, run only 30 days, at a bargain. Write for catalogs.

REIERSON MACHINERY CO., PORTLAND, OREGON.

Dr. C. Gee Wo

WONDERFUL HOME TREATMENT



This wonderful Chinese doctor is called great because he cures people without operation that are given up to die. He cures with those wonderful Chinese herbs, roots, buds, barks and vegetables that are entirely unknown to medical science in this country. Through the use of those harmless remedies this famous doctor knows the action of over 500 different remedies, which he successfully uses in different diseases. He guarantees to cure catarrh, asthma, lung, throat, rheumatism, nervousness, stomach, liver, kidneys, etc.; has hundreds of testimonials. Charges moderate. Call and see him. Patients out of the city write for blanks and circulars. Send stamp. CONSULTATION FREE. ADDRESS

The C. Gee Wo Chinese Medicine Co.

253 Alder St., Portland, Oregon.

Mention paper.

DO YOUR JAWS ACHE?

Perhaps It's Plate Trouble.

Plate trouble is a common thing, and there are various kinds of it. Many plates never were right. Others are properly made, but the mouth is not put in proper condition for wearing the plate.

If your plates are in any way unsatisfactory we will be glad to make an examination and tell you the cause of trouble.

We extract teeth wholly without pain and all work is at lower than reasonable rates.

Extracting free when plates or bridges are ordered.

WISE BROS., Dentists 208-213 Falling Bldg., 3d & Washington Sts. PORTLAND, OREGON

Open evening till 9 — Sundays from 9 to 12 — Oregon, Main [illegible]

"CYCLONE" ENGINES

"RUSSELL" THRESHERS

Write for Catalogue and Prices

THE A. H. AVERILL MACHINERY CO.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE FAST WORKING **Southwick** *TWO-HORSE FULL-CIRCLE DOUBLE-STROKE* **Hay Press.**

Actual capacity, not claimed, 12 to 18 tons per day. Positive, automatic plunger draw. No spring used. Going indicator, steel linings, chaff gate, and a safe, roomy feed table. Low bridge. Four-foot stroke.

Horse and Belt Power Presses.

Adapted for work at barn banks. Stands up to its work, hence no digging holes for the wheels. Not necessary for the tier to get down on his knees in dust, mud or snow. Largest Feed Opening of any Double Stroke Press made. Light of Draft. It is safe for both men and horses. Puts full weight into ordinary box cars. Hundreds of these presses in use in Oregon, Washington and Idaho. WE guarantee it the best on the market.

Mitchell, Lewis & Staver Co. Seattle and Spokane, Wash., Portland, Ore., Boise, Idaho

AN IMPORTANT STEP

IN PLACING YOUR ORDER FOR A

THRESHING OUTFIT

Investigate the Advance line of threshers and engines. They cost less to operate, require fewer repairs and do more and better work in all kinds of grain than any other make. Straw or wood and coal burning engines. Also a full line of single and double Portable Saw Mills.

ADVANCE THRESHERS AND ENGINES

Thoroughly reliable and most durable machinery in the market. Honest in construction. Satisfactory in operation. Self Feeders, Stackers, Baggers and all attachments. Drop us a postal and our traveling man will call.

ADVANCE THRESHER CO.

Branch Houses, Plough's Warehouse, near O. R. & N. Freight Depot, Spokane. 340 Belmont Street, Portland, Ore.